"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER

Partly cloudy, warmer today; colder tomorrow; southwest to northwest winds.

☞For full weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXV...NO. 21,111. .... NEW YORK, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1915.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. { Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

DR. MANNING LOSES IN DELEGATE VOTE

Episcopal "Broad" Party Rejects Trinity's Rector as Representative.

REBUKED HIGH CHURCHMAN

Will Make Him Bishop, One Partisan Declares—First Trinity Defeat in History of Diocese.

The Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity, was defeated yesterday afternoon in the Diocesan Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church in new Synod Hall as a candidate for clerical deputy to the General Convention.

This downfall was accomplished by the Broad Church party as a rebuke for his activity as leader of the High Church element which last month attempted to compel the Board of Missions to rescind its decision to send delegates to the Panama Congress on Religious Work.

His failure of election leaves the powerful parish of Trinity without representation at the General Convention. He is the first of its distinguished line of rectors to be beaten as a candidate for any office within the gift of this diocese. Search of the annals from the first General Convention in 1785 to the present does not reveal any action so drastic ever having grown out of the struggle between the High and Broad factions.

The issue is now so well defined in this diocese that it is predicted that scores of the clergy who have maintained an indifferent attitude must declare themselves on one side or the other.

The Rev. Dr. Manning in the last triennial convention in this city in 1913, was the chief champion of the proposal to change the name Protestant Episcopal to American Catholic Church. He is Chairman of the Committee on Faith and Orders, which is reaching out in every direction to bring Episcopalians into closer union with other faiths. As one of the foremost advocates of unity he has often taken part in services at the altars of the Eastern Church.

Only Opponent of Congress.

All the candidates for clerical deputies to the General Convention except Dr. Manning had either spoken in favor of the Panama Congress or had signed a favorable memorial. According to the canons the diocesan convention chooses four clerical and four lay deputies. There were six clergymen and seven laymen on the official ballot from which the choice was to be made. That there was a concerted movement afoot appeared when the Rev. Dr. Alexander C. Cummins of Poughkeepsie, a Broad Church leader, withdrew his name. This added to the strength of his associates and concentrated opposition upon Dr. Manning. The Broad Church candidates remaining were the Very Rev. William M. Grosvenor, Dean of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine; the Rev. Dr. Henry Lubeck of Zion and St. Timothy, the Rev. Dr. Leighton Parks of St. Bartholomew's, and the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires of St. Thomas's. Of these the first three had already served in the General Convention. The withdrawal of Dr. Cummins therefore gave Dean Grosvenor the greatest number of ballots and brought in Dr. Stires as a new member of the General Convention. The vote taken by orders, clerical and lay, was as follows:

	Clerical.	Lay.	Total.
Grosvenor	167	76	243
Lubeck	149	71	220
Stires	153	65	218
Parks	123	59	182
Manning	113	49	162

In the perplexities of arithmetic and its Australian ballot the convention for a time was blinded to the real import of the polling. Then the four names of the clerical deputies were read, and it developed that the rector of Trinity did not lead the rest, and, indeed, was not there at all.

The Rev. Dr. Frank M. Clendenin of St. Peter's, in Westchester, retiring Chairman of the Standing Committee, rose, white with indignation.

"I regret to see," he said, "that the rector of Trinity has not been chosen, thanks to the Broad Church party, which have done as they said they would, and have punished him for voting according to his conscience on the Panama question."

"You are out of order, sir," said Bishop Greer, sharply, as he rapped his gavel.

The rector of St. Peter's, who had advanced toward the platform, stopped, and then added as he walked to his seat: "We shall try to bear it in a Christian spirit, but some day they will regret what they have done."

Sees Dr. Manning as Bishop.

Later he said he had no doubt that the action of the Broad Church party would result in making Dr. Manning one day Bishop of New York.

Dr. Manning sat in his seat, with a half quizzical look in his eyes. He smiled when asked if he had any statement to make, and replied that in the circumstances he could make no comment.

Only two of the lay delegates were chosen, Francis Lynde Stetson, who received the applause of the convention when his vote was announced, and Stephen Baker. The other candidates for Lay Deputy were balloted on again, and the result will be announced this morning. They were Edmund L. Baylies, Justice Vernon M. Davis, Henry Lewis Morris, Everett P. Wheeler, and George Zabriskie. Bishop Frederick Courtney and John W. Wood were made Deputies to the Provincial Synod and George Gordon Battle and the Rev. Theodore Sedgwick were placed on the Social Service Commission. A graceful tribute was paid to Miss Elizabeth Delafield, the first woman to make a report before a convention of this diocese. She is the Chairman of the Woman's Auxiliary to the Mission Board, and appeared in behalf of that organization. She said the auxiliary was not composed of "old ladies who knit red petticoats for savages who do not need them," but was devoted to up-to-date and aggressive work. When she entered the hall the assemblage rose and when she withdrew she received the same mark of courtesy. Her address was received with prolonged applause.

The convention hopes to finish its work this afternoon. Owing to the pressure of business it is the first to carry its deliberation into a third day.

SUPERB MODERN TRANSPORTATION—Augusta Special, via Southern Railway. Lv. N. Y. daily, 1:08 P. M., for Aiken and Augusta. N. Y. Office, 264 Fifth Av.—Advt.

EXPECT TO DICTATE PEACE IN LONDON

Germans Are Prophesying a Debacle for England Within Six Months.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERNE, Nov. 11, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—An important personage who has just returned from Berlin assures me that the burden of all conversation at Wilhelmstrasse is that peace must be signed in London. A German statesman whose name I am not free to divulge told my informant that before long Greece and Rumania will be fighting side by side with Germany, and before six months are over even England's allies will have had enough of the war and will have been detached by Germany from their allegiance. So long as England subsidizes her allies they will be loyal to her, but a time will come—so the Germans reckon—when she cannot longer subsidize them.

"It will not be long," added this German statesman, "before we will dance over the grave of England. Even now it is her colonies which are bolstering her up, and they cannot go on doing this forever. Before six months are over England will suffer a débâcle."

PLAN AUSTRO-GERMAN ECONOMIC UNION

Vienna Said to Have Conceded Berlin's Demands—Free Trade a Feature.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERNE, Nov. 11, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—I have learned from Vienna that Germany has succeeded in inducing the Austrian Chamber of Commerce at a plenary meeting to agree virtually to all her demands regarding a future economic and commercial union between the Austrian and German Empires. The treaty is to have as long a duration as possible and is to contain a clause providing that the Austro-German commercial policy shall be based on a unified plan, and both countries shall negotiate and conclude in common all commercial treaties with outside States. Preferential tariffs between Austria and Germany are also provided for, and these are eventually to pave the way for complete free trade between the two empires.

The two contracting parties have power to add to their number; that is, to incorporate other States into the alliance. It is stipulated that Germany and Austria must agree before beginning peace negotiations upon the economic demands they intend to put forward and include Hungary in the Austro-German economic treaty. The existing agreement between Austria and Hungary is being remodeled.

TERRIFIC CANNONADE HEARD IN THE BALTIC

Firing Lasts Twenty Minutes and Shakes Houses in Fehmarn Belt, Off German Coast.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 11, (via London.)—A cannonade of terrific intensity was heard yesterday in the neighborhood of the Fehmarn Belt, in the Baltic Sea. It is believed by those who heard it to have been the result of a British submarine attack on a German squadron.

The firing lasted twenty minutes and was of such violence that the doors and windows on the rocky harbor were blown open. Houses vibrated as though in an earthquake. The weather was so thick that it was impossible to observe any of the details of the engagement.

Fehmarn Sound is a channel less than a quarter of a mile broad separating the Prussian island of Fehmarn, off Femern, from the mainland of Holstein. Fehmarn lies about thirty-seven miles east of the entrance to Kiel harbor.

LIVIETTA'S CAPTAIN LAYS FIRE TO BOMB

Crew of Italian Oil Ship Landed at Port Arthur—Vessel Still Burning.

PORT ARTHUR, Texas, Nov. 11.—The fire on the Italian ship Livietta, which sailed from here Tuesday with a cargo of oil for Buenos Aires, was caused by an explosion believed to have been a bomb, according to a report of Captain Lico of the Livietta, to the Italian Consul here.

One member of the crew, I. Picasso, engineer, was injured seriously by the explosion, but physicians here tonight said he would recover.

Captain Rico and his crew of twenty-six men arrived here today on the tug Rurrell, after beaching the Livietta in thirty feet of water off Sabine Shoals. The fire on the steamer still was burning tonight.

"I am positive a bomb started the fire on my ship," said Captain Rico. "The explosion was terrific. Every lamp on board the Livietta was smashed by it. Members of the crew were dazed by the shock, but quickly recovered themselves and took to the lifeboats. We were picked up by the Russell."

The Italian Consul, Captain Lombardo, announced that the crew soon would return to Italy.

RUMORS THAT THE SUEZ CANAL IS CLOSED

Military Reasons Alleged—British Consulate Here Discredits the Reports.

According to an unconfirmed rumor which was current yesterday afternoon at the Maritime Exchange, the British Government has closed the Suez Canal for military reasons. It was also reported that fortifications were being erected along its banks to prepare for any attempt of the Germans or Turks to send a large army across the desert to seize Egypt. One well-known importing firm was said to have received a dispatch from its London house confirming the rumor, but the name of the firm could not be learned.

Nothing was known at the British Consulate of the closing of the Suez Canal, and the officials who were there said that it did not seem at all likely, because it was the highway from England to Bombay, Calcutta, China, and Australia, and it would make a difference of twenty days at least if steamers had to go via the Cape of Good Hope. It was estimated by shippers that passage by the cape route from New York to China and India would be thirty days longer than by the canal.

The RIDGEWOOD, DAYTONA, FLA. E. P. Woodbury now booking. 1180 B'way. Tel. Mad. Sq. 4748.—Advt.

CONSUL RESIGNED; WOULDN'T SPY ON US

Dr. Goricar Now Charges Austria-Hungary with Pernicious Activities Here.

PLOT AGAINST MUNITIONS

Says Fresh Orders Have Gone Out to Get the Men Out of the Factories—Predicts Dire Results.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 11.—The Providence Journal will publish tomorrow morning a statement by Dr. Joseph Goricar, who has been in the Austro-Hungarian Consular Service for fifteen years, and who resigned his office on Dec. 20 of last year. In his statement Dr. Goricar declares that the United States is honeycombed with German and Austrian spies, and that every Austro-Hungarian Consulate in the country is the centre of a propaganda against the munitions factories.

Dr. Goricar also declares that when he was Consul in San Francisco last year Maximilian Burstyn, Naval Attaché of the Austrian Embassy at Washington, urged him to secure and send to the Embassy plans of all the fortifications and defenses of the Pacific Coast.

Dr. Goricar declined to attempt to secure this information and was transferred from San Francisco on April 11 of last year to Berlin. He was in Berlin five months, when he was ordered to report in Vienna. Knowing that this order would result in either imprisonment or death, on account of his pro-Slavic affiliations, he escaped from Berlin to Rome, from which city he wrote his resignation on Dec. 20 of last year.

Dr. Goricar's statement follows:

Spent $30,000,000 or More.

Actuated by an impulse of loyalty to my former chiefs, I have, greatly against my wishes, kept silence up to the present time concerning many things the American people ought to know. I feel, however, that conditions have become so outrageous that they should be exposed by men who are in a position to state the facts.

The United States is not awake to the danger which threatens her from the activities of German and Austrian agents who, since the beginning of the war, have spent from $30,000,000 to $40,000,000 in this country in their efforts to destroy life and property, to set brother against brother, to create a political and social upheaval and to prevent, by any kind of crime necessary, the shipment of munitions of war to the Allies.

These men are more active today than they have ever been, for the simple reason that the economic strain on Germany has become greatly increased in the last few months, and that she has reached the top limit of her capacity in production and resources. From my knowledge of what is going on, I can state that the propaganda will greatly increase in the near future and that in a few weeks this country will be brought face to face with a grave situation, involving attacks on railroads, warehouses, wharves, and shipping.

Dr. Goricar charges Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, with urging on the activities of the Austro-Hungarian Consuls in this country, several of whom he names. The statement continues:

Keeping Up Dumba's Work.

Consul General von Nuber has surrounded himself with a gang of men who are regularly subsidizing foreign language newspapers. Many times since Ambassador Dumba's departure von Nuber has been performing the same acts as caused the United States to ask for the former's dismissal. When J. F. J. Archibald left this country, many of the letters he took with him, and about which he said he knew nothing, were prepared in his own presence in von Nuber's office, and his bags were taken down to the steamer by two of von Nuber's clerks.

Consul General von Nuber denied the story in the Providence Journal concerning Eugene von Tomory and said that von Tomory had only been in his employ three months and that he knew nothing about him. As a matter of fact, von Tomory had been in the Consul General's office for a year, and Mr. von Nuber got him from the Transatlantic Trust Company, where he had been a clerk for a long while.

Von Tomory was sent abroad on the Nieuw Amsterdam on July 24 with a great mass of incriminating documents in his possession for both the German and Austrian Governments, and he was able to dodge the British officials on the other side because a representative of Count von Bernstorff had paid an officer of the ship $200 before the vessel left here to help von Tomory escape the vigilance of the men who searched the vessel.

Dr. Goricar says the Transatlantic Trust Company was organized by the Austro-Hungarian Government largely to finance the work of the Austrian Secret Service in this country, and adds:

Over two months ago, in a speech which I delivered in the Bohemian National Hall in New York, I told the audience that the Transatlantic Company was the agent in this country for the Austro-Hungarian Government and that many millions of crowns had already passed through its hands for secret service work of every character in this country. My assertion then, although it was known to the officers of the Transatlantic Trust Company, passed absolutely unheeded by them, and I challenged Mr. Pirnitzer to deny the truth of the statement I then made

To Get Munitions Workers Out.

Consul General von Nuber, at the suggestion of Count von Bernstorff, within the past week, has ordered his Consuls all through the United States to close in on the campaign to get workers out of munition factories. In spite of their persistent efforts to drag these men out, many thousands of them still remain, and they are now trying to force them to obey by working through secret societies and fraternal organizations with which the workers are connected.

The Consul General has ordered the officers of these organizations, such as the Hrvatska Zajednica, the largest Croation society in the country, with a membership of 30,000; the Yugo Slovanska Kotoliska Jednota, the great Slovenian organization, and others to pass new laws which will sweep away all the benefits and savings of years of these men if they refuse to obey the final mandate and come out of munitions factories. Hundreds of them have been dropped from the rolls already, and a reign of terror has been created.

Refused to be a Spy.

Austrian Consuls throughout the United States are being used con-

Continued on Page 4.

BOSCA ITALIAN SPARKLING WINES. Brut—Sec—Red—All Dealers. Restaurants.—Advt.

Conscription Imminent, Lord Derby Hints; Gives Young Men Till Nov. 30 to Enlist

LONDON, Nov. 11.—A strong intimation of compulsion at an early date is contained in a statement tonight by the Earl of Derby, Director of Recruiting. This statement is made, Lord Derby says, with the authority of the Prime Minister. It says:

"If young men medically fit and not indispensable in any business of national importance or any business conducted for the general good of the community do not come forward voluntarily before Nov. 30, the Government will, after that date, take the necessary steps to redeem the pledge made on Nov. 2."

On Nov. 2 Premier Asquith announced in the House of Commons that if young men did not come forward voluntarily and enlist, "other and compulsory means would be taken before married men were called upon to fill their engagement to serve."

Lord Derby adds:

"Whether a man is indispensable or not to his business will be decided, not by the man or his employers, but by competent authorities and tribunals, which are being set up to consider such cases."

M'CALL VOTE AIDED LIGHTING COMPANY

Commissioner Hayward Tells of Chairman's Interest in Brooklyn Rate Case.

ADVISE McCALL TO RESIGN?

Thompson Committee to Hold Final Conference and Issue Statement Today.

William Hayward, who was appointed a Public Service Commissioner by Governor Whitman to succeed Milo R. Maltbie, went on the stand before the Thompson Legislative Committee at 165 Broadway yesterday and shed new light on the efforts of the Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Brooklyn to get favorable rulings from the Public Service Commission. The Kings County Electric Light and Power Company, in which Chairman Edward E. McCall held 387 shares of stock, owns all the stock of the Edison Company.

Senator Thompson announced early after midnight this morning on returning to the Biltmore that there will be a final meeting, or conference, of the commission, at 10 o'clock this morning at 165 Broadway, and that at 11 o'clock he will have a statement to give out.

The Senator was in touch last night with several of his associates on the committee, but declined to say anything more definite.

There were rumors all day that the Thompson Committee had practically served notice upon Mr. McCall that if he did not resign, charges would be preferred against him to the Governor. Neither Chairman Thompson nor Merton E. Lewis, counsel to the committee, would discuss the matter, but it was understood that if any such action was to be taken it would not be until an examination has been made of the books of the former brokerage house of E. R. Chapman & Co., where Mr. McCall's margin account was carried. Mr. Chapman has testified that many of the books were burned in a fire, but he thought he could produce all containing the McCall account.

Mr. Chapman said yesterday he was perfectly willing to show the McCall account so far as the Kings County Electric Light and Power Company was concerned, but protested against giving up records of any other transaction. Chairman Thompson told him to produce all accounts, as Mr. McCall himself said he wanted them produced. Although Mr. McCall has testified that he had no other stocks than the Kings County Company holdings, the committee wants to examine all the accounts.

To Show Broker's Books Today.

They will be produced today, and if they reveal no other stock holdings belonging to Mr. McCall, the committee will decide if the revelations concerning the 387 shares of the Kings County Company held by Mr. McCall, and regarding which there is no record of his having transferred them to Mrs. McCall, are damaging enough to form the basis of a new set of charges.

Mr. McCall was recalled to the stand again yesterday for a brief period, and after him came Commissioner George V. S. Williams, whose testimony shed little new light upon what the committee has already produced. The last witness was Mr. Hayward, and he told at length of the case of Albert Moritz, a Brooklyn citizen, who had appealed to the commission against what he termed the discrimination in rates for electric light to retail consumers practiced by the Edison Company. This case had been before Commissioner Maltbie for about three years, and when Mr. Hayward entered the commission and Mr. Maltbie left it, this and several other pending cases were turned over to him.

The Moritz case came before the whole commission on Oct. 5 last. Just previous to that counsel for the electric light company asked permission of Mr. Hayward to allow James E. Allison of St. Louis, an expert on rate questions, to be heard. Mr. Hayward said he was willing, although he had made up his mind that it was simply an attempt on the part of the Edison Company to convince him that the decisions of the Court of Appeals in similar cases were entirely wrong.

At the meeting of the whole commission Mr. McCall was present as Chairman, and the evidence of Mr. Allison was offered and received. After it had gone in Mr. Hayward said he and the counsel to the commission objected to its being kept on the record. Several votes on the questions were taken and all the Commissioners except Mr. Hayward voted to have the evidence remain.

McCall Favored Company.

"Were there any differences of opinion regarding its admissibility?" asked Mr. Lewis.

"Yes," said Mr. Hayward. "I agreed with the counsel of the commission that it shouldn't go in, but it was admitted over our objections. Chairman McCall took the position that the evidence should be allowed to remain on the record, and every time he would put it to a vote he would be sustained. When the hearing was nearly over Mr. McCall left and Commissioner Williams came over to my way of thinking. He said he thought the Edison Company was going too far, but he did not change his vote."

"The testimony offered was in favor of the company?" asked Mr. Lewis.

"Oh, yes," replied Commissioner Hayward. "I thought they wanted us to reverse the New York Court of Appeals."

"The purpose of the company, then, was to befog the real issue?" asked Senator Lawson.

"Not exactly that," replied Mr. Hayward. "Their purpose was to get me away from the line we had gone along on and which had been established by the Court of Appeals in other and similar cases."

Mr. Hayward said Mr. Maltbie had taken about 1,000 pages of testimony on the Moritz case, and that he had taken about 1,200 pages himself. He said he had very nearly concluded the case and hoped to finish it by the first of the year. He said the case was a very important one, and involved the rights of many thousands of consumers.

Mr. Lewis then asked Commissioner Hayward about the number of hearings

Continued on Page 5.

GERMANS FALL BACK ON THE RIGA FRONT

Russian Attacks in That Region Are Now Supported by Fleet in the Baltic.

VOLHYNIAN VICTORY GROWS

Petrograd Reports 3,500 Austro-Germans Taken at Kolki, Besides Eleven More Machine Guns.

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 12.—The Germans admit that they withdrew troops from ground west of Riga, which they gained only a few weeks ago at considerable sacrifice, and that the Russian fleet in the Gulf of Riga is supporting the Russian army. By their recent gains the Russians have established a connection between their forces on the Gulf of Riga by way of Kemmern and Lake Babit to Olai, which is half-way between Riga and Mitau.

Petrograd reports that the number of Austro-German prisoners taken in the fighting at Kolki, in Volhynia, has been increased by 1,500, making the total captures upward of 3,500 men.

The correspondent of The Times at the headquarters of General Ruzsky's Northern Russian Army says the premature advent of Winter has not affected the Russian plans, as the rivers and ground have not yet frozen. In the Dvina Valley there has been no interference with railway work, and supplies are coming satisfactorily.

The correspondent adds that the refugees who recently encumbered the entire region have disappeared, thus relieving the pressure on the railway system.

Russians Capture 125,000 in 10 Weeks.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 12.—A Petrograd dispatch to The Daily Mail says:

"The success reported today from Volhynia brings up the number of prisoners captured by General Ivanoff's armies in the last ten weeks to over 125,000.

"For the third time the Russians have broken through the enemy's front, inflicting a damaging and costly blow."

PETROGRAD, Nov. 11, (via London, Friday, Nov. 12.)—The following official communication from General Headquarters was issued today:

On the left bank of the Dvina, near Ikskul, our troops, with the assistance of heavy artillery, captured the farm of Borsemuende and took some dozens of German prisoners, besides capturing two machine guns. Two counterattacks by the enemy were repulsed, with heavy German losses.

Near the village of Kostioukhovka, west of Rafalovka, [in Volhynia,] a stubborn action developed.

According to supplementary information, 1,500 men, twenty-one officers and eleven machine guns were captured by us in the fighting at Kolki, in addition to 2,000 men and fifty officers previously reported.

On the rest of the front there is no change.

BERLIN, Nov. 11, (by Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—German troops have systematically evacuated the forest district to the west and southwest of Shlok, west of Riga, because it has been transformed into swamps by the rains, says the official announcement made today at German Army Headquarters. The text of the communication follows:

Army Group of Field Marshal von Hindenburg: Near Kemmern, west of Riga, three attacks made yesterday by the Russians, supported by fire from ships' guns, were repulsed.

During the night our troops, undisturbed by the enemy, have withdrawn from the wooded land to the west and southwest of Shlok, which, on account of the rains of the last few days, has become a swamp.

Near Borsemuende, southeast of Riga, an enemy attack could not be carried out. In a small counterattack we took more than 100 Russian prisoners.

Army Group of Prince Leopold of Bavaria: The situation is unchanged.

Army Group of General von Linsengen: Supported by German artillery, Austro-Hungarian troops drove the Russians out of Kosceushnovka, north of the Kovel-Sarny railroad line, and cut off their adjoining positions to the south of it. We took 7 officers and more than 200 men prisoners and captured 8 machine guns. To the south of the railway Russian attacks failed.

DVINSK IMPREGNABLE WITH ITS SAND FORT

Foes' Big Guns Useless—Town Taken Fifteen Times by Germans, Who Can't Hold It.

BERLIN, Friday, Nov. 12, (via London.)—The difficulties of the army, besieging Dvinsk, because of the nature of the fortress, which is built of sand, are pictured by Captain von Kueschuetzky, correspondent of the Vossische-zeitung.

"Had it been of rock," he says, "experts declare it would have been knocked to pieces long ago, but an artillery bombardment is of little avail against a sand fortress. It was captured fifteen times between Sept. 15 and Oct. 26, and still is not in the Germans' possession. It has been reduced in size one-half without affecting the strength of the remainder.

"Every rod of land is covered with permanent trenches, roofed securely against shrapnel and shell fragments, and connected with so-called 'fox holes,' small shelters where the garrisons are secure against the heaviest shells.

"Exploding projectiles are smothered in the sand trenches, skilfully laid out, so they are mutually outflanking. An apparently successful attack often means the destruction of the assailants by the flanking fire of machine guns. One company thus lost fifty-one dead on Oct. 23."

VOLLEY OF SHELLS THE ONLY WARNING, SAYS ANCONA CAPTAIN; 149 MISSING; SOME WERE KILLED IN THE LIFEBOATS

DID NOT TRY TO ESCAPE

Ship's Commander Says He Stopped at Once, But Firing Went On.

SOME PERSONS HIT ON DECK

And Survivors Who Tried to Reach Submarine Were Jeered by U-Boat's Crew.

STORIES STILL CONFLICT

Washington Awaits News of Americans—Agents Cable in Vain for Death List.

Rained Shells on the Ancona as Boats Were Being Lowered

PARIS, Nov. 11.—A dispatch to the Havas Agency from Tunis says:

"The Captain of the Ancona, who arrived here today, confirmed previous reports that the hostile submarine fired upon his vessel while her boats were filled with passengers and ready to be lowered. Shells struck the boats, killing or wounding many passengers, the Captain said, and boats were also struck by projectiles after they were in the water.

"The Captain declared that no signal was given by the submarine, except that a shot was fired when the submarine was about five miles distant. The steamer immediately stopped. The last gunshots were fired at a distance of about 300 yards from the steamer. Several of the boats pulled close to the submarine, the Captain of the Ancona said, but were warned off with insulting cries."

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 12.—Reports reaching London concerning the sinking of the Italian liner Ancona in the Mediterranean cotinue to vary as to the circumstances surrounding the disaster.

The commander of the vessel is quoted as saying that the submarine gave him no signal to stop, but began shelling his vessel at a distance of five miles. He asserts that he stopped his ship at once and that the submarine continued to shell the steamer, killing or wounding many passengers on the deck and in the boats as they were being launched.

The Captain also asserted, according to the dispatch, that persons struggling in the water approached the submarine and were "repelled and derided."

However, a Reuter dispatch from Malta quotes survivors as saying that the steamer was overhauled and warning given for the removal of passengers.

The dispatch containing the Captain's story was sent from Tunis to the Stefani News Agency. It follows:

"The commander of the Ancona, who reached here on Thursday, declares the submarine gave his vessel no signal to stop. The first sign of the presence of the submarine was shells from a distance of five miles, which grazed the steamer. The Ancona stopped dead.

"Subsequently shells hit the boats which were being made ready for launching, and many passengers were killed or wounded on the deck and in the boats. Some of the passengers who had been thrown into the water approached the submarine but were repelled and derided.

"Finally shells and torpedoes were fired at the Ancona from a distance of 300 yards."

Deaths Caused by Panic.

The Reuter correspondent at Malta says the Austrian submarine overhauled the Ancona, and after a long, stern chase gave the commander a brief respite to permit the removal of passengers, but the panic which began among the immigrants on board as soon as the underwater craft was sighted was responsible for the loss of many lives. In a mad rush for safety men, women, and children overwhelmed the boats, several of which were overturned before they could be lowered. Many of the occupants fell into the sea and were drowned.

Passengers agree, the correspondent says, that shots fired around the steamer by the submarine, apparently to hasten the loading of the boats, added to the panic. The Reuter dispatch, which contains the first connected story of the sinking of the Ancona, follows:

"We left Naples with a fairly large number of passengers, intending to sail direct to New York, but soon after leaving port received a wireless message directing us to stop at Messina for more passengers and cargo. The people aboard were mostly Greeks and Italians with large families on their way to the United States to settle. The majority, therefore, were women and children.

"We left Messina at 5 P. M. The Captain, having been warned of the presence of submarines, took all possible precautions. At exactly 1 o'clock Monday afternoon we sighted a submarine at a great distance. She came to the surface and made full speed in our direction, firing as she did so a shot

Greek Chamber Dissolved; Elections Dec. 19; Army to be Increased to 500,000 Soldiers

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 12.—A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from Athens says a decree has been issued dissolving the Chamber of Deputies and that the new elections have been fixed for Dec. 19.

GENEVA, Nov. 11.—Dispatches received from Athens say the Greek General Staff has decided to put into training all citizens who have not done military service. The effect of this action, it is said, will be to raise the strength of the Greek Army to half a million officers and men.

ATHENS, Nov. 11.—Since yesterday a certain agitation has been noted in diplomatic circles. Various rumors are circulating in consequence of the consultation made by members of the Cabinet with General Dousmanis, Chief of the General Staff. These conferences are said to have a bearing on the international situation, but no confirmation of the report can be obtained.

Nothing yet has been decided regarding the proposed dissolution of the Greek Chamber of Deputies.

ROME, Nov. 11.—The benevolent sentiments toward the Entente Allies expressed by Greece have been received with skepticism in Italian political circles. The Messaggero says that uncensored news of events in Greece proves that it has been fear of naval action by the Allies that has held back King Constantine and his Government up to the present time.

"We have every reason to suspect," says the newspaper, "that Greece is awaiting an opportune moment to throw in her lot with the central empires. The Quadruple Entente has paid dearly for its mistakes in the past, and it ought not to let itself be deceived again.

"But, after all, England and France are not the whole Entente, and perhaps Italy and Russia, which are directly interested in the Orient, will do their duty. We have drawn the Government's attention to this duty from the beginning, and the Government is convinced that the march of the Bulgarians on Monastir and their aspirations in Albania call for Italian action. But, leaving out of the account her special interests, the action of Italy with her allies is imperative in the general interest."

SERIOUS ERRAND CALLED KITCHENER

Asquith Tells Parliament He Started for the Near East on One Day's Notice.

AGAIN DENIES RESIGNATION

Rumors in Regard to the War Secretary Anger the Premier—Gets $2,000,000,000 Vote.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—In the House of Commons today, when the debate which was adjourned last night owing to the absence of members of the Cabinet was resumed, the conduct of the war by the Government was severely censured. Lord Kitchener and Field Marshal French were among those attacked, and the British air service also came in for criticism.

Prime Minister Asquith took occasion most vigorously to deny that Earl Kitchener had resigned his office of Secretary of State for War. He made this denial in the course of a discussion on the suspension of The Globe, and declared that Lord Kitchener went east on one day's notice, as a result of "serious information."

James Myles Hogge, (Liberal,) member for East Edinburgh, declared his belief that the statement that Lord Kitchener had resigned was true, and that the seizure of the paper because of the publication of the statement was not justified.

Mr. Asquith, who immediately replied, said that Mr. Hogge had accused him of "a deliberate and inexcusable falsehood," and, to make the matter quite clear, he declared:

"Lord Kitchener never tendered his resignation either to the King or myself, the only two persons to whom he could have tendered it. Lord Kitchener never breathed a word of resignation to either."

The decision to send Lord Kitchener to the Near East, the Premier added, was taken by the Cabinet on Thursday, Nov. 4. Serious information, which led the Government to take the decision, was brought to their knowledge for the first time on Wednesday.

In the interests of public life, the Premier added, he protested against the charges that the King was being directed against the head of the Government, as likely, if believed, to do incalculable harm to the country throughout the World.

Mr. Asquith repudiated the charge that The Globe had been singled out for special treatment.

Mr. Hogge and William M. R. Pringle, (Liberal,) member for Northwest Lanarkshire, however, insisted that other papers, which were equally guilty, had not been proceeded against.

The Globe's Offense.

Sir John Simon, the Home Secretary, pointed out that The Globe was in an entirely different position to that of the other papers, in that it had ignored the warning of the Press Bureau on Thursday night in the form of a request made to all the papers that no reference should be made of Lord Kitchener's movements until further notice. The next day The Globe, and The Globe alone, published the statement that Lord Kitchener had resigned because he had quarreled with his colleagues. When a denial was issued, The Globe repeated the statement, thus saying in effect that the Government was lying.

Under the circumstances, said Sir John, it was the bounden duty of the Government to correct that false impression and prevent further circulation of the lie in the most summary and direct way. If a paper would not listen to the Government's warning in a crisis such as this, it must listen when the Government acted. If the proprietors thought they had ground for action, the Government would offer every facility for these proceedings to be accelerated.

The Home Secretary said that the length of time The Globe would remain under suspension depended on the attitude which the paper thought proper to take up in regard to what it had done. Other papers had not been treated in the same way as The Globe because offenses were not so serious, but, declared the Home Secretary, if the Government found from this time forward any newspaper, be it small or great, making false statements which were obviously prejudicial to the public interests, it would be treated as The Globe had been treated.

Sir William Pollard Byles, (Radical,) who was once a journalist and chief

Continued on Page 2.

INVASION LAGS IN SERB PASSES

Defenders Say Captives Include Civilians and Guns Taken Were Mostly Relics.

DEFEAT INVADERS IN SOUTH

Bulgars Get Truce from Allies to Bury Dead—Another British Division Landed.

Russian Force in Rumania, Says Report from Bucharest

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Nov. 11, (Dispatch to The London Daily Express.)—According to a message from Bucharest, the Russians have ascended the Danube and landed a small force of troops and artillery near Silistria, Rumania.

Silistria is on the southern bank of the Danube in Rumanian territory, some thirty miles east of where the river reaches Bulgarian soil.

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 12.—The Serbians are now facing the invaders in the mountains which have proved a protection to them in their previous wars, and they may be expected to make the advance of the Austro-Germans and Bulgarians a matter of some difficulty.

There has been no material change in the situation during the last twenty-four hours. The Austro-Germans claim to be advancing along the line west of Nish, but do not report the capture of any more towns. The 4,000 prisoners they have taken are said by the Serbs to be largely civilians or Albanian or Macedonian troops, like those reported captured previously. These, they say, surrender easily. It is also declared that the guns abandoned in the captured cities were mostly obsolete relics of former wars.

It is probable that the opposition the Austrians are meeting in their efforts to drive back the Montenegrins is delaying Field Marshal von Mackensen's army, for the right wing must be free from this menace before it can proceed with its drive.

The news from the southern part of the country is very conflicting. It is now known that the French did not reoccupy, but simply made a cavalry raid into the town of Veles, destroying the Bulgarian ammunition stores. The French, however, are advancing on the west side of the Vardar River and at the same time are repelling Bulgarian attacks on Krivolak and endeavoring to form a junction with the Serbians who are holding the Babuna Pass.

New British Division Landed.

A new British division having landed, the force which is to be under command of General Sir Charles Carmichael Monro is spreading out toward Strumnitza, where encounters with Bulgarian patrols are reported.

With the arrival of Field Marshal Earl Kitchener, who should soon be on the scene, a further development in the campaign is expected, and it is possible that the Gallipoli army will become more active.

It is the feeling of military men here that so long as the Serbian Army remains intact there is a good chance to turn the tables on the Germans and their allies. The Teutons, the military observers say, can hardly send further reinforcements for the Near Eastern adventure, their line against Russia already having grown dangerously thin, as is evidenced by the Russian successes both in the North and the South.

The Times' Balkan correspondent, telegraphing from Bucharest, expresses the opinion that if Russia could send into the Serbian campaign a force of 200,000 men while the French and British troops are landing on the Aegean coast the hesitation which prevails in certain quarters in Rumania would be dissipated, and both Rumania and Greece would throw in their lots with the Entente Allies.

"In this event," says the correspond-

Continued on Page 2.

which went wide across our bow. We took this to be a warning to halt.

Passengers Terrified.

"Immediately there was the wildest panic aboard, not only among the women and children, but among the men as well. Women screamed and children clung desperately to their mothers. Meanwhile the submarine continued to shell us, gaining rapidly. The fifth shot carried away the charthouse.

"The engines then were stopped and the Ancona came slowly to a standstill. The submarine, which we could not see plainly, was an Austrian. She came alongside, and we heard the commander talking to our Captain. In a somewhat curt manner we were told the Austrian had given us a few minutes to abandon the ship. Meanwhile the submarine withdrew a little distance.

"We turned to the boats, which began to be lowered without loss of time, but the passengers were in a pandemonium. Men, women, and children seemed to lose their heads completely. The submarine, presumably to accelerate our departure, continued to fire around the vessel. There was a rush for the first boats, and in the confusion these were overturned before they were free from the davits, the occupants falling into the water. Many were drowned before our eyes.

"The shrieks of women, children, and struggling men rent the air, but it seemed no help could be given. Every one was trying to act for himself. The heartrending screams were punctuated with shot after shot, delivered almost mechanically, from the deck of the submarine, adding to the panic aboard. Had it not been for these shots it might have been possible to restore a semblance of order. The conduct of the submarine was incomprehensible. Not one shot was directed at the ship, but they were fired all around the vessel, as if to create as much terror as possible.

"About eight boats got away clear, some with a fair complement aboard, others half empty. All drifted away from each other."

One of the survivors, in describing his experience, said:

"The boat in which I found myself contained thirty members of the crew and three passengers, an Italian woman and her child, besides myself. I am certain fully half those aboard perished. Some time after we entered the lifeboat we heard four explosions, indicating the end of the Ancona. We remained in the boat all night, and were picked up in the morning by a British steamer, which brought us to Malta."

NO WARNING WAS GIVEN SAY 160 SURVIVORS

Those at Bizerta Sign Deposition Telling How the U-Boat Shelled Ship.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 12.—A dispatch from Turin to The Daily Chronicle says:

"The latest information relative to the Ancona attack affords still more striking evidence of the character of the crime.

"The 160 survivors, who were brought ashore at Bizerta, have drawn up and signed a deposition affirming that the liner was subjected without any sort of warning to cannonading directed against every part of the vessel. For the space of a full hour and a half the despairing cries and entreaties of the helpless multitude aboard were answered by gesticulations of delight from those on the submarine.

"Everything would seem to indicate that the submarine crew aimed at inflicting the utmost torture possible before finally sinking the ship with every living soul, and only made off when it deemed itself endangered."

ROME, Nov. 11.—Only 225 passengers and crew of the steamer Ancona were saved out of a total of 428 on board, says a dispatch from Tunis to the Corrière della Sera.

Two boats have arrived at Tunis, the dispatch said, one with 37 survivors and the other with 27.

Passengers declared that the steamer was shelled for an hour and a half by the submarine, which was flying the Austrian flag, when the torpedo struck the Ancona. The under water craft had two white turrets and was armed with four guns.

Previous dispatches have placed the number of passengers on the Ancona at 482, and the crew has been estimated at from sixty to 160.

GERMAN PAPER WOULD CALL ITALY TO BOOK

For "Reckless Sacrifice" of American Lives if Reports of Ancona's Sinking Are Correct.

In answer to the request of THE NEW YORK TIMES for their opinions on the sinking of the Ancona, the subjoined replies have been received by telegraph from German-American newspapers:

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 11.—If the report that 100 shells were fired at the Ancona before it was torpedoed proves to be correct, it would be the duty of the United States to call the Italian and not the Austrian Government to account for the reckless sacrifice of American lives caused by the continued attempt of the Italian liner to escape from the Austrian submarine.

The costly panic which took place on board of the Ancona must be attributed in the first place to the Captain's failure to heed the warning, and in the second place to an obvious lack of discipline and to poor management on the part of the ship's officers and crew.

ST. PAUL DAILY VOLKS ZEITUNG.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 11.—As the Ancona tried to escape her sinking is a mere incident of legitimate warfare which requires no editorial comment.

GERMANIA HERALD.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 11.—The Ancona was warned and tried to escape. No editorial seems necessary.

WAECHTER AND ANZEIGER.

LONDON'S VIEWS ON ANCONA.

Press Uses Disaster as Argument Against Trade Protest.

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 12.—President Wilson's phrase regarding the "right of humanity" as something for which the United States was contending figured prominently in the comment of last evening's newspapers on the Ancona tragedy.

"The fact that America's policy will depend upon the point whether American lives have been lost is a singular comment upon the claim of President Wilson that America is contending for nothing less high and sacred than the rights of humanity," says The Evening Standard. "We would frankly ask the American people whether this last addition to the record of murder on the high seas does not convince them that there is only one means by which the pirates can be brought to book, namely, increasing vigilance by the allied fleet.

"The British and allied navies must avenge 'the sacred rights of humanity,' and in that task surely we have a right to expect the sympathy of the American Government as well as the friendship of the American people. Our cruisers which stop German imports and exports are avenging piracy just as much as torpedo boats which sink pirate submarines. Sea power is one and indivisible, and by demanding that we relax our sea-grip on the enemy the American Government is demanding that pirates be not punished. We trust that the American people will realize that the interests of humanity are at stake."

The Westminster Gazette says:

"Once more, as in the cases of the Arabic, the Orduna, and the Hesperian, we have a practical test of those promises of amendment and the qualifications thereto which Count von Bernstorff made to President Wilson. Once more we see it matters not a straw to Germany whether American citizens are on board ships marked down as victims or what pledges had been given by her representatives in Washington."

347 WERE SAVED, SAYS NAPLES CONSUL

Brief Report from Joy White the Only Message Reaching Washington.

AWAIT NEWS OF AMERICANS

Officials at Capital Anxious for Full Details of Disaster — Get Conflicting Reports.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—With restrained judgment the Administration is awaiting response to its messages to Ambassador Page at Rome and to Consuls along the Tunisian littoral of the Mediterranean asking for the facts regarding the destruction of the Italian liner Ancona by a submarine.

Nothing official had been received up to a late hour tonight upon which Secretary Lansing was able to base any opinion whatever, much less a competent judgment as to what happened. The conflicting character of cabled newspaper statements of survivors only served to spur officials to greater activity in an effort to obtain from American Consulates authentic and reliable statements of the circumstances. Secretary Lansing asserted that the State Department was sparing no effort to gather detailed information, and that until facts were obtained he would not comment on the case.

Since the Ancona was sunk only two brief messages have been received, one from Jay White, Consul at Naples, and one message from Ambassador Page. The Ambassador reported that twenty-seven persons believed to be Americans were reported to have been lost. A message received this morning from Consul White indicated that the total number of missing in the disaster, was estimated to be 149, but said nothing as to the number of Americans lost. In the absence of other authentic information, and without knowledge of the source of the reports sent by Ambassador Page and Consul White, the State Department is unable to determine how many Americans were lost.

Others Probably Saved.

Consul White's cablegram, dated at Naples last night and received before daylight this morning, follows:

> The Societa Italia now reports the following American citizens were aboard the steamship Ancona:
>
> First cabin—Mrs. Cecille L. Greil.
>
> Steerage—Alessandro Patattivo, wife and four children; Mrs. Francesco Mascolo Lamura and minor child, and Pasquale Laurine, and that 347 passengers and crew were reported as saved out of 496. The steamship company is confident that more will be reported as saved.

What Secretary Lansing is desirous of ascertaining concerning the Ancona case is definite information on the following points:

First—How many American citizens were aboard the Ancona?

Second—The nationality of the belligerent submarine which destroyed the Ancona.

Third—Was warning given by the submarine to the liner?

Fourth—Did the Ancona attempt to escape after being warned?

Fifth—Did the submarine disregard the principle for which the American Government has been contending, namely, that provision must be made for the safety of the liner's noncombatants, provided the liner did not try to escape or offer resistance.

Sixth—If the Ancona was warned and halted, either immediately or after the chase, were shots fired at her or at her noncombatants in boats after the Ancona had stopped.

U-Boat's Nationality in Doubt.

Most of the newspaper dispatches indicate that the submarine was of Austro-Hungarian nationality, or displayed the flag of that nation. It was admitted at the State Department this afternoon that nothing had been received officially to indicate the nationality of the submarine. Unless there is some announcement from Berlin or Vienna officially fixing the nationality of the submarine, the protest, the moment one is determined upon, will, in the absence of positive information, be sent to the Vienna Government on the assumption that it was an Austro-Hungarian craft which attacked the Ancona. This would be done, it is believed, on the circumstantial evidence in the case, consisting of statements of survivors that they clearly saw an Austro-Hungarian flag displayed by the submarine.

Officials here are exceedingly reluctant to believe that the Berlin Government would so far forget its sacred promises to the United States as to sanction an attack on any liner without warning and without safety of the lives of noncombatants, provided the vessel did not try to escape. After this pledge was given on Sept. 1 by Count von Bernstorff, the German Government, when asked for a disavowal of the attack on the Arabic, gave supplementary assurances on Oct. 5 that orders had been issued by the German Emperor himself of so stringent a character as to prevent a recurrence of incidents similar to the Arabic case, and disavowed the attack that had been made on the Arabic as unwarranted.

Austria and the Pledge.

Proof that a German submarine attacked the Ancona, without warning, accordingly would not only greatly surprise official Washington, but would develop a most serious situation between the two Governments. Although Austria-Hungary was not textually bound by the understanding between the United States and the German Government, it has been felt that Austria-Hungary, as an ally of the Berlin Government, would abide by Germany's assurances, and there is almost as much surprise, and certainly officials have been almost as greatly shocked, as if the attack had been made by a German submarine.

Some of the unofficial accounts contain statements that the submarine that attacked the Ancona was in reality a German U-boat, displaying the Austrian flag. One intimation was that it was used as a ruse. This is permissible in warfare, but the requirement is that before actually making an attack, the belligerent vessel must substitute the flag of her own nationality.

It was pointed out today that the German Government had not yet declared war against Italy. The Austro-Hungarian Government has issued such a declaration of war, and while it has been suspected, and even asserted that German troops have been fighting against the Italians, the public record fails to disclose any declaration of war by Germany against Italy. In the absence of such a declaration it would be an act of war for any German warship to attack an Italian vessel. According to a theory entertained in certains diplomatic quarters, the very fact that Germany and Italy are not officially at war, may have inspired the use of an Austro-Hungarian flag by a German submarine, in order to prey upon Italian merchant ships.

There appears to be increasing evidence in unofficial messages that the submarine fired warning shots, and that the Ancona was halted by these shots. Statements attributed to survivors diverge materially as to when the Ancona halted. In a Stefani News Agency dispatch from Tunis the commander of the Ancona was quoted as saying that when fired upon from a distance of five miles "the Ancona stopped dead." Contradictory of this is the alleged statement of a survivor that after the Ancona had been warned by a shot the submarine chased her, "gaining rapidly," and that the engines of the Ancona were not stopped until "the fifth shot carried away the chart house." According to the Giornale d'Italia, the Ancona "attempted to escape at full speed."

These messages, while unofficial, were carefully weighed in high official circles, but Secretary Lansing and others refused to comment on them. It is generally agreed here that if the Ancona failed to halt it would be difficult to make out a case against the submarine, unless the submarine deliberately insisted upon shelling the liner after she had halted, or fired on the noncombatants in open boats.

Legal Way to Halt a Ship.

The question was raised in discussions of the Ancona incident here today as to the lengths to which a belligerent submarine might go in firing upon a challenged liner for failure to halt when warned. There is no doubt of the right of a belligerent warship under international law to fire upon a vessel that refuses to obey a challenge to halt. The warship may even fire upon a neutral vessel for refusing to heed the warning to halt. But it is also held in Washington that a belligerent warship should only fire upon an escaping vessel to the extent necessary to compel compliance with the demand to stop. It would neither be considered humane nor consistent with international law for a belligerent to continue to fire at a liner or upon her small boats on the open sea, when the liner no longer continued to try to escape.

The only object of firing upon the vessel is to enable the belligerent to compel compliance with its demands that the merchant ship halt. The rule is very much like that which permits a policeman to fire at an escaping prisoner, but would not tolerate a shot being fired by the policeman after the fugitive had halted and surrendered, so long as the prisoner did not persist in trying to escape or offer resistance.

TRIED TO CATCH THE AMERICA

But the Liner Evaded the Submarine That Sank the Ancona.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Nov. 11, (Dispatch to The London Daily Mail.)—It now appears that the submarine which sank the Ancona also intended to catch the homeward-bound Italian liner America, which was saved by the intelligence of its wireless operator, whose suspicions were aroused during communications exchanged with a supposed wireless station. He suspected that the submarine had picked up his message and was sending sham replies.

The America's Captain thereupon ordered the operator to cease communication, changed his course, and made straight for Naples.

BERLIN GETS NO REPORTS.

And Austria, It Is Thought, Has Heard Nothing from Submarine.

BERLIN, Friday, Nov. 12, (via London.)—The Ancona case as yet belongs to the category of submarine incidents regarding which German naval circles have no news except that which comes from hostile sources.

Even the semi-official announcement made yesterday that the Ancona was sunk while trying to escape was derived from accounts sent out by the Havas and Stefani News Agencies.

Nothing has been published from the Austrian side, and it was stated at the Admiralty that so far as known the Austrian Government has received no report of the incident.

SOME SURVIVORS OF THE ANCONA

List of Passengers and Crew Members Saved Cabled to Italian Paper Here.

The Progresso Italo-Americano prints this morning, under a Rome date, the following three lists of survivors of the Ancona. They are as follows:

Members of Crew.

Acampora, —.
Alma, —, fireman.
Balzano, —.
Badelli, —.
Barbieri, —.
Cacace, —.
Capochino, —.
Carbone, —, engineer
Chiazzi, —.
Cremonese, —, fireman.
Coscione, —, fireman.
Collitti, —.
Chiabbiano, —.
Cristofori, —.
Califoni, —.
De Crecchio, —, wireless operator.
De Marco, —.
D'Urso, —, fireman.
Desogus, —.
Exposito, —.
Fedo, —
Fiscale, —, fireman.
Galli, —.
Gentile, —, engineer.
Gardella, —.
Guardare, —, fireman.
Lascia, —.
Liguori, —.
Lamberti, —, engineer.
Magioncalda, —.
Mancini, —.
Manfredi, —.
Mazza, —.
Medici, —, engineer.
Morollio, —.
Montonucci, —.
Masotti, —.
Pagano, —, fireman.
Pandice, —.
Pellegrino, —.
Palumbo, —.
Palombo, —.
Peluso, —.
Rainieli, —, fireman.
Ricciardi, —.
Ruggiero, —.
Russo, —.
Sacco, —.
Salvi, —.
Simonino, —, fireman.
Solfaro, —, fireman.
Sogno, —.
Sportillo, —.
Taito, —.
Variabile, —.
Vitiello, —.

Passengers.

A.

Accardo, Giuseppe.
Acquarulo, Luca.
Andreata, Luigi.
Aurelio, Giuseppe.
Altizio, Angelo.
Amati, Sante.
Allotta, Giuseppe.
Araccioni, Cristina.
Azzaglini, Ilarione.

B.

Baglivi, Emilio.
Balsamo, Aniello.
Biaco, Luigi.
Basso, Antonio.
Balenti, Pacmanonto.
Belli, Ludovico.
Brescia, Nicola.
Bacciocchi, Roberto.
Benfacenti, Umberto.
Buffaletti, Luigi.
Buffaletti, Linda.
Buffaletti, Brunhilde.
Buffaletti, Giovanni.

C.

Capelli, Giulia.
Cafasso, Annina, with two sisters.
Carico, Giovanni.
Castelli, Giovanni, with one child.
Canelli, Nichola.
Circo, Raimondo.
Corete, Raffaele.
Cincotta, Antonio.
Carboni, Giulio.
Castorino, Leonardo.
Contras, Giuseppe.
Camaro, Giulia.
Castello, Jolanda.
Cavallo, Grazio.

D.

D'Antonio, Peppina.
D'Aversa, Luigi.
D'Aversa, Francesco.
Del Giudice, Michele.
De Rosa, Silvia.
Delgatto, Venezia.
De Biasi, Italo.
De Luca, Maria.
De Simone, Roa.
Di Cesare, Giovanni.
Dettori, Nicola.
De Francesco, Saverio.
De Pietro, Giovanni.
Diliberto, Antonio.
Di Giuseppe, Oreste.
Di Giacomo, Francesco.
Di Glin, Madallena.

E

Esposito, Pasquale.

F

Fabiani, Giovanni.
Farino, Donato.
Finizio, Domenico.
Formisano, Michele.
Francesca, Gironi.
Ficarella, Rocco.
Ficarra, Domenico.
Felici, Ensebio.

G

Garofalo, Gina.
Garofalo, Anniello.
Gentili, Antonio.
Groakehino, Michele.
Grazianelli, Mauro.

I

Iannotti, Giuseppe.
Irsa, Gannaro.

L

Lamberti, Assunta.
Lombardo, Pasquale.
Lenta, Ciro.
Langella, Michele.

M

Marricelli, Angelino.
Merci, Luigi.
Migliacchio, Michele.
Mersier, Rosa, with three children.
Martini, Luigi.
Marra, Natale.
Meli, Gaspare,
Milza, Giovina.
Marino, Pietro.
Malinconico, Angelo.

O

Orlandini, Vittoria.
Oscar, Forli.

P.

Panico, Michele.
Pappalezo, Salvatore.
Pellegrino, Francesco.
Petrella, Giovanni.
Palomba, Anniello.
Parietta, Annina.
Passuto, Angela.
Panico, Pellegrino.
Perella, Vincenzo.
Pistione, Alberto.
Perazzetti, Luigi.
Puglisi, Assunta.
Pasquel, Allesandro.

R.

Rega, Carlo.
Reale, Agostino.
Reali, Annina.
Rendano, Michele.
Riberia, Liberta.
Ricciotti, Francesco.
Ridolfi, Antonio.
Rima, Felice.
Ruggeri, Martino.
Ruggiero, Michele.
Rocco, Giuseppe.
Russa, Antonio.
Romano, Francesco.
Roselli, Giovanni.

S.

Sannino, Salvatore.
Sandrillo, Giuseppe.
Speranza, Giulia.
Sintoni, Pietro.
Serra, Persano.
Serpe, Luigi.
Sammarco, Giovanni.
Salomone, Alfonso.
Sanucci, Pasquale.
Santo, Giuseppe.
Santo, Catone.
Scugli, Raimondo.
Sorrentino, Salvatore.
Solimeni, Carrado.
Strati, Teodoro.
Stellato, Francesco.

T.

Tacoli, Gaetano.
Tialone, Adelina, with child.
Tombono, Domenico.
Torrisi, Giuseppe.
Trugillo, Francesco.

V.

Ventimiglia, Annina.
Vico, Carolina, with one child.
Vossineo, Giovanni.
Vincenza, Maria.
Viola, Lorenzo.
Vranobile, Antonio.

ANCONA'S AGENTS GET NO TIDINGS

Hartfield & Solari Cable Naples in Vain for List of Passengers and Survivors.

BESIEGED BY INQUIRERS

Telegrams Pour In from Many Cities Seeking Information About Persons Who Sailed on Liner.

Notwithstanding the numerous cablegrams which have been sent to Naples by Hartfield & Solari, agents for the Ancona, asking for the vessel's passenger list and the names of the survivors, no reply from the Italia Societa Navigazione à Vapore, owners of the ship, has been received.

Before leaving his office last night William Hartfield sent a final message to the head office in Naples which read:

> Urgent. Being besieged by inquiries. Beg you cable us immediately names passengers Ancona. Saved and perished. Thank you.

Telegrams were received yesterday at Hartfield and Solari's office from persons residing in Boston, Philadelphia, Coraopolis, Penn.; Reading, Penn.; Pittburgh, Baltimore, New London, Conn.; Chicago, Memphis, Tenn.; Brownesville, Penn.; Washington, D. C., and Morristown, Penn., inquirig for persons who were aboard the steamer.

Countess Pieri, who lives at the Hotel Majestic, inquired if any news had been received regarding Prince Enrique de Cruzat Zanetti, who is believed to have been a passenger on the Ancona. Other inquiries regarding passengers on the torpedoed liner were for J. Curley of 957 St. Nicholas Avenue and Meyer Berman of 1771 Madison Avenue.

Another caller was Isador Leichter of 203 West 111th Street, who was anxious to receive some tidings of his daughter, Rhoda, who was believed to have been aboard the vessel. Miss Leichter has been a pupil in the Academy of Music and Sculpture in Rome. She is about 20 years old, and was born in California. M. Gallini inquired for his wife, father, two sisters, and brother, all of this city.

Inquiries were made for Mrs. Esther Barbieri and her daughters, Mary and Etta; Mrs. Antona Valenza, Vincenzo Robusta, Guido Crocetti, and Ida Franco, of New York; Mrs. Frank Morano and son of Fort Edward, N. Y.; Mrs. Sassoli of Washington; Dr. and Mrs. D. Canfield Jones of Philadelphia; Miss Cesira Gerardini of Pittsburgh; Adelaide Stanghieri and Filiberta Mazzulli of Baltimore; Anita Bazzili and Ida Pasqualini of New London, Conn.; Mrs. Mary Bernari and children of Philadelphia; Maria Grazia Scaramuzzo of Boston; Marietta Durso of Philadelphia; Salvatore and Paola Antonio and children of Coraopolis, Penn.; Tony Campezi of Thompsonville, Conn.; Angiolina and Teresa Castelli, Giulia Saghetti, Giovanna and Umberto Castelli of Readin, and Guglielmo Flores, Marquis d'Arcais, Boston.

Mr. Hartfield said he had received between forty and fifty telegrams from out of town and double that number of telephone calls from persons in the city. He hopes to get a detailed cablegram from the office of the company in Naples today.

ANOTHER AMERICAN MISSING.

Naples Reports That Pasquale Laurine Was on the Ancona.

NAPLES, Nov. 11.—Pasquale Laurine, an American citizen, is among the missing passengers of the steamship Ancona, according to information obtained here today.

Another boat with twenty-seven survivors of the Ancona has reached Cape Bon, Tunis. The names of the occupants of this boat have not yet been received.

The offices of the steamship company to which the Ancona belonged remain crowded with persons, mostly women and children anxiously inquiring for passengers.

The loss to the company through the torpedoing of the Ancona is fully covered by insurance, even the risk of war being provided for in the policies, which amounted to $1,000,000.

The public is awaiting with the keenest interest the developments of America's attitude regarding the Ancona, as her case is regarded here as identical with that of the Lusitania.

The port authorities have learned that last week a submarine flying the German colors stopped a boat and asked for information about the passage of steamers from Naples. This incident is connected by the authorities with the sinking of the Ancona for which the submarine is supposed to have been lying in wait.

SAW TWO SUBMARINES.

Ancona Officer Says Rescue Ship Fled from the U-Boats.

CAPE BON, Tunis, Nov. 10.—One of the Ancona's officers, Dominico Salvemini, says that toward noon he sighted two submarines which, by reason of the steamer's siren, a thick fog and the reduced speed of the liner, were able to approach unobserved.

The officer asserted that both submarines flew the Austrian colors, but several other survivors affirm that the flag was struck and replaced by the German colors as soon as the liner was sighted.

The nearest submarine was about 300 feet long and carried three-inch guns on her bow and stern. The other submarine drew across the Ancona's bow to prevent any attempt at escape. Continuing, the Ancona's officer says:

"At the first shots the Captain of the Ancona ordered out the boats. The eighth boat hardly had touched the water when the liner sank by the head, engulfing the remainder of the passengers and crew who had taken refuge on the poop deck.

"The eight boats, keeping together, steered on a southerly course. After traveling some distance they sighted a ship with her lights out. The survivors lighted flares and the ship approached them, but the submarines, which were following, turned their searchlights upon her, and she abruptly changed her course and disappeared.

"The boats then separated. Twenty-six persons were landed at 9 o'clock Tuesday morning on the beach at Sidi Daoud, on Cape Bon Peninsula, where they were taken in by the European inhabitants."

Another boat, with the Captain of the Ancona and twenty-eight other persons, was picked up this morning on Zembra Island by the lighthouse tender from Cape Bon, while searching the coast for survivors.

ITALY'S PURPOSE FIRMER.

Resolved to Carry On the War to the Bitter End.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Nov. 11, (Dispatch to The London Daily Telegraph.)—The indignation in Italy at the crime of sinking the Ancona is immense, the result being the expression of a general resolution to carry on the war vigorously to the bitter end and, if possible, to secure closer cooperation with the Allies.

I wired to the American Consul at Naples, inquiring if there were any Americans aboard, and received the following reply:

"The names of the Americans aboard the Ancona are Mrs. Cecille Greil, Alessandro Patattivo, with wife and four children; Mrs. Mascolo, Mrs. Lamura, and Mrs. E. Pasquale Laurino. So far 320 persons are saved out of 496 aboard."

ITALIAN PRESS INDIGNANT.

Tribuna Calls on President Wilson to Make a Protest.

ROME, Nov. 10, (via Paris, Nov. 11.)—Commenting upon the sinking of the Ancona, the Tribuna says:

"It was even more barbarous than the sinking of the Lusitania, for the passengers were not warned against sailing before they boarded the steamer, as in the Lusitania case.

"Modern civilization must rise against the criminal responsible for the Ancona outrage. The Austrians, if the submarine was Austrian, surpassed their allies and teachers. President Wilson, in the name of outraged humanity, must read over the note received from Berlin and have it respected."

The Idea Nazionale says the Ancona case recalls the Lusitania, but that it is "graver and more ferocious, as the submarine fired hundreds of shots against the Ancona to save torpedoes, as it is difficult to get fresh supplies of torpedoes in the Mediterranean, thus using the most inhuman methods, and making escape precarious."

The paper urges immediate measures for the destruction of submarine supply depots in the Mediterranean.

SERIOUS ERRAND CALLED KITCHENER

Continued from Page 1.

proprietor of The Bradford Observer, complained: "Our liberties are being taken away from us one by one."

Timothy Healy (Irish Nationalist) and Henry E. Duke (Unionist) supported the Government.

A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Admiralty, laid down the principle in the course of the debate that he would not reply to criticisms as to the conduct of the war, on the ground that "all criticism of the conduct of the war must, until after the war is over, and indeed long after, be a matter almost impossible to deal with, because the facts are not and cannot be known."

William Joynson-Hicks, (Unionist,) Member for the Brentford Division of Middlesex, drew attention to the condition of the Royal Flying Corps and the Naval Air Service. He said there was great dissatisfaction with the Naval Air Service, in regard to the organization and the appointment of a chief who knew nothing about aircraft above the heads of those who, in fact, had built up the fabric of the service.

It was important, added Mr. Joynson-Hicks, that England should have large, new aeroplanes for the offensive next Spring in order to meet the new airships and new aeroplanes which the Germans were building. He asked why work on an English Zeppelin had been stopped in January, and whether the Admiralty had dropped the policy of attacking Zeppelins by aeroplanes.

Arthur Lynch, (Nationalist,) member for West Clare, made a strong attack on Lord Kitchener, the War Secretary, who, he said, had blundered in not moving to the defense of Liége, again on the question of munitions, and once again in Serbia.

"The blunder in the Dardanelles," he remarked, "was at least a blunder of a man who meant to do something."

He contended that the war was being conducted with signal incompetence and that unless there was a change the country was moving straight to disaster. He would sweep away 70 per cent. of the higher British command, beginning with Field Marshal Sir John French, who had been in command fifteen months, and has made no progress."

In the latest offensive, continued Mr. Lynch the Allies broke through the German lines, but in the superior command decision was wanting to take full advantage of the moral victory. The Government, he declared, had no plan of campaign. The idea of a successful war of attrition was absurd. The war must be won in the field. The men were good and munitions were there. It was leadership and direction which were lacking.

Mr. Balfour, replying to the remarks of Mr. Joynson-Hicks, said he did not think it ought to be assumed that the Germans had taken the lead in aircraft construction. It was the desire of the Admiralty and the War Office to improve the construction of aircraft in strength, power, and speed for the aerial defense of London. It would, of course, be an enormous advantage to have overwhelming forces of aircraft of the latest design which could be hurled against the invader and become invaders themselves, and the Government was doing its best to increase the number of aviators and machines for their use.

"We are building," he said, "a not inconsiderable number of lighter-than-air craft at the moment, largely for the purpose of scouting. The question of lighter-than-air and heavier-than-air craft is still undecided. There are many persons who think that Germany chose wrongly in choosing Zeppelins."

Mr. Balfour pointed out that, although when the war began the air service was relatively in its infancy, it would be found that during the progress of the war it had not fallen behind that against which it was matched. In fact, it had outgrown its primitive condition and had to be put under the accepted system of the Admiralty.

The largest part of the defense of London, continued the First Lord, must be a coast defense, and as they got more of the appliances for this purpose they would more nearly succeed in achieving it. At present the Admiralty were limited by their means of defense, but they were making guns as fast as they could, just as they were making aeroplanes and developing pilots as fast as they could. The anti-aircraft defenses were improving daily. They were becoming more formidable, and would be much more formidable than they were at present.

The service, said Mr. Balfour, was being constantly pulled up by the shortage of men, and no fairy waving of wands could put that right. The aeroplane had not yet the range to enable it to proceed from these shores and become a menace. The enemy Zeppelins which attacked England came from North Germany, which it was not easy for British aircraft to attack.

With respect to the charges of blundering in the operations, Mr. Balfour said he had no doubt there was much talent in the country which was not finding its best operation, nor did he think that every man in high command was the very best man that omniscience could discover, but nothing could be gained by such a speech as Mr. Lynch had delivered. No practical suggestion had been made, except that every man now engaged should be turned out and some unspecified persons put in to direct affairs.

He quite agreed that wherever merit was found it should be promoted, but broadcast criticisms of the soldiers and reckless attacks on the diplomatic service did no good to the cause of the country, and did not help those responsible for public affairs.

Grey Speaks of Serbia Expedition.

Sir Edward Grey, Secretary for Foreign Affairs, assured the House that if the Government had not done as much as it would have liked to do for Serbia it had not been from any want of good-will. The French and British Governments had offered to send 150,000 troops to Saloniki to enable Greece to fulfill her treaty obligations to Serbia. They had sent the men who were available at once, and had begun to make preparations for the transport of troops from other places, but these could not be obtained without due regard for the military exigencies. Then Greece changed her mind. After consultation with France, however, it was decided to continue the dispatch of troops to Saloniki. It was due only to the limitations imposed by the war that more had not been sent.

The House formally agreed to a vote of credit for £400,000,000 ($2,000,000,000) asked for by Premier Asquith.

BELATED TRIBUTE WELCOME.

London Chronicle Says Haldane's Lost Cost Britain Dear.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 12.—The Chronicle's Parliamentary correspondent says:

"Secretary Grey this afternoon paid a very generous tribute to Lord Haldane, and it was noticeable that it was received with marked favor by the House of Commons.

"The Foreign Secretary told the House that when Lord Haldane retired on the formation of the coalition Government last May, he himself, Sir Edward Grey, desired to resign at the same time and would have done so but for the critical state of public affairs.

"Subsequently, answering a Conservative member, Sir John Rees, who asked if it is fact that Lord Haldane rendered great service when he was at the War Office, Premier Asquith replied: 'Yes, Lord Haldane rendered inestimable service.'

"Belated though they are, these are welcome tributes to the work done by one of the ablest and most unselfish men who have been associated with public life in this country for the past dozen years. There is little doubt that when last August Premier Asquith asked Lord Kitchener to undertake the Secretaryship of State for War he intended Lord Haldane to act under him as a sort of first lieutenant. The malignant and stupid outcry which drove Lord Haldane from Kitchener's side did this country a grievous disservice and cost it dear."

GREY AND ASQUITH DEFEND LORD HALDANE

Foreign Secretary Says He Wished to Resign with the Lord Chancellor.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—Sir Edward Grey, the British Foreign Secretary, told the House of Commons this afternoon that he himself had expressed a desire to resign at the time Viscount Haldane surrendered the post of Lord High Chancellor to Sir Stanley Buckmaster, now Lord Buckmaster of Cheddington.

Sir Edward Grey's expression of regret was in reply to a question whether Lord Haldane had been assisting in the administration of the Foreign Office. The Secretary went on to say that Lord Haldane had at no time taken any part in the work at the Foreign Office, either before or during the war, except with the full knowledge and consent of himself, and, in important matters, with the authority of the Premier and those primarily responsible. Personally, he regarded Haldane's withdrawal from the Government a very great loss to the public service. Sir Edward added:

"I myself expressed to the Premier my desire to resign also at the same time, and but for a crisis in the public affairs I would have done so. If Lord Haldane's services were available in any work for which I were responsible, I would consider it in the public interest that they should be utilized."

Sir Edward said he thought it was right to say this, in view of the attacks that had been made upon Lord Haldane, who has been bitterly criticised for his supposed pro-German sympathies.

Premier Asquith also paid a word of tribute to Viscount Haldane, saying: "He rendered an inestimable service when in the War Office."

Replying to a request to lay the papers on the table respecting the Antwerp expedition, Premier Asquith declined to do so while the war was in progress. He added:

"Mr. Churchill [formerly First Lord of the Admiralty] may treat with indifference the allegations against him. He has a good record and will be amply justified when the full story is told."

WANTS INDIRECT TAXATION.

Lord St. Aldwyn Opposes Idea That England Is in Peril of Bankruptcy.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—Lord St. Aldwin, (Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer), in the course of the debate on the necessity for greater economy, which was resumed this evening in the House of Lords, declared that, whatever the financial requirements were, they would be met. He believed the country would find the money, and that there was no reason for faint-heartedness in these matters, giving the foes of the nation cause to rejoice, but the Government was bound to exercise, far more than it had yet exercised, the means at its disposal.

Lord St. Aldwyn protested against delay in raising new taxation for the war. Large as the increases which had been made, he said, they were not large enough, especially in regard to indirect taxation.

Lord St. Aldwyn added that unless drastic economies were put into effect he did not think the issue of the war would be as successful as all hoped and intended it should be.

Lord Sydenham said he had reason to know that the bankers of the country felt strongly that, while they had done all in their power to help the Treasury, the Government had not played its part in enforcing economy.

The Duke of Devonshire, Civil Lord of the Admiralty, explained that the Admiralty was making every effort to preserve strict and absolute control over the expenditure, and said that a committee had been sent to the Mediterranean to inquire into matters there.

The Earl of Selborne, President of the Board of Agriculture, in closing the debate, said it was impossible to control the finances of the War Office at the present time in the sense suggested without interfering with the policy of the Minister for War. When they took a man like Lord Kitchener at a crisis and placed him in charge of the War Office they must leave him to do his own work in his own way.

Viscount Peel having amended his motion to read that "it is the duty of the Government to exercise effective supervision and control of naval and military expenditures," this was agreed to.

INVASION LAGS IN SERB PASSES

Continued from Page 1.

ent, "Rumania could fall on Bulgaria in the rear with 200,000 men and simultaneously attack the German front with 400,000 men. Rumania feels safe in the Carpathian passes, which she ragards as impregnable. The scene of action in such a case would probably be eastern Bulgaria or Thrace, where Field Marshal von der Goltz's army is assembled, but lacks munitions."

The distance of the Entente Allies' naval base from the scene of the hostilities in Serbia, and the necessity for guarding the long line of communications in a difficult country, and in the face of a hostile population, are regarded by the correspondent as rendering a northward march from Saloniki inadvisable. The concentration of forces further east is held by the correspondent to be imposed by military conditions.

A Reuter dispatch from Saloniki yesterday says:

"According to information received from a Greek frontier station, fighting on a large scale has been proceeding since yesterday between Oradski and Veles. The Bulgarians asked for a suspension of hostilities for five hours for the purpose of burying the dead and collecting the wounded, but only two hours was granted. Further British reinforcements have been sent forward to strengthen the right wing of the Entente Allies' line."

Reuter's Athens correspondent wires that important Serbian forces, arriving from Mitrovitza, have reached the Katchanek defile, where they occupied the railway station to which the Bulgarians, bound from Uskub to Prisrend, had advanced.

Operations extending to the northwestern front now are becoming the key to the situation, as Serbian troops sent from the north to Krusevo and Monastir will pass there.

The Serbian Government, the correspondent adds, has been removed to Krusevo, east of Prilep.

A dispatch from Saloniki to the Paris Havas News Agency, under date of Wednesday, says:

"The Bulgarians have retired from Babuna and have concentrated before the French front around Cerna in a heavy fog that has prevented operations for the last twenty-four hours.

"The Serbians are attacking Katchanek from the north and have captured the station.

"Tetovo has changed hands several times in violent fighting. It is now held by the Bulgarians."

The bulletin issued by the Berlin War Office yesterday was very brief. It read:

> Pursuit of the Serbians in the mountains along the south and the western Morava is making good progress. More than 4,000 Serbians have been taken prisoner. The army of General Boyadjieff has crossed the Moravo River at several places.

Vienna issued a more extended report as follows:

> East of Trebinje we repulsed a strong Montenegrin attack, the enemy suffering heavily.
>
> The Austro-Hungarian troops advancing southward from Uzice yesterday got half way to Novi Varosh. Northeast of Ivanjica we threw the enemy out of several positions on the Cemerno Ridge.
>
> The Germans under General Koevess have repulsed the Serbians in the region of Stolovi Planina. East of this place the Austro-Hungarian troops have forced an ascent of Krnja Jela and Poteled. In Trstenua a thousand Serbians were made prisoners. In Vrnjackabanja, southwest of Trstenik, the Serbians left a field hospital with a thousand wounded officers and men and one doctor.
>
> The army of General von Gallwitz is fighting northeast of Brus, and on the northern slopes of the Jastrebac Mountains.
>
> The Bulgarian forces have crossed the Morava near Aleksinac.

The Serbian Legation in Paris yesterday received the following dispatch dated Nov. 8:

> The enemy has succeeded in crossing the Morava of the west, near Kralzevo, and the Morava of the south in the direction of Djunis and Leskovac.
>
> The enemy's attacks near Grdelitza were repulsed. The fighting on the right bank of the Leskuvitza River and upon the left bank of the Morava Binatchka River, east of Gnulane, has resulted in our favor. Enemy attacks toward the gorges of Katchanik were repulsed.

SERBS LOST STORED CROPS.

Government Must Feed Civilian Population as Well as Army.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Nov. 11, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—Signor Magrini, the special correspondent of the Secolo with the Serbian Army, says that, owing to the truce last Summer between Serbia and Austria after the overwhelming Winter defeat of the latter, many Serbian soldiers were spared to attend to the fields. Consequently, there were good crops, especially in the Morava Valley. In the Pozarevec and Shabatz regions was a vast quantity of grain when the Teutons started their new offensive, and all these hard-won stocks fell into the enemy's hands, being sent away to Austria and Germany. The Serbian authorities are now faced with the serious problem of feeding the civilian population and the army.

The correspondent sends another vivid description of conditions, based on information of Serbians who reached Monastir from Nish.

"We left Nish two days after the Government had departed," said one. "At the railway station there was a great crowd of fugitives who had come from Pirot and Kniasyevac. When a train arrived a scene of indescribable panic was witnessed. The crowd took the station by storm, and made a dash to obtain places on the train. Some traveled on the roofs of the carriages and others in the open trucks. Those who could not find places in the train started on foot for Pristina. The roads were blocked with fugitives, whose sufferings increased hour by hour."

PUTNIK STILL HEADS ARMY.

Serb Government Has No Thought of Peace, Paris Legation Says.

PARIS, Nov. 11.—The Serbian Legation today gave out a note issued with a view to setting at rest certain reports regarding Serbian affairs, said to have originated in German sources. The statement said:

"First — General Radomir Putnik, Chief of the Serbian General Staff, although he has been in precarious health for a long time, continues at his post directing the operations of the Serbian Army.

"Second—The artillery captured by the Germans at Kraljevo was without importance from a military viewpoint. It was part of the spoils of two previous wars, and its loss does not weaken the Serbian Army.

"Third—At no moment has the Serbian Government thought of peace or considered making peace before victory was won by the Allies."

RUMANIA PESSIMISTIC AS TO SERBIA'S FATE

But She Might Join the Allies If Russia Sent a Big Army.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BUCHAREST, Nov. 11, (Dispatch to The London Times.)—Competent military opinion here has latterly taken the somewhat gloomy view of the strategical situation in Serbia. It is not believed that any effort which the Allies may now make can save the Serbian Army from the combined attacks of the Austro-Germans and Bulgarians, whose forces now engaged in Serbia number about 600,000 men. But if Russia could send 200,000 men, either disembarking them on the Black Sea coast or dispatching them via Reni, on the Bessarabian frontier, while Great Britain and France land an army of the same size on the Aegean coast, the result would probably be the failure of the German advance toward Constantinople.

In this event Rumania could fall on the back of the Bulgarians with 200,000 men and at the same time attack the German front with 400,000 men.

Rumania feels secure in the Carpathian passes, which she regards as impregnable. The scene of action in such a case would probably be Eastern Bulgaria or Thrace, where Von der Goltz's army is assembled, but lacks munitions. The distance of the Allied naval base from the scene of hostilities in Serbia and the necessity of guarding a long line of communications in a difficult country and in the face of a hostile population is regarded as rendering a northward march from Saloniki inadvisable. The concentration of forces farther east is held to be impossible by reason of military conditions.

FUSE IN RIO LAGES CARGO.

Alleged Evidence of Plot Found Among Bags of Sugar.

HALIFAX, N. S., Nov. 11.—What is alleged to be a piece of time fuse was found tonight by stevedores among bags of sugar which they were removing from the steamer Rio Lages.

The steamer put in here Wednesday with her cargo of sugar on fire, and much of it was destroyed.

The Rio Lages was bound from New York for Queenstown.

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FRENCH GAIN SKILL IN AIR FIGHTING

Tactics for Aerial Warfare Are Being Worked Out with Effective Precision.

SERVICE HIGHLY ORGANIZED

Wireless Outposts Enable Communication to be Kept Up 220 Miles from Station.

PARIS, Oct. 28, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Now that France has developed an aerial force with battle-planes, cruiser-planes, scouts, and lesser aircraft, which the officers refer to as torpedo-planes, it has been necessary to organize this overhead service with the same exactness of details that armies and fleets are organized, with tactics and manoeuvres of advance and retreat, attack and defense. Unlike an army or fleet, which can move only in one direction, parallel with the surface of the earth or water, a fleet of air warships can move in any direction—upward, downward, forward or backward, and at any oblique.

All of these tactics of the air are now being worked out with precision. Already the official reports refer almost daily to the manoeuvres of an "esquadrille," which is the French term for a squadron of air fighters, and soon there will be mention of the advance or recoil of the "right wing" or "left wing" of these squadrons, as the tactics provide for the same assembling of a number of "esquadrilles" into fleets which can be increased in size almost indefinitely. Wells, the English novelist, suggested the deadly effect of 1,000 aeroplanes hovering over Berlin and dropping bombs. The number and manoeuvre were at the time regarded as fantastic. But the organization of squadrons and fleets of battle-planes and cruisers brings this measurably within realization, and already one attack has been made with 65 aeroplanes, two with more than 60, and five with from 30 to 40 air fighters.

The "esquadrille," which is the unit of the aerial organization, at first consisted of six aeroplanes. But the rapid development of fighting types changed the organization so that the "esquadrille" is now made up practically as follows:

Six scout-aeros (avions d'observation.)

Two armed cruiser-aeros with three-inch gun (avions de chasse.)

One battle-plane with two three-inch guns and one mitrailleuse (avion de combat.)

Nine lorries, nine trailers, nine portable canvas aero-sheds, three autos.

There is one lorry and trailer and one shed for each of the fighting craft, so as to transport it rapidly to any point and house it until needed. The autos are for the commanding officers and to follow up the fliers when possible. Gasoline, tools, supplies, &c., are carried on the lorries.

Officer Commands Each 'Esquadrille.'

The "esquadrille" thus made up is commanded by a commissioned officer of the army, who acts as pilot of the squadron. Commissioned officers also operate the fighting and cruising aeros, with expert non-commissioned officers and soldiers for the lesser craft. Including the soldiers on the lorries, trailers, &c., an "esquadrille" has a complement of upward of seventy officers and men, of which, however, only a dozen or so are actual fliers.

René Bernard, the newly designated Secretary of State for Aviation, has recently given opportunity for the inspection of the new types of air fighters. The battle-plane and the cruiser-plane are the two main developments. Only partial description of these craft is permitted; nothing can be stated as to the number of planes of the monster battle-plane. But it is permitted to indicate its power by saying that it has carried twelve men in its flights, and that it mounts on its huge outstretched wings two 3-inch cannon, one at either tip, with a rapid-fire mitrailleuse in the middle, just above the pilot. The recoil of the cannon does not jar the craft, owing to an automatic device.

The other type, cruiser-aeros, mount one 3-inch cannon in the middle and just ahead of the pilot. These cruisers can mount almost straight up from the ground, at the rate of about 2,000 meters in two minutes, so that they can go straight up to an enemy as soon as he is observed, instead of mounting slowly on long curves as of old.

But France is not stopping with these new devices, and her engineers and constructors are inspired with the thought of a rich prize of 50,000 francs for a still further advance, which will realize 200 kilometers an hour with four motors, two pushing and two pulling.

All Are Directed from Paris.

The "esquadrille" or squadron is only the unit of organization, and it is in assembling them that the real fighting manoeuvres are accomplished. The directing head of the organization is here in Paris, connected with the Ministry of War. Here all the orders are given and the service regulated. The machines themselves are at aero parks scattered all over France. Here they are gathered in hundreds and given their final tests before going to the fighting line.

But it is on the fighting line that the real manoeuvres begin. The aero parks for actual service are a short distance in rear of the fighting forces, each park at the front being made up of four "esquadrilles". So that, as each "esquadrille" has nine aeros of various form, the four "esquadrilles" of each park comprise thirty-six aeros, including battle-planes, cruiser-planes, and scout-planes. In turn, these parks back of the line are connected so that these equipment of thirty-six machines in each can be rapidly brought together for a concerted attack or defense. As these parks stretch from end to end of the long battle line, their number and aggregate of air craft must be very large. As stated, concentrations of sixty-five fighting craft have already been carried out, and much larger concentrations are in view.

The fighting tactics have developed a number of interesting phases. It is a strange fact that one of the most useful devices has resulted from the capture of an enemy aero. This brought to light a fine instrument of precision, made by a well-known optical firm of Berlin. The instrument records with exactness the moment and place when an aeroplane is precisely vertical above a given point on the ground below. That is, there is no trusting to the eye, and when the instrument shows the vertical point—as, for example, an enemy battery below—a bomb dropped from the aeroplane is certain to hit that exact point. It is, in fact, an aerial range finder, showing the exact moment when a bomb will strike a given spot.

Smoke Telegraphy Gives Ranges.

Another strange device used in these battle tactics is a battery of twelve small glass bottles, set in a wire rack within easy reach of the operator. The latter flies over the enemy's lines, the purpose being to signal back to his own batteries how their shots are taking effect, thus giving them the exact range. The little glass bottles contain a liquid which explodes five seconds after the cork is drawn, emitting a little round puff of smoke, or a short trail of smoke. This is aerial telegraphing. The smoke-puffs are dots; the smoke-trails are dashes. Thus the pilot talks back to the far-away battery, in dots and dashes of smoke, telling the watchers that their shots are too high, or too low, or too far to the left or right, and thus giving them the exact range.

Still another remarkable development in the French tactics is the use of wireless, by which aeroplanes are kept in communication over a radius of 220 miles with a central station. The aero-wireless is a small and delicate set, with light antennae above and from tip to tip of the wings, the wire automatically winding up if the aero is unmounted. These are in actual use, and besides the new French machines, the English and Russian machines are being similarly equipped, the demand from these three sources being greater than two large manufacturing companies can produce.

Besides the foregoing rapid development and organization in military aviation, there is a distinct branch of naval aviation, with a warship of considerable tonnage set aside for this particular purpose, and a rendezvous at one of the ports. This naval aviation looks after the coast points, the approach of hostile craft, and the aerial strategy of the sea as the army conducts the aerial strategy on land.

TO EXPAND AEROPLANE PLANT

Sloan Company Needs Larger Quarters to Fill Orders for Allies.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Nov. 11.—Owing to the fact that it has received large orders from the Allies for aeroplanes which it has been manufacturing for several months at Bound Brook, the Sloan Manufacturing Company has been obliged to seek larger quarters. Today the company leased the Kenney property in North Avenue, Plainfield, and will remove its plant there immediately. John E. Sloan, the head of the company, who is a son-in-law of Thomas Edison, lives in that place.

The aeroplane made by the company is of combination type and resembles the motor speed boat in shape. During the last few months representatives of this and foreign Governments have witnessed a number of demonstrations of the aircraft.

AIR-PROPELLED BOAT TRIED

New Type of Vessel Skims Water at 45 Miles an Hour.

Special to The New York Times.

NYACK, N. Y., Nov. 11.—A new type of boat, a "glider," a sort of hydroaeroplane without wings, the first of its kind to answer expectations, was tested today on the Hudson River. The test was a success.

The boat is called the Yolanda II. The trials were witnessed by Señor Don Julio Betancourt, the Colombian Minister; Francisco Escobar, ex-Consul General of Colombia, and Señor Montejo, private secretary to Minister Betancourt, besides a legion of moving picture operators. After the trials the craft proceeded to New York.

The practice run covered about twenty miles. The Colombians expressed keen delight and prophesied that the craft would mean much in the development of South American countries through which shallow rivers flow. The Yolanda II. will be shipped to Colombia and placed in service on the Magdalena River. This stream is navigable now to only stern-propelled boats, which are very slow.

It is expected that the Yolanda II. will cover the 600 miles from the capital to the coast in twenty hours, instead of the eight to fourteen days that the existing river boats take. Gonzalo Mejia, the owner, has obtained a contract to carry the mails for the Colombian Government. The vessels also will transport passengers.

The Yolanda II. measures 30 by 20 feet, and her cabin houses 11 persons. The motive power is supplied by two 150-horse power Van Blerck engines. Two giant aeroplane propellers revolve in the air at a sped of 1,200 revolutions a minute and drive the boat at a speed of forty-five miles an hour. When carrying a capacity load the craft draws only three inches of water. It is adapted for service in all weathers. The Yolanda II. is built in six sections, and the designer, D. La Chappelle, declares it is unsinkable. It is mounted on cork-filled pontoons.

Mr. Mejia, who is a Colombian banker, conceived the idea of a glider about five years ago. He went to Paris and had a boat built by Louis Bleriot, the French aviator. It was a one-passenger affair, and, although it made forty-six miles an hour on its trial trip, it was not commercially practical and was too light to bear transportation. Mr. Mejia had another boat built on stronger lines. This he took to Colombia in 1912. He tested it on the Magdalena. This boat had a submerged screw, in addition to the air propellers. It was found to be too small. Later Mr. Mejia came to New York and took up the matter with Mr. La Chapelle.

FRENCH MINES WRECK GERMAN POSITIONS

Effective Explosions on Three Different Fronts—Heavy Cannonading in Artois.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—French sappers and miners have been displaying great activity on the western front today. They have blown up German positions south of the Somme, in the Argonne, and in the Woevre. Violent cannonading is reported from Artois and lively bomb-throwing from the region between the Meuse and Moselle. The occupants of a British aeroplane were taken with their machine near Bapaume.

Tonight's communication issued by the French War Office reads as follows:

> The cannonading has been particularly intense on both sides in the sector of Loos, in the region of the Calonne trench and Souchez. In several localities the work of our miners obtained excellent results.
>
> To the south of the Somme, near Faye, the explosion of one of our series of mines shattered the galleries and blew up a German post in front of Beuvraignes. A countermine destroyed an enemy mine chamber which was being charged.
>
> In the Argonne two of our mines greatly damaged the enemy works on the Haute Chevauchée and at Hill 285. At Les Eparges another mine likewise destroyed a German trench. We immediately occupied the excavation, despite the resistance of the enemy.
>
> Between the Meuse and the Moselle to the north of Flirey our bomb-throwers concentrated a very effective fire on the opposing positions.

Following is the French afternoon communiqué:

> There is nothing to add today to the communication issued last night.

The Belgian official communication reads:

> There has been an intermittent bombardment at divers points on our front, especially at the height known as La Ferme Violon, Roodepoort, La Maison de Burgh, St. Jacques Capelle, Roeninghe, and the Ferryman's house.

This is the text of the official statement given out today by German Army Headquarters:

> At several points on the western front there have been artillery duels and vigorous mine and hand-grenade activity. An English aeroplane was obliged to land northwest of Bapaume. The occupants of the machine were taken prisoners.

ENGLAND'S WAR COMMITTEE.

Asquith, Balfour, Lloyd George, Bonar Law, and McKenna.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—It is officially announced that the new war committee of the Cabinet during the temporary absence of Field Marshal Earl Kitchener, the Secretary of State for War, will consist of Premier Asquith, Arthur J. Balfour, the First Lord of the Admiralty; David Lloyd George, the Minister of Munitions; Andrew Bonar Law, the Secretary for the Colonies, and Reginald McKenna, the Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Row in Luxemburg Chamber.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 11. — Riotous scenes marked the opening session of the Luxemburg Chamber of Deputies when Radical members expressed dissatisfaction with the new Cabinet, headed by Dr. Leutsch, with the result that the sitting was suspended, says a telegram from Luxemburg received by way of Berlin.

11 AERO BATTLESHIPS ORDERED BY ALLIES

Washington Concern to Build Them of Steel with Capacity of 30,000 Pounds Each.

WINGS 180 FEET ACROSS

Biggest Aaircraft Will Have Engines with Total Horse Power of 1,600—Carry 35 Bombs.

Colonel Thomas L. Eggleston of Washington, D. C., announced last night at the Hotel McAlpin that the Christman Aeroplane Company of Washington had yesterday closed an order with representatives of the Allies to supply them with eleven Class B battleship cruiser type aeroplanes, which are to be larger than any yet built, at a cost of more than $1,000,000.

He gave a detailed description of the giant machines to a reporter from THE TIMES, and said that, now the plans had been accepted, construction would start immediately.

The machines are the invention of Dr. W. W. Christmas of Washington, who has been an inventor and aeronautical enthusiast for the past six years. In 1911 he built an aeroplane of the same type he is now to build for the Allies, and it was so successful that he planned to start a mail route between Washington and this city. This failed for lack of interest and support.

The Class B battleship cruisers, the design of which has been accepted by the allied aeronautical experts, are many feet larger, and will carry tons more than any yet planned or built. Their wings are 180 feet over all, and the machines will be 104 feet from tail to propellers. They are built on the cantilever truss principle, similar to that used in bridges and other steel construction requiring great strength, combined with light weight, and will be entirely of steel. On this construction principle they can be built to any size within reason.

Built with Twin Bodies.

Like the great machines recently built for the French Government, the Class B battleship cruisers are of the double fusilage type. They will have twin bodies, each body carrying one engine, and will be driven by twin propellers. These engines, or motors, will have 800 horse power each, making a total of 1,600 for the machine, which is greater by nearly 1,000 horse power than any ever used to drive an aeroplane.

The offensive and defensive equipment of these aeroplanes is by far the heaviest ever carried by any heavier-than-air craft. There will be four machine guns, two fore and two aft. These will have a calibre of between one and a half and two inches, and will be capable of between twenty and forty shots a minute. They will be used with high explosive shells or shrapnel and it is planned to use them for attacking moving bodies of troops. It is expected that they will be particularly useful in battles where the enemy is trying to bring up re-inforcements, which cannot be reached by the field artillery.

A squadron of these Class B battleship cruisers, dropping shrapnel on the enemy in the open, will be able to create great loss of life and will be a great deterrent to the rapid-reinforcing of the fighting line at threatened points.

The speed called for in the specifications is higher than any before specified, except in the tiny scout cruisers being built for the British Government at Buffalo and Toronto by the Curtiss Aeroplane Company. These great fighters must make eighty-five miles an hour with their full load and crew of six men and with half their load and the same crew, must be able to make not less than 100 miles an hour.

To Carry 14-Inch Bombs.

They will be especially equipped for bomb-dropping. The bomb-dropping apparatus will be arranged so that bombs up to fourteen inches in diameter can be handled. There will be three shell-racks holding thirty-five shells each. The apparatus is of a new type and is built to drop the bombs with the greatest accuracy. These fourteen-inch shells will be powerful enough to destroy modern fortifications, and when dropped on a city will create great devastation.

The entire machine will be armored and be able to weather the storms of shrapnel now hurled by the anti-aircraft guns and shelters are to be arranged so that the pilots and other members of the crew will have the greatest possible safety in their work. The vital parts of the aeroplanes, such as the tanks and motors, will have especially heavy protection.

Owing to the construction, should one motor become disabled, the machine will be able to continue its progress, although with diminished speed, until it is possible to volplane to safety. In fact, it will be possible to cruise under one motor.

The specifications call for the Class B battleship cruisers to carry between 25,000 and 30,000 pounds surplus or extra weight. That is, in addition to flying "stripped," they must be able to carry close to fifteen tons dead weight.

The largest aeroplanes now being used in Europe are the Canada and super-Canada Machines, built by the Curtiss Aeroplane Company in Toronto. These are about the same size as the great Russian Sikorsky aeroplanes and are 102 feet over all on the wings and carry a dead weight of about a ton. They have a maximum speed of ninety miles an hour and carry two machine guns. The Class B battleship cruisers will have the same arrangement of guns as the aeroplanes of this type. The guns are mounted so that they may be fired in any direction, both above and below the machine, thus making it possible to attack enemy aeroplanes or Zeppelins from beneath.

The success obtained in the Canada and super-Canada classes is thought by those familiar with aeronautics, to have led to the demand for greater and more powerful machines. This demand will be met by the new battleship cruisers, which will be able to drop between 15,000 and 20,000 pounds of explosives, and which will be the most destructive weapon yet invented.

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NOTE PLEASES GERMANS, WHO NOW AWAIT ACTS

Hamburg Papers Strack with Firmness of President in Deal-with Britain.

HAMBURG, Nov. 11.—Commenting on the latest note of the United States to Great Britain relative to interference with American trade, the Fremdenblatt is struck by the similarity of the tone and thesis to communications sent to Germany, but holds that judgment upon the note must depend, not on the phraseology, but on how it is translated into action. Continuing the Fremdenblatt says:

"The same Wilson speaks here as spoke in the notes we received from him. He expresses the same conception of inviolable rights of neutrals to a free intercourse, without being hampered by the war. It will surprise many that Mr. Wilson, regarding whose personal sympathies we entertain no doubt, has maintained this principle in such energetic words against Great Britain, and it is indeed noteworthy that he does not suppress his penchant for vigorous phrases, but demands a cessation of the burdensome and illegal practices and challenges the validity of 'the ostensible British blockade.'

"We also credit him with consistency, particularly where he upholds the old thesis of illegality of reprisals, and declares flatly that the United States cannot submit to measures, themselves illegal, adopted to punish the enemy for alleged irregularities."

The Fremdenblatt finds as the kernel of the note these two demands:

"First—The right to import non-contraband direct to German harbors on the ground that the blockade is ineffective.

"Second, and which is more important, the right to deliver relative contraband to all neutrals regardless of whether there is a suspicion that the goods are to be re-exported to a belligerent.

"The issue," the newspaper adds, "is clearly drawn. The declaration of Sir Edward Grey, the British Foreign Minister, in Parliament, Oct. 31, that goods coming from and going to Germany will be regarded as enemy goods, regardless as to whether the vessels are passing from one neutral port to another, pinned the British Government down flatly to a procedure which President Wilson characterizes as a burdensome, steadily increasing interference with neutral trade, and a predatory campaign against it.

"It now remains to be seen whether the results can be attained at the proper time or whether they will be postponed until a date when the whole question has lost practical importance. This depends upon whether Mr. Wilson is willing to utilize the means which he controls to give his words the necessary emphasis."

The Hamburg Nachrichten, commenting on the note, says:

"Pirates, commercial robbers, lawbreakers and 'inelegant' extortionists are pilloried before the whole world by the note, whose protests and demands are exhaustively based on existing treaties. That is the chief meaning of the note.

"The violation of Grecian neutrality was established for all time by the Grecian note of protest over the signature of the then Premier, Venizelos. The note of the United States has now also officially testified to Great Britain's numberless crimes against marine law.

"What will happen further depends on how Washington is ready to act if its demands are not fulfilled and if Great Britain does not abandon her violation of neutral rights. The American Government does not lack the power and methods of bringing pressure to bear. For the present we are content with the characterization of Great Britain as a selfish, greedy and thieving despot on the free seas."

SAYS ZEALANDIA LAY 5 MILES OUT AT SEA

Passing Skipper's Report Indicates British Could Not Have Searched Her in Port.

GALVESTON, Texas, Nov. 11.—The American steamer Zealandia, reported boarded and searched by men from a British cruiser while lying in neutral Mexican waters at Progreso, was unable to enter the neutral zone because of her draught and the shallowness of Progreso harbor, according to Captain J. Menander, master of the tank ship Mexicano, who arrived in port today and reported that he had passed and spoken the Zealandia on Nov. 3.

At that time, said Captain Menander, the Zealandia was lying five miles off shore and a British cruiser still farther out.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The State Department is not excited over the Zealandia. In the absence of complete data, officials decline to comment on the case. The State Department has cabled to the American Consul at Progreso for the facts.

German Trawlers Captured.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—A Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company says that Jutland papers report the capture by British warships of additional German trawlers in the North Sea.

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FOR years I have had Colored Shirts for my own use made up with *White Starched Single Cuffs.* Sharp-eyed customers said, "Very smart; why not put them on sale?"

So—here they are, with soft, pleated, *Satin-Striped Bosoms* and *White Starched Single Cuffs.*

You'll agree that this is the *smartest Shirt* you ever came across--**$2.50.**

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IRISH RECRUITING ON A NEW SYSTEM

Department Has Been Established Under the Direction of the Lord Lieutenant.

MISTAKES MADE AT FIRST

Wrong Sort of Appeal Was Made—Most Effective Argument Has Been the Invasion of Belgium.

DUBLIN, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Recruiting in Ireland has been placed upon a new basis. Hitherto the work has been entrusted to voluntary committees formed in each county, with a Central Recruiting Council for Ireland. The Lieutenant of a county, usually a peer, has been at the head of the work in his county. Meetings have been held in every part of Ireland, and much zeal has been displayed by the speakers at them, who have included representatives of all parties and creeds. The result has been, as announced by Major General Lovick Friend, the commander of the forces in Ireland, the enlistment of 81,000 men for the infantry.

As the percentage of rejections for unfitness has been as high as 50 per cent., the total number from Ireland who offered themselves for service in the army was about 160,000.

Ireland at the outbreak of the war had more than her proportion of men in the army and in the reserves, and this total has been described by the highest military authority in a public letter as "magnificent." There must be added to it also Ireland's recruitment for the navy, to which a substantial number of men have gone.

A fresh appeal has been made for more men. It will be necessary to fill up the wastage in the Irish divisions at the front. To keep them up to strength a recruitment of about 1,100 men a week is officially stated to be necessary, and unless the Irish divisions are to be filled up from Scottish and English drafts, that number will have to be found in Ireland.

No difficulty, however, is expected to arise in the matter. The rate of recruitment asked for now is less than that reached in the months of April and May last, and experience has taught the necessity for improved methods, which are counted upon to make the task easier. The existing organizations have been thanked for their services, which in that particular form are now at an end, and a new department for Irish recruiting has been established under the supreme headship of Lord Wimborne, the Lord Lieutenant. He has appointed as Chief Director Captain R. C. Kelly, an Irish soldier of distinction, and what is more to the purpose, an extremely keen business man, full of energy and tact. He came over here some months ago as the representative of David Lloyd George's Munitions Department. In that capacity he met the principal manufacturers and employers of labor in Ireland. He has put the munitions business in Ireland well on its feet and gained the approval and friendship of every section.

The choice of Captain Kelly as Director of Irish recruiting has been warmly welcomed by both the Unionist and Nationalist newspapers. He cannot employ the same methods in Ireland as Lord Derby is employing in England. There are no forms in Ireland from which lists of available men to be canvassed can be compiled. The Registration act did not apply to Ireland. Some districts in Ulster came under it voluntarily, but even in those districts the filling up of the forms was made entirely optional, and there does not seem to be any intention to follow Lord Derby's methods on the basis of the forms filled up in those districts.

It is likely, therefore, that the new methods of recruiting in Ireland will have to be based, like the old ones, on general appeals. They may easily prove more effective than in the past, for the voluntary organizations did not always temper their zeal with discretion. Districts predominantly of one political color were addressed from platforms by men who agreed with them about no Irish question, and many speakers showed their inability to realize the point of view of their audiences. The kind of patriotic appeal which moves an Englishman may leave an Irishman cold. The most effective appeals addressed to Irishman have been based upon the invasion of Belgium. The torpedoing of the Lusitania was a powerful stimulus to recruiting, which was still further added to by the sinking of the Arabic.

Ireland was chilled by action on the part of military authorities such as that which refused to allow the Irish division to have its own colors. Even yet, though the Colonists and the Ulster Division have distinctive badges, the Irish divisions have not.

There is also a feeling that the exploits of Irish regiments at the front have not had all the publicity they deserved. Except for individual exploits such as that as gave O'Leary the Victoria Cross, they are felt to have a poor show in the dispatches or descriptions of the official eyewitnesses.

Still, when all is said, the response of Ireland, notwithstanding all difficulties, is regarded as excellent, and the avoidance of such errors as may have been made in the past, it is believed, will make easy what remains to be done.

TURKS TELL OF ITALIAN DISASTER IN LIBYA

Constantinople-Berlin Story of Heavy Losses in Battles With Arabs.

BERLIN, Nov. 11, (by Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—"Constantinople reports, received here, give details of Italian disasters in Libya, Northern Africa," says the Overseas News Agency.

"Arabs have conquered Dshefra, Hum Radan, Zallein, Urfele, Misrata, Turga, and Tarhuna. The Italian losses were heavy. In addition, the Arabs captured twenty cannon and three machine guns and plenty of ammunition. The Italian troops which attempted to assist Tarhuna must retreat to Tripoli after having suffered heavy losses."

MRS. GERARD HONORED.

With Other Americans She Is Decorated by the Kaiser.

BERLIN, (via London,) Nov. 11.—The German Government today sent to the American Embassy Red Cross decorations of the first and second class for Mrs. James W. Gerard, wife of the American Ambassador, and of the second and third class for John B. Jackson, former Minister to the Balkan States, and George Barclay Rives, who is now attached to the Berlin Embassy.

The orders are conferred in recognition of work in connection with the American Red Cross missions, and the arrangements for the Red Cross expedition to Russia to assist German prisoners of war there. This expedition, which is to be composed of American surgeons and nurses, has been unable as yet to begin work.

Although the arrangements were supposed to be complete, the Russian Government declined to allow the inauguration of the operations until a similar mission was working in Germany. Ambassador Gerard thereupon arranged to finance it with American Red Cross funds, but consent is still withheld.

Mrs. Gerard was Miss Mary Augusta Daly, daughter of the late Marcus Daly of Butte, Mont. She married Judge Gerard in June, 1901. She had always been very active in Berlin's social affairs, even before her husband was sent to that country as the American Ambassador.

When she accepted the Presidency of the American Women's Club and the Ladies' Union of the American Church Mrs. Gerard promised to be not merely a decorative but a hard-working executive. And those who have known her say that she has fulfilled this promise.

Mrs. Gerard said after her arrival at the German capital that she had no idea of the genuine tasks that awaited American women's organizations in Europe, but that all the charitable work of that sort appealed to her and could claim generously from her time and her purse.

Although not much has been heard of the labors of Mrs. Gerard since the war started, those who have come in contact with her in Berlin assert that her energy and spirit of helpfulness had been great.

Mrs. Gerard has an independent fortune. At the time of her marriage it was said that she had inherited $15,000,000 from her father.

MARTIAL LAW IN BRUSSELS.

Report That Belgian Civil Authorities Are to be Superseded.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—"A message received here from Rosendaal reports that travelers arriving there from Belgium say that the German authorities have decided to place Brussels under martial law, thereby depriving the Belgian civil authorities of their control," says The Exchange Telegraph's Amsterdam correspondent.

The correspondent adds that the reason for the measure is not known.

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In the most magnificent pelts.

Mole Coats	**185.00**	**to**	**450.00**
Baby Caracul Coats	**250.00**	**to**	**450.00**
Mink Coats	**575.00**	**to**	**850.00**
Broadtail Caracul Coats	**550.00**	**to**	**850.00**

An Assemblage of Rare Pelts in

Natural Blue Fox Sets	*195.00*	*to*	*550.00*
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Wholeskin Animal Scarfs With Muffs to Match Perfect Markings.

GUGGENHEIM AIDS HOSPITAL

Gives Check to Pay Mortgage on Sydenham Institution.

When the Directors of Sydenham Hospital, in East 116th Street, announced at their annual meeting last night that $10,000 was needed to pay a maturing mortgage Isaac Guggenheim handed the Treasurer a check for $3,725.25, and told him he would contribute during the year an amount which would equal the total payments made by all the private patients treated at the hospital in that period. Other subscriptions last night increased the mortgage fund to $6,725, including a subscription of $500 from Mrs. Francis Cohen.

On account of the increasing need for hospital service in that section of Harlem, plans are being considered for building a larger institution, or enlarging the present one at least. During the current year 2,050 free patients were cared for in the hospital, while 33,718 were treated at the dispensary, and prescriptions for 50,610 persons were provided for those unable to pay.

In addition to the large demands made upon the resources of the hospital, payments amounting to nearly $20,000 were made on the mortgage. All of the officers were re-elected last night. They are: A. W. Tempner, President; Gustave Kraus and W. H. Shubert, Vice Presidents; A. Michael, Treasurer, and Joseph Michael, Secretary.

SUSPECTED THE HOCKING.

British Government Explains Seizure of American Steamship.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Announcement was made at the State Department today that the British Government had informed the United States Government that the American steamship Hocking, seized by a British cruiser and taken to Halifax, was seized to determine whether the vessel was an enemy vessel, although it flew the American flag. It has been alleged that German capital is interested in the ownership of the Hocking, which was recently transferred from the Danish to the American flag, and is owned by a recently organized American corporation.

The State Department has cabled to the American Consul at Halifax for detailed information. No decision has been reached by the State Department as to whether it concedes the belligerents the right to seize a neutral vessel on the high seas and take it into a British prize court for adjudication as to its ownership.

WHITLOCK WILL RETURN.

Lansing Says He Is Merely on Leave from His Brussels Post.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Secretary Lansing announced today that he expected that Brand Whitlock would return to Brussels, Belgium, after his vacation in the United States. This statement definitely sets at rest reports that Minister Whitlock would go to Havre, the present seat of the Belgian Government.

The State Department has under advisement final determination of the future service of G. Deleval, the Belgian counselor of the American Legation. M. Deleval's activities as assistant to Minister Whitlock in connection with the case of Miss Cavell, the English nurse executed by the German authorities, made him persona non grata to Germany, and brought about his expulsion from Belgium.

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For Men and Young Men, 33 to 46 Chest

Approved Custom Tailor Models; Hand Tailored

Custom Tailored Ready-to-Wear Suits of Imported Fabrics in newest weaves and new colorings, featuring the newest Hairline Overplaids, and Shadow Overplaids combined with Stripes; also Pencil or Combination Stripes, Checked Velour, Oxford Vicuna, English Tweed or Navy Blue Serge.

24.50

TO-DAY at Special Prices

Men's Hand Tailored Suits

Sleeves Silk Lined--Approved Custom Tailor Models

20.00

Regular Price $27.50

Two, three or four button models of the newest Invisible Overplaids, Overplaids combined with Stripes, Pencil or Combination Stripes, Checked Velour, Oxford Vicuna, English Tweed or Navy Serge. 33 to 46 chest.

Men's Full Dress Suits

For Men and Young Men, 33 to 44 Chest

New Models, custom tailored, silk lined

Coat and Trousers of Black Unfinished Worsted,—the accepted fabric most desirable for Evening Dress wear—with the style features of the exclusive custom tailor's products.

Coat, silk galloon bound collar and cuffs, silk faced, silk lined, English cut Trousers with silk galloon band at sides.

27.50

TO-DAY at Special Prices

Men's Winter Overcoats

For Men and Young Men, 33 to 44 Chest

Semi-fitted or Slip-on models

Special **20.00**

Single breasted slip-on model, of grey, brown or olive Scotch Overcoatings; patch pockets, also single breasted semi-form fitting model, of Oxford or navy vicuna; yoke and sleeves silk lined.

Silk Lined Winter Overcoats

For Men, 33 to 46 Chest

The Chesterfield model Winter Overcoat—smart in appearance and designed to meet the requirements of the fashionably dressed man—made of highest grade Vicuna, in Black, Oxford or Blue, lined with Skinner satin.

Special **23.50**

This Piano-Player Can Be Made Part of Your Piano in a Day

The Flexotone Electrelle can be installed in any piano. You do not have to "trade in" your old piano at a sacrifice. Instead you can increase its capacity for giving pleasure many times by attaching the

FLEXOTONE Electrelle PIANO PLAYER

We can make this attachment in a day, without changing the appearance of your piano.

The Flexotone Electrelle is reasonable in cost and is actually superior to any other piano-player known
—because there is no foot pumping
—because the *Flexible Expression Control*, for the first time, makes real expression and interpretation possible with player device.

The Flexotone attachment does not interfere with hand playing. In fact, it cannot be seen when out of use.

We will gladly demonstrate the wonderful tone and expression-producing qualities of the Flexotone Electrelle. Interesting booklet sent free.

Convenient Terms of Payment.

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By REX BEACH

"'Heart of the Sunset' does for Texas what his other novels have done for Alaska and the Canal Zone. . . . Mr. Beach has won his popularity because of the wealth of vividly told and swiftly moving incident which carries his story forward to its climax, and in this respect his latest novel is fully equal to those which preceded it."—*Boston Transcript.*

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The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial is an edition de luxe of illustrations of war scenes. 10 cents on all news stands—$5.00 a year. Ten issues in volume form, a beautiful souvenir for $1.00 by mail. Times Square, New York. —Advt.

"Unrestricted Public Sale of Three Interesting Collections"
Opening of the Season of 1915-1916
At The American Art Galleries
MADISON SQUARE SOUTH, NEW YORK
ON FREE VIEW 9 A. M. UNTIL 6 P. M.

Old and Modern Laces
Fine Camel's Hair, Silk and Lace Shawls, Antique and Modern Fans, Lace and Other Parasols and Miscellaneous Items
To be sold by direction of Miss A. G. Larter and Miss B. M. Kendall, Legatees.
Monday and Tuesday Afternoons of Next Week, November 15th and 16th, Beginning each afternoon at 2:30 o'clock

Beautiful Old Silver
Fine Antique Bronzes and interesting Cabinet Objects
The Private Collection formed during the past 20 years by
Mr. George Osborne Rudkin
To be sold on the afternoon of Wednesday Next, Nov. 17th, at 2:30 o'clock

By direction of the well-known connoisseur,
Dr. Pleasant Hunter
of Newark, New Jersey
On Thursday, Friday and Saturday Afternoons of Next Week, Nov. 18th, 19th and 20th, at 2:30 o'clock
His Very Important Collection of
Old English and American China,
Rare Glass & Old Sheffield Plate
Included are rare and exceedingly choice specimens of Bennington, Genuine Soft Paste Lowestoft, Crescent Worcester, Dr. Wall Worcester, Square Mark Worcester, Colored Salt-Glaze, Whieldon, Chelsea, Tournal, Purple Lustre, Wedgwood Marble Lustre, Silver Resist Lustre, Canary Lustre, Blue Lustre, Spode, Turner, Wilson Hackwood, Crell, Neale, Herculaneum, Leeds, Liverpool, Castleford and Historical Blue China, Milk White Glass and Purple Glass, and other interesting items, all of which have been critically examined and catalogued by Dr. Edwin Atlee Barber, Director of the Pennsylvania Museum, Philadelphia.

Catalogue of the laces and the catalogue of Antique Silver, both prepared by expert authorities, will be mailed to applicants on receipt of twenty-five cents each.

And that of the Dr. Pleasant Hunter Collection, which is profusely illustrated, will be mailed on receipt of 75 cents.

The Sales will be conducted by MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY and his assistant, Mr. Otto Bernet, of
AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers
Madison Sq. South, Entrance 6 East 23d Street, New York.

ROEBLING FIRE LOSS $1,000,000 OR MORE

Company's Officials Persist in Denying Concern Is Making Supplies for Allies.

SECOND SUSPICIOUS FIRE

Damage Estimated at $1,500,000 Done by a Blaze in Another Part of the Plant in January.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 11.—The wire rope shop of the John A. Roebling's Sons Company, a modern, slow-burning structure of brick and steel, four stories in height, and covering the block bounded by Elmer and Clark Streets, Hamilton Avenue and the Delaware and Raritan Canal, was destroyed early today by a fire which swept through the plant as though it had been made of tinder instead of semi-fireproof materials. The loss was estimated at $1,000,000 or more.

The company admitted that the cause of the fire was unknown. Officials, however, denied that the concern had any contract for war munitions, and scoffed at the persistent rumor that the blaze had been started by German sympathizers. This statement was issued:

> We cannot explain the cause of the fire. The building burned was used for the production of small rope, and our factory for heavy rope was not affected. About 1,000 men are thrown out of employment, and the loss is, approximately $1,000,000.
>
> We will use new buildings, about completed, for the manufacture of this small rope, and expect to be in operation within two months. The wire-producing part of our plant is intact, and also our steel works, and other manufacturers will help us in putting out wire rope in marketable shape.

The fire is the second of uncertain origin which has occurred at the plant this year. Last January damage estimated at $1,500,000 was done by fire in a part of the plant about two blocks from the property destroyed today.

Despite the denials of the company, it was said today that the company had recently received a contract amounting to $8,000,000, and on Monday a night shift of 650 men was put to work. These men were in the building when the fire started, shortly before 2 o'clock, and all escaped.

The fire spread so rapidly that help was asked from Princeton, Lambertville, and Bristol. Every engine in the city except one kept on reserve was sent to the fire, and neighboring towns each sent a company. Despite their work, the blaze jumped to various near-by places and damaged twenty-nine dwellings, a barn, and a lot of freight cars on a siding.

For a time the fire threatened the six-story wire mill, recently overhauled and fitted with new machinery to make gun barrels for the Midvale Steel and Ordnance Company which, it is said, intends them for shipment to the European belligerents. The roof caught fire several times but the firemen put the blaze out each time before it had spread.

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., Nov. 11.—It was learned today that no fire had occurred last night in a local chemical company plant. Fire destroyed a small store between this plant and the railroad and it is thought persons passing on trains mistook this fire for one in the chemical plant. The May Chemical Company had a slight fire a few days ago, but it was clearly of accidental origin and was easily handled.

The New York office of the Roebling Company at 117 Liberty Street, issued a statement yesterday that the company had not now, nor at any time had it had, contracts for any kind of war munitions with any of the nations now at war in Europe. All orders on hand were for wire rope for domestic use, it was said and the company did not manufacture barbed wire.

THREE OTHER FIRES AT BETHLEHEM PLANT

Discovered at Same Time as Blaze Which Did Damage Put at $1,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Penn., Nov. 11.—It was learned to day that yesterday, just about the time machine shop No. 4 of the Bethlehem Steel Company's plant here was being destroyed, three other fires were discovered in other parts of the works. All were extinguished without great loss.

Whether these fires were due to causes other than accidents is now the subject of an investigation. While all reports emanating from official sources yesterday avoided any reference to the possibility of a plot in connection with the fire, many still believe it was the result of a conspiracy to cripple a big industry supplying munitions to the Allies.

The facts that the building had been thought fireproof and that the fire started at a vulnerable spot, the base of the elevator shaft, and at a time of the day when vigilance in the plant was to some degree relaxed due to the changing of the shifts, are looked upon as more than mere coincidence.

The damage done in No. 4 machine shop was in the neighborhood of $1,000,000. This was the figure unofficially given out today by a high official of the company. Work on rebuilding the machine shop on even a larger basis than before will begin at once.

Charles M. Schwab, who arrived here this morning from White Sulphur Springs, West Va., would make no statement, but called his chiefs into conference at once. A large engineering force was put to the task of drawing plans for a new building. The order department sent out rush orders for new machinery, and it is expected that within two months work can be resumed in the department.

Hardly had the ruins been cooled sufficiently to allow an inspection when the "clean-up" gang was put to work. Such of the valuable machinery in the way of planers, lathes, drills, shapers, boring mills, &c., as can be reclaimed will be sent to some one of the half a dozen machine shops for repairs, as well as the pieces of field artillery which have not been damaged beyond repair.

All the 2,100 men made idle yesterday went to work today in other departments.

EXPECTED BETHLEHEM FIRE.

'Austrian Personage' Said to Have Remarked That We Were Warned.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERNE, Nov. 11, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—Seldom since the war began has an event caused greater rejoicing in Austria and Germany than the destruction of the Bethlehem works, where munitions are being made for the Allies.

The Austro-German press has been forbidden to comment upon it, but it is openly declared that the event has long been expected.

An Austrian personage interviewed on the subject remarked that Americans had been warned repeatedly, just as they were warned before the sinking of the Lusitania.

TAFT IS CONFIDENT WILSON WILL BE BEATEN

Tells Chicago Club Democrats Had No Agency in Present Prosperity.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—Ex-President Taft predicted the return of the Progressives to the Republican Party and the defeat of the Democrats in 1916 in a speech before the Hamilton Club today.

"The rank and file of the Progressives are coming back so rapidly," said Mr. Taft, "that in 1916 there will not be enough left in their own organization to make their party anything more than a negligible quantity.

"Present prosperity is no reason for continuing the present National Administration in power. The Wilson Administration was not an agency in bringing on this prosperity. Place the country in the hands of the G. O. P. again and prosperity will be with us to stay."

Mr. Taft predicted the defeat of President Wilson next year should he be a candidate for re-election. Republican victory in 1916, the return of Progressives to that party, and the necessity of keeping the G. O. P. clean were the keynotes of the former President's address.

"You believe popular government is only successful on the party system," said Mr. Taft in his speech. "It represents the division of citizens who pool their issues to put in office representatives to carry out their principles.

"You believe there is something else for a party besides getting the offices. That may seem a little bit radical to some people, but that doesn't bother me now.

"I have never been indicted for being a radical, except by Joe Cannon, which indicates I am not quite as reactionary as he is. You know he said that if I was elected Pope by the Sacred College I'd insist in putting in as Cardinals a few Protestants. Well, Uncle Joe still lives and is still in Congress and long may he wave."

Mr. Taft defended the principle of protection and cordially indorsed Elihu Root of New York for the Republican nomination.

The enthusiasm of the receptions given to the former President during his Chicago visit caused Willard M. McEwen to predict that Mr. Taft would be the next President. He said history would repeat itself and that Taft, like Cleveland, would "come back."

TALK OF A BOND ISSUE.

Said to be McAdoo's Idea for Paying for National Defense.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11. — With the exception of committee assignments, the organization of the new House will be determined at a meeting of the Democratic caucus on Dec. 4, two days before Congress convenes. Still earlier the Democratic Senators will caucus on cloture. There will also be held a preliminary meeting of the Democratic members of the Ways and Means Committee to consider ways of raising revenue to meet the proposed expenses for national defense. Aside from the announced intention of the Administration to recommend the retention of the tariff on sugar and the continuance of the war tax, nothing definite has been decided as to whence the money is to come.

It is believed in some quarters that Secretary McAdoo would favor a sale of Panama bonds for defraying the extraordinary items on the defense program. But this suggestion is bitterly opposed by many prominent Democrats. Some of them, like Mr. Garner of Texas, a member of the Ways and Means Committee, favor a higher tax on incomes, with special levies on ammunitions, automobiles, gasoline, and the like.

Republicans insist that the money can best be found by higher tariff rates, with incidental protection. But they say they will not be displeased if the Democratic proposals, either for bonds or for domestic taxes, prevail. They feel that any increase in direct taxation would cause public opinion to swing back toward the protective tariff.

PRESIDENT INVITES AID OF REPUBLICANS

Will Ask Party Leaders to Confer on the National Defense Program.

FOR NON-PARTISAN ACTION

Hopes to Have Republicans Accept His Views in Principle, Leaving Details for Discussion.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—As evidence of President Wilson's good faith in declaring that the matter of adequate military preparedness was a non-partisan question, the White House made known today that the President would ask Republican leaders in Congress to confer with him in regard to his national defense program. It is well known to the President that many Republican Senators and Representatives are in accord with his policy of preparedness, and he is willing that the views of these shall be expressed to him for his guidance before the program is perfected.

It is not expected at the White House that Republican members of Congress will accept in its entirety the plan for army and navy increase that has been outlined by the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy. The inference drawn from what was said in well-informed quarters was that the President was willing to be guided by suggestions of Republicans if these suggestions appealed to his judgment. What the President desires most is that the Republicans shall accept his program in principle, leaving it to the majority of each house to perfect the details.

Officials of the Administration are hopeful of getting preparedness legislation on the statute books through the active support of a majority of both the major parties represented in Congress. Some Republicans have criticised the President's proposals on the ground that they do not go far enough, while some Democrats have expressed their opposition to any material increase in the appropriations for the military and naval establishments.

It is apparent that neither party is a unit one way or the other on this important issue, and that the President is willing that those who are favorable to what he desires shall be encouraged to further the legislation without regard to party advantage.

It is expected that the President will indicate that he would like to confer with Senator Gallinger, the Republican leader of the Senate; Representative Mann, the Republican leader of the House, the ranking Republican members of the Military and Naval Committees of both houses, and those Senators and Representatives who have declared themselves as heartily in favor of increasing the nation's ability to resist invasion.

There is some disposition here to find in the President's intention to ask Republicans to help put through the Administration's preparedness program an admission that so many Democratic Senators and Representatives are opposed to the policy that it is sure to fail unless Republican assistance can be obtained.

When associates of the President heard of this suggestion they professed no concern and indicated that they were willing to let the decision of the President to confer with Republicans stand on its own merits without other explanation than that the President did not regard the matter of national defense as a partisan question.

STONE FOR STRONGER NAVY.

Says Nation Should Prepare for Offensive in War.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The most vigorous declaration for a policy of national defense yet heard from Democratic sources came today from Senator Stone of Missouri, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations. Mr. Stone's view is that a strong offensive is the best defense in the world, and he wants the navy at least on a footing where it could carry a war into the coastal waters of the enemy.

"I go further than most advocates of national preparedness," Mr. Stone said. "They say the nation should be equipped to defend itself against attack. I want this country prepared to take the offensive when it may be necessary. I speak particularly of the navy in this connection.

"I want a navy not only powerful enough to defend our coasts, but strong enough to go out on the high seas, for there might come a time when offensive action was required. A navy strong enough for the offensive is a mighty guarantee against attack by other nations."

FRENCH LOAN AT 5 PER CENT.

Government Bill Leaves the Issue Price to be Fixed by Decree.

PARIS, Nov. 11.—The bill providing for the new French loan was introduced in the Chamber of Deputies today by Finance Minister Ribot. The rate of interest is fixed at 5 per cent., but the price of issue and the period of subscription are left for determination by governmental decree.

All the privileges and immunities attached to the 3 per cent. bonds are extended to the new 5 per cent. issue, which is exempt from all taxes. The Government renounces the right of payment until after Jan. 1, 1931.

Savings bank depositors have the privilege of liberating one-half their deposits for investment in the loan without the usual notices of withdrawal.

CONSUL RESIGNS; WOULDN'T SPY ON US

Continued from Page 1.

stantly, as they have always been used, to secure for Berlin and Vienna military and naval secrets of this country. After being transferred to America I was successively Consul in Pittsburgh in 1909, at Denver in 1910, and then Consul at San Francisco from 1911 to 1914. Attempts were continually made in each of these three cities to have me secure military secrets of every character. I persistently refused, notifying the Consul General that such activities would, if discovered, ruin my value to my country as far as concerned any commercial investigations or the ordinary work of my Consular office.

The Naval Attaché of the Embassy at Washington, Commander Maximilian Burstyn, made several attempts to get me to secure plans and all possible data concerning the fortifications of San Francisco and along the entire Pacific Coast. He practically ordered me to get all the details about the Bremerton Navy Yard on Puget Sound, and impressed on me the great importance of securing such information.

It is time the American people understood the way in which these Teutonic Embassies are using their Consular offices. They are acting as if this country were their own, and are intimidating thousands of people, who have been taught that their Consuls are the only protection they have, into working their will in every possible direction.

Dr. Goricar's Career.

The Providence Journal adds this to the statement:

"Dr. Goricar has had wide experience in the Consular Service of his country. He joined the service in Vienna, according to the official Year Book of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, in 1900, after two years in the Superior Court of Justice in that city. In the same year he was Attaché in the Embassy at Paris, and in 1902 was transferred to Constantinople. He became Consul at Bucharest the following year, and was then transferred to Berlin. From Berlin in 1905 he was sent to Odessa as Consul, and after that was Consul at Belgrade and at Nish for two years. In 1909 he was transferred to this country, and went to Pittsburgh as Consul, and in the following year became Consul at Denver. In April, 1911, he was advanced to the Consulate in San Francisco, where he remained three years. He was then transferred to Berlin. He resigned on Dec. 20 of last year.

"Dr. Goricar's length of service in the Government's employ entitled him to a life pension after his resignation, but he declined to accept it, although it was tendered to him."

STUPID, SAYS VON NUBER.

Won't Hear All of Goricar Statement—Denial by Director Cukor.

Because of the similarity between the charge brought by Dr. Goricar in his statement to The Providence Journal and the charges made by Alexander and Victor Gondos, the Bridgeport newspaper publishers, that the Transatlantic Trust Company was a Hungarian Government institution of which Consul General von Nuber was the American head and that the company handled Government funds in the interest of German and Austrian propaganda here, THE NEW YORK TIMES telephoned to Consul General von Nuber and several of the Directors of the Transatlantic Trust Company last evening.

The Consul General, who was at the Metropolitan Club, was asked if he would inspect a copy of Dr. Goricar's statement. He declined. He permitted a part of the statement to be read to him, but in the middle interrupted to exclaim:

"I will not listen to such stupid statements. I don't want to hear them. Good-bye. Good-bye. No, I won't hear them."

Then he hung up the telephone receiver.

Morris Cukor, one of the Directors, listened to a summary of Dr. Goricar's statement and characterized it as untrue.

BURSTYN IS "ABSENT."

Austrian Naval Attache May Have Joined German Commerce Raider.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Maximilian Burstyn, a commander in the Austro-Hungarian Navy, was Naval Attaché of the Austro-Hungarian Embassy in Washington until the beginning of the war in Europe. He is still accredited as Naval Attaché, but the November official diplomatic list carries the word "Absent" after his name.

When war was declared he hurried from Washington to New York, saying he intended returning to his country. It has never been believed in Washington that he succeeded in doing so. The understanding in inner circles has been that he sailed on one of the German merchant vessels, which was converted at sea into a commerce raider, but his ultimate fate was never learned by his friends here.

WARNS OF GERMAN AGENT.

American Says Man Here Delays Allies' Munitions Contracts.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 12.—A dispatch to The Daily Telegraph from Paris says:

"A well-known American in business in Paris denounces today a pro-German-American agent in New York, who, he says, has made it his business to hamper the negotiations for munitions contracts between the Allies and the United States. This man has been proved to be in German pay.

"His methods, which have been several times successful, are as follows: Owing to his business, he is in a position to be informed of all negotiations for munitions contracts carried on by the Allies and to know the prices offered by American firms.

"No sooner is he informed of the prices upon which the contracts are negotiated than he underbids the lowest offer made by responsible American firms. His tenders are naturally considered, and the result of this is to drag on the negotiations, and his object is to induce other American firms to break off, after which he eventually backs out himself. Fresh negotiations have to be opened, and precious time is lost."

OUR BUYERS INDIGNANT.

Regard Action of Paris Couturiers' Syndicate as an Insult.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 11.—The decision of the new syndicate of couturiers, announced yesterday, that all foreign buyers must obtain "passports" from the firm of Poiret before they are allowed to enter the syndicate's houses, has aroused a storm of opposition. One of the best-known American buyers said today:

"We decline to submit to this outrageous imputation on our honesty. If the syndicate, as is alleged, wishes to exclude buyers who copy models dishonestly why not exclude them direct? It knows which buyers act in this way. It has no right to put a slight on the reputation of honorable houses.

"I have seen most of the leading American buyers today, and all agree that they will refuse to submit to this imposition. When the syndicate finds that it is losing all its better class business I am certain it will abandon the scheme."

WOULD HIT GERMANS IN EAST

Russian Paper Urges Seizing Their Chinese 'Concessions.'

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 11, (Dispatch to The London Times.)—The Novoe Vremya strongly urges the necessity of treating the German concessions in China as German territory and of seizing them forthwith. This move, it says, is legitimate in any case, and all the more, seeing that they are serving as hotbeds of hostile activity from which the Germans are supplying arms and explosives to Chinese revolutionaries and rebels in Indian and organizing bomb outrages.

The concessions at Tientsin, Hankow, Shanghai, and Niuchwang must be occupied by Allied garrisons, and the German residents dealt with as prisoners of war, and an end put to the intrigues of German agents in the Far East.

The term "concessions" as used in the foregoing dispatch refers to those sections in treaty ports which enjoy extraterritorial privileges.

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A gift appreciated by a lover of books who is not able to get all the literature he desires is a year's subscription of The New York Times Book Review. For $1.00 52 issues will be mailed to him. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

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AN UNUSUAL INDUCEMENT TO-DAY
Men's Sack Suits
$27.50
Made-to-Measure; Regularly $35.00 to 37.50
The smartest materials in browns, grays, blues, blacks and neat mixtures will be employed with hand tailoring of the highest excellence in the construction of these suits.
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Costume and Tailleur Suits—for Shopping, Tramping, Skating and Afternoon Wear

of rich velours, duvetyns, kitten's-ear and other high character materials in the richest shades and textures—including the *new velour checks—rich velvets* and fashionable suits in *white*—or the *new high shades*—with luxurious trimmings of the most desirable high quality furs—

Especially featuring—*SMART SKATING SUITS in heather mixtures—corduroy velvets—suede velvets—and fashionable glazed leather.*

MINK TRIMMED SUITS are the latest vogue, while other fur trimmings, including Mole, Beaver, Skunk, Seal and Raccoon, are equally fashionable and are often the first choice of the well informed woman.

B. Altman & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE - MADISON AVENUE
NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

Men's Overcoats
of unusually fine materials will be on Sale to-day and Saturday at the following exceedingly attractive prices:

Men's Dress Overcoats, Chesterfield model, of Vicuna or Melton materials; lined throughout with Merveilleux silk; an exceptionally well tailored garment; in black or Oxford gray $24.00

Men's Imported Overcoats, of desirable double-faced materials, warm without excessive weight; yoke and sleeves satin-lined at $28.00

Imported Sweaters, Caps & Scarfs
Also an important Sale of Men's Imported Sweaters, Caps and Scarfs to match, at the following exceptionally low prices, considering qualities:

Men's Imported Sweaters of soft brushed yarn, V-neck and two pockets; in plain gray or heather mixtures . . . $5.75

Men's Imported Caps to match Sweaters, at $1.25

Men's Imported Scarfs, in plain gray or heather mixtures, to match sweaters and caps $2.25

Men's & Children's Imported Gloves
consisting of 3,000 Pairs, will be on sale to-day and Saturday in the following price assortments:

Men's One-clasp Tan Cape Gloves, p x m sewn, spear point . . per pair $1.10

Men's One-clasp Grey Egal Buck Gloves, p x m sewn, seamless wool lining, per pair $2.00

CHILDREN'S GLOVES (Imported)
Tan Glace Walking Gloves, per pair 85c.
Tan Glace Gloves, seamless wool lining, per pair $1.25

The Men's Shoe Department will offer at the same time a special selection of
Men's Balta Lace Shoes
in tan or black, at . . per pair $5.50
These Shoes are made by expert workmen, over comfortable well-fitting lasts, and in quality are equal in every respect to the higher priced shoes in the regular stock.

MEN'S HOUSE SLIPPERS
insuring warmth and comfort in the leisure hours at home may also be obtained at moderate prices.

Trimmed Millinery
A reduction Sale for to-day and Saturday in the Millinery Department (First Floor) will comprise smart styles in the following assortments:
Girls' Hats . . . . at $2.50 & 3.75
Women's and Misses' Hats . . . . at 4.75 & 6.50

An interesting stock of Flowers and Ornaments for the corsage and the evening gown; also Evening Hats of gold or silver materials, combined with velvet or fur. The New Feather Hats; and the Lucerne Scarf-Hat for skating, motoring, etc., are also specially featured.

'REMEMBER CAVELL!' BATTLE CRY IN WEST

Shouted by British Soldiers as They Charge, Says Frederick Palmer.

ENGLAND HAS ENOUGH MEN

Could Send 750,000 to Serbia if Transports Were Ready, Asserts Returned Correspondent.

After having been with the British and French armies for more than a year in the western war zone Frederick Palmer returned here yesterday in the American liner St. Louis, and will remain in this country until February. He is confident that the Allies will win out, but thinks the war will be long drawn out.

In an interview the war correspondent said Edith Cavell, the English nurse executed by the Germans in Brussels, was regarded by the soldiers in the trenches as a second Joan of Arc. "Remember Cavell!" was their battle cry as their rushed on the enemy's trenches.

"The execution of Edith Cavell," Mr. Palmer said, "did more for recruiting in England than all the raids. I was with the French forces when the report of her death was received. The effect on the troops was electrical. The nurse's death had a Joan of Arc touch that struck home to the hearts of the French soldiers, and they thirsted to avenge her. When I returned to the British Army at the front I found that the impression made on the rank and file by Miss Cavell's death was even deeper than it was among the French."

He went on to say that the British spread all their bad news before the public and quarreled with one another over it, but their adversaries suppressed theirs and only let the public know of the victories gained by feats of arms. The cost in men and arms was not mentioned.

Mr. Palmer said that when he left London all kinds of rumors were current. One was that Mr. Asquith would resign and Lloyd George would be Premier before Christmas. Some persons said Asquith was a great statesman undergoing a martyrdom like that of President Lincoln. Others said Lord Northcliffe was the savior of the nation, and again it was said he was intoxicated with his own mischievous egotism.

"The British trusted their leaders," said Mr. Palmer, "but the Dardanelles and the Balkan mistakes sorely shook their confidence. The worst of the Gallipoli affair is that it could have been a success if it had been carried out jointly by the army and the navy as a surprise.

"England has plenty of men now who are ready and waiting to be sent to the front. She can send 750,000 fresh trained troops to Serbia or any part of the Near East immediately if they can be transported and supplied with munitions. Kitchener has organized his big army and it only waits for artillery, machine guns, and shells.

"Kitchener has finished his work and has now gone to the Balkans to see what he can do there in the way of helping the fighting. The British Army has had a hard time in getting together because everything had to be prepared. Kitchener said, at the beginning that it would take a year to get ready, another one to shake the enemy up, and the third year they would have them on the run, and I believe that he will prove to be right.

"There are no dark secrets at the front, I can say truthfully, because I was for seven months with the army continuously, and could move about anywhere I liked. There was nothing to prevent my getting shot at as often as I please, or being blown up in the trenches. I was the only American correspondent and the only one from a neutral country that had those privileges. The badge around my arm with the letters 'U. S. A.' was a safeguard everywhere I found.

"The trenches will be dryer this Winter in France, where it rains four days out of six during that season, than they were last year, and warmer and more comfortable. Pumps have been brought over and pipes laid so that the water can be pumped out all the time. Last Winter the soldiers often stood for hours up to their knees in ice cold mud and water. Then again they will not have to be so long in the trenches at a time, as there are more men and they will get home on furlough oftener.

"All sorts of reports are being circulated from Berlin about the British soldiers not doing their share on the battlefield, which are absolutely false. I have been with both armies and know personally that the best feeling exists between the French and the British soldiers, who understand fully that they are fighting in a common cause to overthrow the enemy.

"This opinion was shared by the other war correspondents who lived with me in a small château in France, where we had narrow escapes together in getting news, and our only difficulty was that nothing could be sent without first submitting it to the censor. Two of our chauffeurs were wounded and three cars smashed by fragments of shells and one of my companions was struck by a piece of shrapnel, but I escaped unhurt."

Mr. Palmer said that his greatest experience during the year was with the British Navy, the most marvelous organization he had ever seen.

"There are no amateurs there," he continued. "Every officer and man in the fleet knows his job and does it like lightning. I met Captains of battleships who for one year before the war only had one week ashore. The other fifty-one were devoted to getting their ships ready for action. If ever America goes to war I only hope that our navy may be as ready as the British Navy was. The strike of the Welsh miners did not worry Admiral Jellicoe a little bit, because he knew that there was a full year's supply of coal on hand. The lesson of the British Navy is the same as that of the German Army—tireless industry, and no amateur interference with experts.

"None of the dream plans of the lay inventors proved practicable when tried out. It was the trained naval mind which found the means to cope with the submarines. The real stories of how they caught the German submarines will make the most thrilling pages in the future history of the war. Nothing has ever been written like the capture of von Weddigen's submarine, U-23, but it cannot be told yet, because that would show the Germans how the feat was accomplished."

Mr. Palmer said that he did not think that the Germans could do any harm in the East until they first established their communication with Constantinople. They will be moving their forces and munitions by rail, while the Allies will be transporting theirs by sea. The Dardanelles expedition is now admitted to have been a blunder, and now the Allies are doing their best to pull it through by way of Saloniki.

"The Germans on the western front are fighting well, but not as well as six months ago. That is not saying that they are being driven back, but the initiative is now with the Allies in this stubborn siege business," he said. "A year ago the British were fighting with rifles and flesh and blood against artillery and machine guns. The Germans fired five shells to their one. They are now firing more shells than the Germans.

"The French might have broken through at Champagne but for the heavy rains on the second day of the attack."

M'CALL VOTE AIDED LIGHTING COMPANY

Continued from Page 1.

the various Commissioners had participated in. Since April 1, 1915, he said, the number of hearings before the Commissioners individually were as follows: Hayward, 109; Williams, 99; Wood, 61; Cram, 52, and McCall, 1.

"In justice to Mr. McCall, however," said Mr. Hayward, "I want to explain that the Chairman is not supposed to give individual hearings, and in the one case Mr. McCall merely took the place of a Commissioner who was absent."

McCall and Cram Absentees.

The witness said there were 119 cases before the whole commission since April 1 last, and that all the Commissioners were present at 15 of these cases. The record of attendance for the other cases was: Hayward, 79; Williams, 79; Wood, 70; Cram 35, and McCall, 30.

Commissioner Hayward went at length into the one criminal case brought by the commission. Superintendent John J. Dempsey of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company was arrested for failure to carry out the orders of the commission regarding the stoppage of Bay Ridge express trains at the Third Street Station. The case was dismissed in the Magistrate's Court, but Dempsey was later indicted and his demurrer was overruled yesterday. Stephen Baldwin, the witness said, had been retained by the B. R. T. to bring a damage suit against him personally for $50,000 or $100,000, he could not remember which.

The witness said he thought Dempsey's indictment had had a salutary effect upon the company and would continue to have such effect in the future.

Mr. McCall was recalled and asked about the Palace Theatre Company suit, in which he appeared as counsel while he was a Public Service Commissioner. He said:

"In April, 1913, I was called into a conference regarding a contract. Three parties were concerned, the Palace Theatre Company, Keith, and Hammerstein. I advised at the conference, a settlement followed, and a contract was made. I agreed to take part in any future conferences if any question regarding the contract arose. This year there came up an alleged violation of the contract on the part of the United Booking Offices, and Mr. Hammerstein brought action for an injunction. I acted for the United Booking Offices."

Mr. Lewis presented a verified copy of the amended complaint dated Sept. 8, 1915.

"The verified answer of the United Booking Offices on Sept. 15, 1915, seems to have been prepared by Morris Goodman as attorney of record," said Mr. Lewis. "Did you act for Mr. Goodman?" Mr. McCall said he did not. His only part in the case was to argue a motion which was denied.

Counsel in Theatre Case.

"You sought to obtain the denial of the injunction?"

"Yes, and I sought hard."

"Will you participate in it when the case comes to trial on its merits?"

"That depends upon whether I am able."

"Does your retainer obligate you to take part?"

"If I am able, I will try the case."

Mr. Lewis here read into the record a letter he had received from Oscar Hammerstein dated Nov. 10, 1915. Mr. Hammerstein wrote that he read in THE NEW YORK TIMES that Mr. McCall had said the matter went back to the time he first went on the commission and that as he was then in the case he followed it up later. Mr. Hammerstein's letter continued:

"This is an instance of the somnambulism which Mr. McCall seems a victim of. The case began two months ago. There was no controversy with McCall's party before that time."

"I want to say," interjected Mr. McCall, "that the case depends on a contract of April, 1913. It is not necessary to answer his crazy screeds, but that is the fact."

Mr. McCall was asked about the subway construction under the Victoria Theatre, which Mr. Hammerstein alleged as the reason for his not being able to present vaudeville there, and Mr. Lewis asked:

"At the trial will it be necessary for engineers of the Public Service Commission to testify?"

"If they are subpoenaed, yes," replied Mr. McCall.

"Won't the plaintiff have to rely upon the testimony of the Public Service Commission's engineers?"

"I don't know."

Oscar Hammerstein's Grievance.

"Mr. Hammerstein's position," continued Mr. Lewis, "is that, because of your position as a Public Service Commissioner, it will be impossible for him to get the expert information from the Public Service engineers that he must have."

"I wouldn't dignify that by an answer," replied Mr. McCall, contemptuously. "It is too absurd."

"Isn't it true?"

"Of course it isn't."

"Our only interest," continued Mr. Lewis, "is whether the act should not be so amended as to prevent Public Service Commissioners from acting as counsel."

"The committee can use its own judgment about that," was Mr. McCall's reply.

"The question is," put in Chairman Thompson, "if you wouldn't be of greater use to a client because you are a Public Service Commissioner than any other lawyer."

"Do you suppose I could have stopped the subway building?" asked Mr. McCall in turn.

"You might have delayed it," replied Chairman Thompson.

"You just come down here and advocate delay and see what happens," said the witness. "You will get chased back to Lockport so fast that we won't see anything of you but your coattails. I'll tell you that there has been no delay. There is not in the civilized world a work of that magnitude that has gone with the perfection of this work."

"It ought to," put in Chairman Thompson. "You've got the highest paid body of engineers in the State."

"Any time you want to meet me on a public platform and discuss the number of our engineers or their pay, I'll meet you," shouted Mr. McCall.

Thompson's Threat of Albany.

"I don't want to have any public debate," replied Chairman Thompson, "but I'll have something to say in the Senate next Winter."

"Yes, and I'll have something to say to meet it outside the Senate," was Mr. McCall's retort.

Mr. McCall's appearance as counsel in the Park Row Realty case was then taken up.

"Charles Stewart Davison was attorney in this case," said the Commissioner. "It involved tax questions. In another case I had gone deeply into questions similar to those arising in this case. Mr. Davison came to see me at East Hampton. Persistently, from time to time, a newspaper has held me up as August Belmont's attorney. I want to say that I have never spoken twenty-five words to August Belmont in my life. I never have had any relations with him in business or social life. I never received any compensation in the case and never would take a dollar."

Commissioner Williams explained at length the dual subway contracts and the so-called Stevens and Gillespie contracts for third tracking and extension work on the elevated lines in Manhattan. He testified at length regarding the granting of the order by the Public Service Commission on July 30 last for the stock purchase of the Amsterdam Electric Company by the Edison Company while the question of the validity of the Amsterdam Company's Brooklyn franchise was pending in the Supreme Court, and despite the city's objections voiced by the Corporation Counsel.

Commissioner Williams said he was not conversant with the case and voted in the affirmative "because Commissioner Maltbie made a statement saying proper safeguards were thrown around the transaction in the text of the order."

Whitman Will Not Act Yet.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 11.—Governor Whitman said tonight that he would take no action relative to the disclosures by the Thompson Legislative Committee now inquiring into the Public Service Commission of the First District until the committee had formulated its report.

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OSBORNE DISCOVERS MORE RECORDS GONE

Official Papers of Former Administration Taken from Sing Sing.

WILLET BEFORE GRAND JURY

Governor Grants Request of Prison Council to be Heard in Warden's Behalf.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Nov. 11.—While William Willet, the politician sentenced to prison for attempting to buy a judicial nomination in Queens County, was testifying today before the Westchester County Grand Jury which is investigating conditions in Sing Sing, Warden Thomas Mott Osborne returned to the prison from Auburn and sent to District Attorney Weeks a list of offenses which had been committed in Sing Sing during a period of more than two years before the Osborne régime.

The list of offenses during the rule of Warden Osborne's predecessors included crimes of all kinds, Warden Osborne said, and in greater frequency than under his management. Furthermore, Warden Osborne said, the official prison records from June 13, 1914, to Dec. 1, 1914, had been taken away. Warden Osborne asked that this be called to the attention of the Grand Jury. Mr. Osborne had conferred with Andrew B. Buchanan, foreman of the Grand Jury, to explain why records of trials before the Mutual Welfare League were missing.

Willet, it is understood, was called before the Grand Jury to testify as to trials in the Mutual Welfare League Court, records of which were missing. Willet was Judge of the court before his transfer to Great Meadows Prison. Since the Grand Jury began its investigation he has made daily trips from the county jail to the District Attorney's office, but the Grand Jury did not call him until today.

Another witness was Joseph Rotolo, on whom an attack in Sing Sing was made. Rotolo finished the testimony which he began on Wednesday about the attack and told of general conditions in the prison.

Several new witnesses will be called within a day or two, it was learned today. Assistant District Attorney Ferris obtained from Justice Morschauser this morning some kind of an order which no one would talk about, but which was understood to be summons for other Sing Sing prisoners. Nine are now in the jail here.

A conference today between Luther B. White, former Superintendent of Industries in the prison, and District Attorney Weeks was surrounded with much mystery. Mr White was removed recently by Warden Osborne. Neither Mr. Weeks nor his caller would talk about the conference. It was reported, however, that he came to identify records of the Sing Sing industries department.

Huntington W. Merchant, Mr. Osborne's counsel, asserted yesterday that it was time for District Attorney Weeks to make plain the purpose of the Grand Jury investigation. Four of the men, Mr. Merchant said—Richard Porter, W. H. Thompson, Nathan Kaplan, and Joseph Rotolo—were in the White Plains Jail on a habeas corpus writ "to testify all and singly what they may know in certain matters to be brought before the Grand Jury between the People of the State of New York and James Harvey, as defendant."

"Harvey," Mr. Merchant said, "appeared before the Grand Jury as an involuntary witness and, therefore, automatically received immunity. If the four men were brought to White Plains to testify against him, they should be returned. If the Grand Jury is investigating Mr. Osborne, that is another matter."

James Connolly and William B. Trefery, members of the Mutual Welfare League, who testified Wednesday, are both unfavorable to Osborne, it was said yesterday. Connolly, it was learned, worked in the Warden's house and was removed two weeks ago for inefficiency. Trefery had been a switch board operator in the prison, but he was recently relieved of that work.

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M'ALPIN GUEST KILLS WIFE AND HIMSELF

Diary Left by H. Carl Ruppert Showed Couple Had Quarreled Bitterly.

OTHER WOMEN NAMED IN IT

Body of Richmond (Va.) Real Estate Man Bore Many Deep Finger-Nail Scratches.

H. Carl Ruppert of Richmond, Va., shot and killed his wife, Mrs. Rosalie H. S. Ruppert, and then shot himself, in their room at the Hotel McAlpin, shortly after 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Henry Salmi, a houseman, heard the shots and ran to notify the housekeeper, Miss M. A. Barnes, who called for A. G. Deniston, a hotel detective. Accompanied by Robert G. Dunlop, the assistant manager, they opened room 331 with the pass key to find Mrs. Ruppert lying on the bed, shot through the head, and her husband, also shot through the head, lying on the floor with a .38-calibre Colt's police revolver beside him.

Inspector Faurot and Coroner Reardon were immediately notified and a search through the effects of the dead man showed the murder and suicide were the result of a long period of quarreling which was caused by the bitter jealousy of the wife. From cards found in the clothing of the dead man it was found that he was a representative of the real estate and loan firm of Ruppert & Co. of 26 North Eighth Street, Richmond, Va., and lived at 2,918 West Main Street, that city. He was a member of the Richmond Real Estate Exchange.

Diary Shows Motive.

The motive for the crime was found by Inspector Faurot in the small diary that Ruppert carried. It contained entries up to last Thursday night, and comprised a record of the quarrels he was having with his wife.

From the entries previous to Nov. 8 it appeared that Ruppert was not with his wife at that time, as they show that he sent her some sheet music, and on the Sunday following went to church and attended a men's meeting there.

The entry of Nov. 8, which was evidently made in Trenton, N. J., also mentions other women, and reads as follows: "Got letter from Miss Swift, one in it from R," (evidently his wife,) "and also from Jessie—Got letter from Rosalie in which she says she will meet me in Baltimore. Call her up, and she promises to be at the depot at 3:30. Leave Trenton 11:20 for Baltimore. Arrive there 2:15 Pennsylvania Station. Meet Rosalie at Camden depot. We go to Rennert Hotel and have lunch and Room 105. Everything is O. K. Go to Maryland Theatre that night."

In the entry of Nov. 9, last Tuesday, comes the mention of trouble with his wife. After relating how they came here and registered at the McAlpin, he wrote: "Rosalie becomes dissatisfied and begins to get after me about that trip I had to Philadelphia."

The final entry is dated "Wednesday, 7 A. M.," and says: "Rosalie very mad. Begins to dig her finger nails into me and fight me. One thing brings on another as I tell her about my trip to Richmond during Fair Week. She continued to fight. I am scratched all up and bruised. She takes bath and goes to sleep. I sit around waiting for our trunks. Rosalie gets up and beats me up some more. She writes to her mother."

Man's Body Badly Scratched.

From the appearance of the dead man's body, which bore numerous scratches and bruises, some of which were evidently recent, it was the opinion of Inspector Faurot that his wife had continued beating him yesterday.

The Inspector said yesterday afternoon that Ruppert had $151.89 in his pockets and his wife $14.75 in her mesh bag. Their clothing was expensive, and he wore a large diamond solitaire, probably worth $800, while she had several plain gold bracelets, in one of which three large diamonds were set. Her wedding ring, which was lying on the bureau, bore the inscription "Semper Fidelis, Sept. 5, 1911." Both were partly dressed, and it was the opinion of Inspector Faurot that the tragedy occurred shortly after they had arisen.

In addition to the diary, another memorandum book was found in Ruppert's clothing, which contained the names of a number of other Richmond people, evidently relatives. After that of his wife, the names were: "Mrs. Christopher M. Ruppert, 817 North Graham Street;" "Mrs. J. R. Staton, 2,918 West Main Street," and "Mrs. H. C. Boltz, 720 West Street." Other notations were: "Rosalie H. Staton, married at Richmond, Va., Sept. 5, 1911, born Dec. 5, 1886." Ruppert also noted in this book that he was born in Richmond on Dec. 29, 1879.

Mrs. Ruppert was a brunette, weighing about 100 pounds, while her husband, who was also dark, weighed 125. Coroner Reardon ordered both bodies taken to the Morgue.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 11.—Henry Carl Ruppert, 35 years old, was a son of Mrs. Christiana Ruppert, widow of a former toy dealer here. Recently he disposed of his real estate business, stating he was going to California. His wife was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Staton of this city, and both had been married before and divorced. H. C. Boltz, an uncle of Ruppert, stated tonight that Ruppert's wife had been in a sanitarium near Atlantic City.

WOMEN STONE POLICEMEN.

Striking Car Cleaners in Pennsylvania Sunnyside Yards Riot.

Fifty striking car cleaners, men and women, started a riot at the exit to the Pennsylvania Railroad Sunnyside yard, on the Hunneywell Street viaduct, Long Island City, shortly after noon yesterday, when they attempted to rescue one of their number who had been placed under arrest by Policeman Clare.

The prisoner had attempted to prevent one of the strikebreakers from going back to work. As the policeman sought to leave the viaduct he was set upon by the throng of the strikers. Several other policemen detailed near the scene went to the assistance of Clare when the women in particular became violent and began throwing stones at the police. Reserves were rushed to the scene in an automobile. Seven arrests were finally made and the batch were arraigned before Magistrate Harry Miller in the Long Island City Police Court and sentenced to pay a fine of $10, or ten days in jail.

The first fatality of the strike, which began several days ago, occurred late Wednesday night, when William J. Walsh, 47 years old, of 321 Broadway, Bayonne, N. J., employed as a special patrolman by the Pennsylvania Railroad, was run down and killed by a west-bound electric train.

SUFFRAGISTS CALL THE PRESIDENT WEAK

Say Wilson's and Bryan's Support of Their Cause Was Only Half-Hearted.

DECIDE TO DROP DIPLOMACY

Prof. Beard Advises Congressional Union to Quit the "Angel Business" and Play Politics.

Leaders of the big political parties who came out as individuals for woman suffrage, but refused to indorse the movement as leaders of their parties received no very kindly treatment yesterday afternoon at the meeting under the auspices of the Congressional Union for Woman Suffrage at Congressional Hall, 15 East Forty-first Street. President Wilson was among those named and even William Jennings Bryan came in for a bit of censure for doing the thing in a half-hearted way.

Others on the list were United States Senator O'Gorman, James R. Mann of Illinois, and Champ Clark, Senator Elihu Root, and ex-President Taft, who were frankly opposed to the movement, were treated a bit scornfully as men who were opposed to a democratic form of government. Mr. Root, it was asserted by one speaker, had received his reply when the proposed Constitution for New York State was snowed under by half a million votes.

The suffragists greeted with great applause the advice that they stop pleading, and get out and "mutilate" the men who stood in their way. They were apparently in favor of putting an end to diplomacy, and openly defying those who were opposed to granting them the franchise, or who would not openly, and as members of their political parties, do their utmost to see that a constitutional amendment was adopted by the next Congress.

The meeting was held to discuss ways and means to have the Susan B. Anthony amendment, as it is called, put over. Professor Charles A. Beard of Columbia University started the fireworks. He took up the case of President Wilson and said:

"This President saw a great light on the road to Damascus in 1916. And I am reliably informed that before that he would not even let his daughter mention the subject in his house."

Mr. Bryan, he said, had not found time to consider the matter on the Chautauqua circuit, but finally saw in the movement a new cause.

"Try a little politics," he added, "and cut out the angel business, for there has been altogether too much of that. I tell you 10,000 voters will have more effect upon a Congressman than all the angels."

Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch said that while she did not believe the political parties or allied liquor interests had worked against the suffrage cause in the last election, in this State, they would certainly do so if the question was again put to a vote, because of the huge vote which the women had rolled up in the Eastern States where the test was held. New York, she said, would face the same situation as Ohio.

Mrs. John Winters Brannan told an incident concerning President Wilson which caused much laughter. When the delegation of women announced that they were coming on from the West, she said, armed with petitions signed by thousands of men and women, Miss Alice Paul, secretary of the Congressional Union, wrote to the President asking that he receive the women.

A reply was received, said Mrs. Brannan, to the effect that the President had so many engagements that it would be impossible. Miss Paul wrote again and again was put off. But she wrote still a third letter asking that the delegates be received, and this time got a note saying that the President had so rearranged his engagements that he could receive the women, but that there was room for but three.

A few days later, said Mrs. Brannan, another note was received saying that the President would be able to receive a larger delegation and asking that 300 names be supplied so that invitations could be sent out from the White House. These notes, she said, were signed by the President's Secretary, Joseph P. Tumulty. Mrs. Brannan smiled as she ended her story and made no further comment.

George Creel, former Police Commissioner of Denver, got a cheer when he said that he felt not like arguing and pleading with the men who opposed giving women the vote but like mutilating them.

There were about 300 at the meeting and everyone seemed stocked up with the enthusiasm. The fiery—if that is the correct term—utterances of the speakers were greeted with great applause, and almost everybody who commented at all said that they thought the speakers were just about right.

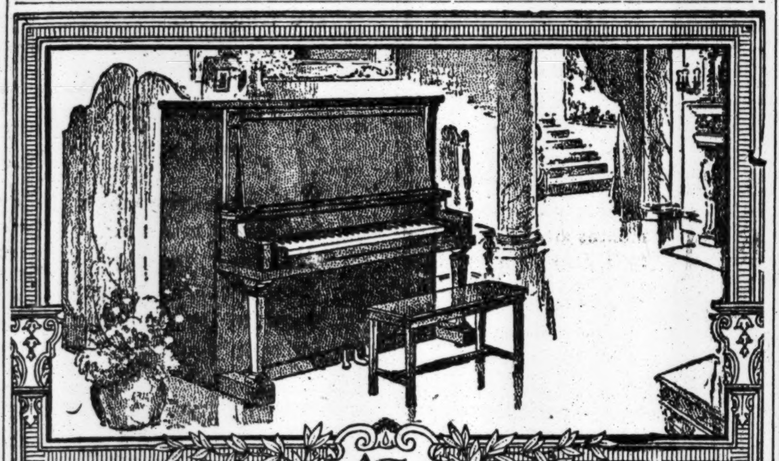
EXPLOSION AT SEMINARY.

Boilers in Plant of General Theological School Wrecked.

An explosion yesterday afternoon in Hoffman Hall at the General Theological Seminary, Twenty-first Street and Tenth Avenue, wrecked the boilers and sent thirty-five negro helpers who were in the basement flying for safety.

The explosion, which is being investigated by the Bureau of Combustibles, is supposed to have been caused by dynamite, left in the coal after it had been mined. The engineer remembers having put coal into the boiler a few minutes before the accident.

An explosion similar to yesterday's occurred at the seminary a year ago.



The Stroud Piano

"A MUSICIAN'S PIANO"

Price, $285

WHEN you have heard the beautiful, full round tone of The Stroud, the price of the instrument comes as a great surprise. Such musical excellence usually costs much more money.

MORIZ ROSENTHAL, world-famous concert pianist, says of the Stroud—

"The Stroud Upright Piano has a clear sound tone, a quick and correct action and I feel astonished you can sell such a good instrument at such a comparatively low price."

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY
AEOLIAN HALL, 29-33 West Forty-second Street

"Makers of The Aeolian-Vocalion and the famous Pianola—Largest Manufacturers of Musical Instruments in the World"

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To wearers of O'Sullivan's Heels

You can buy the newest Fall styles of Walk-Over Shoes both for men and women with O'Sullivan's Rubber Heels already attached.

WALK-OVER SHOE CO.

Eleven Stores in New York and Vicinity

NEW YORK: 179 Broadway, 1175 Broadway, 1439 Broadway, 144 Bowery, 252 West 125th St., 557 Melrose Ave. BROOKLYN: 565 Fulton St., 1355 Broadway. YONKERS: 9 N. Broadway. NEWARK: 795 Broad St. PATERSON: 181 Market St.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street *'Phone Greeley 2626*

A few remarks about
Saks Suits and Overcoats at $20, $23 and $25

For Men and Young Men who are interested in something more than the mere recital of fabrics and models

¶ A clothing shop may get blue in the face advertising the beauty of its blue overcoatings, *but that doesn't prove that its overcoats have style.*

¶ Practically all clothing shops can show you a line of striped suitings in $20, $23 and $25 suits, *but a suiting is only a suiting, not a suit.*

¶ At $20, $23 and $25 we ourselves can show you all the suit and overcoat fabrics worth having, but that is only the beginning of the story.

¶ *It isn't raw materials you want,* but the refined details of Saks tailoring, the choice patterns and colorings of Saks selections, the irresistible beauty of Saks models, and the exquisite finish of Saks interiors.

¶ *These also are details,* but they are tremendous details—they are everything in clothes—and it is because of these qualities that *a popular price at Saks is not the stigma of cheapness, but the insignia of character and style.*

A special disposal, today and tomorrow, of
Men's Soft Hats at $1.45
Reduced from $3.00
Every hat perfect and in a prevailing style. Black, blue, brown, green or Oxford. All sizes.

Men's Derby Hats special at $1.95
In frankness we say that they are "seconds," but equal frankness demands that the statement that they are only "seconds" because of a very critical manufacturer's rule. Careful inspection indeed is required to reveal the defect which in no way effects appearance or wear.

Genuine Austrian Velour Hats, $4.95
A very special price for a very remarkable group of hats. A fine assortment of colors.

A Special Offering for Men of large proportions in these

Medium Weight Merino Worsted Shirts & Drawers at } 69c
regularly $1.00 and $1.25
In sizes 44, 46, 48 and 50; a few in 40 and 42. An incomplete range of stock which cannot be duplicated, and hence is to be disposed of at once at the special price.

Men's Worsted Union Suits at } $1.55
Our regular stock Price, $2.00
About 75% wool, assuring warmth without thickness and weight. A complete range, and perfect fit assured.

Men's Full-fashioned Pure Silk Thread Hose; Seamless, Two-toned thread Silk Hose; and Full-fashioned plaited Silk Hose *Our regular stock price 50c a pair.* ***SPECIAL AT*** } **3 pairs $1.20**

TIFFANY & CO.
CLOCKS
HALL, MANTEL, DESK AND TRAVELING CLOCKS

SILVER
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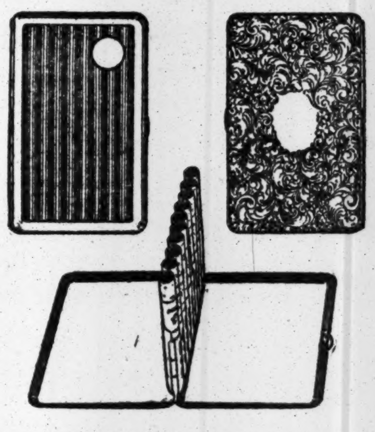


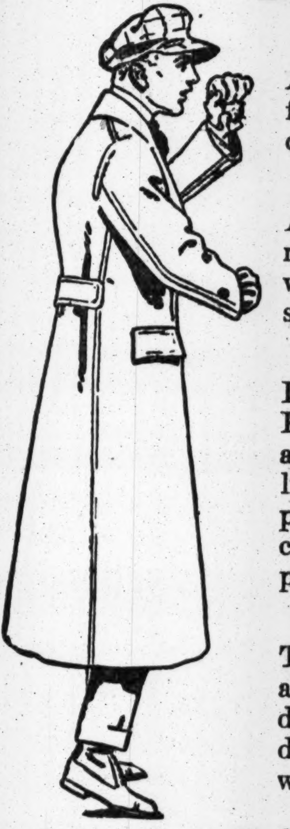
Sterling Silver Cigarette Cases
In Scores of Artistic Patterns

If the important decision has not yet been made, no better selection could be determined upon for a cigarette smoker than one of these Nivois Patent Cigarette Cases, of heavy Sterling Silver, which are not only in handsome patterns, in a multitude of designs, but are made throughout in workmanlike manner,—strong, durable, and in the most desirable forms.

Prices range from $11.50 to $16.50.

International Silver Company
Succeeding The MERIDEN Co. Established 1852
49-51 West 34th Street
through to 68-70 West 35th Street, New York

The "Skipworth"



A new, exclusive and wonderfully smart Overcoat now on display at the "store of style."

A big double-breasted "Ulster model," which fairly radiates with warmth and sparkles with style.

It is made of Imported Irish Frieze, with warm wool lining, and an overlining and sleeve linings of rich iridescent silk; patch pockets, convertible storm collar and full skirt with side pleats.

The "Skipworth" will make an almost irresistible appeal to the discriminating man who has a distinct desire for warmth and weight.

In Green, Brown, Heather and Black and White mixtures.

$40.00, $45.00 & $50.00

Brill Brothers
BROADWAY AT 49TH STREET
1456 BROADWAY AT 42D STREET

Pease Player Pianos

incorporate the qualities that have made Pease Pianos the standard since 1844. They afford the opportunity of enjoying the Pease richness of tone to those who cannot play themselves.

New Players $475 Up. Convenient Terms.
SEND FOR CATALOG.
PEASE PIANO CO.,
128 West 42d St., near Broadway.
94 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn,
57 Halsey St., Newark, N. J.

ROOSEVELT ASSAILS WILSON'S PROGRAM

Calls Preparedness Policy One of "Adroit Delay and Make-Believe Action."

DEMANDS ARMY OF 250,000

Advocates Universal Military Service, Greater Navy, Federal Control of Munitions Plants.

The preparedness program announced by President Wilson at the Manhattan Club dinner is assailed by Colonel Theodore Roosevelt in a statement made public yesterday, as a policy of adroit delay and make-believe action put forward for political purposes. "A shadow program" is one of the terms the Colonel used. The statement is part of an article which will appear in the January issue of The Metropolitan Magazine.

Asserting that the proposed plan is entirely inadequate, Colonel Roosevelt calls upon the "ordinary citizens" to wake to their needs and "lead the should-be leaders" who have failed them. He advocates a regular army of 250,000, with enough officers to command an army of 1,500,000 if a crisis should arise, and immediate action to make our navy the second in the world. He also pleads for permanent munition plants west of the Allegnenies.

The question of expense is secondary, the Colonel asserted, as "five years hence it may be altogether too late to spend any money." Here is Colonel Roosevelt's statement:

"There are two immediately vital needs of this nation: 1. That our navy shall at the earliest possible moment be made the second in the world in point of size and efficiency. 2. That our regular army shall be increased to at least a quarter of a million men, with an ample reserve of men who could be at once put in the ranks in the event of a sudden attack upon us; and provision made for many times the present number of officers; and in administration, provision made for a combination of entire efficiency with rigid economy that will begin with the abandonment of the many useless army posts and navy yards.

"Neither of these needs is in any way met by the President's proposals. I am sincerely glad that he has now reversed the attitude taken in his message to Congress a year ago, in which he advocated keeping this nation unprepared and helpless to defend its honor and vital interest against foreign foes. But I no less sincerely regret that he has not thought out the situation and is not prepared to present a real and substantial plan for defense instead of a shadow program.

Navy Has Fallen Off.

"During the last three years our navy has fallen off appallingly in relative position among the nations. The Administration now proposes a plan, to be followed mainly by the next Administration, which, if hereafter lived up to, would perhaps replace the navy where it formerly was, in five years' time—a plan which in reality, therefore, is merely an adroit method of avoiding substantial action in the present. This will not do. There should be no policy of adroit delay and make-belive action. Our Government should make provisions this year which will insure the regaining of our naval place at the earliest possible moment. The work should begin on a large scale at once. This is of the first importance.

"But it is also vital to bring the army abreast of national needs. The proposed plan to create a rival National Guard of half-trained or quarter-trained volunteers—for that is what the absurdly named 'Continental Army' would amount to—if tried will prove very expensive, very detrimental to the existing National Guard, and entirely useless from the standpoint of meeting the real needs of the country. It would put a business premium on the unpatriotic employer, who would not permit his men to take part in it. It would be much wiser to spend the money in increasing the size an efficiency of the National Guard.

"The proposed increase in the size of the regular army is utterly inadequate to serve any real purpose. It is one of those half-measures which are of service, if at all, only from the political standpoint. Either we need to prepare or we do not. If we do, then we should prepare adequately.

"I should not regard as wise a proposal for doing away with the New York Fire Department—the wisdom of such a proposal being about on a par with the wisdom of the attitude of the professional pacificists as regards what they are pleased to call 'militarism.' Yet it would not be materially less wise than a proposal to compromise by, on the one hand, having fire engines, but, on the other hand, not fitting them to throw a stream of water higher than the second story. The military plans of the Administration are on a level with plans for the New York Fire Department which should provide only for second-story hose; they go on the theory that it is desirable to try to put out a fire a little, but not too much. Now, it is always wise either to let a fire alone or to deal with it thoroughly.

a woman, or a child over six years old.

"I very earnestly hope that the ordinary citizens of this country, since their official leaders refuse to lead them, will themselves wake to their own needs and lead the should-be leaders. Let us at once take action to make us the second naval power in the world. Let us take the action this year, not the year after next. Do it now.

Wants 250,000 Army.

"As regards the army, first and foremost let us have the plan of the General Staff made public. Let us know the advice of the experts. Then provide a regular army of a quarter of a million men. Relatively to the nation their army would be no larger than the New York Police Force is relatively to the City of New York. Provide a real reserve of enlisted men. Provide as many officers, active and reserve taken together, as will enable us to officer a million and a half of men in the event of war. Meanwhile do everything possible for the National Guard, providing the necessary Federal control to make it really efficient; and provide for many training camps like that at Plattsburgh.

"Drop the undemocratic Continental volunteer army which discriminates between employer and employed, which would help the unpatriotic employe who refused to do as his patriotic rival was glad to do, and which would result merely in the establishment of an inefficient rival to the National Guard.

"People speak in praise of volunteers. I also praise the volunteer who volunteers to fight, but I do not praise the volunteer who volunteers to have somebody else fight in his place. Universal service is the only way by which we can secure real democracy, real fairness and justice. Every able-bodied youth in the land should be proud to and should be required to prepare himself thoroughly to protect the nation from armed force.

PREDICTS WAR WITH JAPAN.

Norman Angell Says U. S. Needs "a Policy Preparedness."

This country is bound to be led into a war with Japan, in the opinion of Norman Angell, the English author and journalist, who believes that now is the time for the United States to frame a real international policy. He yesterday advocated "preparedness in policy" before the Women's Peace Party, at the Educational Building, 70 Fifth Avenue, saying in part:

"The advocates of American preparedness seem to imply that American policy in no way touches the rest of the world and that American military force can only have one object: to repel predatory raids upon American territory. These advocates seem to say: 'All we ask of the foreigner is kindly to keep out. And as we don't intend to argue about that, why need we worry about a foreign policy?'

"Well, that attitude, if persisted in, will one day land this country, however great its military force, in disaster, in possibly long and exhausting wars which will transform the character of American civilization—"Prussianize it"—wars which real preparedness, preparedness on the side of policy as well as on the side of arms, would have avoided. I have said that military force is always in the last resort to defend a policy and not a country. That could be illustrated abundantly, of course, from the history of Europe.

"If this country is led into war with Japan, as I think it probably will be; it will be over questions of the rights of Japanese laborers in Hawaii or the Philippines or the differential treatment of her citizens in the United States or the Open Door in China; and if Japan is joined by some European power—and she won't fight this country unless she is—that power will not be thinking of the invasion or conquest of this country, but of the use that you intend to put your virtual domination of the Spanish-American republics; your European enemy will be actuated by the fear that you may use that power to exact commercial preference in those immense territories or to exclude them in some way.

IN TERROR OF HIS PATIENTS.

Novel Plea Introduced for Nurse Accused of Killing Insane Man.

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Nov. 11.—From two to five years n State prison was the sentence imposed today by Justice Charles W. Parker on Frederick C. Holbrook, a former attendant at the State Epileptic Village, for killing William Van Riper, a patient. The defendant, who had been indicted for murder, was allowed to plead guilty to a charge of manslaughter yesterday afternoon.

Former Judge Clarence E. Case and former County Prosecutor Frederic A. Pope, counsel for Holbrook, in making a plea in his behalf informed the court that Holbrook was overcome by fright when attacked by an insane patient. Holbrook, his counsel said, had a desperate struggle with a maniac while an attendant at the Morris Plains Insane Asylum, from which he had never recovered.

REPORTS A CANCER CURE.

Dr. Robert Bell of London Tells of Successful Treatment.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—Seven patients suffering from cancer have been completely cured "by assisting nature's efforts," according to Dr. Robert Bell, head of the cancer research department of the Battersea General Hospital.

"We have," Dr. Bell said, "been able to demonstrate beyond doubt that the healing power of nature, if sufficiently assisted by regulating the diet regimen of patients, together with the administration of therapeutic agents, has proved in many instances quite competent, not only to overcome the disease, but to bring about complete recovery."

BAYARD C. FULLER DIES.

Insurance Broker Was a Member of Tammany Hall General Committee.

Bayard Clarke Fuller, an insurance broker, and former Supervising Inspector of Food for the Department of Health, died yesterday at the Post Graduate Hospital, in his fifty-third year. He was connected with E. H. Betts & Co. until his health failed, eighteen months ago.

Mr. Fuller was born in Brooklyn, and was a son of the late William J. A. Fuller, manager of John C. Fremont's Presidential campaign. He entered Yale University in 1880, but left college to go to California to enter the mining business. Later he returned here and went into the insurance business.

Mr. Fuller was a member of the Tammany Hall General Committee, the Garden City Golf, the Apawamis, the Underwriters' and the New York Athletic Clubs. He was also a Mason and a member of the Royal Arcanum, and was one of the founders of the Knickerbocker Whist Club. His wife survives him.

Police Lieut. Greber Dies Suddenly.

Police Lieutenant Charles F. Greber died suddenly yesterday afternoon in the Morrisania Police Court. He was in his forty-second year and lived at 510 West 177th Street. On his arrival at the court in the morning he announced that he had just finished twenty years in the Police Department and seemed to be in good spirits. At the afternoon session of the court Magistrate Barlow paid Lieutenant Greber a tribute from the bench, in which he said that he was an "efficient, capable, and considerate officer," and that he felt his death as a personal loss.

UNION LEAGUE URGES A CITIZEN SOLDIERY

Resolutions Declare Administration Program Patently Insufficient.

WANTS THE SWISS SYSTEM

Elihu Root Presides at Meeting and Recalls the Days of '63, When Club Was Founded.

Military service for every able-bodied man in the country was urged last night by the Union League Club in stirring resolutions on the report of a special committee which declared the President's defense program inadquate.

Ex-Senator Elihu Root, who presided at the meeting, reminded the members of the days of 1863, when, in the midst of internecine strife the club was founded for the purpose of giving to the nation a military machine adequate to her hour of need.

The following resolution offered by the committee was unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The unpreparedness both of our army and our navy for the defense of our country has recently become increasingly apparent and constitutes a serious danger to the life of the nation, and the futility of treaties and international agreements for the protection of the rights of neutrals both on sea and land has in recent times been clearly demonstrated by some of the nations now at war.

Whereas, furthermore, The Administration program as recently set forth proposing an expenditure of $600,000,000 for naval construction, but making no satisfactory provision for manning, to the full, the ships already in service, at present laid up or still to be built, and for the army providing a standing force of 140,000 men and a volunteer "Continental Army" of 600,000 men, is patently insufficient to meet the possibilities of our exposed situation, involving as they do the feasability of attack on two fronts, by two or more of the nations most efficient in modern warfare;

Whereas, Also the cost of any sufficient force on the present or recently proposed basis of enlistment and pay would be prohibitive and tend to the financial exhaustion of the country, even if a satisfactory number of recruits be secured;

And, whereas, universal manhood service finds its justification in the Federal Constitution and in that of our State of New York; now, therefore, be it resolved:

1. The principle of universal military service by the entire manhood of the country, either personal service with the colors on the part of those physically fit, as provided by both the Federal Constitution and in the Constitution of the State of New York, or else by financial contributions from those unable to serve in person, to be applicable solely to the military and naval services of the country.

2. The immediate application of this principle to the military and naval services of the United States which are destined for the defense of the States and Territories.

3. As a minimum, the policy of the General Board of the Navy, as set forth on pages 31 and 32 of the annual report of the Navy Department for 1913, calling for a fleet of forty-eight ships of the first line in 1920, together with the men and equipment and attendant smaller units necessary; and, furthermore be it

Resolved, That this club now pledges itself to lend its full support and aid to the carrying out of these principles and plans.

The report was signed by Christopher R. Corning, Major Harrison C. Bird, and Colonel Thomas Dimond. It was based on a careful study of the military and naval condition of the country carried on for the last three months.

Concerning the army, the committee reported that since last January there had been no efficient action taken by the Government to remedy the then prevailing practically defenseless state of the country.

The committee indicated that the sea was no barrier against foreign aggression, and showed how it would be possible for a foreign foe to capture the great munition plants of the eastern seaboard. An army of half a million would not in its opinion be sufficient even for the Eastern shores. The system under which Switzerland obtains military service from every citizen was especially commended.

"The organization of Switzerland today," reported the committee, "is so effective that on the declaration of war between Germany and France in 1914 many tens of thousands of Swiss soldiers were on the frontier within two or three days."

Assuming that for the defense of the United States two millions of trained men were needed to furnish first-line troops on both fronts and sufficient reserves, the Union League's committee has prepared an estimate of the requirements of military service for American citizens.

It estimates that each year 850,000 men attain the age of 21 in the United States. Counting 400,000 of these as physically fit to be soldiers, and that they, on the Swiss plan, would do ninety days' service the first year, and in the following years eleven days a year, the country would each year secure 400,000 men with ninety days' training, and at the end of six years would have 3,000,000 men who had all been through the ninety days' training and had been with the colors at least eleven days a year for between one and five years. There would be coming in a new class of annual recruits amounting to 400,000 men.

"Your committee," to use the words of the report, "does not offer these suggestions except as practical examples of how matters might work under a system already recognized as efficient."

Elihu Root, the President of the club, said he assumed that in a club which had its origin in the necessity for protecting the Union by arms against internal rebellion there would be but one opinion and one feeling concerning the protection of the States against external aggression.

"Of course," he added, "this great Republic, with its capacity for self-government, must be able to protect itself and its citizens. The nation that cannot or will not do that can neither have respect abroad nor self-respect at home. We have long known that we were not prepared to protect our liberty and the rights of our citizens if attacked. The war in Europe was not caused by preparations for defense, but it is a demonstration which should strike the imagination of the American people and convey a lesson to their judgment—the lesson of how necessary it is that we should make adequate preparations for defense

"Let us not deceive ourselves—for the preparation for adequate defense means vast expense. It means a willingness for self-sacrifice, a spirit of service which must extend to rich and to poor, to the college graduate and those of the common schools, to merchants and manufacturers, to every class in the community. The determination to preserve the liberty and justice of American republicanism means sacrifice of time, of comfort, of convenience, and, if need be, of life itself. We must be prepared to surrender all if necessary to make our country safe."

Mr. Root then introduced the orator of the evening, Henry D. Estabrook, the New York lawyer, who has recently returned from a speaking tour of his native State, Nebraska. He spoke on "National Defense." He declared that the providing of the sinews of war for an adequate defense meant that the revenue of the nation should be assured through a protective tariff. He advocated the return to power of the Republican Party, and urged that all factions of the organization get together without delay.

HERBERT BARBER VERY ILL.

Undergoes Serious Operation at Presbyterian Hospital.

Herbert Barber, one of the best known figures in shipping circles in this country, is seriously ill in the Presbyterian Hospital. He was operated on recently and is said to be in danger of death.

Mrs. Barber is at the Biltmore, and last night asked to be excused from discussing the illness of her husband, saying she had had a fatiguing day. She was at the Presbyterian Hospital in the afternoon and early evening.

Mr. Barber is best known as the President of Barber & Co., Inc., with offices at 17 Battery Place. He is President and Director also, however, of the Atlantic Stevedoring Company, La Plata Steamship Company, New York and Oriental Steamship Company, Oriental Operating Company, and Virginia Coaling Corporation.

The Barber home is in Englewood, N. J., but last Saturday Mr. and Mrs. Barber registered at the Biltmore. It is said that Mr. Barber's illness came on him suddenly and he was removed a few days ago from the hotel to the Presbyterian Hospital. There it was admitted last evening that his condition was serious in the extreme.

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Lederle Laboratories, New York.
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YOU can't have bright eyes and a smooth, clear skin if the fermenting waste products of constipation are poisoning your system.

Constipation is the chief cause not only of poor complexions, but of three quarters of the illnesses from which women suffer.

Heed the danger signals of pallid skin, poor eyesight, headaches—check constipation before it is too late. Not with laxative drugs which physic and irritate and later bring about reactions which make you regularly dependent upon them. Bring about natural conditions, Nature's way—with **Nujol**. **Nujol** is the highest form of the pure white mineral oil recommended by leading doctors the world over for constipation.

Nujol does not act by irritation but by lubrication—by softening the intestinal contents and facilitating natural action in a purely mechanical way.

Nujol is colorless, odorless, tasteless. It can be taken by anyone, even the youngest child, in any quantity, without danger.

Write for booklet, "The Rational Treatment of Constipation." If your druggist hasn't it, we will send a pint bottle of **Nujol** prepaid to any point in the United States on receipt of 75c—money order or stamps.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
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Bayonne New Jersey

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices
Macy's
Herald Square B'way, 34th to 35th St.

You'll Forget The Price—
$19.75

The price counts only when you are spending the money. Of course, the price must be just, must square up to your idea of what constitutes fair dealing, but—

Remember Quality

You'll remember the good quality of these overcoats long after you have forgotten the **$19.75.** You'll remember the hand-tailoring, the fine linings, the small details of finish which tell in the wear, even though they do not always show on the surface.

Remember Style

You'll enjoy and appreciate the graceful lines built into these coats under Macy supervision months and months after you've forgotten the **$19.75.**

Represented are single and double breasted Chesterfields, conservative models with rich velvet collars, English box ideas, with patch Pockets, that button through. Split sleeve effects, kimono effects without shoulder seams. Great Coats, Ulster ideas. Smart and up-to-the-minute.

Remember Fabrics

Remember that the best merchant tailors use the identical fabrics that are in these coats for high priced models and you'll forget the **$19.75.** Products of the best mills we could locate, and including all the latest colors, shades and mixtures.

Remember Service

Long after your purchase remember that Macy Service never ends until you are satisfied. Come and test this service. Try on, shop around, make comparisons. Macy salesmen will help you in every particular to get the utmost in service.

Remember Macy cash buying influence as the chief explanation why you can get "value" in an overcoat at such a price as **$19.75.**

Overcoats
$14.75

Good styles, fabrics and very substantial tailoring. A pace-setting overcoat value for the money. A typical example of Macy clothes value.

Others at $24.75 to $42.50

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The greater the promise of large gains, the greater the risk.

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Our Guaranteed First Mortgage investment may be had in amounts as low as $100 up and yield 5% net.

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Write for booklet, "The Ideal Investment."

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"THE BIG STORE"
BOTH SIDES SIXTH AVE.—18TH TO 19TH STREET
Meet me at the Fountain

50 S&H Green Trading Stamps FREE today with purchases of $1 or more. Present Coupon.

THIS COUPON GOOD TODAY

Cut out this coupon. It is good for 50 (FIFTY) S&H Green Trading Stamps FREE with purchases of $1 or more Today, Friday, Nov. 12.

These 50 FREE Stamps are of the same kind as those which you would ordinarily obtain with your purchases.

N. Y. T., 11-12-15. Greenhut's. 97

Year's Best Sale
Overcoats & Suits
For Men and Youths; All at One Price Today at
$13.95

1,200 suits and overcoats—in every particular the equal of those offered elsewhere at $15, $17.50, $20 and even $22.50.

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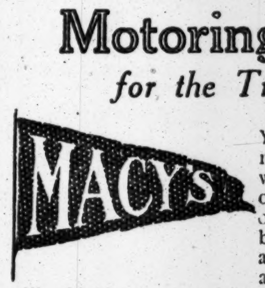

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MISS LONG WON CHIEF CUP IN HORSE SHOW LAST NIGHT

WALDORF HACKNEY CUP FOR MISS LONG

Kansas City Woman Cheered as She Wins Prize in the Garden.

ROUGH DRIVING IN RING

Canadian Horseman Repeatedly Gets in Path of Miss Long as She Handles Her Entry, Realization.

Interest in the Horse Show last evening seemed to centre rather in an individual than in any of the horses. Miss Loula Long, a Kansas City woman who makes a "fad" of horses and who takes winnings and losses with about equally good grace, had the crowd with her and cheering her frantically whenever she appeared in the ring. That was often. Her first attempt to win a prize was in the contest for the Waldorf-Astoria Cup for Hackneys driven to single harness hitched to an appropriate vehicle. In this she drove her mare Realization, a frequent competitor in various classes, both in single and double harness, with which she finished second to Judge Moore twice in the afternoon. Her competitors for the cup were two horses belonging to Miss Viau of Canada, both driven by men.

One of these Canadians, Earl Grey, driven by a man named Yager, had won the cup in 1913. He was so thoroughly determined to repeat that he indulged in some rather unsportsmanlike driving, twice cutting across Miss Long's pathway and causing her horse to break. In one of these unfair attempts to get the best of Miss Long he drove his rig so close to her as to lock the wheels of her cart, so that only a clever bit of driving on her part alone prevented an upset. It was this incident that started all the enthusiasm over the plucky woman driver. The crowd hissed the man and cheered the woman and started a general "rooting" in her favor all over the Garden. This culminated in almost a riot of applause when the judges gave the cup to her horse and placed Earl Grey in reserve, giving the second of Miss Viau's entries the gate, as his driver had also seemed to indulge in jockeying to help his stable companion

Immediately after this Miss Long appeared with a trotter in a road rig, and gave a splendid exhibition of handling the light harness horse, showing as good "hands" as a professional horseman could. But her horse was not in the same class as E. T. Stotesbury's pair, Minnie Allerton and Balala, which were placed first and second, respectively. Miss Long, in spite of her clever horsemanship shown in a number of brisk brushes, had to be content with fourth place.

In the following class the Kansas City woman appeared on the box seat of J. Campbell Thompson's coach when the pair entered the ring for the first contest for the Alfred G. Vanderbilt Gold Challenge Cup, Judge Moore, driving a cross-matched team of grays and bays, being the only competitor. His was a road team with the trailing "cock-horse," while Mr. Thompson's was his showy road team of chestnuts with which he won on Wednesday. Both owners drove their teams superbly and the crowd cheered both impartially, for the show was of the circus sort, which catches the average spectator of such an exhibition. The two teams were in the ring for half an hour before the cup was awarded to Colonel Thompson's four, which showed to superb advantage under his very skillful tooling.

Immediately following was the novelty contest for the best three teams in one ownership. This brought twenty-seven rigs into the restricted space, so that the trials of the horses had to be made in sections. Once again, as in several of the afternoon contests, the competition was narrowed down to the entries of Judge Moore and Miss Long, and the former secured the prize with Lord Seaton, Lady Seaton, and Bountiful, Miss Long getting the red with Realization, Revelation, and Consternation. As the only contest to follow was one for horses to be ridden by army officers in a water jump trial, Miss Long could not appear. But in addition to her appearances in the evening, she had driven tandem, pairs, and a single harness horse in the afternoon, which gives a fair idea of the versatility of the Kansas City woman as a horsewoman, and so accounts for the fact that she was quite the star of the day.

Competition for the championships began in the morning with the award of the cup to horses suitable to become hunters. Six which had qualified put in an appearance, and though green as hunters, of course, all showed adaptability for the game in their performance over the miniature course. All of the lot jumped well, but St. Patrick, from the stable of Morton L. Schwartz, one of the Long Island hunting set, did a trifle the cleaner, better work, and as he loomed over his competitors, being very close to 17 hands in height, received the coveted trophy. Down East, which has won a couple of blues for Charles D. Lanier, who uses him as a saddle horse, was placed in reserve, the bone and substance of his rival probably leading to the decision.

After even more deliberation than usual, Lady Adam Beck gave the championship for undocked saddle horses of the lightweight class to Mrs. George Chipchase's Sceptre, the handsome imported bay mare, which, ridden by her owner, has not been beaten in any of the classes in which she has appeared. She has beautiful manners, fine conformation, and a smooth way of going at all gaits which has made her a favorite during the show, so that the decision was essentially a popular one. Miss Marjorie Hubbs's mare Wildflower, a daughter of the thoroughbred sire Chief Justice, was placed in reserve.

In the heavyweight division the championship went to A. W. Atkinson's Sandy McDonald, a son of the saddle stallion Rex McDonald, famed at his home in Kentucky, Miss Clemence Crafts's The Monk, by a thoroughbred out of a standard trotting bred mare, being placed in reserve. The decision came as a shock to the watchers, as in a previous class in which the pair met the awards had been in the reverse order.

Probably the most interesting contest of the afternoon was the competition for The Jockey Club Cup between twenty-four horses passed on by regular army officers as horses suitable for use as troopers' mounts. The idea of the competition was to establish a standard type to which breeders might breed in efforts to raise remounts for the army. It was distinctly an educational class, and as such invited the close attention of breeders, who lined the rail for a chance to see in action the type that was wanted. There was plenty of this, for the judges made the riders send their mounts around the ring at top speed again and again. Finally the trio of Government experts which judged the class fixed on Martin B. Saportas's entry, a rather light 16-hand 4-year-old, which had done no better than get the V. H. C. or fourth place in the class of horses suitable to become hunters. S. Bryce Wing's gray hunter, Ottawa, which in his class was not thought good enough as a type of hunter to get a prize, was placed second. He is a son of the Futurity winner Martimas, out of a trotting-bred mare, again confirming the theory of the thoroughbred-trotting cross as the best for army purposes. Two army horses, Lady Blansford and Sir Dixon, were placed third and fourth, the latter a full thoroughbred, and the Lady of unknown breeding, but probably nearly straight blood, as she was bred on a Virginia farm.

As a spectacle the competition for tandems, a fine class, held most interest in the afternoon. Judge Moore won it with his international championship winners, Lord Seaton and Lady Seaton, and they certainly earned the ribbon by their level-headedness, as well as by their showy action. With Mrs. Paul Moore handling the reins, the Judge's mare, Lady Seaton, won the class for horses shown to phaetons, ladies to drive. Miss Loula Long had again to be content with second honors, showing in this class her fine and showy mare Realization. Judge Moore added another blue to his long list by winning with Micah and Bountiful in the class for pairs of harness horses, Miss Long again being second, this time with Realization and Revelation paired.

Miss Lida Louise Fleitmann, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William M. Fleitmann, who was seriously injured when her horse feel on her at a race meet early in October at Piping Rock, attended the Horse Show yesterday. She was brought in a wheel chair, which was placed in one of the arena boxes, from which she watched the exhibition.

There were many newcomers at the show yesterday, both at the afternoon and evening sessions. Among those who attended were Mrs. Herbert Shipman, Miss Angelica Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Angier Duke, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Drexel Biddle, Jr., (Miss Mary Duke,) Miss Ellen Yuille, and her fiancé, William J. Sturgis, who are to be married on Nov. 17; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Yuille, Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, Mrs. J. Stewart Barney, Mrs. Charles de Loosey Oelrichs, Miss Lota Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Gary, who were among the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Stotesbury at the afternoon performance; Mr. and Mrs. S. Bryce Wing, Mr. and Mrs. F. Skiddy von Stade, Mrs. John C. King, Mrs. Leonard C. Hanna of Cleveland, Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Wilkes Cary, Miss Harriett Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. B. Pratt, Mr. and Mrs. Whitewright Watson, Miss Marion Kennedy, Mrs. Eric Winston, Mrs. Herbert M. Harriman, Mrs. Montagu La Montagne, Francis and Maurice Roche, Mrs. William Russell Grace, Charles M. Ward, Miss Frances M. Ward, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Haight, Mr. and Mrs. Walter B. Brooks, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Sydney E. Hutchinson, and Mr. and Mrs. E. Francis Hyde, who had Mr. and Mrs. George H. Church and Mrs. Franklin H. Carter as their guests last evening.

Features of the Horse Show Today.

Today's exhibitions at the Garden will bring the Horse Show to a close. Most of the competitions will be for the championships in the various general classes. Ponies and harness horses will be passed on in the morning, the championship for ponies in harness to be staged at noon, to be followed by a decision in the last remaining open class for undocked saddle horses.

The championship for pairs of ponies will be decided at 2:20 at the afternoon show, with the championship in docked saddle classes, both light and heavyweight, to follow at 8 and 3:20, respectively. Four-in-hands will be in the ring at 4 o'clock, and single roadsters will try for the championship a half hour later. Ladies will be competitors in two classes, when eleven pairs of horses are shown to phaetons at 4:40, and ladies' qualified hunters will be judged at 5:20, with ladies riding over the hurdles.

The evening show will be entirely devoted to awarding championships in harness and hunting classes, with the added attraction of the special prize for army officers offered by G. T. Hanley of Providence.

Hamilton Plays Horace Mann.

The football teams of Hamilton Institute and Horace Mann School will play for the preparatory school championship of Manhattan tomorrow afternoon at Fieldston, 242d Street and Broadway. There is keen athletic rivalry between the two schools and a hard-fought game always results. Last season the game was in favor of Hamilton Institute by a score of 13 to 7. On the performance in the earlier games Hamilton is rated a trifle stronger than Horace Mann.

To Unveil Sullivan Monument.

Arrangements have been completed by the Metropolitan Association, A. A. U., for the unveiling of the James E. Sullivan memorial monument at Calvary Cemetery, Long Island City, on Sunday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

COLUMBIA'S CREW READY TO ROW YALE

Jim Rice's Oarsmen Try Out Course on New Haven Harbor for Today's Race.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 11.—Yale and Columbia oarsmen today took their final workout rows on the harbor as conditioning exercise for tomorrow's race. Practice in the case of Columbia was chiefly to get acquainted with the mile and seven-eighths course.

The Columbia eight reached here in time for morning rowing, and this afternoon took another paddle over the course, coached by Jim Rice from the power boat America, which brought the Columbia shells here. Coached by Guy Nickalls from the Yale launch, the Eli oarsmen were on the water about an hour this afternoon.

Rice said that he had never seen a Yale crew that applied its power so well, and he predicted that the eight would prove a credit to Nickalls, although it had a genuine race ahead tomorrow. Of Captain Seth Low he said:

"He is one of the finest oarsmen I have seen in a long time. He rows with snap, and the crew is well together behind him, all the way to Harriman at bow. Frankly, it rows better than I thought it would."

Tomorrow's race, the first between Yale and Columbia since 1875, will be rowed from near Long Wharf out toward the breakwater off Morris Cove, starting about 3:30 o'clock. A fleet of small craft and two steamers will follow the crews.

Yale's eight is much the heavier, averaging nearly 174 pounds, which is about five pounds more than Columbia's average weight. The crews will row as follows:

Yale—Stroke, Low; No. 7, Coombe; No. 6, Meyer; No. 5, Sturtevant; No. 4, Kositzky; No. 3, Atkins; No. 2, Gilfillan; bow, Harriman; coxswain, McLane.

Columbia—Stroke, Bratton; No. 7, Pennell; No. 6, Lahey; No. 5, Diekman; No. 4, Leys; No. 3, O'Loughlin; No. 2, Myers; bow, Munroe; coxswain, Thomas.

Yale will row in the shell used last June in its race against Harvard, the John Hart, presented to the navy by Colonel Robinson of Hartford. Columbia will occupy the shell Edwin Gould, named for its donor. It is a Ward boat, while the John Hart was made by Davy, both shells being of American make.

Scarsdale Golf Club Election.

The Scarsdale Golf and Country Club held its annual meeting Wednesday evening at the Grand Central Terminal. The five members elected to the Board of Governors were: Thomas F. Burgess of Scarsdale, Robert E. Farley of White Plains, Henry W. Ely of Yonkers, Philip W. Russell of Scarsdale, Harry S. Hamilton of White Plains. An amendment was passed raising the limit of membership from 225 to 300 in order to accommodate some from the long waiting list.

WINSTON IN SEMI-FINALS.

National Squash Tennis Champion Leads in Columbia Club Tourney.

Eric S. Winston of the Harvard Club, national squash tennis champion, yesterday reached the final round of the Fall invitation tournament of the Columbia University Club. Winston won his place by defeating Josiah O. Low, one of the two remaining entrants from the Heights Casino of Brooklyn, at 21—17, 21—16, 19—21, 21—15. Throughout the contest Low played with the same steadiness and control that characterized his game against Charles M. Bull, Jr., in the preceding round, but his doubling shots into the corners were of no avail against the aggressive attack of the champion, whose clever strategy and sureness of stroke mark him the probable winner of the tournament. Low made use of considerable twist in his service, which caused the ball to make erratic bounds, but these shots only seldom found Winston out of position. The latter displayed considerable shifty work with the racquet and was very effective in the rallies.

The victory of F. H. Davis, a clubmate of the champion, completed the four semi-finalists. Davis found a formidable opponent in D. Raymond Noyes of the Squash Club, who held his clever opponent to a five-game match at 15—19, 22—23, 12—21, 23—20, 21—15.

Owing to the football game tomorrow, the second match of the semi-final round has been postponed until Monday. A. J. Cordier, Heights Casino, will face Davis, and the winner will play Winston in the final round. The summary:

Columbia University Club, Invitation Tournament.—Fourth Round—F. H. Davis, Harvard Club, defeated D. Raymond Noyes, Squash Club, 21—19, 22—23, 12—21, 23—20, 21—15.

Semi-Final Round—Eric S. Winston, Harvard Club, defeated Josiah O. Low, Heights Casino, 21—17, 21—16, 19—21, 21—15.

Columbia Tennis Captain Loses.

By defeating Captain H. A. Lamb in the remaining game of the semi-finals, W. D. Cunningham yesterday entered the final round of play in the annual Fall tennis tournament at Columbia University. The scores were 2—6, 6—2, 6—0. Cunningham is a former Yale tennis Captain, and is now taking graduate work at Columbia. He will play George King in the finals, probably Monday afternoon.

Westerhead Harvard's Strong Man.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 11.—Albert J. Westerhead of Cleveland, Ohio, was adjudged today to be the strongest man in Harvard University. Westerhead is a substitute end on the 'Varsity football team. His total of 1,227.1 points does not equal the record made last Fall by H. R. Hardwick, who scored 1,381 points.

AMATEUR ATHLETES GRILLED

Local Registration Committee Continues Recent Celebrated Cases.

Harry Gissing, one of the Irish-American A. C. athletes whose name was linked with the Kiviat-Smith investigation by reason of his having competed with Kiviat in a relay race at Troy, N. Y., in February, 1912, was the main witness last night at a star chamber meeting of the Registration Committee of the Metropolitan Association, held at 67 Madison Avenue. Gissing was asked how much of the $125 alleged to have been paid for the appearance of the Irish-American relay team he had received, and he asserted that he had never received a cent or heard of any money being paid for the team. The investigation will be continued.

George Mathews, Chairman of the Registration Board, was empowered with the authority to investigate the assertions made by William H. Parry, impugning the amateur standing of George Goulding of Toronto, Canada, the world's champion walker.

John T. Dooling, counsel for Abel Kiviat and Harry Smith, presented several affidavits to the committee, purporting to contain new evidence, which he cites as ground for a new trial for the athletes. The matter was laid on the table.

Johnny Bell, formerly of the Brooklyn A. A., now a member of the junior cross-country team of the New York A. C., was reinstated after being suspended for competing in a supposedly unsanctioned race on election day. The ban placed for the same reason on W. McCarthy of the Royal A. C. was also raised.

A. W. Moeller of the Norwegian-American A. C., who has been accused of raffling prizes he had won in amateur competitions, was suspended for not being present to answer the charges.

Ball Players Beaten at Traps.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 11.—The professional ball players' trapshooting team, composed of Christy Mathewson, Otis Crandall, "Chief" Bender, and Harry Davis, and captained by Harry J. Meyers of Covington, Ky., lost to the Cincinnati Gun Club team at the local club's grounds in Rosedale, Ky., in a 100-bird shoot this afternoon. The score was 405 to 376. The individual scores were: Meyers, 84; Bender, 90; Crandall, 91; Mathewson, 50, and Davis, 61. The local team's scores were: Sanford, 68; Davis, 77; Welsh, 87; Rybolt, 87, and Schreck, 86. A high wind blew all afternoon, and the scores were considered excellent in view of this condition. The ball players will play golf in Cincinnati tomorrow.

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YALE AND PRINCETON FINISH HARD PRACTICE FOR FOOTBALL GAME TOMORROW

YALE SHOWS MORE AGGRESSIVE SPIRIT

Elis Instructed in Princeton Formations—6,000 Tickets Returned.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 11.—Yale's scrimmaging is over until after the Princeton game on Saturday. The coaches have decided to give the 'Varsity players only dummy work tomorrow and, as only one day's scrimmaging is likely to be ordered next week in preparation for the Harvard match, football drill has almost closed for the season.

Today the lecturing of the 'Varsity on the details of Princeton formation featured the practice. The ineligibles used the Princeton plays and aimed them in dummy attack at the 'Varsity. Plenty of time was used to illustrate the various features of the attack, but the 'Varsity, during the dummy drill, assumed the defensive throughout. Extended practice in eliminating individual faults was ordered. The 'Varsity players went to the infirmary to spend the remaining nights before the Princeton game. They will dine at the Quinnipiac Club the remainder of the season.

While the coaches stated tonight that Yale's line-up, as outlined yesterday, is probably the one that will appear in the Princeton game, they will start Mal Scovil at full back, if his injured thumb permits his playing, which is doubtful. Scovil, however, was in this afternoon's signal rehearsal, displacing Guernsey at full back.

That Higginbotham instead of Church will begin the play at left end and that Gates may be displaced by Baldridge at left tackle are still bare possibilities. Neither Higginbotham nor Baldridge has played since his recent injury. Both are much heavier than Gates and Church, but familiarity with plays taught by Coach Tom Shevlin has caused the coaches to favor the lighter pair.

This afternoon's practice pleased the coaches in the mental attitude shown by the players. Instead of a hesitating and uncertain feeling, they exhibited more aggressiveness and clean-cut decisiveness in diagnosing opposing plays than at any other time this season. The coaches have worked hard, but unsuccessfully, most of the season to obtain an aggressive spirit and the recent improvement has been welcomed.

Yale's plays which have been prepared for the Princeton game have not been the wing shifts which Shevlin taught five years ago, but the unbalanced line plays which to some degree both Harvard and Princeton are using. These plays gave Yale nearly the length of the field in straight gains last Saturday and constitute the backbone of the Eli attack, as mapped out for the Princeton campaign.

Saturday's game may witness the rare spectacle of brother facing brother in one of the principal intercollegiate gridiron battles. Marion Wilson, brother of Alec Wilson, the Yale Captain, is a Princeton substitute and his name has been sent here among the reserves in the Tiger line-up. As the Yale Captain will probably play the entire game in command of his men, he will face his brother in case the Princeton substitute is sent into the play even during the second half.

A block of 6,000 tickets was today returned from Princeton, only 9,000 of the 15,000 allotted to the Tiger visiting delegation being sold. It is believed at the Yale football office that most of the tickets returned will be disposed of before Saturday afternoon and that nearly all of the 61,000 seats in the bowl will be filled when play starts.

ARMY IS IMPROVING.

Coaches Work Hard to Add Strength to the Line.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Nov. 11.—Playing into darkness, the 'Varsity and scrubs went through a strenuous session of gridiron work here this afternoon in further preparation for the Maine game on Saturday. That the Army coaches do not hold the Pine Tree State men cheaply was evidenced today by the painstaking care and attention given the big team's defensive play. The coaches worked hard with the linesmen, and when the scrubs were pitted against the 'Varsity the big forwards showed plenty of aggressiveness and speed in their play. Altogether it was a most satisfying drill.

Two touchdowns were made by the 'Varsity, Coffin going over the line for both of them. His work today was pleasing. Oliphant kicked one placement goal after several trials, from the 20-yard line. Both Captain Weyand and McEwan were back in their places. Parker was shifted over to the scrub line, where he played against Weyand at tackle. Mitchell alternated with the new man, Place, at one half-back position, while Oliphant was at the other. Merrill was used exclusively at quarter back on the 'Varsity, Gerhardt driving the scrub team.

Ford, who had been idle since the Notre Dame contest, was in togs this afternoon, but the hardest work he did was in a lengthy punting drill. Neyland's injured leg still keeps him out of the play. Tully and Britton were the ends. The latter's showing was hardly up to the standard. Redfield was out, but not in the rough work. He may start at end against Maine. The Down Easters will arrive here tomorrow and will work out on the "Plains" in the afternoon.

TRINITY AGAIN REBUFFED.

Holy Cross Refuses to Take Columbia's Place on Schedule.

Trinity was rebuffed again for retaining George Brickley in her line-up when she attempted to get Holy Cross to take Columbia's place on the schedule, according to an announcement made by the New York City Alumni Association of Holy Cross yesterday. Hearing that Trinity had asked Holy Cross to play the alumni in this city telegraphed a protest to President Dinand. He replied that Holy Cross would not play Trinity on Saturday.

A representative of the association said that the alumni did not think it wise to put the members of the team in danger of being professionalized and that after both New York University and Columbia had refused to play Trinity for the same reason it was the opinion that Holy Cross ought to help clean sport by declining the offer.

Rutgers Ready for All-Stars Game.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 11.—The big Rutgers football team completed its scrimmage practice this afternoon in preparation for the All-Star game at the Polo Grounds Saturday. Coach Foster Sanford put the 'Varsity against the scrubs for ten minutes, after which the first team men were drilled in the new plays which will be sprung against Hamilton Fish's aggregation. With the exception of Miller and Wittpenn, the men are in excellent condition. Miller has been bothered all season with a turned ankle, but he is coming around slowly and may start on Saturday. Wittpenn, who, with Nash, makes Rutgers' best forward pass combination, has torn a muscle in his hip and may not get into Saturday's game, although there is a possibility of him playing a part of the time. His place will be well filled by Elliott or Kelley, both freshmen. The latter came to Rutgers with a fine scholastic reputation and is expected to do big things on Saturday. He has been kept out of the game with a sprained ankle. Bracher, Scarr, and Captain Talman will be the other backfield men. The latter will do the kicking. On the line Rockefeller and Austin are slated for the end positions. Nash and Randall will take care of the tackles, and Garrett and probably Mason the guards. Miller will be at his old position at centre.

PRINCETON'S LAST PRACTICE

Tigers Confident of Defeating Yale in Bowl Tomorrow.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 11.—"Speedy" Rush has finished the last bit of his preparatory work for the Yale game, and for the season there remains only the final contest on the Tiger's schedule to put an end to the first year of Princeton football under the sole guidance of Rush.

The final workout of the squad was of the lightest sort. A signal drill was the main feature of the afternoon, and Rush followed the first team around the Stadium to inject a little more snap into the plays and to see that they were timed perfectly. There was a short dummy scrimmage in which no tackling was allowed to perfect the defensive formations.

The secret drill occupied the first half of the afternoon and behind the closed gates of University Field the team went through a group of plays that will be uncovered for the first time against the Elis on Saturday. From the points gleaned in this practice the offensive of the Tigers will be more varied and should be more powerful than that used against Harvard. The kicking game and the straight plunges through guard and off tackle with the delayed pass that marked Princeton's play last Saturday have not been neglected, but there is a larger reserve in the possession of the team. Even at this late hour Rush saw to it that the fundamentals were not neglected. For more than half an hour the men were kept driving at the tackling dummy, special drill in this department being devoted to the ends and tackles.

The line-up that will start against Yale is still uncertain, say the coaches. But there is little likelihood now that the Elis will face any different combination than that which played Harvard last Saturday. About the only possible change would occur in the case of Gennert's inability to play, but the big centre appeared to be in good condition today, and will probably start Saturday. Butterworth performed all the active duties at centre today, Gennert and Semmens being held in reserve.

There is still a possibility that Moore may start the game in Tibbott's position, but the chances for this shift seem very slight. The regular back field is more likely to start with Shea at left half, Tibbott at right half, and Driggs at full back. Dickerman and Moore are certain to get a chance in the game, however, and Law may appear before the end of the game.

The ends will be Lamberton and Highley, with Brown, Hass, and Merion Wilson standing forth as probable substitutes. Larsen has been showing up well at tackle, but can hardly displace McLean, although the latter may not play long. The regular guards, Nourse and Hogg, will be used.

As the time for the game draws nearer there is more and more of a feeling among the coaches and players that the contest will be a big struggle. The students are confident of victory, but while the players are determined not to suffer defeat at the hands of a Yale team this season, there is a wholesome respect for the ability of Shevlin.

The team leaves Princeton tomorrow at 12:45 o'clock, boarding a New York express which will make a special stop at Princeton Junction. There will be a host of students following them at intervals, and it is expected that not more than a handful will remain in Tigertown for Saturday. A mass meeting tonight was for the purpose of rehearsing the songs to be used against Yale's rooters, and all are prepared for a big time when the game is over Saturday.

Cornell Defense Against Passing.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 11.—While the entire Cornell 'Varsity team with the exception of Shiverick took the field this afternoon, the regulars did not go into a real scrimmage, and it was apparent that the coaches realize that one of their chief problems now is to keep the men in good physical condition. All of the regulars reported in good shape. Shelton, the left end, being in the lineup for the first time this week. The coaches think that he has entirely recovered from the injuries sustained in the Michigan game. Shiverick, the crack right half back, is being handled with considerable care, because he has been working hard this year, and the coaches are unwilling to take any chances with him. This is his first year at 'Varsity football.

The practice today was largely designed to give the team experience in defense against the forward pass. Coach Sharpe, who rejoined the squad after a four days' absence, apparently expects a forward passing game from Washington and Lee Saturday. Today he had the scrubs working all sorts of passes, short tosses over the line, as well as long throws to the wings. He spread the 'Varsity out to meet them in a new wide defensive formation which proved very effective, the second team making only one gain with the aerial attack.

Navy's Attack Still Unsatisfactory.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 11.—Though the coaches drove the Naval Academy team hard this afternoon in a scrimmage which occupied most of the afternoon, there was no perceptible improvement in the power or smoothness of its attack. The forward pass was tried frequently, but it was evident that the play has not been mastered so as to be a reliable aid to the Navy team's attack. Only once was it used effectively, when, toward the last of the practice, von Heimburg scored on a pass from Craig while standing on the scrubs' ten-yard line. The scrubs had better luck, making fair gains on passes to Harrison and Hutchins, and having, on the whole, the better of the early periods of the scrimmage. Craig was at quarter back for the regulars and Von Heimburg at full back. Broadfoot, Westphal, Mullenix, and Failing were used at different times at half back. On the whole, the line showed more aggressiveness, Kercher doing particularly good work.

Scrubs Humble Lafayette.

Special to The New York Times.

EASTON, Penn., Nov. 11.—The Lafayette scrubs made the 'Varsity look weak tonight, when in the course of the half hour scrimmage the second team made two touchdowns. Louden of the scrubs was the prime mover in this undoing of the 'Varsity. For one touchdown he intercepted a 'Varsity forward pass and took the ball to a spot from whence it was easy to carry it over, and again he received one of the forward passes of his own team and did the same thing. The 'Varsity, however, were not entirely without merit. They scored two touchdowns, both on long runs. One of them was scored by Weldon, who worked himself free and ran almost the length of the field. The 'Varsity played very loosely throughout, but it was evidently an off day. They have played well all week and are eager for the chance to get at Penn State College on Saturday.

Williams Works on Signals.

Special to The New York Times.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Nov. 11.—Williams 'Varsity football eleven did not scrimmage this afternoon on Weston Field. Coach Daly kept the regulars at work in signal drill during the entire practice and continued to keep the field barred to everybody except the football squad. Joe Brooks, Assistant Coach, aided in the workout, taking charge of the linemen and giving them valuable points to use against Amherst Saturday. During the afternoon the scrubs lined up against the freshmen and engaged in a fifteen-minute scrimmage.

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DEFENSIVE TEST FOR N. Y. U.'S ELEVEN

'Varsity Pushed Back by Scrubs—Passing Game Improves.

A severe defensive test for the 'Varsity was the principal feature of the practice which Head Coach "Tom" Reilley gave the New York University football team yesterday as a part of the final preparation for opposition to the Wesleyan eleven tomorrow. In the scrimmage against the scrub aggregation, the Violet regulars offered weak opposition to the scrub players who steadily pushed the 'Varsity back into their own territory after receiving the leather on their fifteen-yard line from the kick-off.

The workout against the second eleven was preceded by a general signal drill for three teams, Coach Reilley taking charge of the 'Varsity, while Assistant Coach "Rudie" Gorsch and "Ray" Hulsart worked with the other two elevens. Reilley put the finishing touches on the Violet offense in the rehearsal of signals, in which open plays and the forward pass were constantly emphasized. Judging from the demonstration which the 'Varsity gave of its ability to play the passing game, the offensive strategy against Wesleyan will probably include many plays of this description.

When Coach Reilley was apparently satisfied with the work of the first eleven in this respect, the regular and scrub teams were lined up for a scrimmage with all of the formalities of a regular contest, although no account was taken of downs. Hammerschlag, who played full back on the second eleven, made large gains through the 'Varsity forwards, while several pass plays which followed gave the scrubs an opportunity to march up the field to the 'Varsity's five-yard line. At this point an attempted forward pass was spoiled through the efforts of Captain Somers who broke through the line of scrimmage, and the final efforts of the second-string men to push the ball over the goal line were unsuccessful.

Before concluding the work for the afternoon, Coach Reilley permitted the 'Varsity to assume the offensive for a few minutes in order to test its ability in the passing game. Although darkness interfered to some extent with the tryout, the 'Varsity executed several forwards for good gains, and on the whole showed up to better advantage in this department than at any other time this season.

The workout for the scrubs was calculated to develop chiefly the offensive playing of that team which plays the Cullum Hall eleven at West Point today.

Fordham Musses Up "Prep."

With only two days left to reorganize his football team before it plays the Rhode Island State aggregation tomorrow, Coach Vaughn sent the Fordham eleven into another hard scrimmage yesterday. It was the fourth consecutive clash of the week, but in comparison to the others it was a hummer. The Maroon coach has been insisting on forceful attack and defense work and yesterday he got it with a vengeance, the "Prep" suffering for the show they made of the crippled 'Varsity players early in the week. In the former drills the "Prep" was allowed to attack continuously, but yesterday the scrimmage with normal conditions was renewed, and every down, strenuously contested, saw the Maroon collegians up to their early season strength. The "Prep" started off strongly, but soon forfeited the pigskin on downs. The Maroon backs then got busy and started in to show how much they have recovered since Saturday. With Yule and Golden battering the line and Dunn, Butler, and Cantwell making big sweeps past the ends, they worked the ball up and down the field for what would have been several scores. For a time the coaches were considerably worried when Billy Grace, the best substitute end on the squad, announced that he was quitting to get into track training, but once McGuire got started yesterday all fear for good end men disappeared.

Another "Brush" with All-Stars.

Hamilton Fish's all-star combination of football players again practiced on South Field yesterday in preparation for their game with Rutgers on the Polo Grounds tomorrow afternoon. Following the scrimmage Wednesday with the former all-star players, Coach Nelson Metcalf of Columbia gave his men a rest and devoted the afternoon to a signal drill. Another hard work-out is scheduled for this afternoon, when the Blue and White and the All-Stars will line up for a half hour's battle. New faces in the All-Star team were Shram, former Yale 'Varsity end, and Street, a Princeton player several years ago. Ham Fish coached his proteges especially in forward passing, and the throwing of Pete Fisher, one of the Columbia coaches, who played at quarter back, was particularly accurate. Coach Metcalf ordered the proposed change in his backfield and shifted Captain Simonds from left half back to left end. Simonds has given evidence of especially good defensive ability in the last two games, whereas his offensive play and running with the ball have been noticeably weak, due to injuries and his recent illness. Another change was at right guard. Jimmie Cleveland was relegated to the scrubs and Donaldson promoted from the second team to fill his place.

Kicking Drill at Dartmouth.

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., Nov. 11.—Coach Cavanaugh held a twenty-minute kicking scrimmage today for the Dartmouth football squad. The play was confined to punting, breaking through the line on punts, running back kicks, and the ends going down under them. Spears, who was slightly injured in the scrimmage yesterday, was unable to do the kicking for the first team, so Tyler and Ponder alternated, each having one kick blocked on them. Gerrish and Thielscher did the punting on the second eleven, getting fair speed and distance. The scrimmage was featured by the hard tackling of both lines. Worthington and Holbrook ran back the kicks well, the former making fifty-five yards on one punt. The rest of the afternoon was devoted to tackling the dummy, falling on the ball, and the grass drill. Baxter was out today and Gile took his place at centre on the 'Varsity, while his place on the second team was filled by Youngstrom. Hager was unable to play, due to slight injuries.

Horseman Collingwood Dead.

WARWICK, R. I., Nov. 11.—John W. Collingwood, proprietor of the Hillsgrove Trotting Park and widely known among New England horsemen, died today after a brief illness. He was 73 years old.

Trainer Capt. Bond Drops Dead.

STRATFORD, Conn., Nov. 11.—Captain John C. Bond, aged 76, widely known as a trainer of boxers and other athletes and who maintained a training camp here for many years, dropped dead of heart trouble at his home on the banks of the Housatonic River here today.

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MICHIGAN TEAM IN EAST.

Plays Its Annual Game with Penn at Philadelphia Tomorrow.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 11.—The University of Michigan football team which arrived at Wayne, a nearby suburb, today was put through a strenuous signal drill on a local school's gridiron late in the afternoon. Members of the squad were tired from their long railroad journey, and several limped from injuries, but Coach Yost said they would all be in shape to give a good account of themselves in the game with the University of Pennsylvania Saturday on Franklin Field. Maulbetsch, the star back, who was injured in the contest with Cornell last week, it was said, will be able to start against Pennsylvania.

Yost denied reports that he had been asked to coach Yale, and declared that he has a contract with Michigan again next season.

The Pennsylvania players had a signal drill followed by a scrimmage today on Franklin Field while students crowded the stands and cheered. Members of the coaching staff made speeches, expressing confidence in the ability of the team.

Howard Berry, who starred at quarter back in some of the earlier games but left the squad as a result of criticism of his play in the Lafayette game, was formally notified that the coaches could not overlook his breach of discipline and that he would not be permitted to play again this season.

Syracuse to Play in Far West.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 11.—Although the men who will make the trip have not been selected, members of the Syracuse University football squad are making tentative plans to start on a transcontinental trip with the Orange eleven following the game with Dartmouth here on Nov. 20.

The team, accompanied by eight substitutes, will be gone nineteen days, during which time three games will be played. The first contest on the road will be at Missoula, Mon., on Thanksgiving Day. The University of Montana eleven will be the opponent. On Dec. 1 the team will play the Oregon Aggies at Portland, and on the following Saturday Occidental College will be played at Los Angeles. From there the team will return directly to Syracuse.

The Syracuse team held its final hard practice this afternoon in preparation for the annual game with the unbeaten Colgate eleven here Saturday. Coach O'Neill sent his first eleven and reserve team through a long signal drill, in which every play in the Syracuse repertoire was thoroughly rehearsed. Every member of the team is in exceptional physical condition. The advance sale of tickets has broken all records here. Temporary stands are being erected in the Stadium, and it is expected 25,000 persons will attend.

Soldiers Guard Army-Navy Tickets.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWBURGH, N. Y., Nov. 11.—Tonight's mails took out the last of the 1,700 envelopes sent from this city to all sections of the country by the West Point Athletic Council, containing tickets for the Army-Navy football game in New York on Nov. 27. As in previous years, there had been thefts of tickets and counterfeit cards distributed, the Secretary this year sent the tickets by registered mail with return cards, and he can thus certify to the receipt of the envelope and contents. It had been intended to send them from West Point, but the facilities for handling such a quantity of registered mail were not ample, and arrangements were made for sending 1,700 through Newburgh.

After the envelopes had been filled, sealed, addressed, and stamped at West Point, they were placd in charge of a spcial guard consisting of a Sergeant and two privates, who were armed, and without interference the half-dozen parcels containing the tickets arrived here in safety, were registered, receipts given to Lieutenant Meyers, and the tickets forwarded.

Union Primed for Hamilton.

Special to The New York Times.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Nov. 11.—Union is primed for Hamilton. Union's last game of the season will be played against the Blue and Buff at Clinton Saturday. This afternoon's workout was the last practice of the year except for a few finishing touches tomorrow in formations and signals. Jackson, the only man on the squad who will not be able to play, is out on account of the faculty intervention, and Avila was injured last Saturday in the game with Rensselaer Poly. It is doubtful if Captain Jenkins will play against Hamilton. The responsibilities of running the team have been [illegible] back his [illegible] degree the [illegible] Powell [illegible]. One of the features [illegible] has been the work of [illegible], both of whom are aspirants for the full back position.

Keady Speeds Up Lehigh Eleven.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Penn., Nov. 11.—Coach Keady introduced a novel feature into Lehigh's football practice today to speed up the 'Varsity. He lined up the 'Varsity and scrubs against each other, and on even terms, and then in order to determine which team could run off ten plays in the fastest time. The 'Varsity, with Caboll as quarter back, won. Before this stunt was done the 'Varsity was put through a lengthy drill with the charging dummy and bucking strap. Another setback today was [illegible] Tate is badly bruised in the Penn. State, fails to improve as rapidly as desired. Green and Scruggs were the other regulars not out today. New plays were tried by the 'Varsity today, and the men took very kindly to them.

Dinner for Princeton Team.

Walter Chandler, Jr., manager of the Hotel Martinique, will give a dinner to the Princeton football team at the Martinique Saturday night after the eleven returns from New Haven.

BIGELOW, HARVARD, INJURED VERTEBRAE

Tackle Sustained Fracture Early in Season—Subs to Play Brown.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 11.—J. L. Bigelow of Ann Arbor, Mich., tackle on the Harvard 'Varsity football eleven last year, who was injured in a preliminary game this season, suffered a fracture of a vertebrae, it was learned tonight. In the belief that his injury was a minor one, the coaches have thought until now that he would be able to play in the Yale game.

From the work done in the Stadium this afternoon it looks more than ever as if Harvard would repeat last year's performance of keeping its regular football players out of the Brown game. The question has been one that the coaches have been pondering over all week, but the substitutes have come along very well, and, with a couple of regulars in their line-up, are expected to give a good account of themselves against the team that beat Yale, 3 to 0, a week ago.

Taylor, the 'Varsity centre rush, played at right tackle with the substitutes today, while Boles was at right half back, with Enwright and Rollins as companions. This shift was made after the regular eleven had spent a lot of time drilling on its new plays for the Yale game and also having a short and easy session on defense against the scrubs. The latter team then went over to put on the Brown attack against the substitutes. This team is composed of some of the most experienced players on the field and has been able to play almost at evens against the 'Varsity. L. Curtis and Weatherhead were the ends, R. Curtis and Caner the tackles, Duncan left guard and Harris centre. Robinson continued at quarter back, while Enwright is now in first-class shape and Rollins is putting on the same good punting game he showed earlier in the season. Wallace and Harte of the 'Varsity squad are not in first-class trim, and they will not play against Brown.

Brown in Offensive Drill.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 11.—Brown practically finished its preparation for the Harvard game this afternoon, and, barring an "eleventh hour" injury, will be in perfect condition for the annual tussle in the stadium Saturday. Tomorrow afternoon the eleven, with the substitutes, will put in a long session at signal drill and Saturday morning the entire squad of about seventy men will leave for Boston on a special train. At the field this afternoon the entire time was devoted to offensive work, the eleven practicing the play in dummy scrimmage and winding up with a lively scrimmage with the substitute team.

Lateral and forward passes played a prominent part and both Captain Andrews and Murphy succeeded in kicking field goals. Brown will line up Saturday the same as at New Haven last Saturday, although Maxwell may play guard a portion of the game.

Purdy, Prosser and Murphy directed the team at different times this afternoon, and although there seemed to be little difference in the manner in which they played the position Purdy's weight and speed undoubtedly assures him the position of quarter back at the beginning of the game. Brown's second team goes to Cambridge tomorrow morning to play the Harvard second team in the afternoon and all the week have been preparing for this contest. A squad of twenty-four men will make the trip and will remain over for the Saturday game.

Yale Pays High for Handkerchiefs.

The only thing at a premium in connection with Yale football is blue handkerchiefs. When it was announced that there was to be a large blue background for the white "Yale" in the bowl tomorrow, two young men, R. W. Wilson and Casper M. Kielland, bought up all the blue handkerchiefs in New Haven and about all that were to be had outside, and the result is that Yale is paying 25 cents [illegible] the holders of the handkerchief concession about 12 cents. It is estimated that between 12,000 to 15,000 will be sold. Taking the last-named figures as a basis, the monopolists will profit about $1,875.

Football Player Dies of Appendicitis

LEWISBURG, Penn., Nov. 11.—Elmer S. Pettit, substitute end on the Bucknell University football team, died today after an operation for appendicitis which was performed Tuesday. Football was in no way regarded as responsible for his death, as Pettit had not been in scrimmage practice this season. Pettit was a member of the Junior class, having entered Bucknell from the Woodstown, N. J., High School, where he also played.

Erasmus and Boys' High to Play.

Although the question of the eligibility of James Auchterlonie, full back of the Erasmus Hall High School football eleven, has not been decided, the scheduled game between the Erasmus Hall and Boys' High School teams will be played tomorrow at Adelphi Field, and Auchterlonie will play full back for Erasmus. Boys' High School has not protested Auchterlonie's eligibility, but the matter is in the hands of a board of arbitration after the game has been played.

Fordham Prep to Play Clinton.

As a result of the action of Morris High School in cancelling its football schedule because of the serious injury suffered by Jake Taub, its right guard, last Monday, Fordham "Prep" has arranged to play De Witt Clinton, which was to have played Morris at Lenox Oval tomorrow.

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ABERG ON THE MAT.

Graeco-Roman Champion Easily Throws Fritz Wagner.

Alexander Aberg, the Russian wrestler, who holds the world's title at Graeco-Roman style of grappling, made his first appearance in the international tournament at the Manhattan Opera House last night and won his match easily against Fritz Wagner of Germany. Wagner was more frightened at the big champion's reputation than anything else, and fell an easy victim to a hiplock hold in 4:54.

Waldek Zbyszko, the Polish wrestler, got a great ovation from the crowd last night, and showed that he was the most popular grappler in the crowd. Zbyszko was in great form and went at his giant opponent, Great Daro of Hungary, so quickly that he was swept off his feet. The Polander picked up Daro in his arms and swung him round and round like a whirling Dervish until Daro was dizzy, when he was thrown to the mat. The Polish giant had no trouble in pinning him to the canvas with a pivot hold in 49 seconds.

The comedy last evening was furnished by Sulo Hevonpaa, the terrible Finn, who worked himself into a frenzy while wrestling with Demetrius Tofalos, the Greek. Tofalos is short, but is very powerful, and he gave the Finn a severe punishment, but was unable to throw him. Hevonpaa bellowed like a hippopotamus and threatened to throw the Greek out into Thirty-fourth Street. The little Greek, however, massaged his opponent's face so badly that the Finn was bleeding from the nose. Another good bout was furnished by Ivan Linow, the Russian Cossack, and Hans Asam of Bavaria. Linow tugged and tussled for more than twelve minutes before he threw his man with a reverse body hold. While the Cossack was inflicting his most gruelling punishment on his opponent the orchestra contributed the strains of a dreamy waltz.

Tom Draak of Holland defeated himself in the match with Hermann Schilling, for, after a few minutes of wrestling, he threw himself off the mat, striking his head so hard that he was dazed and unable to continue. The summary:

Alex Aberg, world's champion, of Estonia, defeated Fritz Wagner of Germany, with a hip-lock hold, in 4:54.
Helmar Johnson of Sweden defeated Charles Losson of England, with half-Nelson and bar hold, in 8:28½.
Hermann Schilling, Germany, won from Tom Draak of Holland, when Draak was unable to continue.
Waldek Zbyszko of Poland defeated Great Daro of Hungary, with pivot hold, in 0:49.
Ivan Linow of Russia defeated Hans Asam of Bavaria, with reverse body hold, in 12:24.
Sulo Hevonpaa of Finland and Demetrius Tofalos of Greece wrestled 20 minutes to a draw.
Charles Cutler of America defeated Ludwig Ress of Germanay, with a chancery and bar hold, in 5:08.

The matches scheduled for tonight are as follows: Litosky, Palestine, vs. Cutler, America; Irsa, Austria, vs. Draak, Holland; Ress, Germany, vs. Tofalos, Greece; Mohl, Switzerland, vs. Zbyszko, Poland; Johnson, Sweden, vs. Aberg, world's champion; Asam, Bavaria, vs. Heonnaa, Finland; Lupo, Italy, vs. Schilling, Germany.

Boxer Kilbane Suspended.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 11.—Johnny Kilbane, featherweight champion of the world, was suspended today by the Wisconsin Athletic Commission for failing to appear in answer to a charge that he did not do his best in his bout with Ritchie Mitchell here recently. Kilbane's suspension will stand until he appears and satisfactorily explains his alleged dilatory tactics in the Mitchell match.

Federal Leaguers Drifting Around.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—The gathering of Federal League "magnates," which began at Indianapolis Tuesday and moved to French Lick on Wednesday, continued here today with a representation amounting to more than half the number of club owners. They again declared no progress toward peace had been made, and said they expected most of the out-of-town delegates, including President Gilmore, will have left for their homes by tomorrow night.

Cornell Going to Shore Again.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 11.—The Cornell football squad will again come to the shore the Tuesday before Thanksgiving Day for the final preparation and instruction for the annual battle with Pennsylvania on Franklin Field, despite the threatened movement to curtail expenses in sports at Ithaca, which would cause the abandonment of the trip to Atlantic City. Negotiations were closed tonight for accommodations for the team at Haddon Hall.

Slight Chance for Taub.

Jacob Taub, right guard on the Morris High School football eleven, who injured a verbrate while practicing with the team at Crotona Park on Monday afternoon, is still in a critical condition at Fordham Hospital, although he has a slight chance of recovery. The Morris team, of which Taub is a member, has disbanded for the season and all the remaining games on the schedule have been canceled.

MACON IS CHOSEN FOR YANKEE CAMP

Federals Sign Two Players of Organized Baseball Teams.

After consideration of about five places, the Yankees have definitely decided that the training next Spring will be done at Macon, Ga. It was announced only a few days ago that Savannah had practically been chosen, but the camp of last year has now been abandoned, for the chief reason that Macon is more accessible and holds the same promise of favorable weather conditions as Savannah. Ocala, Fla., was also under consideration, and Harry Sparrow, business manager of the Yankees, made a trip South for the purpose of looking over the ground. His report, however, was unfavorable, the park being in poor condition for practice. Then the report was circulated that Savannah, the scene of last year's training, would probably be selected.

Bill Donovan, manager of the Yankees, however, was impressed with the possibilities of Macon. It is considered better adapted to the purposes of the Yankees than Savannah, principally from the fact that it is easier to reach and has many more towns near by, so that there may be frequent practice games with teams from the vicinity of the camp. Macon is in the South Atlantic League, and the ball park is in the best of condition, while there was a possibility that Savannah might not have a team next season and that the Yankees would therefore have to fit up the park themselves. The Macon grounds are only a few blocks from the hotel.

The Yankees have a big string of pitchers to try out, and many of them will be taken to Macon about a week before the full squad of men is asked to report. It was said yesterday that real work would begin about March 1.

At the recent meeting in Indianapolis James A. Gilmore declared war all over again on organized baseball, and yesterday the first indication of this was evidenced when the Feds took two ball players from the organized ranks. The men are Jimmy Johnston of the Oakland Club and Joe Gedeon of the Salt Lake City team. Both clubs are in the Pacific Coast League. Pat Powers has the men signed up with the Newark Federal League Club. In the instance of Gedeon, however, the raid is more than one on the minors, for Gedeon, it is understood, was farmed out by Clark Griffith of the Washington Club to Salt Lake City, and the toes of the major leagues are in this instance, at any rate, being stepped on.

Jimmy Johnston, who is an outfielder and a right-handed batter, is known as a wonderful player among the minors and has been tried out by several of the big league teams, but in each instance has failed to become a regular. He is rated as a powerful hitter, and last season batted .350. Gedeon was tried out by Washington and was then farmed out. His batting average this season, however, was .309.

The indications are that the breach between the Federal League and organized baseball, which it was thought would be bridged by some method of conciliation this Winter, is wider than ever. The peace negotiations which were in progress appear to have fallen through, or, rather, the leagues could not agree on any method that would be suitable to both of the interested parties. It develops now that there never was but one really formal gathering and that all of the other meetings were between individuals without their having any authority to act. This came about from the fact that both sides were free to admit that peace would be a good thing. In support of the theory that there was no settlement in sight, President Tener of the National League said yesterday that there was no possibility of any Federal League men buying into organized baseball. As this was the supposed basis of peace negotiations, it is presumed that the difficulty is no nearer solution than a year ago. President Tener said the National League was taking no particular notice of the threat of the Feds to invade this city. The only peace proposal ever submitted by the Federal League involved ten teams in each of the major leagues, and this was untenable.

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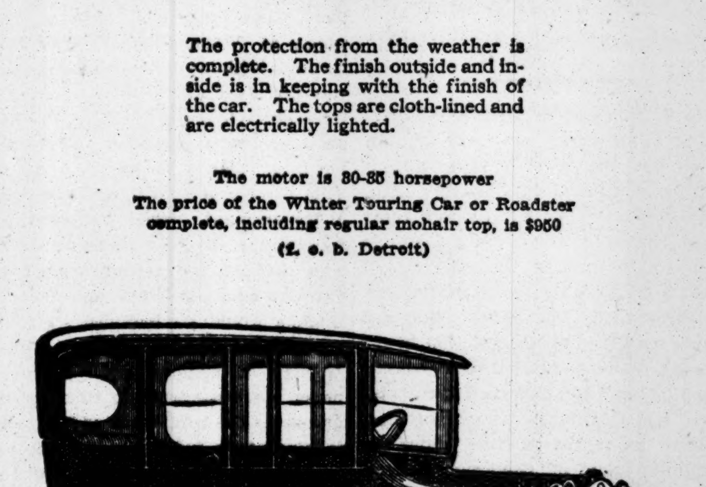

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WINNERS WITH THE CUE.

The final game in the amateur handicap three-cushion billiard tournament at the Morningside Academy, 125th Street and Lenox Avenue, was played last night, A. Frank scoring a victory over M. Isaacs by the score of 17 to 17. Frank had to score 17 points, while his oponent needed 20 to win. Frank gets first prize, he having gone through the round-robin series without losing one. Second prize was won by B. Cohn, who scored one victory, and Isaacs finished in third place, having lost all three games.

J. Cosgrove conceded a handicap of six points to L. Sulzer last night in the amateur handicap three-cushion tournament at the Audubon Academy, and won by the score of 40 to 22 in seventy innings.

Louis Servatius scored an easy victory over M. Gershel last night in the amateur handicap three-cushion tournament at Fuller's Academy, 111th Street and Broadway. Both men were playing at the scratch mark, 24 points, and the score favored Servatius by 24 to 15.

Two interesting games of 18.2 balk line billiards were decided last night at Daly's Academy, Forty-ninth Street and Broadway, where Joseph Mayer of Philadelphia and Welker Cochran of Iowa are practicing for the championship tournament next week. Cochran defeated S. Appleby by the score of 300 to 108. He ran out his string of 300 points with an unfinished run of 132 in the twentieth inning, making an average of 15 points. Ed Gardner opposed Mayer in the other game, and the Philadelphian was forced to extend himself to win by the score of 300 to 244.

The first game in the handicap pocket billiard tournament in which there are sixty-four starters was played last night at Doyle's Academy. Howard Shoemaker, the national amateur champion, playing 100 balls, defeated Richard Hand, 55, by a score of 100 to 34. George Slosson, at 18.2 balk line, played two practice games with Edgar Appleby, winning the afternoon game in sixteen innings, 300 to 110, while at night he was victorious by a score of 300 to 160 in thirteen innings.

The tie for first place in the amateur handicap 18.2 balk line tournament at the Knickerbocker Academy in Brooklyn was decided last night, George T. Moon, Jr., defeating Charles E. White in the play-off by the score of 200 to 175 in twenty-eight innings. White was playing from the scratch mark, 250 points, while Moon only needed 200 to win. Moon won first honors, with a record of six games won and one lost. White is second, having won five games and lost one. A tie exists for third place between Charles Matthews, 200, and Dr. H. D. Jennings, 215, and this will be decided this evening.

Irish-Americans Out of Hockey.

The Irish-American Athletic Club will not be represented by a team in the play for the Amateur Hockey League championship this Winter. This became known last night after a meeting of the league held at St. Nicholas Rink. No reason for the withdrawal was announced. Thus far only four teams have announced their intention of playing, the St. Nicholas A. C., which won the championship last year, the Hockey Club, Crescent A. C., and Boston A. A. A delegate from the New York A. C. was present last night, and said that the club would not enter a team, but in spite of this an endeavor will be made by those interested in the sport to have a reconsideration of the refusal. However, if the New York A. C. is determined in its attitude, the Harvard Club of Boston will take a place in the league.

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MURDER ON THE HIGH SEAS.

From the statement of the Captain of the Italian steamship Ancona it would appear that the destruction of that vessel was an act of monstrous barbarity unrelieved by any evidence of regard for law or humanity on the part of the submarine commander. It was as dastardly and cruel as the unwarned attack upon the Lusitania, with some added circumstances of atrocity.

The Captain says that he received no signal to stop. Shells fired from a distance of several miles, some of which grazed the Ancona, were the first intimation he had of the presence of a submarine. The ship was stopped at once, but the submarine continued its fire, shells hit boats which were made ready for the use of passengers, many of whom were killed on the deck or in the boats. Then, while a large number of passengers still remained on board, torpedoes were sent against the ship and shells were fired until she sank.

There is a report from Malta of statements made by passengers landed there to the effect that there was a chase, the Ancona apparently seeking to escape; as the story is told, "the submarine continued to shell us, gaining rapidly." This report is confused in form and not definite, but it does indicate that fire was opened on the Italian liner before any demand had been made upon her to stop. If the presence of the submarine was detected at a distance it would be natural for the Ancona to continue on her course at full steam, and that could not be construed as an attempt to escape unless by a shot across her bows or otherwise she had received the order to stop. But the Captain's story is clear and definite, he speaks with higher authority and doubtless with fuller knowledge than any passenger.

Inquiry must be made with all promptness by our Government and the truth ascertained, for the gravity of the matter cannot be misunderstood or minimized. Whatever may be the fact as to an attempt at escape, the destruction of the Ancona cannot be made to appear as a lawful and justified operation of war, it was not a warrantable attack upon an enemy, it was downright murder. There can be no military justification for opening fire with shells and torpedoes upon a merchant ship carrying hundreds of passengers sailing away from the coasts of the enemy. The passengers were mostly humble immigrants coming to this country. They were absolutely defenseless, the ship and its company were incapable of threatening or doing any harm to the enemies of Italy. The act can be explained only as one perpetrated in savage cruelty for the joy of slaughter, for the lust of killing, because of an unquenchable thirst for blood.

There were American citizens on board and some of them lost their lives. That imposes upon our Government the duty of the most rigorous examination into the facts. We have been assured by Germany that liners would not be sunk by her submarines without warning and without provision for the safety of the lives of noncombatants, save only in case of resistance or attempts to escape. There was no resistance. If there was an attempt to escape, it may save the point of law, but it does not excuse or palliate the crime against humanity. If it shall prove that we are warranted in demanding reparation there should be no delay. The American people are not in a mood to look on complacently while diplomatic correspondence pursues its laggard course. Besides, there is no need of further discussion. The principle has been established, it has been admitted by Germany. A thousand notes to Berlin or to Vienna could not make it clearer. But even if a technical justification may be set up in behalf of the bloody-minded submarine commander, nevertheless we ought to protest most vigorously and promptly in the name of humanity against this deed of diabolical savagery.

We cannot easily give credence to the report sent out from Berlin with suspicious haste that the aggressor was an Austrian submarine. The craft may have flown the Austrian flag, but it is not believed that Austrian submarines have been able to pass the cordon of Italian warships across the straits of Otranto. It is known that many German submarines are in the Mediterranean. Of that we have had official notice, and the story of their ravages during the past few weeks has been told in the press dispatches. If the submarine was in fact Austrian our protest and our demand must go to Vienna. If a German submarine assumed the disguise of the Austrian flag for this assault, Germany has broken faith with us, she has violated the pledge given by her Ambassador to our Government. Judgment will, of course, be suspended—we are accustomed to that—but the facts must be made known, the proof must be of the most positive character.

There has been in some quarters a comfortable assumption that pending questions between ourselves and Germany were settled by her assurance given in the Arabic case. But we must remember that the demands we made, and made repeatedly and with emphasis after the destruction of the Lusitania, have had no satisfactory response. There has been no disclaimer, no promise of reparation, no atonement for the loss of American lives in that cowardly and criminal attack upon a great passenger ship. Persistence in the policy of murder by submarines, as exemplified in the destruction of the Ancona, makes it impossible to forget the wrongs we have suffered from nations professing to be friendly. We gave the explicit warning that a persistence in such deeds would be construed as intended and deliberate unfriendliness. It will be the duty of the Government at Washington to ascertain whether the attack upon the Ancona must bear that construction.

AT THEIR MERCY.

Organized warfare is being conducted against a number of American industries in the interest of two foreign Powers, and so far the Government has been powerless to stop it, to check it, or to affect it in any evident degree. As long as the destruction of munition plants could with any shadow of probability be attributed to accident or to natural causes, that allowance has been made. It has been stuck to with courteous patience long after the probability ended. To stick to it any longer would be pretense.

In twenty-four hours fire attacked four different factories in different parts of the country—the Bethlehem Steel Works, the Midvale Steel and Ordnance Company, the Baldwin Locomotive Works at Eddystone, Penn., and the John A. Roebling's Sons Company at Trenton, N. J. It is no longer of any use to pretend that these things are the result of accident and coincidence. They are acts of warfare. They are not produced from the brains of a few scattered fanatics. Engaging in the munitions business is becoming as dangerous to property as going to Europe is to human life.

The Government has made no progress worth the name in coping with this conspiracy. It apparently does not know, and has as yet found no means of ascertaining, whence it comes, how it works, or where its next blow will be directed. In cool disregard of its activities, the conspirators go imperturbably on directing the reign of terror which they have organized against American industry; and, for all we can see now, until the end of the war men must engage at their peril in any business not approved at Berlin and Vienna. The arrest of a few men in New York has neither scratched the surface nor supplied, so far as indications go, any clue to the identity or purposes of the real perpetrators of these crimes, the real directors of this war. In a less measure than abroad, the policy of frightfulness is being applied to the United States, and, so far as the public knows, no effective measures have been taken to cope with it.

THE PHILIPPINES CONTROVERSY.

The controversy over the Philippines has begun with vigor and it will be continued in Congress after the defense measures have been acted upon. Senator Shafroth of Colorado and Representative Brumbaugh of Ohio, who were named the other day as prominent Democrats who had lately made tours of inspection in the islands, have contradicted the assertions of the Republican Representative, Mr. Clarence Miller of Minnesota, as to the misrule under the administration of Governor General Harrison. It is most desirable that the plain truth in regard to Philippine affairs should be known, and, in the circumstances, the people will naturally infer that conditions there are less disturbing than they are depicted in Republican testimony and not quite so satisfactory as the Democrats choose to find them.

Trade has suffered, crops have been bad, and there is assuredly a great deal of political discontent. There has been too much complaint over the administration of Mr. Harrison to justify the belief that it has avoided all errors. There is a settled conviction, also, that the rule of the islands under the Republicans was generally for the good of the people and reasonably free from the influence of American politics. Probably Mr. Harrison's administration has had the inevitable defects of inexperience. That he could suddenly acquire the skill and discretion needed for wise colonial administration was not to be expected. His disposition to discredit as far as possible the acts of his predecessors was unwise. Specific charges made against his rule could be either proved or disproved by unprejudiced investigation, and that is what the situation calls for. There is reason to believe that President Wilson retains an open mind as to the Philippines and desires only such a conduct of public affairs there as will be helpful to the natives of the islands and tend to develop their industries. We must assume, too, that much that has been done in the last three years has been done with that end in view. The best thing that could happen for the Philippines would be an increase of interest in the islands among enterprising Americans with capital to invest. The enormous potentialities of our Asiatic possessions are not half comprehended in this country. Meanwhile, there is no doubt whatever that the Republican Party intends to make the government of the Philippines an issue next year.

DEFILING OUR DRINKING WATER.

Bids were received on Tuesday for the plant for the treatment of the sewage of the hospitals on the Croton watershed, after nobody appeared at a hearing on the subject before the Governor. The inference that nobody was interested, and that it was safe to proceed, is shown to be wrong by the application for an injunction against the award by the Merchants' Association. Perhaps if the Governor had given a longer notice than from Saturday to Monday, and if he had fixed an hour for the hearing more convenient than a forenoon just following Sunday, he might have been in the position of the court in passing on the merits, rather than a defendant in company with those more interested in pressing their plans than in considering the public health.

The city has spent $200,000,000 in providing itself with pure water, and no small part of that sum was spent in removing villages from the region which the State promptly selected as the sites of public institutions sheltering perhaps a larger population than the city had removed. The Governor's justification for allowing the plans to go to the acceptance of bids for the purification plants is that he will require sewers to be built to carry the sewage through the watershed to the Hudson. If the sewers are perfect, why not dispense with the disposal works? If the disposal works are perfect, why provide the sewers? The fact that both are proposed discredits either alone and therefore both together. It is possible that either is perfect, but it is not certain. Therefore the proposal is to try experiments with a matter involving half the population of the State for the sake not of the few thousands in the public institutions concerned, but to save the face of those who have persisted with the discredited plans after plain warning that they would be opposed at every step to the end. It is amazing that the plan should be persisted with after the misadventures of the Bronx and Passaic sewers. The sewage works and the sewer to the Hudson will cost so much that the selection of the cheap sites is made costly. It would be cheaper to select other sites, but that is the lowest argument. It is worth money to set the rule that there shall be no sewage created anywhere near the water millions drink.

OBREGON ON CAROTHERS.

What about Mr. Carothers, who has played so large a part in Mexico in the last few years? The charges against him which General Obregon makes in his plea for the removal of this active special agent of our State Department from Mexican territory have been heard before, vaguely. There is nothing vague about Obregon's statement of them. He charges that Carothers has been a paid agent of Villa, that he has been favored with special privileges, and was promised valuable concessions in Chihuahua in case the Villa Government secured recognition. There was never a chance, however, that the Villa Government, if it could be called a Government, would be separately recognized; the best to be hoped for was that in the recognition of the Constitutionalists Villa and his contingent would be included. Mr. Carothers has been very close to Villa. It has been customary for the newspaper correspondents to think of him as one in the confidence of Villa, but it is unfair to judge a man from mere hearsay, and Mr. Carothers has been kept in the Chihuahua district by the State Department and frequently consulted.

Charges made against him by the Government recognized by the United States, however, cannot be ignored. It may well be doubted that Mr. Carothers has profited largely, in a material way, from his association with Villa. But he has probably been one of the factors in the muddling of the Mexican situation. The Administration has tolerated too much meddling on the part of its agents, in Washington and in Mexico. The inside history of the more or less well-intentioned mischiefmaking by American agents in Mexico since the retirement of Porfirio Diaz may make sorry reading some day. But since the unhappy era of Joel B. Poinsett the United States has been involved in innumerable muddles caused by its diplomatic and consular representatives in the republic south of our border.

GREENWICH VILLAGE.

Most folks who come to New York know little more of it than Broadway and Fifth Avenue. Yet what delightful secluded towns and villages are in it, far from the gadding crowd and the gaudy splendors of Lobsteria! Specially beloved to some of us, for instance, is all the Ninth Ward, and preterspecially Greenwich Village. Much celebration, too much, perhaps, has that good old clannish, friendly, neighborly hamlet had of late years, with its Old Home Week, its civic centre, and numerous uplifts. Greenwich Village: the name is a poem. Much most New Yorkers know about it. How many of them could find their way to Perry Street, where Ned Harrigan used to live, where, if we're not mistaken, lives Sim Sharp, surviving charter member of the Tough Club, which is tender and charitable, as far as can be from toughness, the maker of incomparable chowder, the friend of the poor and children.

Its house in West Fourteenth Street is frequented by the democratic, more or less prosperous historians, genealogists, Greenwich veterans, plumbers, boss truckmen, doctors, butchers, men of every profession and trade, but having, we are sure, the Greenwich habit of mind, genial, reflective, reminiscent, convinced that the real Hub of the Universe is Greenwich Village. No politics.

Well, the Tough Club has just had a chowder, and the name takes us back to Greenwich Village. How many of those young old fellows got through the night without reference to "the old Village House" on Bleecker Street? And, speaking of streets, an artist once lured a Bostonian Greenwichward. At the corner of West Tenth and West Fourth Streets, he of Trimountain blenched. "I can stand for a good deal," he said, "but when parallel lines "get drunk enough to stand at right "angles to each other, it's time for me "to go home." Now, one of the charms of the Village is that it's not only comfortable and quiet, but not quite like any other place in the world of New York.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Victorious, but Not Invulnerable.

When first Colonel Roosevelt and then President Wilson went to the writings of the estimable Ezekiel in search of support for their views and plans concerning national defense, they resorted to an expedient which they doubtless remembered as of frequent employment in their boyhood days. Adroitly used, it would then silence any antagonistic disputant, but in most circles it has fallen out of vogue in recent years, and most of us probably were surprised, to put it mildly, that either of these distinguished statesmen should have quoted as applicable to present conditions a declaration of policy and propriety made to meet tribal exigencies that arose many centuries ago.

At any rate, they invited trouble when they did it, and Mr. Bryan, who knows a thing or two about the Scriptures himself, promptly gave them a lesson in old-fashioned exegesis. And, saddening though it may be to admit it, Mr. Bryan, if he didn't exactly win the debate, made a rather better showing in it than did either of the others. One of them he severely jarred by saying that going to the Old Testament instead of the New for authority was precisely what would be expected of him, while the other he effectively reproved for doing the same thing contrary to expectation.

But Mr. Bryan is himself open to attack if those whom he assailed do not accept defeat too soon, for of course it was not possible for him to go further in criticism of an Old Testament worthy than to say that better guides than he are to be found. It wouldn't do at all for him to deny that Ezekiel was worthy of respectful attention, and he didn't. But he himself failed to read the prophet's words as carefully as he should, else would he have seen that the natural and inevitable implication of setting a watchman to blow a trumpet in case of danger is that those thus awakened should have arms within easy reach with which to defend themselves when they leap to their feet. The timely preparation of such an equipment is what both the President and the Colonel are demanding—and what Mr. Bryan declares it unnecessary to provide. Ezekiel wouldn't have agreed with him, and must stand or fall in esteem as being a good deal of a militant as an adviser.

Rights of a Sea Policeman.

When a policeman has, or thinks he has, reasonable grounds for subjecting to interrogation and the possibility of subsequent severities somebody whom he meets in the course of his rounds, he orders that person to consider himself under arrest. If this order is followed by resistance, the policeman subdues it if he can, and if it results in flight he draws his revolver and shoots, first to wound, or, that failing to stop the fugitive, to kill. In these proceedings the representative of the law is held justified, and little or no sympathy is wasted on his victim, whatever may happen to him.

Now the "rights" under international law of a war vessel with respect to merchantmen are analogous, not remotely, but rather closely, to those of the policeman. It can stop a merchant ship on fair suspicion, it can subdue resistance, and it can bring efforts at escape to an end by the use of its guns, but there is nothing in the codes any more than in common sense or common humanity that warrants any punishment of either the resistance or the flight after it has ceased, and to continue firing on the merchantman when she is stopped and helpless is to commit just such an act as would be that of the policeman who, after his arrest has been made and his prisoner is in a state of submission, should proceed to use on him his club or pistol. Killing in those circumstances would be murder and would be punished as such.

The relevance of these facts to current events is perfectly obvious. The Ancona committed no crime in trying to run away. She only risked the bombardment she got while in motion. Yet the dispatches from Berlin try to create the impression that the effort to escape was a full and adequate excuse for what happened after the steamer had yielded to superior force!

We Would Believe, But Can't.

One of our correspondents, a Cuban, declared in a letter printed on this page yesterday that his people, instead of disliking the United States or its inhabitants, are fond of—or, as he put it, loyal to—the country and people to which and whom they recognize a heavy indebtedness for important services rendered. He also asserted that the exclusion of English as a study from what he described as "some" of the Cuban schools was merely a bad blunder committed by a single official, and should not be regarded as significant of a governmental or popular animosity.

Now, doubts as to the accuracy of these statements are certainly not the result of any disinclination to believe them. On the contrary, we are all eager to accept them as true. And of course they are true of many Cubans—of all the intelligent and enlightened Cubans, we like to think. But that there are others, and not a few, who are restless under, and resentful of, the remnant of authority still exercised in the island by the United States has been reported so often and so authoritatively by American observers that denial of it does not carry full conviction. If the dropping of English from the Cuban public schools—not from "some" of them, but from all except three, according to seemingly trustworthy information—was the work of a single irreconcilable, why was not his vicious folly promptly rectified and his abuse of power reprehended as it deserved to be?

Whether or not English is taught to the children of Cuba is a matter of small importance to us, but it is one of very great importance to the children and to Cuba. The case for the study of a foreign tongue there is quite different from what it is here, and by no means the unjustifiable waste of brief and precious time that many of us think it is when our educational authorities yield to the urgings of racial vanity that come to them from various directions. An extra language is for our public school pupils little more than a pleasant accomplishment, acquired at the cost of not learning more useful things. For the Cuban child English, if not quite a necessity, is at least a highly desirable tool for daily use in the conduct of practical business, and without it his career will be severely limited.

AN OFFICIAL DENIAL.

Consul General Says Austria Did Not Smuggle Documents.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

When your valuable paper reproduced yesterday the charges of The Providence Journal concerning an alleged trick of this Consulate to misuse the American Red Cross and the New York Health Department for smuggling secret documents into Austria, I refrained from making an official denial because I thought that this fanciful report would not attract undeserved attention.

Since, however, The New York Times of this morning reverts to the question under the caption, "Serum Plot Feasible," I feel it my duty to inform you that the whole story is nothing but an addition to the series of malicious inventions upon which it is needless to enlarge.

Hoping that you will publish the above statement, I am, dear Sir,

Yours very truly,
ALEXANDER VON NUBER,
Consul General of Austria-Hungary.
New York, Nov. 11, 1915.

Whom the Slavs Favor.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mr. Benes's statement, made at a mass meeting of Slavs on Monday night, that "if Austria refuses to keep promises made regarding our national integrity and liberties, the time has come for us to place our lot with the Allies," sounds as though the Czechs were free to place their arms and sympathy where they will. The fact is that the sympathies of the Czech people have been with the Allies since the beginning of the war, but they were made helpless by the rigid military rule of Austria. By it they were forced into arms against the Allies; it also made a revolution in Bohemia impossible.

Austria cannot command the respect and love of the Slavs in her empire, because she did not keep the promises made to them. In the last twenty years Vienna has been the servant and vassal of Berlin. Little good could be expected for the Slavs from such an arrangement.

The Czechs look to the Allies for the establishment of national freedom, to which they have been aspiring since 1620. They know nothing may be expected in the event of Teutonic victory but bloody oppression, or even annihilation.

LUDMILA KUCHAR FOXLEE.
New York, Nov. 9, 1915.

A Most Persevering Sport.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

When shopping, no matter how busy I am, my ears are keyed up to that unmusical but terrific sound of the boy on roller skates, and if I am discouraged or downhearted nothing gives me newer life than to see one of these mad young exercise takers come to crashing grief against some pillar of society and then watch his hurt, offended little face study over the removal of his skates as an officer of the law stands by. But don't leave him there. Follow his limping figure as he drudges on the one skate he hadn't time to remove through a side street to Sixth Avenue, up a couple of blocks, then back through another side street to Fifth Avenue again, and, in the shadow of one of the mansions that still remain, replaces that other skate. And again the rumbling sound!

I ask you, could you help but love so persevering an outdoor sport?

ANNE LYTTON GREY.
New York, Nov. 9, 1915.

The Money Value of a Man.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Some years ago I read somewhere a statement which gave what the several so-called Christian nations of the world had estimated the money value of a man in the prime of life to the nation. It seems to me, if I can recollect correctly, that the worth of a man, as expressed by the different nations, ran all the way from $300 to nearly $1,000. However, this is but a faint recollection.

I have been endeavoring to find this data again, but have been unable to do so. Perhaps some of your readers may be able to advise me where the data may be found.

FRED. C. SLATER.
Sarnia, Ontario, Nov. 3, 1915.

IN THE RAIN.

In the rain!
We go a-tramping gayly, you and I,
We find a jest in all the passersby,
In truth, we laugh and know not really why,
We have a joy e'en of the wintry sky
Since that we are together, you and I,
In the rain.

In the rain!
We go a-plodding sadly, you and I,
We find no mirth in aught that passes by,
We've quarreled, and we know not really why,
The world of gloom is in the leaden sky
That weeps upon us, silent, you and I,
In the rain.

RUTH S. ALEXANDER.

ANGLO-FRENCH WAR TIES.

So Appreciative Are the French That to be British Is Embarrassing.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Since the 17th day of May last I have visited many parts of France, beginning with Calais and the war zone, where I met Belgian, British, and French soldiers from the front, and afterward far away from the war through La Bretagne and the Pyrenees, and in the course of the Summer have three times been to Paris. May I therefore say one or two things in reply to the article of T. H. Graves headed "French Find Fault with British Army"?

Speaking generally, so far from this being the case, it is actually embarrassing to be British, so anxious are the French people to show their appreciation of the fact that but for the intervention of the British France today would be in German power. They never expected nor were they ever led to expect such an army from England as is now in this country—over 800,000 men.

The British were understood to be ready to do two things under certain circumstances: (1) To be ready on the moment with the British Navy and with it to protect the whole coast of France from German aggression. (No one will dispute this was carried out to the letter.) (2) To send an expeditionary force to France of 150,000 men. (Up to date, I believe, more than three times that number have been killed, wounded, or taken prisoners, and still 800,000 remain, with more to follow.)

The French perfectly realize all this, and they also realize that when the British will be most useful is early next year. They can count on about a million more men, trained and equipped, and fresh from England, to reinforce the armies of France, fatigued by the hardships of the campaign of the coming Winter.

Notwithstanding all efforts, direct and indirect, to sow discord between the Allies, their mutual understanding remains perfect, and as to your contributor's suggestion that his "diplomatic friend entertained a lively hope that the English troops in the west would shortly be removed to the spheres of action," I have no hesitation in saying that no Frenchman, diplomatic or not, of any standing, would be guilty of such an assertion.

I find in all quarters a lively appreciation of the value to French soldiers of the tremendous staying powers, admitted by all, of the British, and they look upon the mixture of French and English armies as almost perfect. In this they hold the same opinion as Napoleon, who said he could conquer the world were he able to choose an army from these two countries, and so obtain the differing qualities of each.

As to preparedness for war, it is useless to say very much about this. The war is now on, and must be fought out. But France, the most threatened, was certainly not prepared for war as regards her army, and much more than is hinted at in the latter part of the article is true. Equipment that had been paid for was non-existent, and ammunition that was supposed to be ready was not to be found.

Great Britain, which has as a first line of defense the North Sea and Channel, only pretends to have a navy. This was ready—so ready and so awake that the plan that the Germans had made to destroy it fell through.

I do not say there is not some misunderstanding of Britain's share by those who know little or nothing of existing conditions. There are many Frenchmen who misunderstand Joffre's apparent lack of initiative and his long waiting. These people simply know nothing and their opinion is not worth considering. Both France and England fully realize the situation. They know it is grave. They know (even the peasants in far-off corners) that they must prepare for at least a year more. They are absolutely sure of ultimate victory. It is merely a question of time, cost in money, and cost in human lives.

I have known France for twenty years and I never could have believed that, added to the bravery which, as the world knows, they possess, they could when required add the finer tenacity they are now showing. I venture to say that this spirit of tenacity has been created among them by the knowledge that this time they are firmly allied with their redoubtable foe of other times—the British.

LAWRENCE GROVE.
Basses-Pyrenees, France, Oct. 1, 1915.

UNTRUTHFUL SPELLING.

Some Letters Are Brazen Liars, Some Only Suppress the Truth.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your correspondent, Mr. Fridenberg, as a champion of English undefiled, demands that our language be speld so as to preserv in the spelling the record of the history of the words. Spelling reformers ar glad to see in these words a promis that Mr. Fridenberg wil be with them at least to som extent. He wil, of course, favor getting rid of all the superfluus letters that hav been inserted in English words for no other purpos than to tel a lie about the history of the words.

The s in "island" was put in to suggest the false notion that the word was connected in its origin with "isle," and it does to this day suggest that false notion to many honest people; Mr. Fridenberg wil, of course, spel "iland" as it ought to be. The h and y in "rhyme" wer put in in order to suggest the false notion of a Greek derivation as in "rhythm"; Mr. Fridenberg wil spel "rime"—as, indeed, those who spel by dictionaries do spel it, for there is no prominent dictionary whose current edition spels "rhyme" unless you ar willing to take an edition thirty years old as current.

And in like manner, the ue in "tongue," the b in "crumb" and "limb," the l in "could," the c in "scythe" and "scion," and many such letters. Mr. Fridenberg will help us by dropping those out in his own riting, and he wil thus be very useful.

Perhaps he wil also drop those which, without exactly telling an etymological lie of a sort that anybody but specialists can understand, do not tel the truth about any stage in the history of the word. For instance, the silent e in "positive," "native," "active," &c. I kno the historical explanation of the origin of that untruthful e, but as long as we rite a silent e after u in all such words as "glue," "imbue," "rogue," "opaque," the e in "positive" is no record of the conditions that originated it—let alone the facts that even if we did spel "glu," &c., the e in "positive" would stil be a record that nobody but specialists would kno how to read, and that even if its meaning wer understood it would not be worth the trouble it makes.

But Mr. Fridenberg, as a student of the history of language, is, of course, not ignorant that when scolars start to investigate the history of any word the first thing they do is to reject as absolutely useless and misleading the evidence of any spelling that is not supposed to be fonetic. If anybody went into the meeting of any filological society and let it be known that his opinion of the history of a word had been influenced by a spelling which he did not think was ment to be fonetic, sombody would say that the time of the meeting ought not to be taken up with listening to opinions of that sort. Why should the public be fed on such evidence as scientific men unanimusly reject as worthless?

STEVEN T. BYINGTON.
Ballard Vale, Mass., Nov. 9, 1915.

Job for Forbes-Robertson.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The correct pronunciation of English is largely traditional, and, moreover, contains many vowel sounds that our Latin alphabet cannot symbolize. It is quite adequate for our spelling of words of Latin derivation, but fails for the Anglo-Saxon words whose vowel sounds are often different. Still, a standard is obviously needed, and, as runes cannot well be introduced into the alphabet, why not adapt the pronunciation of English to sounds that our own alphabet can symbolize? To this end I suggest that Sir Johnston Forbes-Robertson be retained to speak the entire dictionary (revised pronunciation) into the phonograph. Also the Bible and Shakespeare, (revised pronunciation,) so that his beautiful diction and matchless voice shall set a worthy standard for our misused but noble speech.

MARTIA LEONARD.
Mount Kisco, N. Y., Nov. 5, 1915.

JAPAN AND THE TIDE OF WORLD MOVEMENT.

A Plea That Americans Prepare for the Mutual Approach of the East and West by Concessions Based on Sympathy and Respect.

By CHUGO OHIRA.

New York, Nov. 9, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Americans and Japanese are such proud nations, with no stain of defeat in the pages of their history, that any lack of respect on one side will keenly be resented by the other. If they once crash, in all probability they will go the limit, bringing disaster to both countries. They are also practical nations. Why should they not try to understand each other with sympathy and respect and carefully refrain from a merely censorious attitude? Not only will the understanding have a salutary bearing on the relations of the two countries, but will certainly prove to be a blessing to all mankind. Is not the Pacific big enough to set up a star-spangled banner and a rising sun flag? Here lies a danger or an opportunity.

Now Japan for more than fifty years, through extensive study of Western institutions by her sons and daughters sent abroad, through world-wide travel, and through translations has been acquainting herself with all that is of permanent worth in Western civilization; and through the welcome of foreigners, both as residents and tourists; through the publication of literature describing her aims and progress, through scholars, religionists, as well as representative men, both as residents and tourists, sent on special commissions, she has done what she could to make the world understand her ambitions and the meaning of her civilization. Her compliment to Anglo-Saxon civilization is so great that the study of English is compulsory in all her secondary and higher schools; the names of American and British heroes are on the lips of every youth of Japan.

An interesting story is told about the young Crown Prince. When he was studying at the Peers' School he was once asked by an American visitor who was the greatest man that ever lived. "Abraham Lincoln," was his instant answer. He was then asked, "who comes next?" To which he replied, "my father." The story is simple, but tells much, especially in a country like Japan, where the Emperor is still held in the highest esteem and the people are widely understood to be extremely militaristic. In this characteristic laconic answer from a youth of the imperial family is it not clearly to be seen that the trend of Japanese education, ideals of Japanese and the far-reaching extent of American influence is probably more than any American could imagine? Not only is the spiritual civilization harmoniously welded into one with your own, but the material civilization has now so progressed that in Japan the traveler cannot fail to see nearly typical American cities in Tokio, Osaka, Kobe, and others.

Maybe I am wrong, but I firmly believe, and I think the majority of my countrymen share with me the same view, that the Japanese have reached a stage where, without disturbing other nations, they can ask their equality to be recognized. Japanese ambition is nothing more than obtaining equal standing with Western peoples. To this end she has labored now over fifty years. But what has she attained but recognition as a military power? Instead of improving, the status of Japanese abroad is in certain respects getting worse. Is it because of her fault or that of some one else?

Aside from such superficial things as Japanese primitive loyalty to the Mikado, blind obedience to the family head, their geishas, kimonos, and tiny wooden houses, how much does the average youth of the United States know of Japanese literature, philosophy, heroes, or history? In order to appeal to the public's curiosity the cheap writers and editors interpret only, and often with exaggeration, the funny and curious side of Japan and things Japanese, regardless of its undesirable bearing on the mutual approach of the East and West.

These interpretations are no doubt an offset to the Japanese yellow journalist who writes of the blind obedience of Americans to their wives, the barbarous lynchings, the street walkers, the mad rush after things material and so forth. They may satisfy the lower Japanese curiosity, but only curiosity, else the names of Washington, Franklin, Lincoln, Emerson, Longfellow, and other great men would not be on the lips of the Japanese youth.

What we ask of Americans is to spare a little more time to read or listen to George Kennan, whom I always think of and admire as the most astute observer of Japanese civilization, and writers like him, and to set the real facts of Japan beside the bogies of defective minds.

Americans may then understand wherein lies the strength of traditional Japanese civilization; what she has accomplished in assimilating Western civilization, and how eager she is to be friendly with the United States; that the intelligent public of Japan looks to the United States to take the lead in the peaceful solution of the possibly greatest question of the twentieth century—mutual approach of the West and East by mutual concessions based on mutual sympathy and respect, or a possible crash.

With this understanding, I believe, Americans, with their love for liberty, equality and fraternity, cannot help but sympathize with Japanese ambition and pay due respect to us Japanese. To my mind this sympathy and due respect are all that is needed in the maintenance of traditional, amicable relations between two countries. Without this understanding and sympathy peace cannot be looked for; world peace lies where one can walk side by side with others in the true sense of human equality. Human equality goes hand in hand with mutual sympathy and respect. Mutual sympathy and respect grow only when one tries to understand the other with an open mind.

What will be the answer of the sane American public to my voluntary appeal on behalf of our fellow-countrymen at home and abroad? Nothing can more emphasize the sincerity of our desire in this regard than the fact that in spite of our heartfelt resentment arising from the anti-alien land law in California, Japan has spent $2,000,000 in participating in the Panama-Pacific Exposition; that prominent men representing many classes of Japan—religion, education, business, labor, the press, and so forth, Japanese as well as Americans in sympathy with Japan's cause—have from time to time been dispatched on special commissions, culminating in the presence of some eleven newspaper men on the coast and in the coming three months' tour in this country of Baron Shibusawa and his party. It would not be far from the point to say that Japan has almost exhausted all the ways and means in her power to bring about the recognition of equal standing, not only in name, but also in reality, for the handful of Japanese in this country.

Is not now the time for Americans to pause and think and respond to our appeals for the sake of Japan and the United States as well as for the sake of the world at large? Should not human history tell us that it is beyond human power to stem the rising tide of the world movement? The wonderful progress of modern science has made the world small, to speak literally, and nothing can prevent its contact becoming closer and closer, either harmoniously or by crashing. This is, I believe, the world tide of today. Any movement against this tide is bound to end in failure.

CHUGO OHIRA.

TREASON BY THE MAIL.

An Envelope Which Carries on One Side an Outburst Against Soldiers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Inclosed please find an article being freely distributed through the mails, which is self-explanatory. If this does not constitute treason, then I do not know the meaning of that word. It would be bad enough if these were being distributed by hand personally, but when the machinery of the Government is being used for its distribution in an endeavor to hinder or destroy the building up and maintaining of a defense for that very Government, it would appear to me to be not only treason but treason compounded.

I am submitting this protest as a citizen who believes 't is a citizen's duty to take prompt and vigorous action against that which he considers to be not for the best interest of his country, and when it is further considered that I am giving my time and services freely as a soldier—Captain Coast Artillery Corps, N. G. N. Y.—because I feel that as long as I have the physical and mental requirements to so serve it is my duty to do so, my feelings regarding the publication inclosed can be better understood.

WILLIAM D. FINCKE.
New York, Nov. 10, 1915.

The inclosure is an envelope containing, in red letters, a diatribe against soldiers by Jack London, headed "A Good Soldier." It contains such expressions as: "He is not a man. He is not even a brute, for brutes only kill in self-defense. No man can fall lower than a soldier—it is a depth beneath which we cannot go." Below, still in red ink, is printed the address of the printer of the envelope, at a town in Kansas, with the announcement that "envelopes like these can be furnished at the following low prices, sent prepaid," and a price list.

Registration for Foreigners.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In view of the many recent explosions in our arms and munitions factories, of the many fires on ships plying between our ports and the ports of Europe, of the conspiracies partially discovered by our police, and of the attitude of Austria toward our manufacture and sale of arms and ammunition, would it not be well for our Government to adopt partially and temporarily the very efficient and excellent system of registration and police supervision employed by the German Empire?

Let every person of German birth be required to register at Police Headquarters. Under the penalty of a heavy fine (or imprisonment) he should be required to notify the police of even a temporary change of residence. A record of his age, occupation, property, and income should be on file. The records of those who have not been naturalized, especially of those who have entered the country within the last few years, should be more detailed. Every German citizen should be required to state why he was in this country, what his occupation was in Germany, and what he intended to do in the more immediate future. Much of this information Americans traveling or residing in Germany are obliged to give, as are the Germans themselves. It could not appear to any German as troublesome or out of the way that he should be required to satisfy our Government to the same extent that he is required to satisfy his own.

HELEN J. McKEE.
New York, Nov. 7, 1915.

EFFICIENCY TOY FACTORIES.

How Germany Leads the World in the Manufacture of Playthings.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Under the heading, "Children, Buy French Toys," Gouverneur Morris states that German toys are badly made, badly shaped, and hideously colored.

Mr. Morris is, to say the least, very badly informed! As a matter of fact, nearly all the fine toys shown in toy shops in this country today are of German origin. The German toy industry, originating in the homes of Thuringian and Saxonian peasants, has long since been developed to the highest degree. The merchandise is made in large, scientifically conducted factories, employing hundreds and in some instances thousands of workmen each. Trade schools, established in the toy centres of Germany, have educated the work people, fitting them to be the cleverest makers of toys in the world.

From the smallest woolly sheep or Teddy bear to the life-size lion or elephant, from the little toy engine to the big toy factory, toys that creep, walk, jump, cannon that shoot, magic lantern, movie picture shows, and a thousand other amusing playthings designed to bring joy to the little ones, have come to us from Germany.

The German doll factories of Thuringia turn out the most lifelike and beautiful creations imaginable—faces and bodies modeled by artists and made most substantially—almost unbreakable.

Aside from the larger and bulkier toys which are made in America, and a few cheap and trashy Japanese toys, you will find very few—if any—playthings originating elsewhere. So, if children are to buy only French toys, I fear the little darlings will be badly disappointed.

ONE WHO KNOWS.
Atlantic City, N. J., Nov. 9, 1915.

College Activities Explained.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Some misunderstanding may be caused by the letter signed "Protesting Parent" in your issue of Nov. 7. No Barnard College students have been compelled to participate in any social investigations, visits to charitable institutions, or war relief work against the desires of themselves or their parents.

It is true that many Barnard students are much interested in various social and philanthropic efforts, and that groups of them from time to time co-operate in the work of settlements and charitable organizations in New York City. Some of them also visit occasionally philanthropic and Government institutions. A number of them, moreover, volunteered to help raise money on Nov. 6 for the Polish Relief Fund.

All these activities are, however, voluntary, and it is the intention of the college authorities not to have them occupy an undue amount of time or interfere with regular academic work. If any student has reported to her parents that she has been forced to undertake such activities, this must have been due to some serious misunderstanding. Should any "protesting parent" disapprove of his daughter's social or philanthropic work he should address himself promptly and directly to the college authorities, who will most gladly investigate and to the best of their ability remedy his complaint.

VIRGINIA C. GILDERSLEEVE,
Dean of Barnard College.
New York, Nov. 8, 1915.

SOCIETY WOMEN IN PATRIOTIC CRUSADE

Plan to Begin on Dec. 1 a Campaign for Preparedness, with Petitions to Lawmakers.

AID SPECIAL RELIEF WORK

Volunteers to Serve in Getting the Signatures of Voters—A Ball for Purchase of Aeroplane.

Many society women in New York are interested in the campaign for preparedness which the Special Relief Society is engaged in. The society was organized last Winter by a group of society women with the idea of taking up anything that would serve to aid the city and country at large.

A meeting was held yesterday at the offices of the society, 597 Fifth Avenue, where plans were discussed and formulated for an active campaign in the matter of preparedness, to begin on Dec. 1. On this date slips or tickets setting forth the question of preparedness are to be distributed to every voter, through the district leaders. These individual signed petitions are then to be forwarded to the Senators or Congressmen, urging them to give support to adequate preparedness.

Mrs. William Alexander of the Hotel St. Regis is President of the society, Mrs. William Potter is Vice President, Mrs. John A. Logan, Jr., Secretary, and Mrs. T. J. Oakley Rhinelander, Treasurer.

Mrs. Alexander is leaving the first of next week for Washington, D. C., in interest of the campaign launched. The plan is to encourage a unity of spirit that will work for the cause of patriotism, preparedness, and efficiency.

Several branch societies have already been formed in near-by States, including Massachusetts and Pennsylvania, and the work is to be largely extended. These branch societies will work out their own schemes in the interest of patriotism, but will act under the general direction of the New York society.

The question of obtaining volunteers for the work was discussed yesterday, and many society women are to serve in this capacity, also as lieutenants and captains in the various city districts where the campaign will be continued with zest.

Last year the society worked in the interest of the unemployed, devoting their energies largely to unemployed women and the various vacation and home relief societies. The membership includes scores of the most prominent society women in New York.

Still another campaign for preparedness against aggression is under way, and announcements have just been sent out for a patriotic ball, which is to be given at the Hotel Biltmore on Dec. 8, to raise money for the purchase of an aeroplane to present to the coast defense of New York. The affair is to be under the auspices of a newly organized society called "Our Countrywomen of 1915." Mrs. E. D. Mosley of 1,038 Fifth Avenue is the President, Mrs. Thomas Slack, Vice President, and Miss Edith F. Ranger, Secretary.

WALLACE IRWIN TO WED.

Author Is Engaged to Miss Leatitia McDonald, a Writer, of Louisville.

Special to The New York Times.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 11.—The engagement of Miss Leatitia McDonald of Louisville, a young writer and leader of society, to Wallace Irwin, the author, of New York, was announced tonight by the parents of the bride-to-be. The wedding will be a quiet affair and will take place the evening of Jan. 5 in the presence of relatives and a few intimate friends.

Miss McDonald has not only scored in the literary field but has written several vaudeville sketches which have been successful. She met Mr. Irwin some time ago, but the courtship began only a few months ago. She is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Donald McDonald.

Miss Rebholz Weds F. J. Schill.

The wedding of Miss Katherine A. Rebholz, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Rebholz of this city, and Frederick J. Schill of Elmhurst, L. I., took place last evening in the Lutheran Church, Lexington Avenue and Eighty-eighth Street. The Rev. William Schoenfeld officiated.

The bride was attended by Miss Anna Rebholz, her aunt, who was matron of honor, and the Misses Gertrude Rebholz, a sister, and Florence Krieg.

John Kopf was best man. The ushers were George F. Rebholz and Rudolph Welke.

Passengers from Liverpool.

Among the passengers arriving yesterday from Liverpool on the St. Louis were:

C. R. Anderson, Mrs. R. Armstrong, J. H. Ashton, J. Ayer, Mrs. M. de Pardo Ayulo, Enrique Ayulo, Miss Maria Ayulo, Mr. and Mrs. A. Baron, Mrs. E. L. Baylies, Miss Kate Bell, W. T. Birch, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Sydney Brooks, J. S. Butler, A. D. Campbell, C. H. Cawn, Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Chamberlain, A. J. Chevalier, James Conway, Miss Emily Court, F. R. Culley, T. H. W. Curtis, Miss Dorothy Darrell, Mrs. F. Drake, Miss G. M. Durant, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Emmett, Miss M. Emmett, F. S. Evans, Mrs. V. E. Fans, Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Field, Mrs. A. B. Fry, F. H. Fullwood, Eustace Ganatt, C. R. Gill, E. T. Grew, G. Harris, Miss Constance Hasler, A. C. Henry, Dr. and Mrs. C. A. Holder, Miss Margaret Holder, E. S. Hornby, Colonel M. Hunorker, Mr. and Mrs. G. N. Illingworth, W. B. Jennings, J. R. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Joyner, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Lauder, Mrs. E. S. Macdonald, Miss Nellie Manning, S. F. Morris, J. A. Morton, Frederick Palmer, Miss J. Oswald, Mr. and Mrs. R. Wayne Parker, Mr. and Mrs. H. Price, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Putnam, C. Radburn, T. Raillon, Miss R. Ray, H. K. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Sellers, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Shaw, Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Stewart, H. P. Thomas, Mrs. J. Toney, F. S. Tyler, Miss M. L. Von Vorst, W. H. Watt, and C. T. Wilson.

SUWANEE BALL AT ASTOR.

Southern Society Gives the First of Its Season's Dances.

The Suwanee ball, the first of the Southern Society's dances this season, was held last night in the grand ballroom of the Hotel Astor. The affair began at 9:30 o'clock. Besides the general dancing, Neapolitan singers entertained the guests in the intervals between the dances.

The patronesses included Mrs. John Purroy Mitchel, Mrs. Robert Adamson, Mrs. George Gordon Battle, Mrs. G. S. Bertron, Mrs. J. Herbert Claiborne, Mrs. William D. Buckner, Mrs. F. Graham Cootes, Mrs. W. W. Fuller, Mrs. Stuart G. Gibboney, Mrs. A. W. Haywood, Jr., Mrs. Percy S. Mallett, Mrs. John N. Moore, Mrs. Frank L. Polk, Mrs. W. B. Pritchard, Mrs. H. Grantland Rice, Mrs. Lindsay Russell, Mrs. Stephen L. Snowden, Mrs. Algernon Sidney Sullivan, Mrs. Archibald R. Watson, and Mrs. W. Gill Wylie.

A number of dinners were given before the dance.

FASHION FETE FOR WAR FUND.

Roger B. de Monvel's Play to Serve as a Setting for Paris Gowns.

A two-act play written for the occasion by Roger Boutet de Monvel will serve as a setting for the gowns to be shown at the Paris fashion fête to take place at the Ritz-Carlton for the benefit of a war charity in the week beginning Nov. 22. The French author was wounded at Ypres and has come to this country to superintend the staging of his comedy.

The gowns shown have been sent by the La Grande Couture Française, and each of its nine members has forwarded some ten or twelve gowns. There are to be frocks from all the leading Paris ateliers. Out of 600 applicants to act as mannequins, forty-six have been selected and most of them are Americans.

The patronesses include Mrs. Frank Gray Griswold, Mrs. Ernest Iselin, Mrs. Ogden Mills, Mrs. F. W. Vanderbilt, and Mrs. Vincent Astor.

Richard H. Reid Left $15,000.

Richard I. Reid applied to Surrogate Ketcham in Kings County yesterday for letters of administration in the estate of his father, Richard H. Reid, a Wall Street broker, who committed suicide at his home, 204 Keap Street, Brooklyn, on Oct. 30. Although Mr. Reid was reputed to be a man of wealth, he left an estate amounting to only $15,000, according to the petition.

Phi Gamma Delta Dines O. H. Cheney

The New York alumni of the Phi Gamma Delta Fraternity gave a dinner last night in honor of Orrin H. Cheney, National President of the fraternity. Mr. Cheney is President of the Pacific Bank of 470 Broadway. The dinner was held in the clubhouse of the fraternity at 34 West Forty-fourth Street and was attended by about 125 men. Andrew A. Adams was the toastmaster, and among the speakers were Barrett O'Hara, Allen Dawson, and Walter E. Atkinson of Pittsburgh.

Miss Florence Vail Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Harriott Vail of Brooklyn announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Florence Vail, to Ralph Vinton Lyon Hartley of this city, formerly of Salt Lake City, Utah. Miss Vail is a graduate of Packer Institute, and Mr. Hartley was graduated from the University of Utah and Oxford University, England. No date has been set for the wedding.

Wills-Strong Engagement.

Mrs. Charles John Wills of 321 West Ninety-fourth Street announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Helen Gertrude Wills, to Carll Webster Strong, son of the Rev. Dr. Charles R. Strong and Mrs. Strong of Plainfield, N. J. No date has been set for the wedding.

SCHLOSS—JACOBS.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Schloss of 255 West Ninety-fifth Street have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Cecilia Gertrude Schloss, to Sigmond Jacobs of 118 West 118th Street.

ROSENSTEIN—SEYDEL.

The Rev. and Mrs. Hugo Heyman of 938 St. Nicholas Avenue announce the engagement of their cousin, Miss Lydia Rosenstein, to Theodore Seydel.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Lowell Lincoln, Jr., will give a dance for her débutante daughter, Miss Maryanna Ludlow Lincoln, on Jan. 13, in the ballroom of the New Colony Club.

A subscription dinner and dance is to be held tonight at the Baltusrol Golf Club, Baltusrol, N. J., the hostesses including the leading women of the club colony.

Mrs. French Vanderbilt arrived here yesterday from Newport and is staying at the Ritz-Carlton.

Mr. and Mrs. Gurnee Munn, (Miss Marie L. Wanamaker,) who have been in Scotland, plan to sail shortly for this side, returning in time for Thanksgiving.

Mrs. Henry Wehrhane of Broad Acres, Llewellyn Park, N. J., will give a dance on New Year's Eve for her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Herbert Gardiner Lord, Jr.

Miss Blanche Nevin, the sculptress, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Shoemaker at their city home, 21 West Fifty-third Street.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Fred G. Latham, who stages all of Victor Herbert's operettas, has been engaged to direct the rehearsals of the Viennese musical play "Sybil," in which Julia Sanderson, Donald Brian, and Joseph Cawthorn will be starred this Winter.

Rennold Wolf and Channing Pollock yesterday delivered the book of a musical comedy to the Charles Frohman Company. The title and cast will be announced shortly.

Madison Corey, Henry W. Savage's general manager for a number of years, has resigned that position to make a production on his own account. L. C. Wiswell has been appointed his successor in the Savage offices.

Following her engagement in "Miss Information" at the Cohan Theatre, Elsie Janis will rest for several weeks at her new home, Philipse Manor House, Tarrytown. She will then be presented in a new play under Charles Dillingham's direction. Several plays are being considered, one a musical comedy. If the latter is decided upon, Miss Janis will write the lyrics.

On the stage of the Belasco Theatre, Washington, where May Irwin is appearing in "33 Washington Square," the comedienne held a reception Wednesday night for Geraldine Farrar, Walter Damrosch, Mischa Elman, and the members of the New York Symphony Orchestra, who gave recitals in the afternoon and saw the performance of her play at night.

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MANAGERS' EDICT TO TICKET AGENCIES

"Return Seats Bought in Advance from Klaw & Erlanger or Lose Association's Supply."

FIRM ASKS FOR A DELAY

And an Ally Reports That If Matter Is Dropped There Will Be No More Infractions of Agreement.

At another conference held yesterday afternoon in the Hotel Astor the theatre managers followed up their action at Tuesday's meeting by instructing William J. Fallon of the Tyson Company to instruct the agencies which bought tickets in advance for Klaw & Erlanger's "Around the Map," in violation of the agreement of the managers, to return the tickets to Klaw & Erlanger under penalty of having their supply from the theatres of the other managers cut off in case of refusal to do so. Mr. Fallon sent a letter to the agencies holding the tickets after the meeting.

At the conference of Tuesday Mr. Fallon had been instructed to notify Klaw & Erlanger that they must recall the tickets or be dropped from the organization. He reported yesterday that Klaw & Erlanger claimed the letter containing the action of the other managers had not reached them, and when he read a copy of the letter to them they asked for a little time to consider the matter. A manager who has always been a Klaw & Erlanger ally reported at yesterday's conference that if the matter were dropped there would be no more infractions of the agreement as far as this firm was concerned.

The meeting, however, showed no inclination to compromise, adopting by a unanimous vote instead a motion to order the return of the tickets. It is said that about fourteen agencies bought tickets in advance. The number of tickets included in the "sell out" was said to be 200 a night for a period of eight weeks.

Mr. Fallon said last night he had talked to some of the agencies and that he thought most of them would accept the mandate of the organization and return the tickets.

If Klaw & Erlanger refuse to take them back and refund the money the agencies will lose the money they paid for them. Such a contingency would bring about a curious situation—there would be a large block of seats for "Around the Map" issued for every performance during the remainder of the period which the agencies would own but could not sell if they desired to continue as agents for the other managers. The theatre managers having sold the seats once could not do so again, which would leave them unoccupied. However, the general belief was that Klaw & Erlanger would take back the tickets rather than be isolated from all the other managers.

It was the sense of yesterday's meeting that it would be a great mistake to return to cut-rate tickets. Managers who were formerly in favor of selling tickets below box office prices to bolster up the less successful plays expressed themselves as convinced that the adherence to regular prices demanded by the agreement was helping the theatre.

The meeting was adjourned sine die to await the report of Mr. Fallon.

HARRY LAUDER HERE AGAIN.

He Talks a Little of the War and His Scotch Comedy, "Jimmie."

Harry Lauder arrived yesterday on the St. Louis to begin his eighth annual American tour on Monday. The Scotch comedian says he is going to do all he can to forget the war and devote his energies to making the American public laugh. He has some new songs, most of them original, which he says the English public has voted the best he has ever sung.

Mr. Lauder has been spending his spare time singing to the wounded soldiers in the hospitals of Scotland and England and encouraging men to recruit. His only son, John, is in France serving as a Captain in the First Eight of the Argyle and Sutherland Lancers. He has been twice wounded and sent home to recuperate.

"I do not believe there will be conscription," said Mr. Lauder at the Claridge yesterday afternoon with his best Scotch burr. "We have plenty of men and we will get through as volunteers and that will be a record that has never been equaled."

"You promised you were not going to talk about the war," Mrs. Lauder broke in.

"I'm not talkin' aboot th' war, Mither," he answered. But just the same he took the cue and switched to another subject. He said he had written a play called "Jimmie" that would be produced in London next August. It is a Scotch comedy with its scenes laid in a "hoose" the night before a wedding, "th' heatin' o' th' hoose." The play is autobiographical and the characters are drawn from the families of Mr. and Mrs. Lauder.

"I hope ye have made it a bit theatrical, then," said Mrs. Lauder, when she heard this.

Subsequently William Morris, the comedian's American manager, expects to produce the play here. This afternoon Mr. Lauder will attend the Hippodrome show to see John Philip Sousa, a fellow circumnavigator.

CLAMOR FOR OPERA SEATS.

A Throng in Line at Metropolitan When First Week's Sale Opens.

The seat sale for the first week of opera at the Metropolitan Opera House opened yesterday morning at a quarter to nine. As usual there was a clamoring throng in line when the doors were opened, the first man having taken up his position in line at 2.10 A. M., according to opera house observers. The buyers were admitted to the lobby one hundred at a time, so that speculators could be detected.

The subscription for Monday nights is so large that there are never more than a few seats available for public sale on that night, and within a short time all of the tickets for the opening night had been sold. Subsequent applicants were indignant, and charged the opera house with disposing of them to speculators. One woman insisted to Treasurer Earle Lewis that the house should provide men to follow every buyer of seats to the sidewalk to see whether he turned over his tickets to speculators, and, if he did, take them from him.

Mr. Lewis said the sale for the first week had been unusually heavy.

Villard a Philharmonic Director.

Announcement has been made by the Philharmonic Society that Oswald Garrison Villard, proprietor of The Evening Post, has just been elected a Director of the orchestral organization. He has been identified with the society as one of its supporters for many years. His election brings the number of Directors up to ten, the others being Richard Arnold, Mrs. George L. Cheney, James D'W. Cutting, Rudolf E. F. Flinsch, Mrs. William Jay, Felix F. Leifels, Henri Leon Le Roy, Nelson S. Spencer, and Samuel A. Tucker.

MISS GUIOMAR NOVAES PLAYS

A Young Brazilian Pianist Makes a Favorable Impression.

A young woman whose name, Guiomar Novaes, has an entirely unfamiliar sound in New York, appeared here for the first time yesterday afternoon and gave a pianoforte recital in Aeolian Hall. She is a Brazilian by birth, and her musical education was obtained in Paris under Isidor Philipp. As a musician she does credit to her native land as well as to the land that taught her. South America has not yet been prolific of musicians, but Miss Novaes may yet find some title to have her name spoken with that of Teresa Carreno, who came from Venezuela. She is well equipped with the fleet and fluent and generally accurate technique that is expected as a matter of course from public pianists of these days. She has an unusual command of a richly colored tone from the instrument, in all ranges of power; and her tone is full and round, also in all ranges of power, without losing its beauty in the loudest passages. These things hint at a musical feeling; and Miss Novaes showed in her brilliant performance an abundance of such feeling. It had not the brilliancy of a virtuoso's playing, the search for brilliancy for its own sake; for there are much grace and charm, much poetic and deeply musical feeling in her playing, as well as a certain glowing vitality; and nothing of an attempt to dazzle or to make a personal display. There are some things that perhaps she will cast from her in the course of her artistic development; the love of dynamic contrasts so intense sometimes as to be extreme; a similar love of contrasts in tempi. But these are not frequent enough now seriously to disturb her listeners; and there is very much in her playing to give them great artistic pleasure, and to promise them a growth in the future into an even riper musicianship.

Miss Novaes played the monstrous structure that Mr. Busoni has derived from the Chaconne in Bach's D minor violin suite as something of itself musical and with a feeling for its proportions and the composition of its outlines not always entertained or expressed by pianists intent on piling up its cumulative sonorities. Her performance of Beethoven's sonata Op. 31, No. 2, was full of its romantic spirit, of fire and passion not exaggerated for the sake of effects. Her program contained also Schumann's "Carnaval," in which she showed poetical fancy, imagination, picturesque detail and rich tonal coloring; Brahms's B minor Capriccio from his Op. 76 played with the grace, insinuating rhythm and intimacy of feeling that it demands but sometimes does not obtain from its interpreters; the Berceuse and two Preludes by Chopin, and a concert étude by Moszkowski. Miss Novaes gave great and evident pleasure to her listeners, and established herself as one of the better and more interesting of recent additions to the phalanx of pianists.

PHILHARMONIC CONCERT.

Pablo Casals, 'Cellist, the Soloist—Haydn, Mozart, Beethoven Played.

The appearance of Pablo Casals, the Spanish violoncellist, as soloist at last evening's Philharmonic concert brought to the hall a much larger audience than was to be seen there at the first evening concert of the organization two weeks ago. It was an audience, indeed, that filled the hall quite to its capacity, and that was much delighted by Mr. Casals's playing. The orchestra numbers were Mozart's symphony in G minor and Beethoven's "Eroica."

Mr. Casals made some of the most notable contributions to the music of last season and quite justified his fame as one of the greatest masters of his instrument. His reappearance this season is welcome. He played last evening Haydn's Concerto in D major with a marvelous polish, grace and flexibility of style, and with the supreme art that conceals art and that effaces from the total effect all traces of effort and of the means by which the effect is achieved. His unfailing accuracy of intonation, his elastic and finished bowing, the dexterity with which he solves all the problems of the left hand in stopping are a joy to lovers of the stringed instruments. Fullness and richness of tone are not his strongest point; but his tone never lost its quality of beauty even in the most elaborate passage work. And above and beyond all these things are the command of style, the authority and poise, and the musical charm of his interpretation. No wonder that he was much applauded.

Mr. Stransky gave a singularly stiff, perfunctory, and unyielding performance of Mozart's entrancing symphony, which might have led some to suppose him not in full sympathy with its essential characteristics. They are, to be sure, not of a sort to appeal to one whose chief interests are, very naturally, directed toward the most modern manifestations of music. And yet his symphony of Mozart's is intensely alive today, and is really worthy of all that modern conductors can do in the way of understanding it. The orchestra showed much that was praiseworthy in the matter of tone and accuracy.

TO VOTE ON DRUG COMBINE.

Riker-Hegeman Shareholders to Hold Meeting Dec. 6.

A formal meeting to obtain the consent of the necessary 75 per cent. of the stockholders of the Riker & Hegeman Company to a merger of that company with the United Drug Company will be held on Dec. 6 at 340 West Fourth Street.

The transfer of the controlling interest of the company to the United Drug Company was arranged Oct. 16 by George J. Whelan and his associates. The arrangement made by Mr. Whelan with Louis K. Liggett, head of the United Drug Company, calls for an exchange of $100 in common and $45 in second preferred 6 per cent. stock of the United Drug Company for each $100 share of common stock of the Riker & Hegeman Company. Arrangements will be made whereby the minority stockholders will be able to obtain the same terms of exchange as the majority holders.

New Russian Baritone Heard.

Albert Gregorowich Janpolski, a Russian baritone, gave his first song recital at Aeolian Hall last night. His program comprised older music in Italian, a group of modern songs in German, seven Russian and Polish folk-songs, with art songs by Rachmaninoff and Gretchaninoff, some of them marked as being sung for the first time here, and a final group of songs in English, most of them by American composers. It must be confessed that Mr. Janpolski's recital contained more interest for the material presented than for the manner of its presentation, for his vocal style is marred by some of the same defects that have lately been exhibited by other singers of his nation, chief a throaty, constricted voice production. Umberto Martucci played the accompaniments well.

Orders Sale of Nordica's Furs.

Special to The New York Times.

FEEHOLD, N. J., Nov. 11.—Counsel for the heirs of Mme. Nordica Young under her will, dated 1914, object to the proposed sale of the singer's furs. Judge Rulif V. Lawrence today made an order empowering Senator Henry E. Ackerson, Jr., of Keyport, as temporary receiver, to sell sufficient of the furs to pay outstanding obligations of about $4,000, including storage charges, unless the objecting heirs advance the funds.

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PROF. FITZ G. TISDALL OF CITY COLLEGE DEAD

Greek Instructor and Member of Faculty for More Than 50 Years a Victim of Pneumonia.

Fitz Gerald Tisdall, Professor of Greek Language and Literature in the College of the City of New York and one of the best known educators of the country, died early yesterday morning of pneumonia in his apartments in the Hotel Beresford, Eighty-first Street and Central Park West. He had been ill only five days.

For more than half a century Professor Tisdall had taught in the college, and in those years many men now prominent in affairs sat under him. He was himself a graduate of the class of '59.

Professor Tisdall was born in this city on March 15, 1840. His father was Fitz Gerald Tisdall, who settled in Greenwich, N. Y. His mother was Elizabeth Ann Clute, member of the Clute family of Schenectady, who came originally from Holland. Professor Tisdall could trace his ancestry back to the family of Viscount Canning, who was Governor General of India at the time of the Sepoy rebellion.

The activities of Professor Tisdall included tutor in the New York Free Academy, a position he held between 1860 and 1879, and Director of Cooper Union Schools of Science and Art, 1870 to 1879. For many years he lived in Woodbridge, N. J., and he became interested in the educational system there.

When the draft riots occurred in 1863 Professor Tisdall was one of the men who responded upon the side of law and order. He hastened to the Seventh Regiment, and was one of the men armed and sent out to suppress the riots. The regiment was then at the front, and the Professor remained on duty until order was restored.

Always of a mathematical turn of mind, his mental relaxation was in the playing of chess. One of his feats is still remembered by some of those who knew him in early life. There was a great chess tournament held in the Academy of Music, and a notable event of it was a series of games played by Professor Tisdall. He played six games simultaneously.

The alumni and the Professors of the college in 1910 celebrated the Professor's fifty years of service. There was a dinner on May 1 of that year, at which he was the guest of honor. The occasion was marked by the presentation to the college of a portrait of the Professor. The presentation speech was made by his college mate, Everett P. Wheeler, '56.

Professor Tisdall received the honorary degree Ph. D. from the New York University in 1874. He made several tours abroad, studying educational systems. He belonged to the Archaeological Institute of America, the American Philological Association, the Phi Beta Kappa, Delta Kappa Epsilon, and the University and City College Clubs. He is survived by his wife, who was Miss Florence V. Rodrigue.

Mrs. Margaret K. Armour.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 11.—Mrs. Margaret K. Armour, widow of Simeon B. Armour, the packer who founded the Kansas City plant of Armour & Co., died here today in her eighty-first year. Since her husband's death, sixteen years ago, she has been active in charitable work. Mrs. Armour became prominent in 1911, when she sued her trusted companion, Miss Harriet Byington, for $142,000 in bonds, which she was said to have taken from Mrs. Armour's safe deposit box. Miss Byington returned about $30,000 worth of property she had bought with the bonds, but denied that she ever remembered taking any bonds. The case was eventually dropped, as Mrs. Armour did not care to prosecute.

Obituary Notes.

WILLIAM BARTELL, a retired paper-box manufacturer, died yesterday at his home, 3,062 Kingsbridge Terrace, Kingsbridge, in his sixty-eighth year.

HENRY THOMPSON, believed to be the oldest Odd Fellow in New Jersey, if not in the country, died yesterday at his home in Washington, N. J. Mr. Thompson was 92 years old, and was the father-in-law of John D. Cornish, with whom he lived.

FRANCISCO A. BERGAGNI, a veteran of Garibaldi's red-shirt brigade, died at his home in Washington yesterday. Mr. Bergagni was well known to Italians all over the United States by his poems.

Mrs. MARY REINHARDT, wife of William Reinhardt, died on Wednesday at her home, 25 Conselyea Street, Brooklyn, at the age of 61 years. She was a lifelong resident of the borough and an active member of Grace Episcopal Church. Besides her husband she left a son and a daughter.

CHARLES ELLINGHAM, for thirty-eight years employed by the American Sugar Refining Company and prominent in Foresters of America circles, died yesterday at his home, 537 McDonough Street, Brooklyn, aged 55 years. Mr. Ellingham was the Treasurer and a Past Deputy Grand Chief Ranger of Court Eve, F. of A., and one of the organizers of the Foresters Club of Brooklyn. He left a wife and three daughters.

Mrs. LYDIA FOWLER died on Wednesday at her home, 93 Main Street, Flushing. She was 33 years of age and the wife of Harvey A. L. Fowler, a jeweler of that village.

Mrs. ROSE SCHREIBER LEHMANN, wife of Dr. E. Lehmann, died yesterday from typhus fever at her residence, 194 Ridgewood Avenue, Brooklyn. Mrs. Lehmann was stricken last January. Her husband is a well known dental surgeon of East New York.

Mrs. MARY McGOVERN HASKINS, 55 years old, widow of John Haskins, formerly Superintendent of the Pierre Lorillard Tobacco Company, died on Wednesday at her home, 273 Warren Street, Brooklyn, from diabetes.

ALFRED FRASER, a retired merchant, died on Wednesday at his home at Port Washington, L. I., in his seventy-sixth year. Mr. Fraser was born in London, England, and came to this country as a boy. For a number of years he lived in Brooklyn, and in 1882 he removed to Port Washington. Mr. Fraser is survived by five daughters and three sons.

JOHN NIMMO, a civil war veteran and formerly the proprietor of a chain of bakeries in Manhattan and Brooklyn, died on Wednesday at his home in Jersey City, N. J., from apoplexy. Mr. Nimmo was born in Brooklyn seventy years ago and lived there for almost fifty years. When the civil war began he enlisted with the 139th Regiment of Brooklyn and served for three years. He was a Past Master of Star of Hope Lodge, No. 430, F. and A. M.

THEODORE S. VALENTINE, a pioneer ink manufacturer and the Secretary and Vice President of the Sinclair & Valentine Company of 611 West 129th Street, died suddenly yesterday afternoon at the Hahnemann Hospital after an operation. Mr. Valentine was born in Roslyn, L. I., seventy-one years ago, and had been engaged in the ink manufacturing business for more than a quarter of a century. He lived in New Canaan, Conn., and left a wife and three daughters.

Mrs. M. ALICE TAFT, formerly Principal of the Mattituck (L. I.) Union School and long active in the Presbyterian Church in that village, died at her home on Tuesday. She is survived by a son, Henry D. Taft, for many years with The Riverhead News, and a daughter, Miss Byrd Taft.

Mrs. EMMA KENNEDY, wife of Andrew S. Kennedy, proprietor of the Hotel Kensington, in Sayville, L. I., died there yesterday. She was 48 years of age.

Mrs. RACHEL PARKER MILSNER, 73 years old, wife of Lewis Milsner, a wholesale jeweler and automobile dealer, died from paralysis on Wednesday at her home, 1,653 East Ninth Street, Flatbush. She is survived by her husband, a daughter, and four sons, Dr. Henry Milsner, Jacob, a public schol teacher; Martin, and Emanuel.

GEORGE GEMUNDER, a violin maker and a member of a family of violin makers, died on Wednesday at his home, 1 North Henry Street, Long Island City, in his fifty-eighth year.

FRANCIS ANTHONY EUGENE DE BULLET of Baltimore, Md., died on Wednesday night in Centre Cross, Va., in his eighty-seventh year.

HENRY PETZOLD of Boiling Springs Avenue, Rutherford, N. J., died on Wednesday at his home in his seventy-sixth year.

ABRAHAM L. TURNER, for several years with the firm of Rouse & Turner, pottery manufacturers, and later with the Standard Pottery, died yesterday at his home, 173 Madison Avenue, Elizabeth, N. J., aged 54 years. For the last five years he had been employed in Kokomo, Ind., with the Great Western Pottery Company. He was a native of Jersey City.

JOHN F. MARION, 48 years old, of 30 Condict Street, Jersey City, a member of the Hudson County bar since 1889, died yesterday, suddenly, of pneumonia.

Dutton's
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FIGHT MOB OF CHILDREN.

Police Called to Control 25,000 Guests of Rockefeller.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 11.—The police were called this morning to restore order when 25,000 school children, guests of John D. Rockefeller, stormed the doors of the Wigmore Coliseum to attend the flower show. So great was the crush when the doors were opened that several children fainted, and one boy was trampled and badly injured. It required the services of 100 policemen and a score of firemen to restore order.

Mayor Baker, Chief of Police Rowe, and school officials held a conference this afternoon at which it was decided to rope off the streets around the Coliseum tomorrow and form the children in long lines when 50,000 more, guests of Mr. Rockefeller, apply for admission. Most of the children today were from the East Side schools. After they had fought frantically for half an hour to gain admission, they finally were formed into lines and admitted two by two. The lines stretched through the neighboring streets, blocking all traffic. More school children will be admitted as guests of Mr. Rockefeller on Saturday. In all, he will entertain 100,000 at an expense of $20,000.

BARON VERNON DEAD.

Captain of Derbyshire Yeomanry Was Once in Diplomatic Service.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—Baron Vernon, Captain of the Derbyshire Yeomanry, is dead at Malta.

Baron Vernon was in his twenty-eighth year and was the eldest son of the late Baron, and his brother was the former Miss Frances Lawrence, a daughter of Francis C. Lawrence of this city. Baron George Francis Augustus Venables-Vernon was the eighth to succeed to the title, which was created in 1728. He succeeded his father in 1898.

Baron Vernon was formerly in the diplomatic service, having been the Honorary Attaché at Constantinople in 1908 and attached to the Legation at Munich from 1909 until the outbreak of the war. He was a page at King Edward's Coronation. The Hon. Francis W. L. Venables-Vernon, a Lieutenant in the Royal Navy, will succeed to his estate of 9,000 acres. Baron Vernon was unmarried.

McADOO'S SON-IN-LAW DIES.

C. T. Martin Succumbs to Pneumonia—Widow Leaves Los Angeles.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Charles Taber Martin of Los Angeles, a son-in-law of Secretary McAdoo, died early today of pneumonia at the Secretary's home here. President Wilson went to the house to extend his sympathy before 9 o'clock.

Mr. Martin was the husband of the former Miss Harriet McAdoo. No arrangements for the funeral have been made.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 11.—Mrs. Harriet McAdoo Martin, daughter of the Secretary of the Treasury, left here this afternoon, in spite of a diphtheria quarantine, for Washington, where her husband, Charles T. Martin, died today. Nina, her only child, has been ill of diphtheria. Mrs. Martin left the baby in charge of a trained nurse.

Harris G. Eames.

Harris G. Eames, a lawyer of Brooklyn, with an office at 215 Montague Street, and formerly for thirteen years court reporter for The Brooklyn Daily Eagle, died yesterday from acute indigestion at his home, 730 East Eighteenth Street, Flatbush. Mr. Eames was born in Newark, N. J., forty-eight years ago, and was graduated from the Yale University Law School at the age of twenty-two years. For five years he was Postmaster of West Haven, Conn., and then came to Brooklyn, where he was employed as a reporter on The Standard Union and later in the Brooklyn office of The New York Herald. In 1901 he became court reporter for The Brooklyn Eagle, and resigned from this position last year to practice law. Mr. Eames was a member of Annawan Lodge, No. 115, F. and A. M., of West Haven, Conn.; the Brooklyn Bar Association, the American Legion, the Flatbush Democratic Club, the Central Young Men's Christian Association of Brooklyn, and of Plymouth Church. He is survived by his wife, two brothers, and a sister.

B. Franklin Lieber.

B. Franklin Lieber, a Fellow of the Royal Geographical Society and one of the best-known codifiers, died yesterday at his home in London, England, in his sixty-third year. He was born in Philadelphia and went abroad to live fifteen years ago. Mr. Lieber was President of the Lieber Code Company, Incorporated, and had translated his code into four languages. He was a member of an old Philadelphia family, and was a member of a number of the most prominent London clubs, including the Authors', Queen's, Junior Athenaeum, and Hurlingham. His wife and daughter survive him.

Dr. Z. X. Snyder.

GREELEY, Colo., Nov. 11.—Dr. Z. X. Snyder, aged 65, President of Colorado State Teachers' College for twenty-three years, died today of anemia. Dr. Snyder was born in Westmoreland County, Penn. He was graduated from Waynesburg College in 1875. After several years' teaching in the public schools of Pennsylvania, Dr. Snyder became President of the State Normal School at Indiana, Penn. In 1898 he came to the Colorado State Teachers' College.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married

ALFORD—SMITH.—On Nov. 11, 1915, at Grace Church, N. Y. City, by the Rev. Howard R. Weir, Eleanor C. Smith to Arba K. Alford. Montreal and Winsted (Conn.) papers please copy.

BROWNE—LOPEZ.—On Nov. 10, at Fourth Presbyterian Church, by the Rev. Ereckson, Madeleine Caillier Lopez to Joseph Emmett Browne.

DAY—HEFELE.—On Nov. 10, 1915, Mary Ruth Hefele to Edward Cornelius Day.

CLARK—KIRCHWEY.—Nov. 9, Freda Kirchwey to Evans Clark.

Brooklyn.

EICHHORN—GARVEY.—Nov. 10, Bernadette F. Garvey to Louis C. Eichhorn.

HENCKEL — KOUWENHOVEN. — Nov. 10, Sarah Du B. Kouwenhoven to George C. Henckel.

LENIHAN—COLLIGAN.—Nov. 10, Irene Colligan to Bernard Lenihan.

NEUBERT—EICH.—Nov. 7, Josephine Eich to John H. Neubert.

NOLLMAN—BUTTLING.—Nov. 10, Beatrice Buttling to Alfred H. Nollman.

Jersey City and Newark.

DELATUSH—ACHESON.—Nov. 10, Jersey City, Edith L. Acheson to John C. Delatush.

DYER—KESSNER.—Nov. 10, Newark, Clare Kessner to Dr. Valentine R. Dyer.

MOSKOWITZ—WOHLMUTH.—Nov. 9, Newark, Mae Wohlmuth to Harry Moskowitz.

OSCHWALD—WAGNER.—Nov. 10, Newark, Etta Wagner to Arthur Oschwald.

Died

ARMSTRONG.—On Nov. 11, Elizabeth L. Armstrong, nee Miller, beloved wife of John B. Armstrong. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend funeral services on Saturday, Nov 13, at 8 P. M., at her late residence, 546 62d St., Brooklyn. Interment Sunday, 2 P. M., Greenwood.

BARTELL.—On Thursday, Nov. 11, 1915, William Bartell, aged 67. Funeral services Saturday, Nov. 13, at 8 P. M., at his late residence, 3,062 Kingsbridge Terrace. Interment private.

BONNELL.—Clarence E. Funeral services Friday, 10 A. M., at John Graham's funeral chapel, 4,221 Park Av. Interment Evergreen.

BRIGDEN.—Suddenly on Wednesday, Nov. 10, at her residence, 315 West 98th St., Mary Layton Brigden, beloved wife of Benjamin H. Brigden. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BROWN.—At Newark, N. J., on Thursday, Nov. 11, after a lingering illness, Charlotte Rice Brown, wife of George Henry Brown of Upper Montclair, N. J.

BUCHAN.—Sarah, daughter of the late James and Rachel Buchan. Funeral services at her late residence, 322 West 85th St., Friday, Nov. 12, at 10 A. M.

CANNON.—Margaret, Thursday, Nov. 11, at the residence of Henry M. Wheelwright, Ware, Mass. Funeral services Saturday morning, Nov. 13.

What has happened Can happen again

THE unfortunate fire of Saturday last was the result of fate, but the Death Toll was the result of neglect of the Fire and Labor Departments' rules.

This company stands ready to install sprinkler equipment in strict accord with the rules of the Fire, Building and Labor Departments, which, under its Special Insurance Contract, saves an owner immediate or initial outlay.

Confer with us at once.

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170 Broadway, New York

Important Note:—The records of the Fire Department of the City of New York show that there never has been a loss of life in any building properly equipped with automatic sprinklers.

Died

CARMAN.—On Monday, Nov. 8, 1915, Ada MacVicar, beloved wife of George Noble Carman of Chicago, Ill., and daughter of the late Dr. Malcolm M. and Isabella MacVicar. Funeral private. Interment Montclair, N. J.

COWLE.—On Wednesday, Nov. 10, Francis G. Cowle. Services at his late residence, 115 Fisher Av., White Plains, N. Y., Friday, Nov. 12, at 2 P. M. Train leaves Grand Central Station 12:49.

DODGE.—On Wednesday, Nov. 10, Frederick Warren Dodge, husband of Emily S. Funeral services (private) at his late residence, 601 West 110th St., Friday, at 4 P. M. Public service at Grand Lodge Room, Masonic Temple, 24th St. and 6th Av., at 5 P. M. Interment Newton, Mass., Saturday at 3 P. M.

FRASER.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Nov. 10, at Port Washington, L. I., Alfred Fraser, in the 76th year of his age. Funeral services at the Church of the Holy Trinity, Montague St., Brooklyn, at 11 A. M., on Saturday, Nov. 13. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

FULLER.—Nov. 10, after a lingering illness, Bayard Clarke Fuller, son of the late William James Appleton Fuller and Charlotte Elizabeth Oakes. Funeral private.

GEMUNDER.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Nov. 10, 1915, George Gemunder, son of the late George Gemunder, the well-known violin maker. Funeral services at his late residence, 1 North Henry St., Astoria, L. I., Saturday evening, Nov. 13, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

GOOD.—Brent, in his 78th year, after a short illness. Funeral services at his late residence, 130 Morris Av., Long Branch, N. J., on Friday, Nov. 12, on arrival of train leaving Hudson Term. at 12:30 and Penna. Station at 12:34. Interment, Masonic services, at Hazelwood Cemetery, Rahway, N. J., on Saturday on arrival of train leaving Penna. Station at 9:30 A. M. London (Eng.) papers please copy.

HAWLEY.—At Manchester, Vt., on Nov. 10, Miss Wilhelmina D. Hawley. Funeral on Saturday, at 1 o'clock.

JONAS.—William, at 515 West 110th St., in his 71st year. Funeral notice hereafter.

LIEBER.—Suddenly, at his residence in London, England, Nov. 10, B. Franklin Lieber, son of the late Benjamin and Rachel Lieber of New York and Philadelphia.

LIPSCHITZ.—Nov. 11, Fanny Lipschitz, in the 51st year of her age, beloved wife of Morris L. Lipschitz. Funeral services from her late residence, 1,820 45th St., Brooklyn, Nov. 12, 1915, 10 A. M.

LOCKWOOD.—On Thursday evening, Henry Benedict Lockwood, son of the late Le Grand and Louise Benedict Lockwood and beloved husband of Rosa C. McCay. Notice of funeral hereafter. Baltimore and Easton papers please copy.

LOCKWOOD.—Entered into rest on Nov. 10, 1915, in her 81st year, Amelia Bowles Lockwood, dearly beloved wife of Frederick W. Lockwood, deceased. Funeral services Friday morning, Nov. 12, 1915, at 10 o'clock, at her late residence, the Ansonia Hotel. Interment private.

McNULTY.—On Thursday, Nov. 11, 1915, Teresa, beloved wife of J. Clifton McNulty. Funeral services from her late residence, Haddon Hall, 57 Union St., Montclair, N. J., at 2:30 P. M., Saturday. Interment private. Trains leave Hoboken on D., L. & W. R. R. 1:27 and 1:39 P. M. Montclair and Baltimore (Md.) papers please copy.

MARTIN.—At Washington, D. C., on Thursday, Nov. 11, of pneumonia, Charles Taber Martin, son of Charles H. and Josephine D. Martin of Yonkers, N. Y.

MERRY.—On Nov. 11, 1915, Anna J., beloved wife of Nat A. Merry. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend funeral services at her late residence, Bayview, on Cutter Av., Little Neck, N. Y., on Saturday, Nov. 13, at 2:15 P. M. Interment private at Zion Churchyard, Douglaston, N. Y. Train leaves Pennsylvania Terminal 1:22 P. M. for Little Neck.

MOORE.—Nov. 10, Patrick Moore, beloved husband of Katherine Webb Moore. Funeral from his late residence, 22 West 87th St.; thence to the Church of the Holy Name, 96th St. and Amsterdam Av., where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul, Saturday, Nov. 13, 10 A. M.

MURTHA.—On Wednesday, Nov. 10, Grace G. Murtha, the beloved daughter of the late Frank B. and the late Mary T. Murtha, at her home, 188th St. Nicholas Av. Funeral Friday morning from Church of St. Thomas the Apostle, 118th St. and St. Nicholas Av., at 10 A. M. Funeral private.

O'SHEA.—On Thursday, Nov. 11, at his home, 31 West 88th St., James O'Shea, beloved husband of Ellen C. O'Shea. Mass of requiem 10 A. M., Saturday, Nov. 13, at Church of St. Gregory, 140 West 90th St. Interment, Calvary Cemetery. Boston papers please copy.

PENAUD.—At Northport, L. I., on Thursday, Nov. 11, 1915, Marie, wife of Andre Penaud. Funeral services will be held on Saturday at 2 P. M.

RIPLEY.—On Thursday, Nov. 11, 1915, at his residence, 80 State St., Brooklyn, Francis Flower, son of the late Francis and Harriet Britton Ripley, in the 78th year of his age. Funeral private.

RUNDLE.—At Danbury, Conn., on Tuesday, Nov. 9, Lavinia C. White, wife of Samuel H. Rundle. Funeral services will be held at her home, 374 Main St., Danbury, on Friday, Nov. 12, at 2 P. M.

STRASBURGER.—Entered into rest, Terese Strasburger, on Wednesday, Nov. 10, at her residence, The Belnord, Broadway and 86th St., relict of Moses Strasburger. Funeral service private at convenience of family. Cleveland, St. Louis, San Francisco, Philadelphia papers please copy.

TISDALL.—On Thursday, Nov. 11, 1915, of pneumonia, at his residence, Hotel Beresford, 1 West 81st St., Fitz Gerald Tisdall, beloved husband of Florence Victoire Rodrigue. Funeral service at St. Matthew's Church, 28 West 84th St., on Sunday, Nov. 14, at 3 P. M. The Trustees, Faculty, teaching staff, and students of the College of the City of New York are invited to attend.

TORREY.—In Florence, Italy, on Nov. 7, 1915, Sarah Lincoln Spinney, wife of the late Franklin Torrey, and mother of Mrs. Edward J. Berwind of New York and Charles F. Torrey of London, England.

VALENTINE.—After a brief illness, at Hahnemann Hospital, New York, on Thursday, Nov. 11, 1915, Theodore Searing Valentine, son of Meyers and Caroline Valentine, aged 71 years. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WEIL.—Lehman Home, District No. 1, I. O. B. B. The Board of Governors, the General Committee, the Ladies' Auxiliary Society, and Rehoboth Lodge, No. 38, are requested to attend the funeral of Member Lehman Weil on Friday, Nov. 12, at 10 A. M., at the home, Yonkers, N. Y.
Signed, LOUIS KEMPNER, President.
BERNARD M. KAPLAN, Secretary.

WELLS.—Entered into rest, Elmwood, Rhinebeck, N. Y., Nov. 10, Eugene Wells, beloved husband of Mary T. Wells, and son of late Richard Isaac and Anna Maria Wells of Hudson, N. Y. Funeral at his late residence on Saturday, Nov. 13, at 3:30 P. M.

WETMORE.—Nov. 6, 1915, Sarah H. Wetmore. Services at St. Peter's Church, West 20th St., on Monday, 12:45. New Brunswick, Canada, papers please copy.

ALBERS.—Mary, 518 East 149th St., Nov. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 1 P. M.

BRADY.—William, 249 1st Av., Nov. 8. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

Died

DAVITT.—Elizabeth E., 17 Christopher St., Nov. 9. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

DOWLING.—May, 174 East 117th St., Nov. 9. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

DUFFY.—Patrick, 173 East 111th St., Nov. 9. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

FLEMING.—Annie, 464 West 20th St., Nov. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

GARLIE.—Maria, 2,844 Heath Av., Bronx, Nov. 10, aged 82. Funeral private.

HARMS.—Chester B., 1,368 Plimpton Av., Highbridge, Nov. 9, aged 30. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

HODGES.—William A., Nov. 9, aged 56. Funeral, 522 Hudson St.

KEYS.—Martin, 278 West 117th St., Nov. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

KILBANE.—James T., 105 West 88th St., Nov. 10. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

LING.—Annie, 215 Columbus Av., Nov. 8, aged 64. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

MORAN.—Michael, 328 East 123d St., Nov. 10.

MURPHY.—Cecilia, Nov. 9. Funeral, 150 Greenwich Av.

O'SULLIVAN.—Ellen, 22 Gansevoort St., Nov. 10. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

PARKER.—Joseph, 125 East 97th St., Nov. 9, aged 50. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

QUENZER.—Adam, 65 Avenue C, Nov. 10, aged 64. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

SCHWERTFEGER.—Emilie, 1,687 2d Av., Nov. 9, aged 50.

SHERIDAN.—Patrick, 45 Market St., Nov. 9. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

SLATO.—Jacob, 452 West 151st St., Nov. 9.

STEER.—Joseph, 1,628 University Av., Bronx, Nov. 10, aged 77. Funeral tomorrow, 1 P. M.

STEFFENS.—Mary, 2,917 Zulette Av., Bronx, Nov. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

TAYLOR.—Richard F., 370 Bleecker St., Nov. 10, aged 62.

THEISS.—John, 1,380 Washington Av., Nov. 9, aged 89. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

TONRA.—James, 1,713 2d Av., Nov. 10, aged 29. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

TRAUB.—Matilda, Nov. 9. Funeral 131st St. and Amsterdam Av.

VOLZE.—Frederick, 3,334 Fort Independence St., Kingsbridge, Nov. 9. Funeral today.

WRIGHT.—Frederick R., 160 East 126th St., Nov. 9.

Brooklyn.

ALLEN.—Kate, 207 Ross St., Nov. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

BERNARD.—Joseph A., 114 Grand St., Nov. 10, aged 24. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.

CARROLL.—Annie, 119 North Oxford St., Nov. 10, aged 76. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

CLIFTON.—William L., 554 75th St., Nov. 10.

DOUGLASS.—George, Nov. 8, aged 69. Funeral 115 De Kalb Av., today, 11 A. M.

DREYER.—Claus, 1,036 Bergen St., Nov. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

EAMES.—Harris G., 730 East 18th St., Nov. 11, aged 48. Funeral notice later.

ELLINGHAM.—Charles, 537 McDonough St., Nov. 11, aged 55. Funeral Nov. 14, 2:30 P. M.

HEWITT.—Charlotte, 352 18th St., Nov. 9. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

JOHNSTONE.—Mary A., 53 East 31st St., Nov. 9, aged 81.

KIELY.—Constance M., 858 Park Pl., Nov. 9, aged 6.

KUEHLER.—Frederick, 234 Fulton St., Nov. 9, aged 35. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

LAWLOR.—John J., 1,154 Gates Av., Nov. 10, aged 52. Funeral 9:30 A. M.

LEHMANN.—Rose, 194 Ridgewood Av., Nov. 11. Funeral notice later.

McVEIGH.—Catherine, 152 Luquer St., Nov. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

MILSNER.—Rachel, 1,653 East 9th St., Nov. 10. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

MURTHA.—Rita D., 168 Butler St., Nov. 10.

MUSHORN.—Dietrich, 83 Pine St., Nov. 10, aged 71. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.

NELSON.—Nora, Nov. 10, aged 18. Funeral 985 5th Av., today, 9:30 A. M.

O'BRIEN.—Margaret, St. Joseph's Institute, Nov. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

O'SHAUGHNESSEY.—John, 198 10th St., Nov. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

RAY.—John, 141 Cooper St., Nov. 10, aged 68. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

REINHARDT.—Mary, 25 Conselyea St., Nov. 10. Funeral Nov. 15, 2 P. M.

RITTER.—Gertrude, 728 Rogers Av., Nov. 10, aged 50. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

ROPER.—Aagot, 119 North Oxford St., Nov. 9, aged 32.

SAVAGE.—Sarah, 732 Manhattan Av., Nov. 9. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

WOODS.—Daniel, 434 Graham Av., Nov. 10. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

DAVIS.—Edwin, 31 Elizabeth St., Jersey City, Nov. 11, aged 72. Funeral service tomorrow.

FREDERICKS.—Ralph E., 283 Forest St., Jersey City, Nov. 11, aged 2½.

GEHLBACH.—Emma, 30 Manhattan Av., Jersey City, Nov. 10, aged 5.

HERRMANN. — Caroline, 27 Paterson St., Newark, Nov. 10, aged 78. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

HILL.—Joseph J., Newark, Nov. 11, aged 40. Funeral service tomorrow.

JACKSON.—John E., 94 Newark St., Newark, Nov. 10, aged 21. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

KELLER.—Anna M., 762 South 10th St., Newark, Nov. 11, aged 70. Funeral service today.

McGREGOR.—Charles, 98 11th St., Newark, Nov. 10. Funeral notice later.

MARION.—John F., 30 Condict St., Jersey City, Nov. 11.

MASON.—Matilda, 638 Newark Av., Jersey City, Nov. 9.

PELLET.—Otto V., 818 Rose St., West Hoboken, Nov. 10, aged 27. Funeral Nov. 14.

PFEIFER.—Christian, 199 Seymour Av., Newark, Nov. 10, aged 3 months.

ROSECRANZ.—Barbara, 121 Garrison St., Newark, Nov. 10, aged 55. Funeral tomorrow.

RITCHIE.—Augustus, 15 Coles St., Jersey City, Nov. 9, aged 66. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.

STOLL.—Ruth A., 259 New York Av., Jersey City, Nov. 9, aged 9 months.

WALKER.—Christian E., 42 Darcy St., Newark, Nov. 9, aged 22. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

Long Island.

AHEARN.—Johanna, 132 3d Av., Long Island City, Nov. 9. Funeral today.

BISHOP.—Ellison, Centre Moriches, Nov. 10, aged 79. Funeral Nov. 14.

FOWLER. — Lydia, Flushing, Nov. 10, aged 33.

In Memoriam

BERG.—Julia, nee Ross, anniversary mass at Church of St. Catharine of Genoa, West 153d St., tomorrow, 8 A. M.

HARRIS.—Thomas F., requiem mass Nov. 12, 10 A. M., St. Stephen's Church, East 28th St., New York City.

MURRAY.—Josephine A. First anniversary mass at Sts. Peter and Paul's Church, Nov. 13, at 8 A. M.

FISH.—Albert N., in memory of; died Nov. 14, 1913.

GMEINER.—Elizabeth, mass Lady of the Valley Church, Newark, tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.

HRUBEC.—Elizabeth, mass St. Aloysius's Church, Newark, today, 8 A. M.

KENNY.—Honora, mass Resurrection Church, tomorrow, 10 A. M.

McCARTHY.—Bridget, in memory of; died Nov. 12, 1911.

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CEMETERIES.

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MELLEN ACCEPTED ROOSEVELT'S ADVICE

President Banned Sale of New Haven Ships to Morse, Fearing for Coasting Trade.

$14,000,000 PROFIT IN DEAL

Witness Says Nation's Chief Promised Not to Attack Railroad's Ownership of Water Lines.

Charles S. Mellen described yesterday his visit to the White House to consult President Roosevelt as to whether the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company should accept the offer made to it in 1907 by Charles W. Morse for the purchase of its steamboat lines for $20,000,000. He was testifying as a Government witness in the trial of William Rockefeller and ten other ex-Directors of the New Haven in the Federal District Court on the charge of conspiring to break the Sherman anti-trust law. As he told how the President requested the company to keep its steamboat lines and undertook not to worry it on that score during his Administration, De Lancey Nicoll of counsel for the defense inquired:

"Will the Government amend its bill of particulars by adding to the list of conspirators the name of Theodore Roosevelt?"

R. L. Batts, chief counsel for the Government, showed that the reason for the President's attitude was his great distrust of Mr. Morse, and that in giving his views to Mr. Mellen he carefully stated that he was not in any way promising immunity if Mr. Mellen or his company broke the law.

The remainder of the session was taken up with the process by which, after the New Haven had acquired the Joy Line, it used the latter as a competitor to ruin the Enterprise Transportation Company, and went in to capture the Maine Steamship Company. It has been charged by the Government that the railroad hid its capture of the Joy steamboats, but Mr. Mellen would not admit that there was any particular secrecy about the matter, as any one who had cared to inquire could have found out the precise facts. In discussing the matter Mr. Mellen gave answers so unsatisfactory to the Government that Mr. Batts complained that he was not able to treat Mr. Mellen as his witness.

Texas Lawyer Offended.

"I do not like to criticise the witness," he said to the court. "He has in a way answered all the questions, but he has also amplified his answers in such a way that I must remind your Honor that Mr. Mellen was himself a co-conspirator. I think I should have some of the latitude in examining him that I should be permitted in examining an adverse witness."

"You may have all the latitude you find necessary," replied the court.

This attitude of the Government toward its star witness led in the afternoon to a sharp passage between counsel. R. V. Lindabury of counsel for the defense, protested against one of Mr. Batts's questions as "unfair," and Mr. Batts, who comes from Texas, took umbrage at the word.

"I am not used to such remarks," he said. "I am not quite used to this atmosphere, and I am not used to gentlemen who make remarks calculated to disturb the serenity of the courtroom."

Judge Hunt interposed to say that he was sure all that Mr. Lindabury meant was to object to the form of the question and had no desire to cast any insinuations, and Mr. Nicoll raised a laugh by joining in:

"If this is not a private fight between my learned friends," he said, "I should like a word. Mr. Batts should consider that Mr. Lindabury was only using the form of objection customary here."

"I have been in the habit of trying cases with gentlemen," replied Mr. Batts. "I am sorry if I mistook the expression of counsel."

The atmosphere was still tense, and Judge Hunt announced a recess of five minutes. He joined in the laugh that his decision occasioned.

Mellen Denies Using a Club.

It was the dealings with the Maine Steamship Company which led up both to this breeze and the mention of the name of Morse. The New Haven acquired all its stock in January, 1907, and Mr. Batts suggested that this was done as a matter of general policy.

"There was no general policy in the matter," replied Mr. Mellen. "We wanted the line, and so we bought it. We bought it because of the competition of the New Haven and the Boston & Albany."

Mr. Batts wanted to know what Mr. Mellen had in his mind at the time the line was bought, and whether it had anything to do with the competition of the Grand Trunk Railway.

"I only told the Directors that we had a large steamboat organization in New York, with heavy overhead charges," Mr. Mellen said. "These would be no greater if we took the Maine line, as it would take care of itself."

"Well, would not the Maine Steamship Company have been a club over the Grand Trunk in relation to competition and rates?" asked Mr. Batts.

"No," replied Mr. Mellen, "for the steamship line was the connecting link between the Grank Trunk Railway at Portland and New York."

"Did you make any suggestion to the Directors about withdrawing that connection from the Grand Trunk?"

"It is not impossible that I may have said something," said Mr. Mellen.

Mr. Batts asked whether it was in the mind of Mr. Mellen to make that suggestion, and when Mr. Lindabury characterized the question as "unfair" the exchange between counsel began.

Morse Offered Big Price.

It was in the early part of 1907 that Charles W. Morse approached Mr. Mellen and entered into negotiations for all the New Haven's steamboat lines above Bridgeport. He offered $20,000,000 down for the New England Navigation Company, which owned the lines and their equipment. Writing of this on Feb. 4, 1907, to William Rockefeller, Mr. Mellen said in part:

> Mr. Charles W. Morse has made me an offer for our stock in the New England Navigation Company ($5,000,000 par value) of $20,000,000. This is a tremendous price, more than we can average to earn net out of the property. It is quite likely to tempt many of the Directors to accept. There are many reasons why we should sell, but there are other quite potent ones to the contrary. It would give us a profit of about $14,000,000 on the investment over and above the total cost of the lines, as shown by our books. This in itself is very attractive.

Mr. Mellen also referred to the possibility of a law being passed by Congress to prohibit the railroads from controlling steamboat lines, and pointed out that, if the New Haven did not sell, it might be involved in a war with Morse and an expenditure of another $5,000,000. It was this risk of a rate war that made Mr. Mellen in a memorandum prepared for the Directors incline toward the acceptance of the Morse offer. Writing to Mr. Rockefeller, he said:

> The general condition is rather unsatisfactory. There is great unrest in labor circles, and the agitation against corporations and railroads in particular at Washington is making itself more or less manifest in local Legislatures, and causing us considerable trouble.

What Roosevelt Said.

We are, however, sufficiently strong in Connecticut and, I think, in Rhode Island to control the situation in both States. In Massachusetts the attention of the Legislature is directed more toward other corporations than our own this year, and we are looking to escape, I think, from all accounts, any serious trouble.

Altogether, we have very many things to be thankful for, and if our great and good friend in Washington can be restrained, or have his attention diverted to other things, we are likely to have continued prosperity.

Mr. Batts then asked Mr. Mellen about his visit to his "great and good friend," and he replied:

"I went to see President Roosevelt at Washington. I had an appointment with him, and I explained to him what the proposition was, and that it was a good one and let the railroad out, but I told him I thought it was a matter of such public importance that I ought not to commit myself without laying the matter before him.

"The President sent for the Interstate Commerce Commissioners, Mr. Knapp and Mr. Prouty, and for H. Knox Smith and we discussed the question. Then I told him that I was fearful that if I did not accept the proposition the time might come when legislation would prohibit railroads from holding steamship lines, and I ought not to be caught where I had no purchaser. So I thought he ought to protect me.

"Then he stated to me in a very emphatic manner: 'Mr. Mellen, I am no lawyer, and I can't promise you any kind of protection, if you break the law; but as far as I and my Administration are concerned, if you do not sell you will have no trouble about those steamship lines.'

Thinks Roosevelt Was Right.

"We did not sell them," went on Mr. Mellen, "and I cannot see now, and I could not see then, why that was not good advice. I thanked Mr. Roosevelt and told him I was going back home to report to my board."

"Was anything said about Morse?" Mr. Nicoll put in.

"Yes," replied Mr. Mellen, "Mr. Roosevelt said he was highly prejudicial to the interests of the country and that he was fearful of the success of Mr. Morse's projected steamship monopoly. If we sold to Mr. Morse it would give him the coastwise monopoly he was aiming at. That was what undoubtedly actuated the President."

One of the first questions put to Mr. Mellen, as he took the stand at the morning session, went to the root of his evidence and met with fierce opposition from the defense.

"Were the facts that influenced you in recommending the acquisition of railroad, trolley, and steamship lines laid before the Directors?" asked Mr. Batts.

"They were in every case that I can recall," said Mr. Mellen.

The trial will be resumed at 10:30 this morning.

VISIT TO FAIRYLAND FOR LITTLE CRIPPLES

Decked as Flowers, Bees, and Sunbeams They Jaunt With Cinderella and Her Slipper.

The crippled children of Public School 2, Primary, almost believed that they were the butterflies and bees and flowers that they personated in the playlet of "Cinderella in Flowerland" in the auditorium of Public School 62, at Hester and Essex Streets, yesterday afternoon, for the entertainment of the primary children of other schools in the neighborhood. And a happy woman was Mrs. Henrietta Rinaldo Schieder, Principal of Public School 2, Primary, who has taken the crippled children's annex under her special supervision. As the children sang and haltingly danced on their unstable little legs she smiled and almost wept by turns.

Other grown-ups in the audience, too, had recourse to handkerchiefs as children dressed as butterflies fluttered in, some with creaking braces on their legs, singing:

Lightly, lightly winging, on the breezes swinging,
Airy little fairies, full of grace and glee,
Dancing with the sunbeams, weaving dainty day dreams,
Could mortals be as light and free? Airy fairies we!

It was the old story of Cinderella, but the characters were flowers, Sunshine, Bonnie Bee, the good old Godmother, and Mother Nature. Cinderella was a daisy bud, and because her petals had not yet unfolded she had no fine dress to wear to the ball of Prince Sunshine. Cinderella was Celia Freedman, who was well on the road to recovery from a bad case of curvature of the spine. The stepsisters, Hollyhock and Tiger Lily, were proud indeed, although they did limp a little.

Mother Nature, the good fairy godmother, however, summoned Bonnie Bee, who, in his efforts to call the sunshine to open Cinderella's petals, quite forgot that he had a tubercular knee. When the sunshine did come and Cinderella's petals opened up, she smiled as only a little girl who has suffered much can smile.

At the ball the part of the Prince was taken by Sarah Waldman, who has not lost hope that her back may some day be straight. Among the flowers was a little girl, all in white, who carried a bunch of blossoms almost as big as her stunted self.

The play from the ball on followed the time-honored version. In the final scene, where the Prince finds his true love by the try-on of the tiny slipper, all the thirty children in the play came upon the stage.

In spite of their physical handicaps, the children put great spirit into the play, much to the credit of the educational system that lifts little sufferers into Fairyland.

RECEPTION ON LAFAYETTE.

New York Frenchmen Visit New Liner, Here for the First Time.

Paul Faguet, Director of the French Line in New York, gave a reception and luncheon yesterday on the new liner Lafayette, to which more than one hundred members of the French colony in New York were invited, including the members of the French Industrial and Banking Commission, who arrived here on the steamer.

G. B. d'Anglade, the French Consul General, proposing a toast to the republic, said he was on board a French steamer with the tricolor flying at her masthead and felt as if he was in France. The name of Lafayette was famous in the history of the United States as well as in his native land and he hoped that the new liner would still more firmly unite the two republics.

Mr. Faguet responded for the company and said that in spite of the submarine enemy the French Line had maintained a regular weekly service to New York.

The Lafayette is a comfortable, roomy steamer of 15,000 gross tons with excellent passenger accommodations. The decorations of the public rooms are bright and lack the sombre hues exhibited on some large Atlantic liners. The curtains and hangings in the cabins are of artistic French cretonnes instead of the customary silk and satin draperies. Lighting and ventilating have been carried out under the most modern ideas, and life-saving apparatus has been provided far in excess of the number of passengers and crew, 2,000, which the Lafayette is licensed to carry. She is nearly 600 feet long and 64 feet beam and sailed very steadily, according to Mr. Damour and other passengers on her maiden trip. She has two turbines and two reciprocating engines which drive her with four propellers at an average speed of nineteen knots.

The Lafayette is commanded by M. Roch, who had the Gascogne up to four years ago, when she was taken out of the passenger service.

GOES TO NAVY TUG'S AID.

Cruiser Will Relieve Craft Towing Submarine from Hawaii.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 11.—The United States cruiser Chattanooga left today in answer to a wireless message from the cruiser Maryland, which is towing the submarine F-3 here from Honolulu.

The collier Nanshan and the tug Iroquois, towing the F-1 and the F-2, are preceding the Maryland. Heavy seas and rough weather have been making the voyage difficult.

The message, according to the naval authorities, said that the Iroquois, which was known to be running short of fuel, would not be able to complete the voyage without refueling unless relieved of the weight of the submarine she was towing. The Chattanooga will take the underwater boat in tow.

To Operate Railway Bought at Sale.

Special to The New York Times.

BERNARDSVILLE, N. J., Nov. 11.—Frank B. Allen of this place has a whole railroad all to himself. He bought it recently at a Sheriff's sale at Morristown, and while it goes by the big name of the New Jersey & Pennsylvania Railroad, it isn't as big as the title sounds and does not go near Pennsylvania. However, Mr. Allen is going to spend some money fixing up the line, which before it was ordered to cease operations because of its condition plied once or twice a day between Morristown and Whitehouse, and it is expected that it will be ready for operation again in a year or so.

GOVERNOR INSISTS WATERSHED IS SAFE

Investigators Suggest That He May Have Been Tricked by His Subordinates.

POINT TO 'JOKER' IN PLAN

It Provides for Pouring Sewage of Mohansic Hospital Into a Feeder of Croton Lake.

Governor Whitman sent a letter to Mayor Mitchel yesterday in answer to one sent by the Mayor, in which he assured the Mayor that the city authorities need have no apprehensions that the proposed sewage disposal plants at the Mohansic State Hospital and the Boys' Training School at Yorktown Heights would menace the purity of the city's water supply.

According to information made public at the office of the Corporation Counsel and by the Merchants' Association, contracts for the construction of the plants which were to be awarded today involve the draining of the sewage from these institutions into Mohansic Lake and Crom Pond, which empty into Croton Lake, a link in the water supply system of New York City. Argument is to be made in the Supreme Court at White Plains today on a motion to show cause why a permanent injunction should not issue to restrain the State authorities from carrying out the plans. The proceedings were brought on behalf of the city by the Corporation Counsel's office.

Governor Reassures Mayor.

Here is the Governor's letter:

State of New York,
Executive Chamber,
Albany, Nov. 11, 1915.

To Hon. John Purroy Mitchel, Mayor of the City of New York, New York City:

Sir: In reply to your communication of Nov. 10 relative to the sewage and sewage disposal plants at the New York State Training School for Boys at Yorktown Heights and the Mohansic State Hospital, situated upon Lake Mohansic, I would say that the information upon which your letter is presumably based is incorrect.

Proposals received by the State on Nov. 9, 1915, provide for the construction of only the first portion of a comprehensive plan, the complete development of which is referred to in a former communication to you. This portion forms an integral part of the comprehensive plan which the State's engineers have evolved for the absolute safeguarding of the Croton water shed from contamination or pollution of any kind.

I would further say in regard to the proposed pipe line extending to the Hudson River, that the State's surveyors have been engaged upon this part of the project by my direction, and estimates and plans will be ready for the consideration of the State departments concerned and the Boards of Managers connected with these institutions by Jan. 1.

In your letter you state that you have instituted this action because of your desire to protect the watershed from possible pollution. If you will refer to my communication to you of Sept. 20 you will see that I am definitely committed to the construction of a pipe line to carry the purified effluent from these sewage disposal plants to the Hudson River. At that time I said:

Whitman Pledges Protection.

I sympathize, as do all who had to do with this matter, with the objection to this procedure existing in New York City, and feel that it is desirable that the additional safeguard be provided of carrying effluent from these plants to the Hudson River, and I shall take such action as is necessary to bring about this result without interfering with the immediate construction of the institutions in question. I can assure you that the means of carrying the effluent from the disposal plants to the Hudson River will be constructed by the State before the sewage plants are put in operation.

Construction of the plants as provided for by the plans of the State Architect is the first essential, as the State Department of Health has definitely stated that it would not consent to the conveyance of raw sewage through the proposed pipe line, and that only such a purified and sterile effluent as will be produced by these plants can be properly carried. If the construction of the sewage disposal plants should be prevented by your action, development of this property, already representing an investment by the State of nearly a million dollars, would be prevented.

My personal zeal and official responsibility in the matter of protecting the Croton watershed from pollution are, I feel, equal to yours, and my approval of the plans was given with the dual purpose of protecting the watershed from possible pollution and of forwarding the development of the institutions in question.

The erection of the Mohansic State Hospital and the Training School for Boys is chiefly to relieve overcrowded institutions of the City of New York. Your injunction proceeding is not only unnecessary for the protection of the watershed, but, if successful, would also have the immediate result of delaying a benefit greatly needed by the City of New York.

Very truly yours,
CHARLES S. WHITMAN.

Points Out Offending Clause.

Edward Hatch, Jr., Chairman of the Pollution Committee of the Merchants' Association, which has been fighting hard to safeguard the Croton watershed from contamination through sewage disposal from the two institutions, said yesterday that he had seen the plans, that these provide for the draining of the sewage into Mohansic Lake and that there appeared on the plans on file in the State Architect's office under which the contracts are to be let: "Approved, Charles S. Whitman, Governor; George W. Glynn, Executive Auditor." Mr. Hatch said:

"The plans for the sewage disposal plants at these institutions call for the construction of a swere line leading from the disposal plant into Mohansic Lake and Crom Pond. On page 8 of the specifications for the disposal plant at the Yorktown Training School is the following paragraph:

"'The contractor shall build the cast iron outfall line to convey the effluent across the swamp to Mohansic Lake. This outfall line shall be laid between the retention tank and the outlet in Mohansic Lake to the alignment and elevation shown on the plans.'

Hints at Trickery.

"Governor Whitman signed the plans and specifications which includes the above paragraph. If he did so unknowingly, he is the victim of his subordinates. If he did so with full knowledge, I cannot understand his statement in this morning's papers. Furthermore, Governor Whitman has no power to carry out the promise he makes to pump the effluent at some future date into the Hudson River. This plan requires legislative action and a further appropriation. Besides, if it is intended in the future to discharge sewage from these institutions into the Hudson River, why has Governor Whitman signed plans calling for the construction of a sewer leading 600 feet in the opposite direction and emptying into Mohansic Lake?

Governor Whitman said last night in Albany:

"I have not been trapped into signing an order which will permit any of the sewage or the effluent therefrom of the Mohansic State Hospital nor the Boys' Training School at Yorktown Heights emptying into Lake Mohansic, Crom Pond or Croton Lake.

As I assured Mayor Mitchel in my letter, not one ounce of the sewage or its purified effluent will get into Croton Lake with my consent, but that it will be carried to the Hudson River through pipes which will not admit of it getting on to the Croton watershed."

Dr. Hermann M. Biggs, State Health Commissioner, who conferred with the Governor yesterday, also stated that there would be no danger of the sewage from Mohansic Hospital or the Boys' Training School flowing on the Croton watershed. The sewage reduction plants for both of these institutions, proposals for the construction of which were received Tuesday by State Architect Pilcher, will be necessary, no matter where the effluent is carried, Dr. Biggs declared.

Both the Governor and Attorney General Woodbury said that Mayor Mitchel appeared to be unduly exercised over the situation.

ONLY 26,239 IDLE CARS.

Railroad Men Say There May Be an Actual Shortage Soon.

Figures compiled by the American Railway Association show that on Nov. 1 the railroads of the United States and Canada had only 26,239 idle cars on hand. This compares with 78,299 a month ago and with 170,096 on Nov. 1, 1914.

These figures serve as an indication of the activity on the railroads. Railroad men pointed out yesterday that an actual general shortage of cars by the end of this month was a possibility. They said the grain movement had not yet begun in earnest and that coal shipments had not yet attained normal Fall proportions. Comparisons with November and October of last year, they say, must take account of the fact that the grain movement was in full swing last year at this time. The carrying of war materials has created entirely new business.

The most conjested section of the country for the present is the eastern district, New York, Pennsylvania, and New England. Reports of actual shortages in freight cars totalled 26,628, and it is probable that these shortages were found mainly in the ammunition-making districts. The actual surplus of idle cars reported for Nov. 1 was 52,867, and subtracting from this the reported number of cars which could have been utilized, the net surplus of 26,239 is obtained.

ASSESS 135 ON $2,479,300.

Tax Commissioners Make 50 Examinations in One Day.

Tax Commissioners in Manhattan made 520 examinations yesterday on a personal tentative tax assessment for 1916 of $75,652,500. Of the number 135 were held on a final assessment of $2,479,300. Twenty-seven were exempted owing to non-residence and five were reported dead.

The total number examined since the books were opened is 9,043 and their tentative total assessment amounts to $851,693,900. Of the number 2,708 have been held on a final assessment of $17,498,261.

UNION LABOR MOVES TO UNITE ITS FORCES

Plans to Draw Headquarters of Sympathetic Bodies to Union Square Region.

STEINMETZ GIVES SANCTION

Famous Socialist Inventor Urges the Binding Together of Independent Interests.

The Labor Centre Association has sent out a printed map of the Union Square region, showing the various organizations of workers which have headquarters there, and urging similar organizations to move into that neighborhood, when they have occasion to move, to bring about the geographical concentration of union and labor leaders and societies.

With the map goes an interview given by Charles P. Steinmetz, the Socialist inventor and engineering expert of the General Electric Company of Schenectady, to Carl Beck, who is directing the work of the Labor Centre. After learning of the plan, Mr. Steinmetz said:

"For the first time in this country I see a sound and well thought out program which labor can use to increase its voltage. It is a pity that the labor movement is split up into factions, sects, and dissenting groups. There seems nothing to bind together the independent strands, if the factions are in reality natural strands. As an engineer it jars my very soul to see in the labor movement disintegration gaining over integration. It seems so unnecessary in a movement so progressive and humanitarian, with its underlying principle of fraternity. Even as an experiment I have great hopes for this Labor Centre movement, with its Labor Forum and its central clearing house of labor information. The methodical use of public school buildings will in itself be a worthy accomplishment.

"Our workingmen make a mistake when they think that because there are differences of belief and method in the advancement of the cause of labor that there is no hope for a united labor movement. Capital is wiser. Capital, that is, intelligent capital, always forgets its differences when its interests are threatened. That is one reason why big interests locate near each other, however bitter competitors they may be. There is no better example than the Wall Street district. Wall Street is one unit when its interests are threatened. The diversified interests knit together and integrate at such a time. So far as my observation goes, labor has not learned effectively to do that. The Socialists, the Industrial Workers of the World, the Socialist Labor Party, the American Federation of Labor pull apart more than they pull together.

"I have long thought that all these factions have enough in common on the purely economical-industrial side of their progress to make for powerful common action at certain times. I am well aware that it does little good to talk of harmony where no harmony exists. Every intelligent student of economics knows that it was not harmony talk that caused even bitter competitors in the same line of business to locate themselves in close proximity to each other, and to go one step further in co-operating for the common good of their special class of business."

The map shows that there are now grouped within a few blocks of Union Square the offices of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, the Socialist Party State Headquarters, the Central Labor Forum, the Rand School of Social Science, the American Association for Labor Legislation, the Woman's Trade Union League, the State Workmen's Compensation Commission, the American Federation of Labor, the People's Institute, the Intercollegiate Socialist Society, the Labor Centre Association, Cooper Union, and the open-air labor forum in Union Square.

Accompanying the map is the statement that such concentration of the forces of labor would facilitate effective action in its behalf. "Stopping such mockery of justice as the conviction of Lawson, campaigning for the publication by Congress of the Manly report of the United States Industrial Relations Commission, and seeing that the new State Constitution deals out a square deal to the workers," it says, "are some of the common interests of labor."

On the Organizing Committee of the Labor Centre are James P. Boyle, President of the Brooklyn Central Labor Union; Mary Dreier, ex-President of the Woman's Trade Union League; the Rev. John Haynes Holmes and Mrs. George S. Frank of the New York Unemployment Committee; Carl Beck, Director of the East Side Forum; Meyer London, the Socialist Congressman; Thomas J. Curtiss, Deputy of the State Workmen's Compensation Commission; Melinda Scott, President of the Woman's Trade Union League; Mrs. James P. Warbasse of the New York Unemployment Committee; Chester M. Wright, editor of The Call; J. Howard Mellish, fraternal delegate to the Brooklyn Central Labor Union, and Ernest Bohm of the Labor Publicity Organization.

CITY POPULATION 5,498,982.

Health Board Reckons Increase of 500,000 Based on Police Census.

The Health Department made public yesterday the results obtained by the Police Department in a census of Manhattan Island, completed on Wednesday. The figures show a population of 2,295,671. The recent State census showed 2,103,206.

If the same proportion of difference existed throughout the city the city's population would be about 500,000 more than the State's figures show. Reckoning, however, that the decline in immigration and movements of the foreign laboring population would reduce the normal increase in population, the Health Department estimates that the population of the city is 5,498,982.

New York City at present has a low death rate, and the Health Department has been charged with making this rate upon population figures which are too high. In order to obtain an accurate basis for birth and death statistics, former Commissioner Goldwater obtained the services of the police to take the census. It is said the police will now undertake a census of the remaining four boroughs.

SUPPOSED CURE FOUND FOR PELLAGRA

Abundance of Protein Food Announced as Remedy by Public Health Service.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—What is believed to be a dietary cure for pellagra has been found as the result of experiments by the Public Health Service. The cause of the disease, as well as the remedy, it was officially announced at the Treasury Department today, has been discovered. Assistant Secretary Newton, who has charge of the Public Health Service, spoke of the discovery as one of the greatest achievements of medical science in recent years.

The disease has been making rapid inroads in the South, and cases have been occurring elsewhere in the United States with alarming frequency. It is estimated that in recent years there have been 75,000 cases in the United States, and that at least 7,500 persons will die this year from pellagra. Only tuberculosis and pneumonia exceed it in the number of victims.

In the first years of investigation by the experts of the Public Health Service the results seemed to establish that in the case of children those near 5 years and over 15 escaped the disease. Persons who worked in and around kitchens appeared to be immune. It was established that persons whose diet lacked a normal proportion of protein seemed to be particularly subject to the disease, while those whose food contained enough protein seldom were afflicted.

The results of the research were so indefinite and inconclusive that it was decided to make an experiment on a convict farm in Mississippi, near Jackson. Surgeon Joseph Goldberger and Assistant Surgeon G. A. Wheeler of the Public Health Service were put in charge of it. Among the seventy-five convicts pellagra never had appeared.

Governor Brewer told the convicts that he would pardon all those who submitted to the experiment, and assured the patients every possible medical care. It was a dietary test, and every sort of food was supplied in the greatest abundance except those kinds containing a normal percentage of protein.

The diet differed from that given to the other convicts in the absence of milk, eggs, peas, beans, meats, and other foods that would furnish protein. The patients were treated in all respects as were the other convicts—the same work, discipline, rest, and water. If anything, their quarters were better than those of the others, as they had to be kept under constant surveillance. They were fed fried mush, biscuits, grits and brown gravy, sweet potatoes, cabbage, corn bread, rice, collards, and coffee with sugar. The cooking was of the best.

HOWARD GOULD LOT SOLD.

Fifth Avenue Site Goes to Kingdon Gould's Company for $513,000.

Cornelius W. Wickersham, who was appointed by Justice Donnelly of the Supreme Court to sell the lot on the southeast corner of Seventy-third Street and Fifth Avenue belonging to Howard Gould in order that Howard's brother, George J. Gould, might collect a tax lien of $54,609 and interest, reported to the court yesterday that the property had been purchased by the Seventy-third Street Realty Company. The price paid for it was $513,000, and the interest brought it up to $514,637.

The President of the purchasing company is Kingdon Gould, who is also a Director. The other Directors are David H. Taylor, who is George J. Gould's personal attorney, and S. Neilson Rice. The office of the company is at 165 Broadway, where George Gould and Mr. Taylor have their offices.

The sale was based on a suit begun by George Gould for one month's interest at the rate of one-quarter of 1 per cent. which Howard Gould had failed to pay. Howard's wife, Kathrine Clemmons Gould, immediately began to fight the proceedings, charging that they were the outcome of a plot on the part of her husband and his brother to deprive her of her dower interest in the property.

Mrs. Gould got a legal separation from her husband in 1909, with $3,000 a month alimony. The order also provided that she should retain her interest in the real estate owned by her husband. She declared that if the property was sold as a result of the proceedings George J. Gould would buy it in for little more than the amount of his claim against it. Howard Gould bought the property in 1899 for $450,000, and its present value was variously estimated at $800,000 to $1,000,000.

The courts found against Mrs. Gould, ruling that her interest was safe and that the plaintiff in the proceedings had a right to enforce his claim against the property because of the default in the interest. It was also found that Mrs. Gould had not furnished any proof of collusion between George and Howard Gould on which to base her assertion that they had conspired to injure her. Out of the purchase price George J. Gould will receive the amount due him and Mrs. Gould will get her dower interest, which will be one-third. The money was deposited with the City Chamberlain.

Georgetown Alumni Elect Officers.

At a meeting of New York Alumni of Georgetown University at the Astor on Wednesday night, the following officers were elected: President, J. Lynch Prendergast; Vice Presidents, John G. Agar, Walter F. Albertsen, Martin Conboy, Jean F. C. Des Garennes, Stephen B. Fleming; Treasurer, James A. MacElhinny; Secretary, James S. McDonogh. These Directors were elected: F. X. Anglim, John Devine, Harry H. Brown, Joseph Healy, Edward W. De Knight, Allan A. Ryan, Miles Tierney, Jr., and Charles N. Harris, the last to take the place of the Rev. D. Marcus Dyer.

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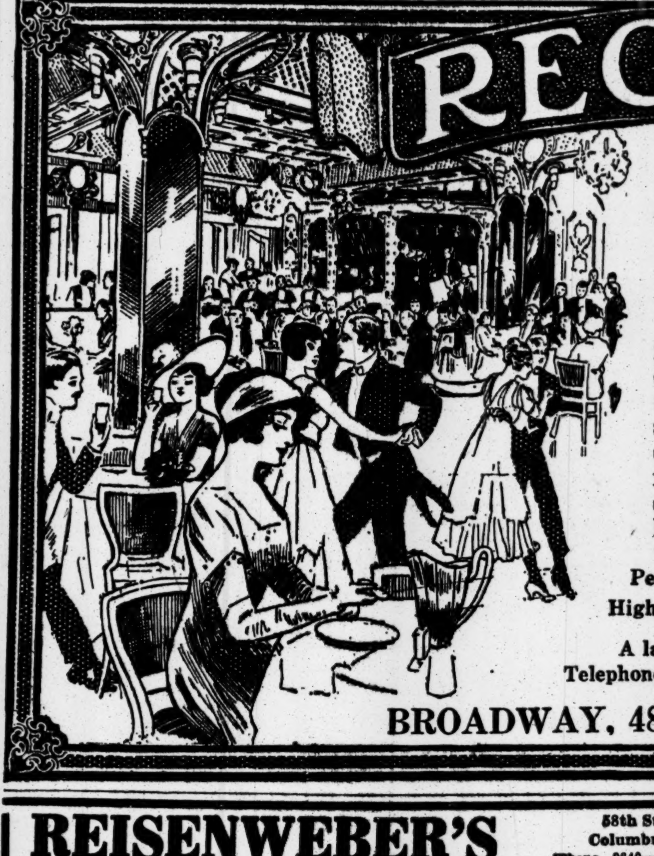

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SPECIAL CIRCULAR DESCRIBING 105 ISSUES
Listed Stocks

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Industrials Score Big Gains, While Rails Remain Unchanged —Good Absorption Shown.

The bullish spirit so much in evidence in the late afternoon's trading on Wednesday endured overnight, despite the quite unfavorable turn taken in the Ancona developments. Neither the denial of the assertion by the German news agency that the ill-fated liner was attempting to escape when she was torpedoed nor the discovery that she carried more than a score of Americans among her passengers served to halt the recovery which had set in with the characterestic vigor of the upturn from the previous big reaction. Stocks on the war-order side of the board were soon selling at figures so far above the low point reached on the previous day that traders had an opportunity to close out with very substantial profits. This selling did not reach such a volume as to check the rise in all issues, although the advancing movement from that time on was greatly lessened.

The stock market was in very much better position yesterday as a result of the four and a half days of liquidation through which it had passed, and brokers were not sorry to see more evidence of restraint in the buying for new positions. Customers had been made more discriminating by the easy reactions brought about in some of the highly speculative war stocks and the recovery in such issues as Baldwin and Crucible was less violent than it would have been otherwise.

The attempt to shift the larger proportion of trading into the railroad shares appeared to have spent itself yesterday. Most of the railroads only succeeded in holding their previous gains and there was little to attract fresh investment in the day's news. On the other hand some of the industrial stocks which have lacked popularity for the last few days showed decided gains yesterday. Notable among these was American Smelting, which moved from 94½ to 99⅞ and closed with a net gain of 4½ points. Steel was very active, closing at 87¼ with a net gain of ¼. The news of this company's plans for expansion did not come out until after the close of the market. The day's transactions were considerably under the previous day's total, but large enough to show a widespread interest in the recovery from Wednesday's low prices.

Traders have been taught by the two recent reactions in the highly speculative war order stocks that it is not safe to buy into companies whose shares have had tremendous advances based entirely upon unofficial reports of huge profits to be made out of munitions. Some of these issues may be worth their present prices, and more, but until the mystery that has surrounded their changed position has been cleared by earnings statements buyers are likely to favor the standard copper and and steel stocks, and those of the "war order" companies which have issued official reports.

$3,800,000 GOLD ARRIVES.

Shipment on the St. Louis Makes Imports for Year $355,000,000.

The steamship St. Louis brought in yesterday $3,800,000 gold in British sovereigns, which was deposited at the Assay Office. Of the total, $2,500,000 was consigned to the Guaranty Trust Company, $500,000 each to the Bank of New York and Wells, Fargo & Co., and $300,000 to the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

This brought the year's imports up to about $335,000,000.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	10 or Less.	Over 10 up to 30.	Over 30 up to 60.	Over 60 up to 90.
Boston	3	4	4	4
New York	3	4	4	4
Philadelphia	3	4	4	4
Cleveland	3½	4	4	4½
Atlanta	.	4	4	4
Chicago	.	4	4	4½
St. Louis	3	4	4	4
Minneapolis	.	4	4	4½
Kansas City	.	4	4	4
Dallas	.	4	4	4½
San Francisco	3	3½	4	4½

	Agricul. Over 90.	Trade Acceptances. Up to 60	60 to 90.	Commodity.
Boston	5	3½	3½	3½
New York	5	3½	3½	.
Philadelphia	4½	3	3	3
Cleveland	5	3½	4	.
Richmond	5	3½	4	3
Atlanta	5	3½	3½	3
Chicago	5	.	.	.
St. Louis	5	3½	3½	3
Minneapolis	5	.	.	3
Kansas City	5	3½	3½	3
Dallas	5	3½	4	3
San Francisco	6	3	3½	*3½

*Up to 30 days; over 30 to 60, 4 per cent.; over 60 to 90, 4½ per cent., *and over 90, 5 per cent.

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Sixty days ....2¼@2½
Ninety days ....2¼@2½

COLLATERAL LOANS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Renewal Rate.
On call	2	1¾	1¾	1¾

ON TIME.

60 days ....2¼@2½ | 5 months 3
90 days ....2½@2¾ | 6 months 3
4 months 3

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Best Known Names.

4 months ....2¾@3 | 6 months ....2¾@3¼
60 to 90 days ....2¾@3

Other Names.

4 months ....3 @3¼ | 6 months ....3 @3¼

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

Range of Sterling.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Chge.
Demand	$4.65½	$4.65¼	$4.65⅜	+00⅝
Cables	4.66⅜	4.66⅛	4.66¼	+00⅛

Closing Rates.

	Demand, (or check.)	Cable.
London	$4.65⅝	$4.66¼
Paris	5.98⅝	5.98¼
Switzerland	5.33	5.32
Scandinavia	26.32	26.42
Berlin	.81⅝	.81½
China—		
Hongkong	48.45	48.60
Shanghai	56.25	..
Singapore	57.50	..
Greece	19.40	19.45
Holland	.41⅛	.41⅛
India—		
Bombay	33.00	..
Calcutta	33.00	..
Italy	6.46¼	6.45¼
Japan—		
Kobe	49.50	49.62½
Yokohama	49.50	49.62½
Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.62	49.75
South America—		
Buenos Aires	.41⅜	.41¼
Rio	.23½	.23⅝
Spain	..	.19
Austria	14.64	14.70
Russia	..	32.25

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.61¼	$4.59¼	$4.60¼	$4.58¼

Clearing House Figures.

New York Clearing House exchanges, $483,106,340; balance, $28,110,475; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $25,358.

The local banks have gained $8,070,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Domestic Exchange.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, 20c discount; St. Louis, par; San Francisco, 35c premium; Montreal, par.

Bar Silver.

Bar silver in London, 27 7-16d, up 1-16d; New York, 50¼c, up ¼c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, NOV. 11, 1915.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales	942,083
Same day last year	Exch. closed
Year to date	150,903,783
Same period last year	45,989,158
Average price and change 50 stocks	89.22 + .47
Same day last year	*Exch. closed

	High.	Low.
Year's range to date	94.13 Oct. 22	58.99 Feb. 24
Range year 1914	73.30 Jan. 31	57.41 July 30
Range year 1913	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10

*Closing average July 30, 57.77.

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
106	110	400	Adams Express	108	109	108	109	+2
29⅛	29½	28,900	Alaska Gold Mines	30⅝	30⅝	28⅛	29	−1
11¾	12	5,400	Alaska Juneau	12¼	12¼	11¾	12	− ¼
81¼	81¾	9,400	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	81	81⅝	80	81½	+ ½
73	73½	1,300	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	73	73½	72¾	73⅛	+ ⅛
73⅝	73¾	4,500	Am. Agricul. Chem	73	73⅞	73	73⅝	+ ⅝
67¼	67½	6,400	Am. Beet Sugar	66⅝	68¼	66⅝	67¼	+1¼
60⅝	60⅞	38,000	Am. Can	59½	61⅝	59⅝	60⅝	+2⅜
107	107½	700	Am. Can pf	107⅝	107⅞	107½	107½	+1¾
82¼	82½	9,600	Am. Car & Fdry	81⅛	82½	80⅝	82½	+2
142	145	800	Am. Coal Products	143	144½	143	143	+3⅝
57¾	58	900	Am. Cotton Oil x d	59	59	57½	58	...
12	12¼	1,200	Am. H. & Leather	11	12⅜	11	12	+1
51	52	1,500	Am. H. & Leath. pf	49½	52	49½	52	+2¾
26	27	1,300	Am. Ice Securities	26	27	26	26	+ ¾
25	25½	4,300	Am. Linseed	24⅛	26	24	25	+1
43½	44½	1,700	Am. Linseed pf	43½	44½	43	44½	+2½
64	64½	4,800	Am. Locomotive	63¼	64⅝	62½	64⅛	+1⅛
9½	9¾	100	Am. Malt	9½	9½	9½	9½	+ ½
98⅞	99⅛	82,600	Am. Smelt. & Ref	94⅝	99⅞	94½	98⅞	+4½
111⅝	112	300	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	110⅞	111⅝	110⅞	111⅝	+1⅝
82½	83½	100	Am. Smelt. S. pf. B	83	83	83	83	...
150	155	100	Am. Snuff	150¼	150¼	150¼	150¼	−4¾
62½	63	4,500	Am. Steel F'dries	61	63¼	61	63	+1½
116⅞	117	1,800	Am. Sugar Ref	116¾	117	116	116⅞	+1
127¾	128⅛	2,500	Am. Teleph. & Tel	128⅛	128¾	128	128	− ¼
232	233	100	Am. Tobacco	232	232	232	232	−1½
232	233	25	Do., odd lot	233	233	233	233	...
51⅝	52	4,400	Am. Woolen	48	51½	48	51½	+4½
51⅝	52	1,500	Am. Woolen t. r.	49	51⅝	49	51⅝	+4½
97¼	98	100	Am. Woolen pf	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾	+ ½
87	87⅛	73,500	Anaconda Cop. Co	85⅞	87½	85¼	87	+1¼
108	108⅜	2,200	Atch., Top. & S. F	108⅜	108⅜	108¼	108¼	− ⅜
101¼	102	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	...
112	116	200	Atlantic Coast Line	115	115	115	115	−1
115½	116	28,200	Baldwin Loco	113	118	111	115½	+4
108	109½	100	Baldwin Loco. pf	109	109	109	109	...
94¾	94⅞	5,000	Baltimore & Ohio	94¾	95⅛	94¾	94⅞	+ ⅜
76½	77¼	200	Baltimore & O. pf	77	77	77	77	...
..	..	7	Bank of Commerce	180	180	180	180	...
1½	1⅝	300	Batopilas Mining	1⅝	1½	1⅝	1½	+ ⅛
435	437	700	Bethlehem Steel	435	435	412½	435	+5
435	437	10	Do., odd lot	437	437	437	437	...
90	90½	1,400	Bklyn Rapid Tran	90¼	90½	90	90	...
91	93	50	Brown Shoe pf	91	91	91	91	...
11	11¾	100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry S	11	11	11	11	+1½
68⅜	68¾	8,300	Butte & Superior	67	68¾	67	68¾	+2¼
29	32	100	Butterick Co	30	30	30	30	+ ½
19½	20	700	California Petrol	19⅝	19⅞	19⅛	19⅛	+ ½
183¾	186	5,400	Canadian Pacific	186½	187	185½	185⅞	+ ⅝
86	90	100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	89	89	89	89	−1
57¾	58	8,200	Central Leather Co	57⅞	58⅛	57¾	57¾	+ ⅝
131	135	6	Cent. & So. Am. Tel	131	131	131	131	...
62	62¼	8,800	Chesapeake & Ohio	63	63	62	62	− ½
16	16¼	600	Chi. Great Western	16⅜	16⅜	16	16	− ⅜
39½	39¾	2,620	Chi. Gt. West. pf	39⅞	40⅜	39¼	39⅛	+ ½
95	95¾	800	Chi., Mil. & St. P	95⅞	95⅞	95	95	− ⅝
130¾	131	200	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	131	131	131	131	+ ¼
133	135	100	Chi. & Northwest	133	133	133	133	...
170	190	75	Chi. & Northw. pf	180	180	180	180	...
20¾	21	9,000	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	21¼	21⅜	20⅛	20¾	− ¼
122	124	100	Chi., St. P., M. & O	123	123	123	123	+2
122	124	50	Do., odd lot	122	122	122	122	...
54½	54¾	6,200	Chino Copper	54⅜	54⅞	54	54½	+1
49	50	100	Clev., C., C. & St. L	49⅞	49⅞	49⅞	49⅞	− ⅛
75	76	500	C., C., C. & St. L. pf	76	76	76	76	...
52	52¼	9,425	Col. Fuel & Iron	51¾	52½	50½	52	+1
45½	48½	200	Comp. Tab. & Rec	46	48	46	48	...
142½	143	4,300	Consoli. Gas x d	143⅛	144½	142⅛	142½	− ¼
91	91¾	8,300	Continental Can	88	92½	88	91¼	+4½
18⅞	19	1,600	Corn Products Ref	19	19⅛	18¾	19	+ ⅛
73½	73¾	20,800	Crucible Steel	74	75¼	72¾	73½	+ ¼
103½	105	500	Crucible Steel pf	105	105	104	104	− ½
115	117	600	Cuban-Am. Sugar	115	116¾	115	116¾	+1¾
151¾	152¼	40	Delaware & Hud	151⅛	151½	151½	151½	...
19½	20½	400	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	19⅛	20	19⅛	20	+1
44½	45	6,800	Distillers Secur	43¾	45	43	45	+1¾
24½	25	500	Dome Mines	25	25¼	24⅛	24½	− ½
13⅝	15¼	300	Dul., S. S. & A. pf	15	15	14	14	+ ⅝
65	66½	200	Elec. Storage Bat	65	65	65	65	...
42⅜	42⅞	26,310	Erie	43	43	42¼	42⅜	+ ¼
57¼	57¾	3,700	Erie 1st pf	58	58¼	57¼	57¼	− ⅛
48½	48¾	300	Erie 2d pf	49½	49½	48¾	48¾	− ¼
35	36	1,200	Federal M. & S	30	35	30	35	+3
55½	56	5,150	Federal M. & S. pf	50	55⅝	50	55⅝	+5⅝
176½	177½	2,200	General Electric	176¾	177½	175⅞	177½	+1½
394	395	2,000	General Motors	380	400	380	394	+19
113¾	114	300	General Motors pf	113½	113½	113½	113½	+ ½
71⅞	72	8,700	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	71¼	72	70½	71⅞	+1⅜
111	112½	200	Goodrich pf	111¼	111¼	111¼	111¼	− ⅜
125¼	125½	3,500	Great Northern pf	126⅜	126⅜	125	125⅜	− ⅝
48⅝	48⅞	10,200	G. N. certs. ore prop	49	49¼	48¼	48⅝	+ ⅛
40½	40¾	100	Greene-Cananea	40½	40½	40½	40½	+ ½
72⅞	73	8,800	Guggenheim Explor	71¼	73¼	71¼	73	+2
120	..	50	Homestake Mining	121	121	121	121	...
43⅛	43¾	14,500	Inspiration Copper	43¼	43⅞	42⅞	43½	+ ⅝
22½	23	100	Inter.-Met.	23	23	23	23	+ ⅛
22¾	23	2,500	Interboro Consol	23	23¼	22⅝	22⅞	− ⅜
79⅜	80	1,200	Interboro Con. pf	79⅝	79⅞	79¼	79½	...
26½	27	1,500	Int. Agricultural	25½	27⅛	25½	27⅛	+2¼
63½	64½	800	Int. Agricultural pf	63	64	63	64	+4
108½	109¼	200	Int. Harvester, N. J	109	109	109	109	+1
69	71	600	Int. Harv. Corp	70	70	70	70	...
185	190	815	Int. Nickel v. tr. cfs	185	189½	185	189½	+1½
107½	109½	100	I. Nickel pf. v. tr. cfs	108½	108½	108½	108½	+ ½
57½	57¾	9,400	Int. Mer. Mar. pf. t. r	56¼	59⅛	55½	57½	...
11⅞	12	2,500	Int. Paper	11½	12	11½	12	+ ⅝
45	46	800	Int. Paper pf	44½	45	43⅝	45	+1
82½	82⅞	1,300	Kansas City South	83¼	83½	82½	82⅞	− ⅜
63½	64¼	300	Kan. City South. pf	64	64	64	64	...
109	112	200	Kresge (S. S.) Co. pf	111	111	110	110	−1
75¾	76	6,050	Lackawanna Steel	75¼	77	74½	76	+1½
80½	81	2,100	Lehigh Valley	80⅞	81	80½	80¾	− ¼
246	248	200	Liggett & Myers	246¼	247	246¼	247	...
118	119½	200	Liggett & Myers pf	118	118	118	118	...
23	27	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	− ⅞
81	83	100	Mackay Cos	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝	+ ⅝
65⅛	66	100	Mackay Cos. pf	65¼	65¼	65¼	65¼	+ ¼
70	71	11,300	Maxwell Motors	69¼	73½	67¼	70½	+2
99⅞	100	1,900	Maxwell M. 1st pf	98½	100	98½	99⅞	+1⅞
57⅛	57⅞	3,500	Maxwell M. 2d pf	56	59¼	54	57⅛	+2½
89¼	89⅝	12,100	Mexican Petroleum	86⅜	89⅝	86	89⅝	+3⅜
34	34⅝	8,100	Miami Copper	33½	34⅝	33½	34⅜	+1¼
35½	37¼	200	Minn. & St. L. pf	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	+ ⅛
125	126	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M	126	126	126	126	− ½
7	7⅛	800	Mo., Kan. & Texas	7⅝	7⅝	7⅛	7⅛	− ⅝
15½	16½	500	Mo., K. & T. pf	16¼	16¼	16	16	− ¼
7⅝	7⅞	5,100	Mo. Pacific	7½	8¾	7¼	7⅝	− ⅜
6⅞	7½	3,500	Mo. Pacific t. r	7½	7½	6⅞	7	...
60	60¼	800	Montana Power	60¼	61	60	60	− ¼
100	111¼	500	Mont. Power pf	111¼	111¼	111¼	111¼	−2⅜
76	79	100	Nat. Cloak & Suit	78⅞	78⅞	78⅞	78⅞	− ⅛
108	112	100	Nat. C. & S. pf	111	111	111	111	+1
29¾	30	1,900	Nat. En. & St	29	30	29	30	+1
92	93	100	Nat. E. & S. pf	92¼	92¼	92¼	92¼	+ ¼
66¼	66½	4,100	Nat. Lead	64⅜	66½	64½	66⅜	+2⅜
15⅝	16	1,200	Nev. Con. Copper	15⅝	16	15⅝	16	+ ¾
138¼	139	1,400	N. Y. Air Brake	135	138	135	137	+4¼
102½	103	800	N. Y. Central	103⅜	103⅜	102½	102½	− ⅞
42½	45	100	N. Y., C. & St. L	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾	+1¾
80¼	81	2,500	N. Y., N. H. & H	80⅛	81	80	80⅝	...
31¼	31½	1,300	N. Y., O. & W	31⅛	31⅛	31	31⅛	+ ⅛
118½	119½	1,400	Norfolk & Western	118½	120	118½	119½	+ ¼
72	73	100	North American	72⅜	72⅜	72⅜	72⅜	+ ⅜
115¼	115⅞	2,715	Northern Pacific	116	116	115	115⅝	+ ¼
42	43	200	Pac. Tel. & Tel	42½	42½	42½	42½	+ ½
59¾	60	8,455	Pennsyl. Railroad	60⅜	60⅜	59¾	59¾	− ⅜
58	60	100	Petti., Mull. & Co	65	65	65	65	+5
43	44	800	Philadelphia Co	43	43	43	43	+1
34¾	35¼	8,600	Pittsburgh Coal	32⅞	35¼	32¾	35	+3
105½	106½	350	Pitts. Coal pf	106	106	106	106	+2¼
97¼	98½	100	Pitts. Steel pf	98	98	98	98	...
64	65	2,200	Pressed St. Car	64½	64⅜	63¾	64	− ½
103⅞	104¼	300	Pres. St. C. pf	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	...
112	114	200	Public Serv. N. J	113	113½	113	113½	+ ½
4¼	4⅝	100	Quicksilver	4½	4½	4½	4½	+ ⅝
4½	5	200	Quicksilver pf	5	5	5	5	− ½
45½	45⅞	700	Railway St. Spring	44½	45⅞	44½	45½	+2⅞
99¼	100	100	Rail. St. Spring pf	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	+ ¼
26	26¼	6,100	Ray Con. Copper	25⅝	26⅛	25⅝	26⅛	+ ⅝
82	82¼	17,600	Reading	83	83¼	82	82	− ⅜
50⅝	50¾	5,900	Republic Iron & St	51	51⅝	50⅛	50⅝	+ ⅜
105	106	200	Rep. I. & St. pf	105½	105⅝	105½	105⅝	+ ⅝
⅜	½	400	Rock Island	½	½	½	½	...
3⅜	4½	600	Rum., (M.)	3½	3½	3¼	3¼	− ⅝
6⅝	7	1,100	St. L. & S. Fran	7	7	6⅞	6⅞	+ ⅛
12½	13¾	200	St. L. & S. F. 1 pf	13¼	13⅝	13¼	13⅝	+ ½
9½	9¾	1,400	St. L. & S. F. 2 pf	9⅝	9⅞	9½	9⅝	+ ¼
22	22½	100	St. L. S. W	22	22	22	22	+1
38	40	400	St. L. S. W. pf	40	40	40	40	+1⅝
18¾	19¼	900	Seaboard A. Line	19	19⅝	19	19	...
41½	42	100	Seaboard A. L. pf	42	42	42	42	...
155⅝	157	300	Sears, Roe. & Co	156	156⅜	155⅞	156⅜	+ ¼
57	58	800	S.-S. St. & I. Co	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞	+ ⅞
102½	102¾	18,350	Sou. Pacific	103⅝	103⅝	102⅝	102⅝	− ⅝
115	120	820	S. Porto Rico S	118	118	112	115	+5
24⅝	24¾	8,000	Southern Railway	24¼	24¾	24	24⅝	+ ⅞
62¾	63	200	Sou. Rail. pf	62	62	62	62	+ ½
78	79	100	Standard Milling	78½	78½	78½	78½	−2½
80	81	50	Stand. Mill. pf	80	80	80	80	...
153¾	155	8,200	Studebaker Co	152	157½	148	154	+2
55½	56	6,200	Tennessee Copper	55	56	54½	56	+1½
168	169	600	Texas Co	166⅝	168½	166⅝	168¼	+2⅝
62	62¼	1,200	Third Avenue	61⅞	62⅝	61⅞	62	+ ¼
101	101⅞	100	Tob. Products pf	102	102	102	102	...
6⅞	7	100	T., St. L. & West	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅜
11	15	100	T., St. L. & W. pf	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
97	98¼	100	T. C. R. Transit	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	+ ⅛
7¾	8	1,600	Un. B. & Paper Co	7½	8	7½	8	+ ½
137	137⅞	10,600	Union Pacific	137½	138¼	137	137¼	− ½
83	83¼	100	Union Pacific pf	83½	83½	83½	83½	− ¼
83	83½	50	Un. Pac. odd lot	83½	83½	83½	83½	...
9¾	9⅞	825	Un. Cig. Stores	9⅞	9⅞	9¾	9⅞	...
144	145	600	Un. Fruit Co	144	144⅝	143	144⅝	+1⅝
23	23¼	950	Un. Rail. Invest	23	23¼	22⅞	23¼	+ ⅝
39	40	400	Un. Rail In. pf	39	40	39	39⅝	+ ⅝
27½	28	900	U. S. C. I. P. & F	27¼	27⅝	27	27	+ ½
100½	110¼	8,500	U. S. Ind. Alcohol	108	112	108	110	...
3¼	4	600	U. S. Red. & Ref	3½	4	3¼	3¼	+ ¼
4	5	2,800	U. S. R. & R. pf	3½	5	3½	4½	+ ¾
54⅝	55	1,400	United States Rub	54⅜	54⅝	54	54½	+ ⅝
106⅝	107	125	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	86⅝	87⅞	86¾	87¼	+ ¼
87⅞	87¼	154,900	U. S. Steel	106⅞	106⅞	106⅝	106⅞	− ⅜
116¼	116½	1,000	U. S. Steel pf	116	116⅜	116	116⅜	+ ⅝
74¼	74½	12,500	Utah Copper	74⅜	74½	73½	74⅝	+1⅛
48⅜	48½	4,400	V.-C. Chemical	46⅜	48½	46¼	48¼	+2⅝
110	111⅝	1,110	V.-C. Chem. pf	109¼	111½	109¼	111½	+2⅛
63	66	600	Virg. I., C. & Coke	62¾	65¼	61	65¼	+5¼
16¼	16½	4,300	Wabash w. i	16⅜	16⅝	16⅜	16½	+ ½
47¼	47½	4,200	Wabash pf. A. w. i	47½	47⅝	47⅜	47½	+ ¼
30	30¼	6,150	Wabash pf B. w. i	30¼	30½	30	30	...
128	131	200	Wells-Far. Express	127	127	127	127	−3½
33	33¼	300	Western Md	33⅜	33⅜	33	33	...
48⅜	49½	400	West. Md. pf	48½	49¼	48⅛	49¼	− ¾
87½	88	500	West. U. Tele	87½	87¾	87½	87⅝	+ ½
68	68⅜	29,000	Westingh. E. & M	67⅛	68⅞	67⅛	68⅛	+1½
5	5¼	1,100	Wheel. & L. Erie	5	5¼	5	5¼	+ ½
5½	6	400	Wheel. & L. E. 2 pf	5⅜	5⅝	5⅛	5½	+ ½
230	235	1,850	Willys-Overland	224	235	219	233	+21
111½	112	100	Willys-Over. pf	111¾	111¾	111¾	111¾	− ¼
41	42	100	Wisconsin Central	41½	41½	41½	41½	+1½
111⅞	113	200	Woolw., (F. W.)	112	112	112	112	+1
122	123	100	Woolworth pf	122	122	122	122	...

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Clearing the Decks.

Yesterday's improvement in prices and the generally bullish tone of commission houses gave opportunity for a study of the decline checked on Wednesday. Less was said by disgruntled losers about a deliberate shake-out by the "big interests" than on other reactions of the Fall. It was proved in numerous instances that what brokers said about the banks requiring a stiffer margin of collateral for loans this week was true, especially in reference to war stocks, and therein lay one cause for the selling of securities. Also it was learned that a great many firms came to the point toward the close of last week where they had to reduce their loans or court trouble if the market turned back before they were prepared. It was either a case of cutting down loans for some or of refusing to do business on their existing capital, and the latter would hardly appeal to the brokerage profession. They brought their loans within the bounds of safety by selling some of their collateral or by persuading customers to sell, and when this process had been well carried through prices again moved upward.

⁂

Difference in U. S. Bond Prices.

The buying of Governments bonds by Federal Reserve Banks has been a factor of late in causing a considerable difference between bond prices on the Stock Exchange and in the outside market. Few Governments change hands on the Exchange, while the over-the-counter business has been fairly active for several weeks. In this table is presented final outside quotations yesterday and the bid prices on the Exchange at the second call:

	Outside Prices. Bid.	Asked.	Stock Exchange Bid Price.
U. S. 2s, 1930	98⅝	99⅛	98
U. S. 3s, 1918	101½	101¾	101
U. S. 4s, 1925	109½	110	109
Panama 3s	101¾	102¼	101

The Stock Exchange bid refers to $10,000 bonds which the bidder stands ready to take. The bonds covered by the prices were the registered issues.

⁂

French Steel Prices.

Officers of the United States Steel Corporation were not inclined to comment yesterday on dispatches from Paris, saying that prices had been withdrawn in France because of conditions in the trade, and also from lack of proper steamship facilities. In the absence of confirmation of the report it was assumed in trade quarters that the quoting of prices on a firm basis for French delivery probably had been discontinued for the reason that the market is changing front so rapidly that quotations of today, even for delivery late next year, might be considerably higher tomorrow.

⁂

Proving It by Charts.

There are many charts of price movements and of business barometers which have a real value, but for every one in that class there are a dozen which are based on peculiar discoveries of their architects. A real chart enthusiast works along lines that go up and down with marvelous regularity, whereas, as every one who has tried to make money in stocks knows, prices never behave as they should to square with precedents. There are many amateurs who have home-made charts which can be applied to any active stock for the purpose of showing the exact eighth to which it will move on the next upward or downward swing. Applying these theories to past sessions of the market proves conclusively that they never fail. The odd thing about these charts is that they are not kept under lock and key for the exclusive use of the designers, but are spread out on the desks of brokerage offices for the edification of any one desiring to trade in a scientific manner. Like systems for beating the races or Monte Carlo, they are infallible so long as they are tried out theoretically, but just as surely as they are used as a guide for speculation something that never happened before in the history of the world comes along to upset the speculator. When that happens the draughtsman introduces another correction and hunts for a new customer. For, strangely enough, the man who invents a chart completes his masterpiece only after he has exhausted his own capital in discovering the defects of his earlier attempts.

⁂

Rock Island Report.

The Kendrick report on the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway, according to a Chicago dispatch, will be released at noon tomorrow. The report, made by J. B. Kendrick, a railroad expert, it is expected, will give an estimate of the financial needs of the Rock Island, and on the basis of this report the re-organization plans for the Rock Island will probably be made. Several weeks ago it was stated in well informed circles that the original amount of money specified for all purposes was $64,000,000. Other reports have put the amount as low as $51,000,000, of which $35,000,000 was to be devoted to rehabilitation. The final figures, according to some of the Directors, have never been mentioned and are awaited in "inside" circles with as much interest as in general circles.

⁂

Underwood on Southern Pacific Board.

The selection of F. D. Underwood, President of the Erie Railroad, as a Director of the Southern Pacific, to succeed Cornelius N. Bliss, resigned, marks a new epoch in Mr. Underwood's career, his entree into the directorship of western railroads. Mr. Underwood first wore the brakeman's overalls on the St. Paul, and became Superintendent of that western road. He was General Manager of the Soo Line at one time, but he was never before a Director of a western road. The selection of Mr. Underwood means that the Southern Pacific will have three first class operating railroad men on its Board, the others being Julius Kruttschnitt, the Chairman of the Board, and L. F. Loree, President of the Delaware & Hudson. It was Mr. Underwood's practical knowledge of railroading that led to his selection. His counsel was considered most desirable, it was said. Incidently, the friendly relation between the Southern Pacific and the Erie which existed in E. H. Harriman's day is strengthened by Mr. Underwood's selection. The Erie figured more strongly in the plans for a proposed transcontinental Harriman line than the New York Central, though Mr. Harriman had an interest in both roads. Mr. Loree and Ogden Mills are the other Erie Directors now on the Southern Pacific Board. It is not expected that Mr. Underwood's new connections will result in any traffic arrangements between the Erie and the Southern Pacific.

British Bank Statement.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve decreased	£1,070,000
Circulation decreased	234,000
Bullion decreased	1,304,044
Other securities decreased	873,000
Other deposits decreased	5,359,000
Public deposits increased	3,421,000
Notes, reserve, decreased	1,072,000
Government securities unchanged.	

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 29.13 per cent.; last week it was 29.48 per cent. Rate of discount, 5 per cent.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales Nov. 11	$7,715,500
Same day last year	Exch. closed
Year to date	$764,430,700
Same period last year	425,061,100
Average price and change 40 bonds	86.15 + .28
Same day last year	*Exch. closed

	High.	Low.
Year's range to date	86.15 Nov. 11	81.51 Jan. 2
Same period last year	89.42 Feb. 4	82.73 July 30
Year 1914	89.42 Feb. 4	81.42 Dec. 2
Year 1913	92.31 Jan. 10	85.45 Dec. 18

Anglo-French 5s, temp bonds
1,000....98
25,000....97⅞
2,000....98
500....98
25,000....98
Jap Govt 4½s, sterl loan, 2d Series, German stamp
45,000s30f....76¼
Rep of Cuba 5s of 1914
19,000....94
10,000....94½
N Y State 4½s
1,000....110
1,000....109⅞
N Y City 3½s, Nov., 1954
1,000....86½
4s, 1958
1,000....97¾
4s, 1959
8,000....97¾
4¼s, 1960
1,000....101
75,000....100⅝
4¼s, 1964
50,000....101
4½s, 1963
1,000....105
1965
6,000....105½
17,000....105⅛
2,000....105½
Alaska G Mines conv deb 6s
7,000....122
Alb & Susq 3½s
10,000....85
Am Ice Secur 6s
2,000....86½
Am Sm Secur 6s
24,000....109
10,000....109¼
30,000....109⅜
20,000....109½
21,000....110
12,000....110½
Am T & T col 4s
15,000....90¼
5,000....90⅜
10,000....90⅛
conv 4½s
80,000....107⅛
5,000....107⅝
25,000....107¼
22,000....107⅛
50,000....107¼
5,000....107⅛
1,000....107¼
35,000....107⅛
35,000....107
Am Tobacco 4s
1,000....94
Armour & Co 4½s
16,000....92½
A, T & S F gen 4s
68,000....93¾
500....93⅝
2,000....93⅞
12,000....94
6,000....94¼
adjust 4s, stpd
10,000....87⅝
2,000....87¼
conv 4s, 1960
1,000....108½
15,000....108¼
Trans S L 4s
1,000....88¾
Atl Coast L 1st 4s
1,000....92½
6,000....92⅝
B & O pr lien 3½s
25,000s30f....92⅝
4,000....92⅝
gold 4s
1,000....90¼
9,000....90½
conv 4½s
3,000....95⅞
73,000....96
2,000....95⅞
4,000s30f....95⅞
18,000....95½
5,000....95⅝
5,000....95⅛
25,000....95¾
12,000....95½
S W div 3½s
5,000....91⅜
79,000....91⅜
P L E & W V 4s
10,000....85
62,000....85¼
1,000....85½
10,000....86
10,000....85¾
2,000....85½
Beth Steel 1st & ref 5s
31,000....100⅛
14,000....100¼
21,000....100⅛
5,000....100¼
ext 5s
1,000....102⅝
B R T ref conv 4s
6,000....79¾
5s, 1918
6,000....100⅛
85,000....100⅜
Bdway & 7th Av 1st con 5s
5,000....100
5,000....99⅞
Bush Term 5s
2,000....89
Cal G & Elec 5s
6,000....96¾
Canada So con 5s, Series A
5,000....103
Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio 5s
4,000....96
Cen of Ga Ry con 5s
2,000....100½
Cent Leather 5s
2,000....100⅝
1,000....100⅝
10,000....100⅜
41,000....100⅝
1,000....100⅝
Cent of N J gen 5s
1,000....113⅞
Cent Pacific gtd 4s
10,000....89
30,000s30f....89
1,000....89¼
Ches & O con 5s
21,000....105
5,000....105¼
gen 4½s
10,000....91⅜
conv 4½s
41,000....88½
10,000....88⅜
1,000....88⅝
16,000....89
25,000s30f....89
10,000....89
10,000....89½
34,000....90
5,000....89⅝
Chic & Alt 3½s
2,000....43⅞
C, B & Q gen 4s
2,000....93⅛
10,000s30f....93⅛
1,000....93½
1,000....94
2,000....93¼
2,000....93⅛
2,000....94
joint 4s
1,000....98¼
30,000s30f....98⅛
5,000....98⅛
35,000....98¼
20,000....98⅛
15,000....98¼
63,000....98⅜
Ill div 3½s
10,000....84⅝
Chi & E Ill con 6s
1,000....101
2,000....101⅛
Chi Gt Wn 4s
2,000....72¼
Chi, Ind & Louis ref 6s
2,000....110
C, M & St P gen 4s, Series A
2,000....90½
4s, 1934
3,000....90⅝
10,000....91
1,000....91⅛
gen 4½s
8,000....101½
3,000....102
conv 4½s
11,000....100⅝
2,000....100¼
1,000....100⅛
cv 5s, Ser B
12,000....107
500....107

2,000 sld....106⅞
3,000....107
5,000....106⅝
C & P W 5s
2,000....103¼
Dubuque 6s
5,000....106⅝
C & N W gen 4s, stamped
16,000....95
deb 5s, 1933
2,000....103⅛
St L, Peo & N W 5s
6,000....106
C, R I & P gen 4s
6,000....84
2,000....84⅛
3,000....84⅛
C, R I & P Ry ref 4s
22,000....66⅛
C, St P, M & O deb 5s
2,000....102⅝
C & W Ind con 4s
5,000....78⅛
5,000....78
Chile Copper 7s
25,000....138
2,000....137⅞
25,000....138
20,000....138⅛
6,000....138
Choc, Okl & Gulf con 5s
2,000....97⅞
Clev, C, C & St L gen 4s
2,000....81⅛
5,000....81
deb 4½s
5,000....85½
Clev Short L 4½s
1,000....97⅛
2,000....97⅜
8,000....97½
30,000....97¾
38,000....98
25,000....98¼
Col Industrial 5s
11,000....76
Col & South ref & ext 4½s
1,000....85½
19,000....86
Col & Tol 1st 4s
1,000....86
Comp-Tab-Rec s f 6s
10,000....82
5,000....83
Con Gas cv 6s
10,000....119½
2,000....119¼
Corn Prod R s f 5s, 1931
5,000....98
Cumberland Tel 5s
1,000....98
Cuban-Am Sugar col tr 6s
7,000....100⅞
20,000....101
Del & Hud 1st & ref 4s
4,000....96¼
cv 5s, sub rcts full paid
1,000....106½
1,000....108⅞
D & R G con 4s
26,000....78
5,000....78⅛
1,000....78
con 4½s
10,000....84
1st & ref 5s
1,000....58⅞
Det Edison 5s
2,000....102¾
Det Riv Tun 4½s
8,000....91
3,000....91⅛
2,000....91
Dist Sec Corp 5s
10,000....70
5,000....70⅛
8,000....70⅛
24,000....70½
5,000....70⅝
8,000....70½
D, M & N gen 5s
3,000....105
Du Pont de Nem Powder 4½s
15,000....102
2,000....101⅝
Erie 1st con 4s
3,000....84½
15,000....84⅜
1st gen 4s
6,000....74¾
4,000....74½
cv 4s, Ser A
2,000....71
1,000....70¾
Series B
10,000....84⅜
5,000....84¼
19,000....84⅜
10,000....84
5,000....83½
F W & D C 1st 6s
4,000....103¼
Grand Rap & Ind 1st gtd 4½s
2,000....97½
Green Bay & W deb ctfs A
1,000....75
Gt Falls P s f 5s
1,000....97
Hock V 1st 4½s
1,000....94½
Hud & Man 1st & ref 5s, Ser A
5,000....76⅞
27,000....76
adj inc 5s
15,000....30
30,000....29¾
Ill Cent ref 4s
4,000....88½
St L Div 3s, registered
1,000....68½
4s, 1953
2,000....85½
Ill Cent & St L, N O jt 5s, Ser A
35,000....100⅝
Indiana Steel 5s
15,000....102
Insp Con Cop cv 6s, 1922
5,000....174½
3,000....175
6,000....174
Inter-Met 4½s
16,000....77
5,000s30f....77
1,000....77
Int Rap Tr 1st & ref 5s
1,000....98
1,000....97⅞
2,000....98
3,000....97⅞
2,000....97⅞
3,000....97⅞
Int Mer Marine col tr 4½s
1,000....92
10,000....94
10,000....93⅝
25,000....94⅜
2,000....94½
5,000....94⅜
10,000....94⅝
ctfs of deposit
160,000....92
20,000....92¼
20,000....92¼
45,000....92
20,000....92⅜
20,000....92½
2,000....92⅜
10,000....92½
59,000....92⅜
5,000....92
10,000....91½
10,000....91¼
5,000....91⅝
4,000....91⅝
6,000....91⅝
5,000....91¼
6,000....91⅝
8,000....91⅝
57,000....91⅞
106,000....92
6,000....92¼
5,000....92¼
1,000....92⅜
23,000....92¼
25,000....92⅜
9,000....92½
10,000....92⅜
61,000....92½
3,000....93
60,000....92¼
5,000....92⅝
125,000....92½
10,000....92⅜
4,000....92½
25,000....92⅜
6,000....92½

20,000s30f....92¾
30,000....92⅞
10,000....93
100,000s30f....93
100,000s20f....93
40,000....92⅞
80,000....93
30,000....93⅜
126,000....93½
4,000....93⅝
100,000....94
27,000 3....94
25,000....94⅛
25,000....94⅛
2,000s30f....94⅛
71,000....94⅜
27,000....94½
2,000....94⅝
100,000s30f....94
15,000....94⅜
10,000....94½
39,000....94⅝
1,000....94½
6,000....94⅝
25,000....94¼
35,000....93½
25,000....93¼
5,000....93½
5,000....93⅝
5,000....94
19,000....93¾
6,000....93½
29,000....94
1,000....93½
10,000....93⅝
Intern'l Nav 5s
5,000....87
Inter Paper 6s
1,000....102¼
Iowa Central ref 4s
2,000....53⅞
Jamestown, F & Clearfield 4s
4,000....90½
Kana & M 2d 5s
1,000....96
K C, Ft S & M 4s
1,000....75¾
Kan City So 5s
5,000....94¼
2,000....94⅜
3,000....94½
Kan City So 3s
2,000....70¼
Kentucky Cent 4s
2,000....87⅞
Kings Co E L & P conv 6s, 1925
12,000....126
Lacka Steel 5s, 1923
1,000....96
1950
1,000....90¼
4,000....90½
1,000....90
25,000....90¼
Laclede Gas Lgt of St L 1st 5s
1,000....101
L S & M So 3½s
1,000....83½
4s, 1928
3,000....94½
2,000....94¾
3,000....95
4s, 1931
1,000....93⅞
4,000....93⅝
26,000....94
73,000....94½
Lehigh Val of Penn con 4s
1,000....89¾
Long Isl unif 4s
5,000....84½
Louis & N unif 4s
2,000....94
Atl, K & Cin 4s
1,000....87
N O & M 1st 6s
2,000....114
So Mon jt 4s
11,000....78½
Manhattan con 4s
7,000....90⅞
Minn & St L 1st & ref 4s
2,000....55
12,000....56
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
1,000....78½
2d 4s
4,000....56
Mo Pac 1st con 6s
5,000s30f....98¼
5s, 1917
1,000....88
conv 5s
11,000....43
Montana Power 5s, Series A
1,000....94
6,000....94¼
5,000....94
Mut Fuel Gas 5s
1,000....100⅛
Nassau Elec R R 4s
2,000....76
Nat Tube 5s
9,000....101
Nat Rys of Mex prior lien 4½s
2,000....52¾
N Y Air Brake 1st conv 6s
2,000....101½
5,000....102
N Y Cent deb 6s, sub rcts, full pd
30,000....110⅜
185,000....110½
1,000....110⅜
12,000....110½
2,000....110⅜
gen 3½s
35,000....81½
31,000....81⅝
deb 4s, 1934
9,000....90½
2,000....90⅜
3,000....91
21,000....91¼
10,000....91⅛
10,000....91½
ref & imp 4½s, Series A
16,000....92¼
23,000....92¼
20,000....92⅜
1,000....92¼
15,000....92⅜
2,000....92½
2,000....92¼
1,000....92¼
4,000....92⅝
6,000....92¾
14,000....92⅝
5,000....92⅞
75,000....93
11,000....92⅞
61,000....92⅝
14,000....92⅞
21,000....92⅝
2,000s30f....92⅝
L S col 3½s
19,000....75
N Y Con R R gtd 4½s
1,000....97
N Y, G E L H & P pur m 4s
3,000....84
N Y, N H & H conv 3½s
5,000....73
non-conv deb 4s, 1955
1,000....80
N Y Rys adj 5s
1,000....51
ref 4s
22,000....71
N Y, Sus & W 1st ref 5s
1,000....98
N Y Tel 4½s
2,000....98¼
7,000s30f....98
1,000....98¼
2,000....98
18,000....98⅛
25,000....98¼
Norf & Wn conv 4½s
5,000....118
con 4s
2,000....93⅛
Northn Pac 4s
12,000....93¼
4,000....93⅜
4,000....93¼
3s
7,000s30f....65¼
18,000....65¼
2,000....65⅜
3,000....65¼
1,500....65¼
20,000....65¼
13,000....65⅜
3,000....65⅜
6,000....65⅜
1,000....65⅜
40,000....65⅝

Or R & N con 4s
1,000....92⅛
Or S L gtd ref 4s
7,000....92
Oreg-Wash R R & Nv 1st & ref 4s
7,000....85⅞
Pac of Mo 2d 5s
5,000....96½
Pac T & T 5s
9,000....98¾
Penn gtd 4½s
1,000....101¼
Penn R R con 4½s
1,000....104¼
50,000....104½
gen 4½s to c
39,000....99¾
14,000....99⅞
5,000....99⅞
15,000....99⅞
194,000....100
10,000....100⅛
2,000....100⅜
5,000....100⅛
5,000sld....100¼
137,000....100⅛
9,000....100¼
Pub Serv Corp sink fund 5s
2,000....89
Ry St Spring Int-Ocean 1st 5s
13,000....93
Ray Consl 1st 6s
21,000....130
Reading gen 4s
35,000....95
6,000....94⅞
Reading-Jer Cen Col 4s
2,000....94⅞
Rep Ir & Steel s f 5s, 1940
5,000....95¼
10,000....95⅜
10,000....95
St L & S Fr R R ref 4s, ctfs of dep st'd
15,000....66⅛
St L Southwn 1st 4s
1,000....78⅝
9,000....78½
St Paul, M & M con 6s
10,000....119
Mont ext 4s
2,000....93⅞
Seab Air L ref 4s
17,000....73
adj 5s
3,000....70
10,000....70⅛
14,000....70½
So Bell T & T 1st 5s
3,000....98⅜
So Pac col 4s
4,000....85½
6,000....85⅝
conv 4s
35,000....88
2,000....88¼
10,000....88⅛
18,000....88¼
29,000....88⅛
13,000....88⅛
11,000....88⅜
conv 5s
5,000....107¾
16,000....107⅝
4,000....107⅝
10,000....107⅝
3,000....107½
5,000s30f....107½
500....107¼
5,000....107⅝
10,000....107⅛
15,000....107⅛
1st ref 4s
17,000....88⅞
10,000....89
5,000....89⅛
8,000s30f....89⅛
1,000....89¼
14,000....89⅜
11,000s30f....89¼
So Pac, San Fr Term'l 4s
9,000....83
1,000....83⅜
5,000....84
Southn Ry 1st 5s
2,000....101⅝
5,000....102
gen 4s
7,000....70½
St L div 4s
5,000....83⅞
Term As of St L 1st 4½s
2,000....97½
1st con 5s
1,000....103
Tex Co conv 6s
10,000....104½
2,000....104
Tex & Pac 1st 5s
2,000....96¾
8,000....96½
Third Av adj 5s
1,000....79¾
2,000....80
23,000....80½
ref 4s
500....84
Union P 1st 4s
12,000....97
10,000....97⅛
1,000....97
conv 4s
10,000....93
3,000....93⅛
2,000....93½
7,000....93⅜
1st & ref 4s
10,000s30f....89
1,000....89
4,000....89¼
Un Rail of San Fr 4s
6,000....45
5,000....46
2,000....45
U S R & Imp 5s
1,000....75
U S Red & Ref 6s
2,000....25⅞
U S Steel Corp sink fund 5s
2,000....103⅞
6,000....104
18,000....103⅞
57,000....103¾
1,000....103⅞
4,000....104
1,000....103⅞
1,000....103¾
13,000....103⅞
registered
1,000....103½
500....103¼
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s
5,000....97¾
conv deb 6s
5,000....101½
10,000....101⅝
1,000....102
5,000....101¾
5,000....101½
90,000....102
3,000....102¼
Virgn Ry 1st 5s
5,000....96¼
1,000....96⅜
2,000....97
Va Iron, C & C 5s
3,000....88
Wabash 2d 5s
50,000....97¼
ref & ext 4s, Equit Tr Co ctfs of dep, full paid
10,000....105¼
5,000....105
Wab P Ter 1st 4s
1,000....5⅜
4,000....5½
Cent Tr ctfs
30,000....5
5,000....4¾
2d 4s
75,000....½
Trust Co ctfs
5,000....½
30,000....⅝
Westchester Light Co 5s
1,000....103½
Western Md 4s
5,000....72⅜
West Un fund & real estate 4½s
11,000....94
W U Tel col tr 5s
1,000....101
West Shore 4s, reg
4,000....88
Westingh E & M 1st conv s f 5s
1,000....105¾
Wis Cent gen 4s
1,000....87

STOCK BROKER SUSPENDED.

Pittsburgh House Accused of Doing Business for Bucket Shops.

George W. Eberhardt, a member of the New York Stock Exchange house of George W. Eberhardt Company of Pittsburgh, was suspended from membership on the Exchange yesterday for a year. The charge by the Stock Exchange authorities was that the house had recently accepted orders from bucket shops. The penalty imposed was the maximum permitted under a resolution of the board passed in May, 1909. Mr. Eberhardt joined the Exchange Feb. 18, 1915.

This is the second time in two months that the Exchange has penalized business relations between Exchange members and bucket shop keepers. On Sept. 22 Percy E. Donner of the Pittsburgh firm of Donner, Childs & Woods, was suspended for a year.

GOOD TONE IN LONDON.

Money Rates in Good Demand and Discount Rates Rule Steady.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—Money rates were in good demand, while discounts ruled steady. American exchange was stronger, with cable transfers being quoted at $4.66¼.

While the sinking of the Ancona was generally discussed on the Stock Exchange, the market maintained a good tone, but interests shifted to the rubber and oil shares and home rails, which were active and strong. Recent favorites, however, were inclined to ease. Chinese and Japanese bonds were prominent among the foreign sections. Kaffirs were benefited by the Transvaal gold output for October, which showed an increase of $443,000.

The American department rose smartly under the lead of Canadian Pacific and United States Steel. The close was firm. The Coats cotton spinners profit for the year is nearly $13,000,000.

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Rising Tide
in
Demand, Output and Prices
Send for our Special Letter "500"

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INVESTMENTS
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Investments
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5s, 1940
To Yield 5.30%

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Adirondack Electric Power Com. & Pfd.
American Gas & Electric Com. & Pfd.
Federal Utilities Pfd.
Central States Electric Com. & Pfd.
Republic R'way & Lt. Com. & Pfd.
Tennessee R'way, Lt. & Power Com. & Pfd.

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Private telephone to Boston and Philadelphia.

FRISCO PLAN CUTS INTEREST IN TWO

Committee Proposes Reduction of the Road's Fixed Charges to $1,607 a Mile.

BONDS ON INCOME BASIS

Would Assess Each Share of Stock $5—New Capitalization Put at $327,000,000.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Nov. 11.—Plans for the reorganization of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad submitted to the Missouri Public Service Commission here today provide for a reduction in capitalization of $29,678,000, or 8.31 per cent., and for a reduction in fixed charges of 47.16 per cent.

The proposed capitalization of the reorganized company, including stocks and bonds, is placed at $327,000,000, in round numbers, while that of the old company was $356,000,000. These figures include the bond issues of the old Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis, which are not disturbed in the reorganization plan.

Under the reorganization plan $250,000,000 of common stock is to be authorized, but of this $197,000,000 is to remain in the treasury for future cash requirements. Common stock to the amount of $47,700,000 is to be sold to the syndicate that buys in the Frisco, and $5,300,000 is to be set aside for the adjustment of debts.

Preferred stock to the amount of $200,000,000 is to be authorized, but $118,000,000 is to remain in the treasury. Seven million preferred stock is set aside for the adjustment of debts and $75,000,000 is reserved for the conversion of income mortgage bonds.

Under the plan submitted today the fixed-charge obligation is reduced $118,887,000. The interest-bearing charges, set forth on a mileage basis, include only the fixed charges, and not the obligations on which interest is to be paid solely out of income.

Under the reorganization plan, holders of general lien bonds are to exchange 75 per cent. of them for income bonds, and holders of refunding bonds are to exchange 25 per cent. of them for income bonds.

The annual fixed charges will be reduced $5,728,000 and the interest-bearing obligations will be $33,762 a mile, with an annual charge of $1,607 a mile. The present interest-bearing obligations amount to $63,899 a mile, with an annual charge of $3,059 a mile.

Each share of stock in the Frisco is to be assessed $5, according to the plan.

The Public Service Commission accepted the plan, which was purely tentative, and announced that an early hearing would be given, after which the plan would be approved or rejected.

The plan was submitted by R. T. Swayne, counsel for the Reorganization Committee; by Henry S. Priest of St. Louis, counsel for the receivers, and by W. C. Nixon and J. W. Lusk, receivers.

The plans provide that not more than 25 per cent. of the stock of another railway shall be acquired by the Frisco without the consent of a majority of the stock.

Plans are made, if the reorganization is approved, for the purchase of additional equipment at the rate of approximately $5,000,000 a year for five years, for elimination of grade crossings, for the rebuilding of bridges and trestles, for the installation of block signals, and for radical savings in operating expenses.

The capitalization of the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis, once an independent line, but now a part of the Frisco system, is not affected, and as a result the reduction in the capitalization of the St. Louis & San Francisco proper exceeds 9 per cent.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Anglo-American	15⅝	16¼	15⅝	16¼
Atlantic Refining	620	630	625	635
Borne-Scrymser	265	275	265	275
Buckeye Pipe Line	109	111	109	111
Chesebrough Mfg	720	740	720	740
Colonial Oil	160	170	160	170
Continental Oil	257	263	257	263
Crescent Pipe Line	44	46	44	46
Cumberland Pipe Line	63	67	63	67
Eureka Pipe Line	245	255	245	250
Galena Signal Oil	155	158	155	158
Galena Signal Oil pf	135	140	135	140
Illinois Pipe Line	153	156	151	154
Indiana Pipe Line	108	111	108	111
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd	9⅝	10⅛	9⅝	10⅛
National Transit	31	33	31	33
N. Y. Transit	220	225	220	225
Northern Pipe Line	105	108	105	108
Ohio Oil	158	161	158	161
Penn.-Mex. Fuel Co	58	60	58	60
Prairie Oil & Gas	410	415	407	412
Prairie Pipe Line	205	208	204	206
Solar Refining	280	290	280	285
Southern Pipe Line	234	237	234	237
South Penn Oil	337	340	337	340
South. West. Penn	125	130	125	130
Standard Oil of Cal	310	313	308	312
Standard Oil of Ind	450	455	450	455
Standard Oil of Kan	425	435	425	435
Standard Oil of Ky	320	325	317	323
Standard Oil of Neb	340	345	340	345
Standard Oil of N. J	481	484	477	482
Standard Oil of N. Y	202	204	202	204
Standard Oil of Ohio	495	505	495	505
Swan & Finch	125	130	125	130
Union Tank	85	86	84	86
Vacuum Oil	216	220	216	220
Washington Oil	42	46	42	46

NEW YORK CITY NOTES.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
6s, Sept., 1916	102⅛	102¼	102⅛	102¼
6s, Sept. 1917	103⅜	103⅝	103⅜	103⅝
4½s, June, 1965	105⅛	105¼	105⅛	105⅜
4½s March, 1963	105⅛	105½	104⅞	105½
4½s, Nov., 1957	104⅞	105¼	104⅞	105¼
4½s, May, 1957	104⅞	105⅛	104¾	105¼
4½s, Nov., 1917	100¾	..	100¾	..
4½s, May, 1917	100⅝	..	100⅝	..
4¼s, March, 1964	100¾	101	100¾	101⅛
4¼s, March, 1962	100¾	101	100¾	101⅛
4¼s, Sept., 1960	100¾	101	100¾	101⅛
4¼s, March, 1930-60	100½	101⅛	100½	101⅛
4s, May, 1959	97⅝	98½	97⅞	98⅛
4s, Nov., 1958	97⅝	98½	97⅞	98⅛
4s, May, 1957	97⅝	98½	97⅞	98½
4s, Nov., 1956	96⅝	97½	96⅝	97½
4s, Nov., 1955	96⅝	97½	96⅝	97½
4s, Nov., 1936	96⅝	..	96	..
3½s, Nov., 1955	86½	..	86½	..
3½s, Nov., 1954	86⅝	..	86⅝	..
3½s, May, 1954	86⅝	..	86⅝	..

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.05	Kentucky Con	.02
Alpha Con	.02	Mexican	.34
Andes	.09	Occidental Con	.75
Best & Belcher	.05	Ophir	.26
Con. Cal. & Va	.16	Overman	.08
Con. Imperial	.01	Savage	.07
Gould & Curry	.04	Seg. Belcher	.03
Hale & Norcross	.04	Sierra Nevada	.57
Justice	.03	Union Con	.56
Jacket Con	.15	Utah Con	.02

TONOPAH.		C. O. D.	.04
Belmont	3.60	Comb. Fraction	.07
Halifax	.59	D'field B. B	.04
Jim Butler	.78	Florence	.43
McNamara	.02	G'field Consol	1.25
Midway	.10	G'field Kewanas	.30
Mizpah Exten	.25	G'field Merger	.19
Montana	.29	Jumbo Exten	1.27½
North Star	.11	Lone Star	.03
Rescue Eula	.06	Silver Pick	.07
Tonopah Exten	2.82½	Simmerone	.14
Tonopah Merger	.39	MANHATTAN.	
Victor	.30	Big Four	.05
West End	.62	Nevada Hills	.16
GOLDFIELD.		Rochester Mines	.67
Atlanta	.24	Round Mountain	.41
Booth	.36		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot	9½	10	Gold Sov	6	6⅛
Elkton	33	33½	" "	6½	7½
El Paso	76	78	McKinney	44	47
Findlay	4	4½	"	170	177
Golden C	182	186	Vindicator	167¼	168
Gold Dol	2½	4	R. B. H	3¾	4
Isabella	17⅝	17⅞			

TOBACCO STOCKS.

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere were:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
American Cigar	110	115	110	115
American Cigar pf	98	99	98	100
Conley Foil	350	400	350	400
Johnston Tin F. & M	120	140	120	140
J. S. Young	155	170	155	170
J. S. Young pf	105	109	105	109
MacAndrews & F	140	150	140	150
MacAndrews & F. pf	97	100	97	100
Porto Rico-Am. Tob	188	195	188	195
R. J. Reynolds Tob	430	460	425	450
R. J. Reyn. Tob. pf	110	122	110	122

STATE MUST REFUND $1,000,000 STOCK TAX

Appellate Division Upholds Claim of 416 Brokers for Excess Paid On Low Priced Shares.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 11.—The Appellate Division for the Third District today handed down a decision which upholds the results of three test suits in the Court of Claims brought by New York Stock Exchange members for the return by the State of about $1,000,000 excess stamp taxes. The suits were based on amendments to the stock transfer tax law in 1906 which were afterward found unconstitutional. The amendments to the law of 1905 required that a tax stamp of 2 cents be attached to each share of stock, irrespective of par value, although gradations of the tax had been included in the original statute, which made tax charges on shares with a par value of less than $100 lower than that on shares of $100 par value.

The last suit was brought in the name of Van Antwerp, Bishop & Co., and was conducted by Samuel P. Goldman of the law firm of Goldman, Unger & Heide, 120 Broadway. The sum asked of the State was $645,000, representing excess taxes on trading in such half stocks as Pennsylvania Railroad, Reading, and others for a period of about eighteen months, while the faulty sections of the law were in effect.

The Appellate Division decided that the money should be refunded, plus interest at 6 per cent. from January, 1907. It is expected in brokerage quarters that the case will not be carried to a higher court, and that the work of returning the excess funds to about 416 different claimants will begin soon.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Gas Co	118	..
American Light & Traction	357	362
American Light & Traction pf	108½	110½
Adirondack Electric Power	16	18
Adirondack Electric Power pf	60	64
*American Gas & Electric	110	115
*American Gas & Electric pf	49	50
American Power & Light	59	62
American Power & Light pf	79	81
American Public Utilities	31	35
American Public Utilities pf	64	67
American Waterworks & Electric	7½	9
Am. W. W. & E. participating pf	15	20
American W. W. & E. 1st pf	56	60
Atlantic Power & Lt. 7% cum. pf	92	95
Cities Service	85	90
Cities Service pf	80	82
Colorado Power	24	25
Colorado Power pf	95	97
Commonwealth P. R. & L	55	57
Commonwealth P., R. & L. pf	82	84
Consumers Power pf., Me	90	94
Consumers Power Co. 5s, 1929	92½	93½
Denver Gas & Electric Gen. 5s	92½	95
Electric Bond Deposit pf	60	70
Electric Bond & Share pf	99	100
Empire District Electric 5s	77	81
Empire District Electric pf	65	72
Federal Light & Traction	10	14
Federal Light & Traction pf	45	55
Gas & Electric Securities	60	75
Gas & Electric securities pf	65	75
Great Western Power Co. 5s, 1946	82	83
Lincoln Gas & Electric	10	20
Northern Ontario Light & Power	10½	15
Northern Ontario L. & P. pf	50	55
Northern States Power	29	30
Northern States Power pf	86	88
Ozark Power & Water	15	25
Pacific Gas & Electric	53¼	54¼
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	87½	89
Republic Ry. & Light Co	22	25
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf	70	74
Southern California Edison	75	79
Southern California Edison pf	90	95
*Standard Gas & Electric	5⅞	6¾
*Standard Gas & Electric pf	27	28
Southwestern Power & Lt. pf	97½	100
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	10½	11½
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power pf	39	43
United Light & Rys	38	42
United Light & Rys. 1st pf	70	72
Utah Securities	17	18
Western Power	16	19
Western Power pf	48	52

*Par value $50.

TO SPEND $10,000,000 IN U. S. STEEL PLANTS

Corporation Orders New Furnaces and Mills to Meet the Unprecedented Demand.

DUTCH BUYERS IN MARKET

Hollanders Come Here for $500,000 Worth of Railroad and Structural Material.

The United States Steel Corporation is planning to spend nearly $10,000,000 in the extension of existing plants to care for in-pouring orders that have practically swamped the mills. Chairman E. H. Gary issued this statement yesterday:

"We have decided to make additional improvements at Gary, Ind., consisting of two blast furnaces, several open-hearth furnaces, blooming mill, duplexing plant, &c., costing over $7,500,000, the exact figures of which are not yet ascertained, and will probably commence work in the immediate future.

"We have also decided to make additional improvements at Youngstown, Ohio, and Pittsburgh, which will cost between one and two millions."

Evidence of increased demand for American steel in foreign quarters is appearing every day. It was learned yesterday that several Dutch merchants had arrived in the city to buy steel products for early shipment to Holland and to the Dutch East Indies.

Inquiries so far recorded call for about $500,000 worth of structural and railroad material for Dutch consumption, with other orders in prospect. Arrangement has been made with a local banking house to make cash payment for the goods upon their receipt in New York.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday, and of those two groups of stocks combined, with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Railroads	81.53	80.89	81.11	+ .03
Industrials	98.15	94.92	97.34	+ .91

COMBINED AVERAGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Nov. 3	92.47	89.77	90.51	—1.24
Nov. 4	91.98	90.21	91.44	+ .93
Nov. 5	92.24	90.06	90.23	—1.21
Nov. 6	90.33	88.92	89.58	— .65
Nov. 8	90.83	88.41	88.83	— .75
Nov. 9	89.40	87.07	87.61	—1.22
Nov. 10	89.09	85.76	88.75	+1.14
Nov. 11	89.94	87.90	89.22	+ .47

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*Nov., 1915	93.51	Nov. 1 85.76	Nov. 10 89.22
Nov., 1914—Exchange closed.			
Nov., 1913	67.80	Nov. 1 65.50	Nov. 10 66.51
Nov., 1912	84.12	Nov. 7 81.10	Nov. 12 82.37
Nov., 1911	78.98	Nov.24 74.14	Nov. 1 77.07
*Year, 1915	94.13	Oct. 22 58.90	Feb. 24 89.22
Year, 1914	75.70	Jan. 31 57.47	July 30 60.20
Year, 1913	70.10	Jan. 2 63.09	Feb. 1 68.04
Year, 1912	85.52	Sep. 30 75.24	Feb. 1 78.30
Year, 1911	84.41	June 26 69.57	Sep. 25 77.60

*To date.

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS

BOSTON.

MINING.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
6,755	Alaska	30½	30½	28⅝	29¼
35	Allouez	56	56	56	56
3,575	Am. Zinc	67¼	68	67¼	68
397	Anaconda	86	87½	85⅝	87
397	Arizona Com.	7⅞	8	7¾	8
15	Butte-Bal.	3⅛	3⅛	3	3
9,925	Butte & Sup.	66¾	68⅞	66¾	68⅝
905	Calu. & Ariz.	68¼	68⅝	67⅝	68⅝
10	Calu. & Hecla.	560	560	560	560
15	Centennial	18	18	18	18
270	Chino	53⅞	54⅝	53¾	54⅝
1,817	Copper Range.	60⅝	61	60	61
1,445	East Butte	14½	14⅝	14½	14½
140	Franklin	9¼	9⅜	9¼	9½
185	Granby	85	85	84	84½
178	Hancock	17½	17½	16⅝	16⅝
673	Greene Canan.	40	41	40	40½
20	Inspiration	43⅞	44	43⅞	44
10	Isle Royale	28½	28½	28½	28½
160	Kerr Lake	3¾	3⅞	3¾	3¾
50	Lake	13	13	13	13
255	Mass. Cons.	13	13	12¾	13
20	Mayflower	4	4¼	4	4¼
50	Miami	34	34	33⅞	34
630	Mohawk	83½	85	83½	85
365	New Arcadian.	10½	10½	10½	10½
200	New Idria	11	11	11	11
380	Nipissing	6¾	6¾	6½	6½
1,070	North Butte	31½	32	31½	31¾
15	Ojibway	1½	1½	1½	1½
50	Old Colony	3½	3½	3½	3½
75	Old Dominion.	56	57	56	57
110	Oceola	84½	86	84½	86
120	Pond Creek	15½	16	15½	16
30	Quincy	87	88	87	88
260	Ray Cons.	25¾	25⅞	25¾	25⅞
3,500	Santa Fe	3⅞	4½	3⅞	4¼
95	Shannon	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜
3,280	Shattuck	33¾	34¾	33½	34¼
35	South Lake	5½	5½	5½	5½
590	So. Lake rts.	5	5	3	3
200	South Utah	32c	32c	32c	32c
695	St. Mary's	58	58¼	58	58
385	Sup. & Boston.	2⅞	2⅝	2½	2½
45	Sup. Copper	28	28	28	28
20	Tamarack	56	57	56	57
5,365	Trinity	10	11⅞	10	11½
8,120	U. S. Smelt.	45	46⅝	45	46⅛
307	U. S. Sm. pf.	47	47½	47	47½
450	Utah Apex	3¼	3⅜	3⅛	3¼
145	Utah Cons.	13	13½	13	13½
435	Utah Copper	74½	74½	73⅞	74
160	Winona	3	3	3	3
100	Wolverine	59	59⅛	59	59⅛

RAILROADS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
10	Bos. & Albany.	186	186	185	185
2	Bos. & Lowell.	138	133	133	133
17	Bos. & Maine.	35½	35½	35	35
9	Bos. & Prov.	232	235	232	235
35	C. J. & S. Y. pf.	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
10	Fitchburg pf.	72¾	72¾	72¾	72¾
160	N. Y., N.H.&H.	80⅝	80¾	80⅛	80⅛
3	Old Colony	105½	105½	105½	105½
24	Rutland pf.	25	25	25	25
15	W. E. St. Ry.	83½	84	83½	84

MISCELLANEOUS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
200	Am. Ag. Chem.	73	73	73	73
12	Am. Ag.Ch. pf.	98½	98⅞	98	98
22	Amoskeag pf.	99½	99½	99½	99½
570	Am. Pn. Serv.	2¾	2⅞	2¾	2⅞
42	Am. Sugar	116¼	117	116	117
91	Am. Sugar pf.	117	117½	117	117½
402	Am. T. & T.	128¼	128½	128	128¼
30	Am. Woolen.	49½	49½	49½	49½
237	Am. Wool. pf.	97⅜	97½	97⅛	97½
820	At. G. & W. I.	33½	33½	32	32
1,130	At.G.& W.I. pf.	44	45	44	44¾
3	Edison	238	238	238	238
30	Mass. Gas	88	86	87¾	88
10	Mass. Gas pf.	87½	87½	87½	87½
1	McElwain pf.	98	98	98	98
25	Mergenthaler.	182	182	180	180
10	Mex. Tel	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
10	Miss. R. P. pf.	40	40	40	40
125	N. E. Tel.	132	132	131	131
45	Reece Button.	16	16¼	16	16¼
42	Swift & Co.	120⅝	120½	120¼	120¼
20	Torrington	34½	34½	34½	34½
1,226	United Fruit.	143	144⅞	143	144
610	Un. Sh. Mach.	49¾	50	49¼	50
58	Un. Sh. M. pf.	28¾	28¾	28½	28½
1,673	U. S. Steel	87	87¾	86¾	87¾
75	U. S. Steel pf.	116	116	116	116
1,270	Ventura Oil	11¼	11½	11¼	11½
106	West. Union.	87¼	87⅞	87¼	87⅞

BONDS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Am. A. Ch. 5s.	102	102	102	102
8,000	Am. T. & T. 4s.	90	90	90	90
600	A. T. & T. 4½s.	106½	107	106½	107
6,000	A.G. & W.I. 5s.	78	78	78	78
3,000	C.,B.& Q. jt.4s.	98	98	98	98
1,000	C., B. & Q. jt. 4s. reg.	98	98	98	98
500	K.C.,M. & B. 4s.	68	68	68	68
3,000	N. E. C. Y. 5s.	72	72	72	72
1,000	N. E. Tel. 5s.	101½	101½	101½	101½
9,000	Swift 5s	97⅛	97¼	97⅛	97¼
9,000	Un. Fruit 4½s.	98	98	98	98
1,000	W. T. & T. 5s.	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
135	Am. Shipb.	36	36	36	36
50	Am. Ship. pf.	79¾	79¾	79¾	79¾
255	Chi. Pn. Tool.	79½	79½	78½	79½
105	Ch. Rys. Ser.2.	16⅝	17	16⅝	17
50	Ch. Rys. Ser.4.	1½	1½	1½	1½
4	Edison	145	145	145	145
15	Diam. Match.	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾
5	Deere pf.	97	97	97	97
500	Erie	42¾	42¾	42¾	42¾
15	K. C. Ry. & Lt. pf.	56	56	56	56
50	Maxw. Mtrs.	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼
87	Nat. Carbon.	155	155	150	150
52	Peoples Gas.	117	117⅝	117	117⅝
5	Pub. Serv.	105	105	105	105
68	Pub Serv pf.	99½	100	99½	100
25	Quaker Oats pf.	106	106	106	106
15	Sears-Roeb.	156½	156¾	156½	156½
2,457	Stew. Warner.	77	79½	77	79¼
194	Swift & Co.	120	120	120	120
130	Union Carbide.	161	161¾	161	161¾

BONDS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Chi. Rys. B.	69⅞	69⅞	69⅞	69⅞
5,000	Ogden Gas 5s.	94⅛	94⅛	94⅛	94⅛
8,000	P. Gas ref. 5s.	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
4,000	Pub. Serv. 5s.	95	95	95	95
8,000	Swift 5s	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
55	Alliance Ins.	18½	18½	18½	18½
100	Am. Gas N. J.	121	121	121	121
10	Am. Railways.	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼
100	Buf.& S. tr.cfs.	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾
8	Cambria Iron.	43½	43½	43½	43½
21,521	Cambria Steel.	65½	68⅝	65½	68⅝
616	Elec. Storage.	65	65¾	65	65
350	Gen. Asphalt.	36	36	36	36
17	Gen. Asph. pf.	73¾	73¾	73	73
10	Ins. Co. N. A.	25	25	25	25
35	Keystone Tel.	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼
10	Lake Sup. Cor.	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
40	Lehigh Nav.	77⅝	77⅝	77⅝	77⅝
184	Lehigh Valley.	80½	81	80½	80½
346	L. V. Tran. pf.	37½	38	37½	37¾
4	Little Schuyl.	55	55	55	55
2	Minehill	57	57	57	57
23	Nor. Central.	85	85	85	85
8	Nor. Penna.	92	92	92	92
380	Pennsylvania.	60¾	60⅞	59⅞	59⅞
10	Pa. Salt Mfg.	101	101	101	101
252	Pa. Steel pf.	79	79	79	79
75	Phila. Co.	43	43½	43	43½
890	Phila. Electric.	27¼	27⅜	27⅛	27¼
1,520	Ph.R.T.tr.ctfs.	15⅞	16⅞	15⅞	16⅛
50	Phila. Trac.	77¼	77¼	77	77
65	Reading	83	83	82½	82½
270	Union Trac.	43½	43⅞	43½	43½
421	Un. Gas Imp.	86¾	86⅞	86⅝	86¾
80	W. Cramp Sons	80	80	80	80

BONDS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$500	A. G. & E. 5s.	88¼	88¼	88¼	88¼
1,000	City 4s, 1941.	102	102	102	102
1,000	City 4s, 1943.	102	102	102	102
1,000	Consol. Trac. N. J. 5s.	102	102	102	102
4,000	El. & P. ctfs.	80	80	80	80
1,500	Gen. Asph. 6s	99½	99½	99½	99½
2,000	I'state Ry. 4s.	59	59	59	59
20,000	Jamestown F. & C. 4s.	90½	90½	90½	90½
3,000	L. Nav. con. 4½s	100	100¼	100	100⅛
10,000	Leh. Nav. 4s.	90	90	90	90
2,000	L. N. imp. 4s.	97	97	97	97
12,000	Leh. Val. 4s.	90	90⅛	90	90⅛
25,000	L. V. gen.4½s.	100	100	100	100
264,000	Pa. gen. 4½s.	99⅝	100⅛	99⅝	100⅛
9,000	Phil. Co. 5s.	88	88	88	88
4,000	Ph. Co. 1st 5s.	100⅝	101	100⅝	101
20,000	Phil. Elec. 4s.	81	81¼	81	81
5,300	Ph.El.gold 5s.	102	103	102	103
2,000	Read. gen. 4s.	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞
5,000	Read. gen. 4s.	97	97	97	97
4,000	Sp.-Am. I. 6s.	103	103	103	103
2,000	Stand.G.&E.5s	93	93	93	93
1,000	United Rys. inv. 5s.	73½	73½	73½	73½
1,000	U. S. Steel 5s.	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛
1,000	York Ry. 5s.	92	92	92	92

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
9	Alabama Co	12	12	12	12
100	Citizens Nat. Bk.	43	43	43	43
50	Con. Coal	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜
48	Con. Power	111¼	111¼	111¼	111¼
22	Con. Power pf.	115	115	114½	114½
235	Elkhorn Fuel	19	19	19	19
100	Houston Oil	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
5	Mercantile Trust.	200	200	200	200
20	Mer.& Min.Trans.	46¼	46¼	46¼	46¼
78	Mt. Ver. Cot. M.	17	17¼	17	17¼
10	Norf. Ry. & Elec.	24	24	24	24
100	Norf.-Caro. 2d pf.	104½	104½	104½	104½
622	Penn. Water & P.	73	73½	73	73¾
15	Western Bank	37½	37½	37½	37½
40	Union Bank	134	134	134	134

BONDS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$4,000	City Balt.4s,'61	96½	96½	96½	96½
7,000	Con. Coal 6s.	102½	102½	102½	102½
3,600	Davison Ch. 6s.	101	101	101	101
4,000	Danville 4s, '36	90½	90½	90½	90½
6,000	ElkhornFuel 5s	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜
1,000	Jacksonville 5s, 1924	102½	102½	102½	102½
8,000	Md. Elec. 5s.	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾
1,000	M.& St.P.jt.5s.	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾
1,000	Norf.Ry.&El.5s	97½	97½	97½	97½
1,000	Penn.W.& P.5s	90	90	90	90
9,000	U. Ry. & El. 4s	81⅞	81⅞	81¾	81¾
1,000	U.Ry.& El.inc.	61⅞	61⅞	61⅞	61⅞
5,000	Va. 3s, new.	88¼	88¼	88¼	88¼

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
95	Am. W. G. M.	27⅝	27⅞	27½	27¼
80	Am. W. G.M.pf.	122	122¼	121	122¼
220	Col. Gas & E.	14⅝	14⅝	14⅛	14½
315	La Belle Iron.	53¾	55½	53¾	55
95	Mfrs. L. & H.	49½	49½	49½	49½
125	Nat. Fireproof.	10⅞	10⅞	10⅜	10⅜
40	Nat. Firepr. pf.	22⅞	22⅞	22	22
46	Ohio Fuel Oil.	15	15	15	15
295	Ohio Fuel Sup.	39⅞	40	39⅞	39⅞
120	Pitts. Brew.	5⅞	5⅞	5½	5½
40	Pitts. Brew. pf.	20	20	20	20
885	Pitts. Coal	33⅝	35	33	34½
515	Pure Oil	17⅛	17¼	17⅛	17¼
1,200	San Toy	19c	19c	17c	18c
70	Union S. & Sig.	128	128	128	128
350	U. S. Steel	87⅝	87⅝	87	87½
135	West. Air B.	139	139	138	139
95	West. Electric.	67	68½	67	68½

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alvarado	.90	1¼	Iron Bloss.	.77	.85
B. St. Gas.	.23	.24	La Rose	.56	.60
Bingham	7½	8½	Majestic	.70	.75
Bohemia	2	2¼	McK.-D.	.27	.30
Begole	.60	.90	Mex Mets.	.44	.45
Bost. Ely.	.20	.23	M. of Am.	2¼	2¾
Butte & L.	.43	.45	N. Baltic	3¼	3⅜
Calaveras	1½	1¾	N. Cornelia	8½	9
Chief Con.	.95	.97	Nev. Doug.	.60	.65
Con. Ariz.	1¼	1⅛	O. D. rcts.	.50	.75
Con. Cop.	1⅝	1¾	Ohio Cop.	.13	.18
Cortez	.50	.65	Oneco	1¼	1⅜
Crown Res.	.50	.60	S'west M.	.50	1.00
Cal. Corbin	.02	.04	Stew't M.	.70	.80
Davis-D.	1⅝	1¾	U. V. Ext.	5¼	5⅝
E. & B. B.	1⅞	1⅞	Utah Mets.	9½	9¾
First N. C.	5⅝	5½	Ton. Bel.	2½	3
Goldfield	1¼	1⅜	Ton. Min.	5⅝	5⅞
Houghton	3	3¾	Yukon G.	2¼	2⅜

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

While the bulk of the net changes in prices on the Consolidated Stock Exchange at the end of the day reflected further recoveries from the recent sharp setback in the market, it was noticeable that many of the railroad stocks had lost ground fractionally. Some of the advances in the industrials were very substantial. American Smelting, American Can, and Anaconda were among those making the best gains.

Shares.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
340	Alaska Gold	28⅞	29⅛	28⅛	28⅝
20	Alaska Juneau.	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜
1,060	Allis-Chalmers.	31¼	31⅝	30¾	31⅝
370	Am. B. Sugar.	66¾	68¼	66¾	67⅞
8,900	Am. Can	59½	61⅝	59¼	60⅝
170	Am. C. & Fy.	81	82	80½	82
10	Am. H. & L.	11	11	11	11
80	Am. Ice Secur.	26¼	26½	26¼	26½
110	Am. Linseed.	24⅝	25⅜	24⅝	25⅜
90	Am. Loco.	63¼	63¼	63	63⅞
11,190	Am. Smelt.	94⅝	99⅞	94⅝	99
100	Am. Woolen.	48⅞	48⅞	48⅞	48⅞
7,230	Anaconda Cop.	85⅞	87½	85⅛	87
80	At., T. & S. F.	108¼	108¼	108¼	108¼
290	Baldwin Loco.	114	117½	111	115
80	Balt. & Ohio.	95	95	94¾	95
30	B'klyn R. T.	90½	90½	90	90¼
30	Cal. Petroleum.	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
160	Cent. Leather.	58	58	57⅞	57⅞
320	Ches. & Ohio.	62¾	62¾	62¼	62¼
280	Chi., R. I. & P.	21	21	20⅛	20⅜
510	Chino Consol.	54	54¾	53¾	54
750	Col. Fuel & I.	51⅞	52¼	50⅞	52¼
40	Corn Products.	19¼	19¼	19	19
1,590	Crucible Steel.	74	75½	72¾	73⅜
200	Dist. Secur.	44	44¼	43	44¼
2,010	Erie	42⅞	43	42¼	42⅝
50	Erie 1st pf.	57½	57¾	57½	57⅝
80	Goodrich Co.	71	71¼	70⅝	71¼
500	Gt. North. Ore.	48⅞	49¼	48⅞	49
30	Guggenh'm Ex.	72½	72⅝	72⅝	72⅝
510	Inspirat'n Cop.	43⅛	44	43⅛	44
210	Interboro Cons.	23	23	22⅝	23
400	Int. Paper.	12	12	12	12
60	Kan. City So.	33½	33½	33	33
30	Kan.City S. pf.	64⅞	64⅞	64⅞	64⅞
50	Lehigh Val.	80⅝	81	80⅝	81
430	Max. Motors.	70	73½	67	70½
500	Mex. Petrol.	87¼	89½	86½	89½
150	Miami Copper.	33⅝	34⅛	33¼	33¼
460	Mo. Pacific.	7⅝	8⅛	7⅝	7½
30	Nat. Enamel.	29½	29½	29	29
40	N. Y. Central.	103¼	103⅛	103	103¼
20	N.Y.,N.H.&H.	80½	80½	80¼	80¼
20	N. Y., O. & W.	31⅛	31⅛	31¼	31¼
10	Nor. Pacific.	115⅝	115⅝	115⅝	115⅝
10	Pacific Mail.	31½	31½	31½	31½
170	Pennsylvania.	60⅝	60⅝	59⅞	59⅞
70	Pitts. Coal.	34¼	34¾	34¼	34¾
20	Pres. Steel Car	63½	63½	63½	63½
140	Ray Copper.	25⅝	26	25⅝	25⅞
1,400	Reading	82⅞	83⅛	82	82⅝
370	Rep. I. & S.	51⅛	51⅛	50¼	50⅝
870	So. Pacific.	103⅛	103⅝	102⅝	102½
80	So. Railway.	24⅛	24¼	24⅛	24¼
90	Studebaker	152	157	152	156
160	Tenn. Copper.	55¼	55⅞	54⅝	55⅞
50	Third Av.	62¼	62¼	62	62
1,060	Union Pacific.	137¼	138	137⅛	137½
30	Un. Cig. Stores	10	10	10	10
80	U. S. Rubber.	54½	54¾	54½	54¾
27,590	U. S. Steel.	87	87⅝	86⅝	87⅝
230	Utah Copper.	73⅞	74½	73½	74½
60	Va. Car. Ch.	47	48⅝	47	48⅝
1,150	West. El. Mfg.	67⅛	68⅝	67⅛	68⅝
73,210					

MINING STOCKS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
500	Atlanta	.24	.24	.24	.24
500	Booth	.36	.36	.36	.36
300	Goldf. Cons.	1.27½	1.27½	1.27½	1.27½
800	Iron Blossom.	.78	.78	.78	.78
400	Jim Butler	.78	.78	.78	.78
300	Jumbo Ext.	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
1,000	Kewanas	.29	.32	.29	.32
800	Tonopah Ext.	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85
8,600					

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the first week of November show these aggregate changes in gross earnings, those reporting gains and those reporting losses being stated separately:

Nine roads	$6,665,095	+$1,612,872
One road	639,121	— 35,205
Total, (10 roads)	7,304,216	+ 1,577,667

Miscellaneous Earnings.

BROWN SHOE CO. for the year ended Oct. 31—

	1915.	1914.	Increase.
Total income	10,786,131	10,748,120	38,011
Expenses	10,232,405	9,914,478	317,927
Net	553,726	833,642	*279,916
Interest	146,642	161,013	*14,371
Depreciation	166,762	176,740	*9,978
Surplus	240,322	495,889	*255,567
Pfd. dividend	273,000	278,250	*5,250
Com. dividend	....	92,924	*92,924
Deficit	32,678	†87,639	70,817

IRON STEAMBOAT CO. OF NEW JERSEY for the year ended Oct. 31—

	1915.	1914.	1913.
Gross	274,159	328,095	410,622
Net after tax.	3,951	49,962	140,151
Def. aft. chgs. and div.	42,281	†26,465	†96,288

*Decrease. †Surplus.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930.	98	..	Pan 2s, r, 1938	97	..
2s, c, 1930.	98	..	Pan 3s, r, 1961	101	..
3s, r, 1918.	101	..	Pan 3s, c, 1961	101¼	102¼
3s, c, 1918.	101	..			
4s, r, 1925.	109	..			
4s, c, 1925.	110	..			
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97	..			¾

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Ag Ch pf.	98	99	K'gs Co El L & P.	129	129½
Am B Sug pf.	93	93½	Kresge (SS) Co.	225	249½
Am B S & Fdy	99½	100⅝	Lacl Gas.	104	105
Do pf.	194	200	L E & W.	12½	14¾
Am C & F pf.	117	117½	Do pf.	30	33
Am Coal.	20	..	Long Isl'd.	22	24
Am C Pr pf.	108	..	L-W B 1st pf.	92	98
Am Cot O pf, ex d.	96	103	Do 2d pf.	60	90
Am Exp.	113	117	Lorill Co.	183	185
Am L pf.	97	98½	Do pf.	112	116
Am M pf.	30	33	Louis & N.	125	130
A S pf, A.	86½	87½	Man B'ch.	2	8
Am Sn pf.	105	109	Man Elev.	127	130
Am S Ref pf.	117	118	Man Shirt.	54½	65
A T & C.	63	66	Do pf.	103	109
Am T pf.	108	109	M Dep Sts.	48	50
Am W pf ctfs	96	97½	Do pf.	98	103
Am Wr Pa pf.	11	14	Mex P pf.	82	86
Assets R.	6	8	Mich Cent.	112	130
A M 1st pf	52	95	M & St L.	16¼	17
Booth Fish.	..	39	M, St P & S S M pf.	129	132
Do pf.	..	79	Do l l.	71	85
Beth S pf.	160½	165	Mor & Es.	81	90
Burns Bros	82	83½	M & B pf.	60	75
Do pf.	104	110	N, C & St L.	131	136
B Un Gas.	133	136	Nat Bis.	125	126
Brown Sh.	43	48	Nat L pf.	111	114
B, R & P.	90	93	N Y, C & St L 1st pf.	80	90
Do pf.	105	..	Do 2d pf.	60	63
Cal Pet pf.	43	45½	N Y D pf.	25	33
Canada So.	54⅛	..	N Y, L & West	112¼	..
Cent L pf.	108	110	Norf So.	20	27
C R R of N J.	300	350	N & W pf.	81	91
Chi & Alt.	8	12½	N W Tel.	51	..
Do pf.	18	22½	Ont Min.	3½	4
C, St P, M & Om pf.	132½	140	Pac Mail.	32¼	33¼
Cleve & P.	78¼	..	Peo G, C.	116½	118½
Cluett-P	66	68	Peo & E.	11¾	13½
Do pf.	108	109	Pett-M pf.	93	100
Col F & I pf.	128	..	P, C, C & St L.	81	83
Col & So.	37½	38	Do pf.	96	100
Do 1st pf	56	58	P, Ft W & C	154¼	..
Do 2d pf.	45	54	P'man Co.	164	166
Cont C pf.	104	107	Rdg 1st pf	42	44½
Corn P R pf.	88	90	Do 2d pf.	42	43½
Crex Carp.	40	60	Rock I pf.	½	⅝
C-Am Sug pf.	101	103	Rumely (M) Co ctfs.	3	5
D P & L.	38	50	Sears-R pf.	124⅞	..
D & Co pf.	95	98	S-S S & I pf.	92½	94½
D, L & W.	222	240	So P R S pf.	105	110
D & R G.	11	12	So R, M & O ctfs.	60	75
D M & Ft D	7	..	Studeb Co pf.	112	114
Det Ed.	129½	130¼	Tex Pac.	15	16
Det & M.	70	..	T P L Tr.	107	..
Do pf.	80	..	T, St L & W ctfs.	5	6
Det U R.	69	72	Do pf cts.	11	12½
D, S S & A	7	8½	T C R T pf.	126	135
East Kod.	500	..	Und Type.	80	90
Gen Ch.	..	340	Do pf.	107	110
Do pf.	113	114½	U B & P pf.	26½	27
Hav E R, L & P.	87	88	U C S pf.	11¼	12⅛
Do pf.	98½	..	Un Cig M.	62½	64
Helme (G W) Co.	150	160	Do pf.	105	109
Hock Val.	..	112	Un Dry G.	21	50
Ill Cent.	108	110	Do pf.	66	70
Int-M pf.	81	85	U S C I P pf.	53	54½
I H, N J, pf.	115¼	120	U S Exp.	41	44
Int H Cor pf.	..	116	U S Ind A pf.	103	106
Iowa Cent.	7	12	U S R & Imp	36	39
Do pf.	15	22	Va R & P pf.	89	..
K C, Ft S & M pf.	64¾	..	Weym-Bru.	233	260
Kayser (J) & Co.	83	86	Do pf.	112	117
Do 1st pf.	107	112	W & L E 1st pf.	12½	14
K & D M.	4	7			
Do pf.	35	..			

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Tin	38.00	39.00	36.50	37.50
Lead	....	5.15	....	5.15
Spelter	*16.00	....	*16.00	....
Antimony	35.00	36.00	35.00	36.00
Quicksilver	$100.00	....	$100.00	....
Aluminium	†56.00	58.00	†56.00	58.00
Iron, No.2X f.	16.75	17.25	16.75	17.25

*Sales. †Nominal.

Electrolytic copper, 30 days, was quoted at 18¼@18⅝c per pound in the open market. London quotations were:

	Thursday. £.	s.	d.	Wednesday. £.	s.	d.
Copper, spot	75	10	0	74	17	6
Copper, futures	75	15	0	75	5	0
Tin, spot	167	0	0	164	5	0
Tin, futures	166	15	0	164	0	0
Spelter	85	1	0	78	1	0
Lead	25	2	6	24	15	0

NEW ISSUE. TAX EXEMPT IN NEW YORK STATE

$221,500

Albany, New York, 4¼%
Registered Bonds

$12,600 November 1st, 1916	$12,600 November 1st, 1926
12,600 November 1st, 1917	12,600 November 1st, 1927
12,600 November 1st, 1918	12,600 November 1st, 1928
12,600 November 1st, 1919	12,600 November 1st, 1929
12,600 November 1st, 1920	12,600 November 1st, 1930
12,600 November 1st, 1921	6,500 November 1st, 1931
12,600 November 1st, 1922	6,500 November 1st, 1932
12,600 November 1st, 1923	6,500 November 1st, 1933
12,600 November 1st, 1924	6,500 November 1st, 1934
12,600 November 1st, 1925	6,500 November 1st, 1935

PRICE TO NET . . . 3.90%
Population (1910 Census) 102,253

A Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut and other States.

Farson, Son & Company
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 BROADWAY NEW YORK CITY

$16,000 TROY, N. Y., IMP. 4½s
Due serially 1918-1924
Price to yield 4⅛%

$100,000 ESSEX CO., N. J., 4½% Park Bonds
Dated July, 1915. Due July, 1955
Price 105.75 yield 4.20%

$100,000 BERGEN CO., N. J., Road 4½s
Dated October, 1915. Due serially 1926-31
Price to yield 4.25%

$100,000 WELLSVILLE, N. Y., Water & Elec. Light 4½s
Due serially 1919-1943
Price 1919 to 1926 to yield 4.25%
1927 to 1943 to " 4.30%

$100,000 JACKSONVILLE, FLA., 4½% Dock & Terminal Cpn. Bds.
Dated March, 1913. Due March, 1943
Price 103.25 yield 4.30%

$100,000 EL PASO, TEXAS, School 5s
Due July, 1915; optional 1935
Price 104 yield 4.70%

Descriptive circulars will be mailed upon request.

A. B. Leach & Co.
Investment Securities
149 Broadway, New York
Chicago Philadelphia Buffalo Boston London, Eng. Baltimore

The AVERAGE YIELD for the past 100 YEARS on
ENGLISH CONSOLS
has been about
3.35%

The AVERAGE YIELD for the past 90 YEARS on
FRENCH RENTES
has been about
4.29%

A JOINT and SEVERAL Obligation of the British Empire and the French Republic COMBINED can now be purchased in amounts of from *$100. up* on a 5½% basis.

PROCTER & BORDEN
27 Pine Street New York
Telephone John—4354

AMERICAN WOOLEN COMPANY

Proposed Transfer of Charter from New Jersey to Massachusetts

Stockholders of the American Woolen Company are reminded that the three months fixed in the agreement for the deposit of stock to approve and make effective the transfer of charter from New Jersey to Massachusetts expires November 14, 1915.

To insure the success of the plan, you are urged to deposit your stock before that day with either the Guaranty Trust Company of New York or the Old Colony Trust Company of Boston.

FREDERICK AYER,
WILLIAM M. WOOD,
GEORGE E. BULLARD,
ANDREW G. PIERCE, Jr.
WHEATON KITTREDGE,
} Committee of Directors

PHILIP STOCKTON,
EUGENE V. R. THAYER,
HENRY P. BINNEY,
ALEXANDER J. HEMPHILL,
ALBERT H. WIGGIN,
} Advisory Committee

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Amer. Sumatra Tob.
Gulf States Steel
Locomobile Co.
United Pub. Corp.

DAWSON & LYON
40 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. 5441 John

Aetna Explos. Bonds & Notes
Great So. Lumber Stocks & Bonds
Guaranty Trust Company
American Power & Light Pfd.

John Burnham & Co.
Private Wire to All Markets.
115 Broadway, Tel. Rector 9876, New York.

Cities Service Com. & Pfd.
Republic Railway & Lt. Com.
Utah Securities Stocks & Bonds.
Bought—Sold—Quoted

Williams, Troth & Coleman
60 Wall St. Phone 5980 Hanover, N. Y.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

On motion duly made, seconded, and unanimously carried, it was

RESOLVED, That said meeting of the stockholders shall be held on November 15th, 1915, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of voting for the dissolution of said stock corporation, and that notice of the time and place of said meeting shall be published in The Times, a newspaper, published and circulated in New York County, for the period of three weeks, once a week.

CHARLES BECKER, Secretary.

State of New York, City of New York, County of New York, ss.:

CHARLES BECKER, being duly sworn, deposes and says: That he is the Secretary of the Summit Trimming Company; that he has compared the foregoing resolutions and that they are true and accurate copies of the resolutions adopted at the meeting of the Board of Directors of the Summit Trimming Company, and that said Secretary was instructed to make a copy thereof and to affix the corporate seal thereto and to transmit it to The Times. CHARLES BECKER.

Sworn to before me this 23d day of Oct., 1915. H. BLOCK.

DIVIDENDS.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY

DIVIDEND NO. 37.

A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND of One Dollar and Fifty Cents ($1.50) per share on the Capital Stock of this Company has been declared, payable at the Treasurer's Office, No. 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on January 3, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business Tuesday, November 30, 1915. The stock transfer books will not be closed for the payment of this dividend. Checks will be mailed only to stockholders who have filed permanent dividend orders.

A. K. VAN DEVENTER, Treasurer.
November 11, 1915.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

1st PREFERRED DIVIDEND

THE Board of Directors have declared the seventy-first consecutive quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾) per cent on the Preferred Capital stock of the Company, payable November 30th, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 15th, 1915. Transfer books will not be closed. F. E. BUGBEE, Treasurer.

TO THE HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE 5% COUPON BONDS OF THE MAGNOLIA PETROLEUM COMPANY, DUE JANUARY 1ST, 1937:

Notice is hereby given that thirty-one (31) bonds of the Magnolia Petroleum Company, Nos. 0207, 0208, 0217, 0219, 0250, 0272, 0419, at $10,000 each par value, and

9	4502	5108	5790
224	4509	5209	5815
244	4712	5323	6010
3817	4748	5365	6666
3996	4846	5660	6969
4286	5031	5789	7285

at $1,000 each par value, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of $94,000 par value, have been drawn by lot for redemption on January 1st, 1916, and will be paid for at the rate of par and accrued interest at the office of the undersigned, 60 Broadway, New York City, after which date said bonds will cease to bear interest.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By GEORGE E. WARREN, Vice President.
New York, November 11th, 1915.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY INCORPORATED FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned as Trustee will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 8th day of December, 1915, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $35,822.29. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, November 1st, 1915.

NEW YORK, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY
First Mortgage 4% Gold Bonds Due October 1st, 1937.

The Central Trust Company of New York, Trustee, gives notice that it will receive sealed proposals to sell the above described bonds, the total offer not to consume more than the amount of One Hundred Thousand Dollars ($100,000). Sealed proposals will be opened at the office of the Central Trust Company of New York at 12 o'clock noon on November 30, 1915. The right is reserved to reject any and all tenders.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
By E. F. HYDE, Vice-President.

City of San Juan, P. R.
REDEMPTION OF BONDS OF 1902.

Under ordinance of the Municipal Council, dated October 1st, 1915, the City of San Juan, P. R., will redeem at par on and after January 3d, 1916, at the office of Muller, Schall & Co., No. 45 William Street, New York City, THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS ($30,000) of its 6 per cent. bonds of 1902, numbers 494 to 523, inclusive. Interest on said bonds will cease on January 1st, 1916.

R. H. TODD, Mayor of San Juan.

CITY OF ARECIBO, PORTO RICO.

Coupon No. 28, due January 1st, 1916, of the outstanding 6% Bonds of 1902, will be paid on and after that date upon presentation at the office of Muller, Schall & Co., No. 45 William Street, New York City.

ENRIQUE LANDRON, Mayor of Arecibo, P. R.

The American Thread Company.

Notice is hereby given that the Transfer Books of this Company will be closed at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company, 140 Broadway, New York, from November 18th to 30th, 1915, both days inclusive.

J. G. WYLIE, Treasurer.

WANTED—Experienced bookkeeper by Stock Exchange house; position permanent; good opportunity for right man; state experience. Answer to G. B. Mott, 45 Broadway, N. Y.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS OF RIKER & HEGEMAN CO.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF RIKER & HEGEMAN CO.:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the Riker & Hegeman Co., both common and preferred, will be held at the office of the Company, 340 West 4th Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 6th day of December, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, for the following purposes:

1. To vote upon a proposition that the Riker & Hegeman Co. be forthwith dissolved, in accordance with the provisions of Section 221 of the General Corporation Law of the State of New York.
2. To act upon a proposition to sell the assets of the Riker & Hegeman Co. or any part thereof to a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York or any other State, and to take in payment therefor the stock of such corporation and distribute the said stock among the stockholders in lieu of money, in accordance with the provisions of Section 221 of the General Corporation Law of the State of New York.
3. To act upon a proposition to sell and convey the property, rights, privileges and franchises of the Riker & Hegeman Co. or any interest therein, or any part thereof, to a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York, in accordance with the provisions of Section 16 of the Stock Corporation Law of the State of New York.
4. To take such action as may be necessary, proper, or advisable to effect the transfer and sale of the assets and property of the Riker & Hegeman Co. to a corporation to be organized to acquire the assets and property of the United Drug Company of Massachusetts and of the Riker & Hegeman Co.
5. To act upon an agreement entered into under Section 7 of the Business Corporation Law of the State of New York for the consolidation of the Riker & Hegeman Co. with a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York.
6. To take any and all other action that may properly come before such meeting.

Dated New York, November 10, 1915.
By order of the Board of Directors.
JOHN S. ALLEY, President.
DANIEL J. COTTER, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE FRENCH FINANCE CORPORATION OF AMERICA:

NOTICE is hereby given that, the election of Directors of the French Finance Corporation of America not having been held on the day designated in the by-laws, a meeting of the stockholders of the said corporation will be held at No. 52 William Street, (twelfth floor,) Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the twenty-sixth day of November, 1915, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing three Directors and two inspectors of election to serve at the next annual meeting and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Dated November 12, 1915.
Harrod C. Newland, Secretary.

Chartered 1799.
Bank of the MANHATTAN COMPANY.
New York, November 4, 1915.

Notice is hereby given that an election for twelve Directors of the Manhattan Company will be held at their Banking House, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the 7th day of December next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M. By order of the Directors.

D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

SOCIETY FOR THE REFORMATION OF JUVENILE DELINQUENTS IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.—The 91st annual meeting of the Society and an election for seven Managers will be held November 15th, 1915, in the office of Mr. William I. Walter, 52 Broadway, New York City, at 2 P. M.

EVERT JANSEN WENDELL, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

MAXWELL MOTOR COMPANY, INC.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of Maxwell Motor Company, Inc., held November 9, 1915, a regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% upon the First Preferred Stock of the Company was declared, payable January 3, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 10, 1915, without the closing of transfer books.

Dated New York, November 9, 1915.
CARLL TUCKER, Treasurer.

Referring to the above notice, the undersigned Voting Trustees will, upon the receipt by them of the dividend therein referred to, cause the same to be distributed and paid on January 3, 1916, through their agent, Guaranty Trust Company of New York, pro rata among the holders of Stock Trust Certificates representing First Preferred Stock of Maxwell Motor Company, Inc., as the same appear upon the books of the Voting Trustees at the close of business on December 10, 1915, without the closing of transfer books. Dividend checks will be mailed to holders of said First Preferred Stock Trust Certificates.

Dated New York, November 9, 1915.
CHARLES H. SABIN,
HARRY BRONNER,
JAMES C. BRADY,
Voting Trustees.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.

A Quarterly Dividend of Two Dollars ($2.00) per share on the Common Stock of this company has this day been declared, payable at the Treasurer's office, 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on **Monday, January 3, 1916,** to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. Wednesday, December 1, 1915. The stock transfer books will not be closed for the payment of this dividend.

Stockholders who have not already done so are urgently requested to file dividend mailing orders with the undersigned, from whom blank forms may be had upon application.

FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.
New York, N. Y., November 11, 1915.

UNITED CIGAR STORES COMPANY OF AMERICA.
Preferred Stock Dividend No. 13.

A regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% has this day been declared upon each share of the Preferred Stock issued and outstanding, payable December 15th, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 30th, 1915.

The stock books will not be closed.

GEORGE WATTLEY, Treasurer.
Dated, November 10th, 1915.

THE AMERICAN GAS COMPANY.
West Washington Square,
Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 6, 1915.

A quarterly dividend of 2% (for $2.00 per share,) has been declared on the capital stock of this company, payable Dec. 1st, 1915, to the stockholders of record at three o'clock P. M., November 17th, 1915. Checks will be mailed. J. B. TOWNSEND, 3d, Treasurer.

GWYNNE BROS.

Will Buy
50 Aetna Explos. Com.
25 Hercules Powder
Will Sell
50 Atlas Powder Com.
50 Du Pont Powder Com.

GWYNNE BROS.
25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 3232 Broad

Du Pont Powder
Atlas Powder
Hercules Powder
Aetna Explosives

C. C. Kerr & Co.
15 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 2622 Rector

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy
200 Atlas Portland Cement Com. Stk.
25 Du Pont Powder Com. Stock
50 E. W. Bliss Com. Stock
50 Globe & Rutgers Insurance Stock
50 Great Lakes Steamship Stock
500 Milliken Bros. Pfd. Stock
100 New York Shipbuilding Stock
100 Niles-Bement-Pond Com. Stock
25 R. J. Reynolds Tobac. Com. Stk.
25 Scovill Manufacturing Stock
25 Title Guarantee & Trust Stock
5 Winchester Repeat'g Arms Stock
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell
200 Amer. Sumatra Tobac. Com. Stk.
100 American Meter Stock
25 Crocker Wheeler Com. Stock
25 Childs (Rest.) Com. & Pfd. Stock
200 Guaranty Trust "Rights"
500 Milliken Bros. Pfd. Stock
100 New York Shipbuilding Stock
50 Royal Baking Powder Com. Stock
50 Safety Car Htg. & Ltg. Stock
100 Stern Bros. Pfd. Stock
50 Scovill Manufacturing Stock
5 Winchester Repeat'g Arms Stock
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4001 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

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and
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Am. Light & Trac. Co. Stocks
Amer. Gas & Elec. Co. Stocks
Buffalo Gas Co. Certfts. of Deposit and Stock
Cities Service Co. Stocks
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pow. Stocks
Utah Securities Corporation Stock and Notes
Lamarche & Coady
Phone 9970 Rector. 14 Wall St.

Otis Elev. Com.
Gulf States Steel
Chandler Motor
Aetna Explosives 6s
MORGAN & FINLAY
STOCKS & BONDS.
115 B'way, N. Y. Tel. Rec. 9272.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Large Advance in Prices on Moderate Trading in the Curb Market—Bonds Active.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 385,086 shares of stocks and $184,000 of bonds.

The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 160,410; oil, 7,546, and mining, 217,130. The range of prices of all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
300	Amer. Zinc....	67¾	68¼	67¾	68¼
800	A. G. & W. I..	32½	82¼	81¾	82
300	A.G.& W.I. pf.	44	44½	44	44½
345	‡Can. C. & Fy.	95	100	95	100
875	‡Can. C.&F.pf.	110	116	110	116
65	‡Carbon Steel..	85	90	85	90
5,000	‡Car. Lt. & P..	7½	8	6¾	7¾
300	Car'ge Fact'ies	49½	50¼	49½	50¼
200	‡Central F'dry.	15½	16	15½	16
7,000	Chandler Mot's	89	89½	88½	*89
650	‡Chevrolet M. Car, w. i....	124	125	122	125
750	‡Cramp Ship'g.	79½	80	79½	80
2,500	Driggs-Seab'y..	141	149	141	148
85	Em'son Phono.	12	12	12	12
100	Gu'nta'mo Sug.	62	62	62	62
200	Hendee Mfg...	31	31	31	31
250	‡Hopk. & Allen Arms	58	62	58	62
45,300	‡Int. M. Mar..	22	*22¼	20	21½
29,500	‡Int. M. M. pf.	57	58¾	56	57¼
1,050	‡Inter. Motors.	35	42	35	41
5,000	K'lan Brz. pf.	10¾	11¼	10¼	11¼
200	K. Sp'field T.	292	298	293	297
1,200	‡K. S. T. w. i.	75	76	75	75¼
770	‡K'store Ord..	11	11¼	11	11¼
500	Lake Tor. Bt..	14½	14½	14	14½
200	‡L.T.B.1st pf.	14½	15	14½	15
4,350	Man. Transit..	1⅜	1⅜	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	Mar. of Am...	4¼	4¼	4	4½
15,000	‡Midvale Steel	79½	84¼	79¾	83¾
5,000	Peerless Mot...	42½	42½	41	41
300	Cor.of R.& H.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
100	‡M. R. w. i..	22½	22½	22½	22½
570	‡Steel Co.of C.	45½	45½	44½	45½
800	‡St. Jos. Lead.	14	14¼	14	14¼
8,000	Sub.Bt.v.t.ctfs	40¾	42¼	40½	41¾
8,500	‡Tob. P. com..	36	37½	34	36¾
1,700	T.Film.v.t.ctfs.	6¾	6¾	6½	6¾
3,150	Un. Prof.Sh..	2	2	1⅞	1⅞
11,000	‡U. S. Light & Heat Corp.	5¼	6	5¼	5¾
500	‡U.S.Light & Heat Cor., pf.	6	6¼	6	6¼
2,000	‡World Film..	4½	4¾	4¼	4¼

OIL ISSUES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'e.
100	‡Houston Oil ..	18½	18½	18½	— ¾
625	‡Inter. Pet. ..	10	9¾	10	+ ⅛
70	Illinois P. L...	156	153	156	+ 3
11	Indiana P. L...	110	108	108	— 2
250	Midwest Ref...	48	46	48	+ 4
5	Nat. Transit ..	31	31	31	..
110	Ohio Oil	160	159	160	+ 1
725	Pierce Oil.....	16	15	16	+ ¾
25	South. P. L....	236	235	236	+ 1
65	St'd Oil of N. J.	484	480	484	+ 8
60	St'd Oil of N.Y.	203	201	201	— 2
1,000	‡Vent. C. Oil..	11½	11½	11½	+ ¾
4,500	Victoria Oil...	2	1⅞	1⅞	..

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,500	‡‡Alta-Con. ..	14	15	13	13
1,000	‡Amer. Com..	9	9	9	9
1,500	†Atlanta	24	24	24	24
600	Big. L. Dev. .	4¼	4¾	4¼	4¾
46,200	Braden Cop...	12½	13¾	12	13¾
1,000	B.C.&Z.v.t.cts.	6⅛	6⅞	6⅛	6¼
1,380	Butte & N. Y.	3	3	2¾	2⅞
3,700	†Caledonia	95	98	95	98
15,000	‡Con. Cop......	2⅛	2⅝	2⅛	2⅝
1,700	Cerro de Pasco	37	37	35½	36½
6,100	‡Chile Copper.	25	25⅝	25	25
800	‡Comstock T..	12	12	12	12
15,000	Cons. Arizona..	1¼	1 5-16	1¼	1 5-16
2,700	Cons. N.-Utah..	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
2,500	‡Emma Copper	27	30	26	30
8,000	First Nat. Cop.	5	5¼	4¾	5¼
300	Goldfield Cons.	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
8,000	Gold Hill.....	7-16	7-16	7-16	7-16
100	†Goldfield Fl..	41	41	41	41
100	Gold Hill Min.	¼	¼	¼	¼
1,300	‡†Goldfield Mr.	18½	18½	18	18
450	xHecla Mining.	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
2,500	Jumbo Ex......	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
2,500	Kennecott Cop.	50½	51¼	50⅝	51
3,000	‡‡Kewanas ...	29	30	29	30
300	La Rose Con...	½	½	½	½
400	Magma Cop....	14½	14½	14½	14½
2,500	†McKin.-Dar...	29	30	29	30
4,500	†‡Marsh Min..	32	35	32	32
200	†Majestic Cop.	75	75	75	75
18,000	‡†Mother Ld..	30	31	29	30
1,700	‡†Nat. Z. & L.	1⅜	1⅞	1⅜	1⅞
300	New U. Bing.	3	3	3	3
2,000	Nip. Mines Co.	6½	6⅝	6½	6⅝
1,500	‡†Oro	7	7	6½	6½
2,000	‡Ray Her. Mn.	3¼	3½	3¼	3¼
2,000	‡†Rex. Con. M.	43	43	41	41
5,000	‡Santa Fe M..	3¾	4½	3¾	4⅝
1,000	‡†Silver Pick..	9	9	9	9
900	Stand. Sil.-Ld.	1⅛	1⅝	1⅛	1⅝
4,000	Stewart	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
12,500	‡‡xSuccess M.	67	67	63	67
14,500	‡Super. M. Co.	32	34	32	33½
500	Tonopah Ext..	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
50	Tonopah Min..	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
300	Trinity Cop....	10	11½	10	11½
800	Tri-Bullion ...	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
350	xW. K. C. pf..	2	2	2	2
500	†West End....	64	64	64	64

BONDS.

$2,000	Braden C. 7s..	260	260	260	260
100,000	Braden C. 6s..	245	270	245	270
50,000	Cerro de Pasco Cop. 6s.....	118	119½	118	119½
82,000	Pierce O. 6s..	86	86	83	84

‡Unlisted. †Sells cents per share. *Odd lot. xEx-dividend.

Note.—Wednesday 25 Canadian Car & Foundry at 93 and 25 at 94; 100 Inter. Mercantile Marine, pfd., at 48⅞.

* * *

Bid and asked quotations of issues not traded in compared with those of previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Nov. 11. Bid.	Nov. 11. Asked.	Nov. 10. Bid.	Nov. 10. Asked.
Amer.-Brit. Mfg. Co.	35	42	35	40
Amer.-Brit. Mfg. pf...	60	80	60	80
Amer. Writing Paper.	2	2½	2	2½
Br.-Am. Tob., ord...	14	15	14	15
Br.-Am. Tob.,ord. b'r.	14	15	14	15
Can. Gen. Electric...	124	127	124	127
Carbon Steel 1st pf..	80	90	80	90
Carbon Steel, 2d pf..	65	70	65	70
Central Foundry pf..	26	30	26	30
Dominion Steel	48½	49½	49¼	51
Fisk Tire	127	132	122	125
Franco-Spanish Pet. (a prospect)........	1	1¼	1	1¼
Hall Signal	24	27	26	28
Hall Signal pf......	45	50	45	50
Hendee Mfg..........	32½	34	31½	32½
Intern'l Motors pf....	58	65	60	65
Kelly Spr'field Tire, new, 1st pf......	95	96	95	96
Lima Locomotive.....	29	31	29	31
Manhat. H. P. Mar..	95	105	95	105
Mutual Profit Shar..	9	9½	9	9½
Sherman Carbide.....	7¾	8¼	7¾	8¼
Sherman Carbide pf..	8	15	8	15
Standard Motors	9½	10½	9½	10½
Sterling Gum........	2⅜	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝
Wayland Oil & Gas...	4	4½	4	4½
Willys Over. pf., w. i.	104	..	102½	..

OIL ISSUES.

Anglo-Am	16	16¼	16	16¼
Cosden & Co.	6¾	6⅞	6¾	6⅞
Savoy Oil	9	10	..	..

MINING STOCKS.

Arizona Duquesne....	37	40	37	40
Goldfield Merger	18	19	18	19
Howe Sound	..	4¼	..	4¼
Kerr Lake	3¾	4	3⅞	4
Majestic Mines	70	75	70	75
Mason Valley	2	2¼	2	2¼
North Butte Devel...	⅛	¼	..	¼
Rochester Mines	69	72	69	72
Tuolumne Copper	⅞	1	⅞	1

BONDS.

Int. Mer. Mar 5s, new	85	90	85	90
Kennecott Copper 6s.	168	169	161	165

MUNITIONS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Aetna Explosives.....	143	147	142	147
Aetna Explosives pf..	89	91	89	91
Atlas Powder	250	260	250	260
Atlas Powder pf.....	95	99	95	99
Babcock & Wilcox...	120	130	120	130
Bliss (E. W.)........	350	375	350	375
Bliss (E. W.) pf....	72	80	72	80
Can. Explosives	380	415	380	415
Can. Explosives pf..	100	110	100	110
Colt's Arms.........	850	875	840	875
Du Pont Powder new.	400	415	400	415
Du Pont Powder pf..	101	104	101	104
Hercules Powder.....	390	405	390	405
Hercules Powder pf	114	118	114	118
Midvale Steel & Ord.	80	81	78	79
Niles-Bement-Pond ..	170	180	170	180
Niles-Bement-P'd pf..	101	105	101	105
Savage Arms	350	400	350	400
Scovill Mfg. Co......	410	435	410	435
Winch. Rptg. Arms.	2,600	2,725	2,600	2,725

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Atl. Coast Line...	1916-'23	4 @4½	4.45	4.35
Balt. & Ohio......	1916-'23	4½	4.45	4.30
Buff., Roch. & P..	1916-'30	4½@5	4.55	4.35
Canadian Pacific..	1916-'28	4½	4.65	4.50
Car., Clinch. & O.	1916-'24	5	5.00	4.70
Ches. & Ohio......	1916-'24	4½	4.70	4.45
Chicago & N. W..	1916-'23	4½	4.38	4.25
Chi., Ind. & Louis.	1916-'23	4½	4.90	4.60
C., St. L. & N. O.	1916-'24	5	4.50	4.40
C., C., C. & St. L.	1916-'29	5	4.88	4.65
Del. & Hudson....	1922	4½	4.45	4.30
Erie Railroad	1916-'23	4½@5	4.80	4.60
Hocking Valley...	1916-'23	4 @5	4.70	4.45
Illinois Central ...	1916-'23	4½@5	4.45	4.30
Louis & Nash......	1916-'23	5	4.38	4.20
Mo., Kan. & Tex..	1916-'23	5	6.00	5.25
Missouri Pacific..	1916-'22	5	6.50	5.50
N Y. C. Lines...	1916-'28	4½@5	4.60	4.40
Norfolk & West..	1916-'24	4½	4.38	4.25
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1916-'28	6	4.75	4.50
Penn. G. Freight..	1916-'23	4 @4½	4.30	4.15
St. L., I. M. & S.	1916-'24	5	6.00	5.00
Seaboard Air Line.	1916-'23	5	4.80	4.60
Southern Railway.	1916-'24	4½@5	4.75	4.50
Southern Pacific..	1916-'23	4½	4.45	4.35
Virginian Ry	1916-'19	5	4.65	4.40

COMMODITY PRICES HIGHER.

Dun's Index Reflects Expanding Demand for Consumption.

As a further reflection of the expanding consumptive requirements in many directions, Dun's Index Number of wholesale commodity prices now stands at the highest level in several decades, the total touching $130,467 on Nov. 1, against $126,663 a month earlier, and $124,340 on Nov. 1, 1914.

Though some advance invariably occurs at this season, the upward trend was more pronounced than usual during October, when the strength of quotations was accentuated by the notable broadening of activity in commercial channels.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.

The wheat market was inactive and rather feverish. Early in the day prices were firmer and at one time showed net gains of 1⅛@1⅝c over the previous close on scattered buying by commission houses, prompted by a show of firmness in Europe as well as in the Northwest. Near the close, however, selling pressure increased, and final quotations were ¼c net lower to ⅛c net higher. In the local cash market No. 1 durum was quoted at $1.13, free on board, New York; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, $1.09, and No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, $1.13½, cost, insurance, and freight, Buffalo.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	..	..	1.10⅞	1.11	1.23¼
May	..	..	1.12⅞	1.13	1.31

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.04⅞	1.03½	1.03¾	1.03⅝	1.15⅝
May	1.06	1.04⅞	1.04⅞	1.04⅝	1.22½

CORN.

Unsettled weather over the corn belt and firmness abroad caused a firm opening in the corn market, with prices ¼c higher. There was also further talk of the probability of the large amount of low-grade corn causing higher markets later in the year, and this stimulated a demand for May. Country offerings proved liberal, however, and prices developed an easier tone, closing with net losses of ½@⅝c. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 75⅞c, prompt shipment.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	60⅜	59⅞	59⅞	60⅛	69⅛
May	63½	62⅝	62⅝	63⅛	72½

OATS.

The market for oats moved within a narrow range and closed at ¼c net decline. Exporters were said to have taken about 400,000 bushels, but this was offset by liberal receipts at Western points. The local cash market was firm; No. 3 white quoted at 41½c to 42c; No. 4 white, 40½c to 41c; ordinary to fancy clipped, 40½c to 44½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December ..	38⅝	38⅛	38¼	38⅝	49⅛
May	39⅞	39½	39½	39⅞	53¾

PROVISIONS.

The continued liberal receipts of live hogs and consequent weakness in the hog market again proved a depressing factor in the provision market and, after showing some steadiness early on covering, prices gave way under renewed pressure. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 26,000; estimated for Friday, 18,000; Kansas City received 7,000 and Omaha 5,000.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	8.95	8.87	8.92	8.92	10.57
May	9.05	8.95	9.00	8.97	10.70
Ribs—					
December	....	....	....	....	10.35
January	8.92	8.87	8.90	8.92	10.65
Pork—					
December ..	14.30	14.02	14.07	14.30	19.40
January	16.35	16.22	16.30	16.32	19.77

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil again showed a very firm undertone, with active buying, which was credited to Southern account as well as covering. Prices at the close of the day were 12 to 17 points net higher.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	7.80	7.65
Nov.	..	..	7.82@7.85	7.65
Dec.	7.80	7.70	7.79@7.82	7.62
Jan.	7.81	7.70	7.80@7.81	7.64
Feb.	..	..	7.85@7.90	7.69
Mar.	7.93	7.83	7.89@7.90	7.77
Apr.	..	..	7.93@7.97	7.80
May	8.04	7.94	8.00@8.02	7.88
June	..	..	8.06@8.07	7.94

COFFEE.

The coffee market was inactive and narrow. At the opening prices were 1 to 6 points lower, with a very light trade, but some little pressure in December. Final prices were easy at 4 to 8 points net decline. Total sales for the day were 13,750 bags. The local spot market was inactive and unchanged, with Rio 7s quoted at 7⅝c. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Nov.	..	..	6.70@6.73	6.74
Dec.	6.75	6.73	6.70@6.73	6.76
Jan.	..	..	6.71@6.72	6.76
Feb.	..	..	6.73@6.74	6.78
Mar.	6.87	6.82	6.81@6.82	6.87
Apr.	..	..	6.86@6.87	6.92
May	6.87	6.82	6.81@6.82	6.87
June	..	..	6.86@6.87	6.92
July	6.97	6.92	6.91@6.92	6.97
Aug.	..	..	6.96@6.98	7.01
Sept.	7.07	7.06	7.02@7.05	7.06
Oct.	..	..	7.06@7.08	7.10

SUGAR.

The continued strength in spot and refined sugar caused a very firm opening in futures where first prices were unchanged to an advance of 22 points. Trade buying later in the day sent prices higher, but a little profit taking after the noon hour sent prices off a few points from the best. The market closed firm, unchanged to a net advance of 26 points, with sales for the day 10,600 tons. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Nov.	4.00	4.00	4.00@4.05	..
Dec.	3.90	3.75	3.86@3.89	3.60
Jan.	3.40	3.29	3.37@3.40	3.26
Feb.	3.12	3.12	3.14@3.15	3.09
March	3.17	3.17	3.16@3.18	3.14
April	..	..	3.21@3.23	3.18
May	3.27	3.25	3.26@3.27	3.23
June	..	..	3.30@3.31	3.28
July	3.35	3.35	3.35@3.37	3.33
Aug.	..	..	3.37@3.40	3.36
Sept.	..	..	3.39@3.40	3.39
Oct.	..	..	3.40@3.43	3.40

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 6,607 packages. The temper of the market was a little easier and some of the business was at slightly reduced figures. Most holders, however, had no surplus of gilt-edge quality, and occasional sales still reported at our top figures. Secondary grades are accumulating and show some weakness. Renovated steady. Ladles well sustained but quiet. Packing stock firm. Creamery, extras, (92 score,) 30@30½c; higher scoring, 31½@32c; firsts, 27½@29c; seconds, 25@27c; thirds, 23½@24½c. Creamery, June, extras, (92 score,) 28½@29c; higher scoring, 30@30½c. State dairy, finest, 28@30c; good to prime, 26½@28½c; common to fair, 23@26c. Renovated, extras, 24½@25c; firsts, 23½@24c; lower grades, 22@23c. Imitation creamery, firsts, 23@24c. Ladles, current make, firsts, 22@22½c; seconds, 21½c; lower grades, 20@21c. Packing stock, June make, fine 21@21½c; current make, fine, 21c; No. 2, 20½c; lower grades, 18@20c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 8,560 cases. General conditions unchanged. New-laid qualities very scarce and firm. Good medium qualities showing a reasonable proportion of new laid eggs are selling a little better in the absence of sufficient supply of better qualities; but seriously mixed and inferior lots of fresh gathered are still dragging at very irregular prices. Storage eggs are still dull; the light business reported is in the range of previous quotations, but offerings are far beyond the present outlets and any pressure to force sales of large lots would be met by lower bids. Near-by eggs in continued light supply; uniformly new laid qualities are very scarce and firm; mixed and irregular qualities show a very wide range of values. Fresh gathered, extra fine, per dozen, 41@42c; extra firsts, 38@40c; firsts, 34@37c; seconds, 28@33c; thirds and poorer, 23@27c; dirties, No. 1, 22½@23c; No. 2 and poorer, 19@22c; checks, good to choice, dry, 21@22c; culls and inferior, 16@20½c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, 25@25½c; firsts, 23½@24½c; seconds, 22½@23c; thirds or poorer, 19@22c; dirties, 18@21½c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery whites, fine to fancy, 58@68c; ordinary to good, 40@55c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 38@58c; Western, gathered whites, 38@45c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery browns, 42@45c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 35@42c; near-by refrigerator whites, 26@30c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Mo.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$6,860,278	$69,856,932
Ordinary internal rev	11,079,493	133,829,130
Income tax	434,709	12,503,673
Miscellaneous	1,228,608	15,874,658
Total receipts	$19,103,180	$231,064,400
Exc. of ord. disburse. over ord. receipts	8,011,215	44,884,853
Exc. of tot. disburse. over total receipts.	[illegible]856,889	43,749,575
Expenditures	27,114,895	275,449,254

LIQUIDATION HALTS UPTURN IN COTTON

Some of the Selling Prompted by Rumor of Bearish Crop Estimate by Neill Bros.

DAY'S GAIN 4 TO 5 POINTS

Georgia Reports Enormous Stocks in Weak Hands and a Prospect of a 2,000,000-Bale Output.

Cotton made a further advance in the early trading yesterday and after losing about ten points of the morning gain closed about four to five points over the final prices of Wednesday. Trading was in moderate volume, and the rank and file of professional traders seemed to be against the market. The upturn, however, was considered in the nature of a covering movement which subsided as soon as the advance attracted fresh liquidation and profit-taking.

The report that England would close the Suez Canal for all but military purposes it was thought might prove a bullish point on cotton, as it would interfere with Indian shipments. Transportation by the long route around the Cape of Good Hope would add materially to the cost of such cotton.

Some of the selling late yesterday was prompted by the rumor that Neill Brothers would issue a bearish crop estimate today, and it was felt that the promulgation of the figures would cause considerable selling in Liverpool this morning. A good deal of bear news also is coming from the South, as witness the following from Albany, Ga.: "Owing to enermous top crop Cordill's estimate generally believed here. Georgia certainly good for 2,000,000 bales. There is more cotton in the fields than three weeks ago, and in three weeks there will be more cotton than there is today. No demand from England and Italy. Tremendous stocks weakly held throughout this section."

Southern wires yesterday reported a better spot demand in all sections. At any rate, quotations were one-eighth to one-quarter cent higher. Predictions of frost and freezing weather in the Southwest, however, failed to have any effect on prices.

The local market for spot cotton was steady, ten points advance, middling 11.85. Futures closed steady.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Dec.	11.74	11.63	11.65@11.66	11.61@11.63
Jan.	11.90	11.76	11.80@11.81	11.75@11.76
March ...	12.12	11.97	12.01@12.02	11.96@11.97
May	12.26	12.10	12.13@12.14	12.10@12.11
July	12.30	12.17	12.19@12.20	12.16@12.17

Total port receipts, 20,879 bales. Last week, 28,946 bales. Last year, 52,956 bales.

RECEIPTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year
New Orleans	5,597	10,666	10,607
Galveston	6,854	8,105	22,264
Mobile	531	411	467
Charleston	931	4,043	10,285
Savannah	4,062	1,371	2,570
Wilmington	758	853	1,992
Norfolk	2,048	3,389	2,587

INTERIOR RECEIPTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Augusta	2,592	4,392	3,971
Memphis	8,401	9,294	6,935
St. Louis	1,312	3,671	6,170
Houston	6,693	7,811	16,733

Exports, 9,736 bales. Total thus far this season, 1,518,558 bales. Total last season, 827,266 bales.

SOUTHERN SPOTS AND STOCKS.

Sales.		Spots.	Stocks.	Last Yr.
200	Galveston	11.50	273,263	346,689
1,895	New Orleans...	11.38	278,853	152,981
25	Mobile	11.12	20,057	84,693
2,392	Savannah	11.50	205,818	143,843
—	Charleston	11.50	90,687	60,340
—	Wilmington	11.25	85,905	85,237
873	Norfolk	11.31	68,028	41,592
510	Augusta	11.44	17,775	133,883
3,100	Memphis	11.50	226,680	203,780
—	St. Louis	11.625	10,445	26,172
592	Houston	11.35	182,399	130,329

The Liverpool market opened steady. There was a good demand business in spot cotton, with middling 10 points advance at 6.98. Sales, 10,000 bales; receipts, 10,000 bales, including American, 9,000 bales. Market closed very steady.

Mudge Is D. & R. G. President.

H. U. Mudge, until recently the operating head of the Rock Island System, was formally elected President of the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad yesterday. It was Mr. Mudge's selection by George J. Gould which caused the split in the Denver road's board last week. Arthur Coppell, who had served temporarily as President, retired, but he will remain as a Director and as a member of the Executive Committee. Mr. Mudge was also made a Director, succeeding David H. Taylor, who resigned to make way for him.

G. M. P. Murphy Joins Guaranty Trust.

Directors of the Guaranty Trust Company yesterday elected G. M. P. Murphy a Vice President. Mr. Murphy is head of the accounting firm of G. M. P. Murphy & Co. and has been prominent in the reorganizations of various concerns. He was largely instrumental in readjusting the affairs of the Assets Realization Company and is at present Chairman of the company's Executive Committee.

Statement of Bank of France.

PARIS, Nov. 11.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Notes in circulation increased.....	109,817,000
Treasury deposits increased.......	7,155,000
General deposits increased.......	4,089,000
Bills discounted decreased........	51,280,000
Advances increased..............	2,641,000
Gold in hand increased...........	27,325,000
Silver in hand decreased..........	909,000

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction Wednesday by Adrian H. Muller & Sons, auctioneers, Exchange Salesrooms, 14 Vesey Street:

40 shs. German Exchange Bank, $100 each, 375.

250 shares Central Park, North and East River Railroad Company, $100 each, $1.50 per share.

1½ shares United States Finishing Company common, $100 each, $10 lot.

$1,801 Mutual Fire Insurance Company of New York, scrip, $2 lot.

1 share Belangers, Incorporated, $100, $2 lot.

75 shares Commercial Trust Company of New York, $100 each, 96.

15 shares New Yorker Staats-Zeitung, $100 per share.

100 shares City Investing Company common, $100 each, $14.

2,500 shares Pinelawn Cemetery, $550.

100 shares Union Ferry Company, $100 each, 39⅝.

85 shares New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, $100 each, 80.

$4,000 State of North Carolina, United States Trust Company certificates of deposit for railroad bonds to incorporate Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad and the North Carolina & Western Railroad to incorporate the Western North Carolina Railroad construction and equipment of Western Railroad, these bonds issued under acts of 1856 and 1859, known as Class 2, $540 lot.

$10,000 State of North Carolina, United States Trust Company certificate of deposit for ten bonds to provide for funding of matured interest on public debt, known as Class 3, $760 lot.

$37,000 State of North Carolina, United States Trust Company certificate of deposit, one for thirty-two bonds of $1,000 each, and one for ten bonds, $500 each, to provide for payment of State debt contracted before war, known as Class 3, $2,701 lot.

5 shares First National Bank of Edgewater, N. J., $100 each, 50.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

William Ackland, Vice President of Craigie & Hopkins, Ltd., has left for England to establish an English branch office for his firm.

It was announced yesterday that assessments had been paid on more than 81 per cent. of both classes of stock of the M. Rumely Company. More than 97 per cent. of the two-year 6 per cent. notes and the commission notes have been deposited. The books closed yesterday.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Anglo-French.	5	Oct., 1920	97½	98	5.47
Argen. Govt..	6	Dec., 1915	100⅛	100⅝	1.50
Argen. Govt..	6	Dec., 1916	101¼	101¾	4.25
Argen. Govt..	6	Dec., 1917	101	101½	5.55
Argen. Govt..	6	May, 1920	99¼	99⅝	6.20
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99½	100	5.00
City of Q'b'c.	5	Apr., 1920	98⅝	99⅛	5.20
Dom. of Can..	5	Aug., 1916	100¼	100⅝	4.00
Dom. of Can..	5	Oct., 1917	100⅛	100¼	4.90
French Gov't.	5	Apr., 1916	99⅝	99⅝	6.12
German Gov't.	5	Jan., 1916	99⅝	100⅛	4.00
Italian Gov't..	6	Oct., 1916	99¾	100	6.00
Norway Gov't.	6	Oct., 1916	100¼	100½	5.45
Norway Gov't.	6	Oct., 1917	100¼	100½	5.70
Swedish Gov't.	6	Dec., 1916	99	99½	6.50
Swiss Gov't...	5	Mar., 1916	99⅝	100	5.00
Swiss Gov't...	5	Mar., 1918	96½	97¼	6.15
Swiss Gov't...	5	Mar., 1920	95¾	96½	6.05

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Ala. Power...	6	Feb., 1918	100	101	5.60
Am. Cot. Oil..	5	Nov., 1917	101	101¼	4.40
Am. Loco. Co.	5	July, 1916	100¾	101¼	3.00
A.T. & T. sub.	5	Apr., 1916	100¾	101¼	2.75
Anacon. Cop..	5	Mar., 1917	101⅛	101⅜	4.00
Balt. & Ohio.	4½	June, 1917	100⅜	100⅝	4.05
Balt. & Ohio..	4½	June, 1918	100⅜	100⅝	4.30
B'klyn R. T..	5	July, 1918	100⅜	100⅝	4.70
Can. Northern.	5	Sep., 1917	98	98¾	5.75
Can. Pacific..	6	Mar. 2,'24	102⅝	103	5.55
Ches. & Ohio.	5	June, 1919	97½	97¾	5.75
Chi. & W. I..	5	Sep., 1917	99⅝	99⅞	5.05
Chi. El. Rys..	5	July, 1916	93	94	14.00
C. P. R. & L.	6	May, 1918	100	101	5.56
Con. Pow. Co.	6	May 1, '17	99	100	6.00
Con. Gas, Balt.	5	May, 1917	99	100	5.00
Erie R. R....	5	Apr., 1916	100⅝	100⅞	2.90
Erie R. R....	5½	Apr., 1917	101⅜	101¾	3.95
E. Pr. & Lt..	5	.. 1918	93	96½	6⅝
Gen. Rubber..	5	Dec., 1918	100¼	100½	4.80
Gr. Rap. Ed..	5	May, 1916	100	100⅝	3.73
Gr. Rap. Ry..	5	June, 1916	100	100⅝	3.83
Hav. El. Ry..	6	Sept., 1916	99½	100	6.00
Hock. Val.....	5	Nov., 1917	100⅝	101	4.50
Int. Harv.....	5	Feb.15,'18	101¼	101⅜	4.40
Lack. Steel...	6	Mar., 1917	100⅝	101¼	5.00
Louis. G. & E.	6	Apr., 1918	99	100	6.00
Minn. & St. L.	6	Feb., 1916	92½	93½	31.00
Minn. G. E...	6	June, 1917	100½	101	5.50
Mont. T. & P..	6	Apr., 1917	95	97½	7.95
Mich. Ry.....	6	June, 1919	100	100¾	5.78
N. E. Nav....	6	May, 1917	98⅞	98⅞	7.10
N.Y.,N.H.&H.	5	May, 1916	100⅝	100⅞	3.50
North. S. P...	6	June, 1917	99¾	100½	5.65
Penn. Co. ...	4½	June 15,'21	100½	100¾	4.30
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1916	100⅜	100¾	2.15
Sea. Air Line.	5	Mar., 1916	100⅜	100¾	2.45
Southern Ry..	5	Feb., 1916	100¼	100½	3.30
Southern Ry..	5	Mar., 1917	100¼	100½	4.70
Sulz. & Sons.	6	June, 1916	100⅞	101⅛	4.40
U. S. Smelt..	5	June, 1918	99	100	5.00
U. S. P. S.Co.	6	Apr., 1918	97¼	98½	6.60
Union Typew.	5	Jan. 15,'16	98½	100	5.90
United Fruit..	6	May, 1917	102	102¼	4.40
United Fruit..	5	May, 1918	100¼	100¾	4.70
Utah Co......	6	Apr., 1917	100¼	101	5.20
West. E. & M.	5	Oct., 1917	101	101½	4.35
W. Penn. Tr.	6	Mar., 1917	97	100	6.00
W. S. G. & E.	6	Oct., 1917	98¼	99¼	6.58
W. Pr. Co....	6	Mar., 1917	99½	100½	5.40
W. V. T. & E.	6	June, 1917	97	98	6½

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 11.—Forecast:

N. Car.—Fair Fri., except showers in extreme w. Sat., fair and colder; moderate, variable winds.

S. Car.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; light s. w. to w. winds.

Ga.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; colder Sat. in n. w.; light, variable winds.

Fla.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; light, variable winds.

Ala.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; colder in n. Fri., and in s. Sat.; light s. winds, becoming variable.

Miss.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; colder Fri., except in extreme s.; light s. winds, becoming n.

La.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; light, variable winds.

East. Tex.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; warmer Sat. in n.; light s. winds on the coast.

West. Tex.—Fair and warmer Fri. and Sat.

Okla.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; warmer Sat.

Ark.—Fair Fri. and Sat.

Tenn.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; colder Fri. in w.; colder in e. Sat.

Ohio and Ind.—Fair and colder Fri. Sat., fair; fresh w. to n. w. winds.

Lower Mich.—Fair and much colder Fri. Sat., fair; fresh w. to n. w. winds.

Upper Mich.—Fair and colder Fri. Sat., fair; fresh w. winds.

Ill.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; colder in n. e. Fri.

Mo.—Fair Fri. and Sat.

Wis.—Fair Fri. and probably Sat.; colder in extreme e. Fri.

Minn.—Fair and warmer Fri. Sat., probably unsettled.

Iowa—Fair Fri. and probably Sat.; warmer Sat., and in n. Fri.

N. Dak.—Fair and warmer Fri. Sat., probably rain.

S. Dak.—Rain and warmer Fri. Sat., probably unsettled.

Neb.—Fair and warmer Fri. Sat., cloudy.

Kan.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; warmer in w. Fri.

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American Cotton Oil

This company has just completed a very prosperous year. Our recent analysis, reviewing the year, and indicating the outlook of the company for 1916, should prove of unusual interest. A few extra copies are available.

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Shifting the Load

Every bull market is initiated by leadership. How it is done the average stock buyer cannot tell. All he realizes is that stocks are going up. But it is interesting to the man on the street to *know the subtle influences that are frequently employed to attract public attention* to stock in which invisible pools are operating when they are ready to turn their paper profits into cash. The curtain is drawn aside on these methods in a timely article, "Shifting the Load," appearing in the current issue.

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PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR THE PURCHASE OF SCRAP AXLES, offered for sale by The Panama Canal. Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Assistant Purchasing Agent, The Panama Canal, 24 State Street, New York City, until 2:00 P. M., November 16, 1915, at which time they will be opened in public, for purchasing the above-mentioned material. Blanks and general information relating to this sale may be obtained from the above office. R. E. Rutherford, Assistant Purchasing Agent.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

MR. F. ARTHUR WELLMAN has this day been admitted to partnership in our firm. VERNON C. BROWN & CO.

FLOOD DISCLAIMS FIRE RESPONSIBILITY

Chief Inspector Says He Never Heard of Diamond Candy Factory.

MAYOR HAS A NEW PLAN

Preparing Legislation to Reduce Building Inspections and Enforce Safety Laws.

District Attorney Cropsey of Kings County will continue the questioning of witnesses this morning at the Coroner's inquest into the Diamond Candy Factory fire at 285 North Sixth Street, Williamsburg, in which twelve lives were lost, last Saturday, with the immediate view of fixing responsibility for the failure of the State Industrial Commission to enforce its orders for the fireproofing of the factory stairways.

Chief Inspector J. J. Flood of the commission said yesterday he had heard that he was to be made an important figure in the attempt to fix responsibility. He insisted that any such effort was unjust.

"Why should they single me out of five million people?" he asked. "I know nothing about the responsibility for the fire and have nothing to do with it. I never knew of the existence of the Diamond Candy Factory. I never see the Inspectors who report on fire conditions. I deal with the Supervisors. Reports made by the Inspectors are received by examiners and filed here. Cases where the orders of the commission have not been enforced are sent to the counsel. I never see them."

The State Industrial Commission held a session behind closed doors yesterday at which the Williamsburg fire was discussed. It adopted a resolution proposing an amendment to the industrial code which would make the regulations regarding the fireproofing of stairways the same in the case of buildings under six stories in height as they now are for buildings over six stories high. The commission also resolved to request a meeting of the Industrial Council, its advisory body, on Nov. 19, to consider the proposed amendment.

Fire Marshal Thomas Brophy yesterday transferred the papers from the safe of the Diamond Candy Factory to Fire Headquarters in Manhattan and began an investigation to determine the financial standing of the company, the insurance on its plant, and other facts which may have a bearing on the investigation. These papers will be turned over to District Attorney Cropsey.

Mayor Mitchel, who made speeches attacking the Lockwood-Ellenbogen bill when it was before the Legislature and refused to approve it after it had passed, said yesterday:

"Attempts are being made by certain selfish and political interests to use the Diamond fire catastrophe to revive the Lockwood-Ellenbogen plan for distributing among five boroughs control over the safety of factory and other buildings. No one should be deceived by the clamor which the interests back of this bill are now raising under the pretext that had it passed it would have prevented the Diamond factory tragedy. This is not so. The Lockwood-Ellenbogen bill was framed to correct alleged overinspection of buildings. Conditions in the Diamond factory were not the result of overinspection. If anything, they were the result of underinspection."

The Mayor said a new plan had been drawn for submission to the Legislature for reducing inspections without relaxing the enforcement of the safety laws.

SAVED BY PREVENTION ORDER.

Alarm Box in Bowery Hotel Enabled 116 Lodgers to Escape.

Compliance with the order of the Fire Prevention Bureau to install a fire alarm in the Germania Hotel at 81½ Bowery probably prevented a loss of life from a fire which occurred early yesterday morning in the factory of the Eagle Candy Company in a five-story loft building back of the hotel at 59 Chrystie Street, according to Fire Commissioner Adamson.

Fred Anner, the night clerk, turned in the alarm from the office of the hotel, bringing the department at once. If it had been necessary to run to an alarm box on the street the few minutes of delay might have doomed the hotel, according to the Commissioner. As it was, the blaze was very hot and would have leaped a ten-foot space to the rear of the hotel except for heavy iron shutters on the windows. There were 116 lodgers in the house, who escaped without panic.

Five firemen were overcome and fifteen were affected by escayping gas. Captain Lauth of Engine Company 20 and Captain Fitzpatrick and Fireman Mahoney of Engine Company 9 were the first to fall. They were helped out of the building by comrades. Andrew B. George and James J. Doyle of Engine Company 9 collapsed from inhaling the gas and were carried downstairs. Fifteen others complained of faintness caused by the fumes, but did not leave their posts. The damage from the fire was placed at $2,000.

TEACHERS HEAR OF CUTS.

President Churchill Says Some School Activities Must Go.

President Churchill of the Board of Education, addressing delegates from the Teachers' Council yesterday afternoon in the De Witt Clinton High School, said he was not prepared to announce his plans for cutting the expenditures of the department. Then he added:

"Never again will a Board of Estimate attempt to do what this Board of Estimate has done."

He intimated that the 1,000 substitute teachers would be the first to feel the effects of the lack of funds to pay salaries when he said:

"The work of the regular teachers may be regarded as better than that of the substitute instructors. I have gone over the alleged exorbitant salaries the teachers are supposed to get, and I cannot see where one of them should be cut here or there. But something must be done, for it is certain that the Board of Estimate has not given us enough money with which to conduct the schools during the next current year. Some of the school activities must go."

He did not name the Gary system, but he said:

"They are going to force upon us a system of education we have never tried."

These members of the Teachers' Council were elected to fill vacancies: John C. Atwater, Miss Emily C. Hunt, William F. Rountree, Miss Sarah L. Rhodes, Miss Catherine Helion, Miss Lucy T. Noble, Mrs. Rose Goertner, and Miss Sarah Bower.

Big Gain in Rubber Purchases.

A tremendous gain has been made in purchases of crude rubber by the United States this year as compared with last. This country took thirty-six times as much rubber from Java in the first half of this year as in the same period in 1914, the respective poundage totals being 3,169,368 and 88,389. Of rubber from the Sumatra East Coast American buyers took 1,117,659 pounds during the half year, against nothing in 1914. In September crude rubber exports from the Amazon Valley to this country showed a gain of 78 per cent. over the same month last year, 4,664,123 being shipped. In September, 1914, these exports amounted to 2,616,479 pounds.

NEW ROCK ISLAND ATTACK.

Claimants Ask Court to Cange Order Making Dickinson Receiver.

An attack on the appointment of ex-Secretary of War Jacob M. Dickinson as ancillary receiver of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad Company was made yesterday in the Federal District Court when Miss Frances E. Hidden and Miss Sadie E. Hidden, through their counsel, Roger Foster, asked Judge Mayer to strike from the order appointing Mr. Dickinson the clause enjoining all persons from interfering with the claims of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific against its former or present Directors.

The Misses Hidden have brought certain claims against these Directors in the State courts, and Mr. Foster said he had no knowledge of the order until a copy of it was served on him on Oct. 18 as a block to the actions brought by the Misses Hidden. The injunction it contained has now been dissolved by the Circuit Court of Appeals, but before this court took action, Mr. Foster said, Roberts Walker, a lawyer, of 14 Wall Street, obtained, without notice of any one interested, the appointment by a Judge in Chicago of Mr. Dickinson as receiver.

Mr. Foster filed with the court a report of the Interstate Commerce Commission setting forth how the receiver was appointed and expressing the opinion that the suit was not bona fide. Consequently Mr. Foster argued that the proceeding was collusive, and that the right of the State courts had been overriden. It was these courts, he contended, that should have the right to appoint the receiver.

Lewis L. Delafield, attorney for Mr. Dickinson, denied that the proceedings were not in good faith, and argued that the suit of the Misses Hidden should be dismissed because of the subsequent appointment of a receiver.

Judge Mayer reserved decision, saying he could not take judicial notice of the report of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

VANDERLIP IN NEW FACTORY.

City Bank Head Director of $2,000,000 Ball Bearing Concern.

Frank A. Vanderlip, President of the National City Bank, has been made a Director of the S. K. F. Ball Bearing Company of Hartford, Conn., the $2,000,000 concern which was recently incorporated to take over the business of the S. K. F. Ball Bearing Company of New York. The company will erect a factory in Hartford.

The war cut off a large part of the foreign-made bearings for automobiles and other machinery, and it is designed to manufacture them in this country. The National City Bank, through its officers, has interested itself in a number of new industries which have found a place here because of abnormal conditions of trade brought about by the war.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 11.—Forty-three corporations having aggregate capital stocks of $2,004,100 were chartered today. They include:

William H. Todd, Corp'n, marine repairs, construction work, docking, berthing, $1,000,000; G. J. Robinson, C. H. Riedel, W. H. Todd, 15 Whitehall St.

Cameron Syndicate, mine, quarry, timber, ore, potash, petroleum, coal, coke, capital no par value, carry on business with $125,000; J. Markham Marshall, A. Cameron, R. M. Atwater, Jr., 25 Broad St.

Charles Francis Press, Clarkstown, consolidation with Waverly Bindery, publishing, printing, $235,000; J. A. Wilkens, S. P. Lathrop, C. Francis, 208 North Broadway, Nyack.

The Lindner Combination Button Sewing Machine Co., Brooklyn, machines, patents, $100,000; T. Gutman, N. Hirsch, A. E. Lindner, 321 Palmetto St., Brooklyn.

Atlantic Chemical Co., Buffalo, mining, smelting, timber, oil, gas rights, $100,000; W. J. Donovan, E. E. Finck, B. Goodyear, 604 Iroquois Building, Buffalo.

Union Square Building Corp'n, realty, merchandise, personal property, $100,000; A. D. Nielsen, G. W. Vanse, H. M. Freece 655 West 177th St.

Cameog Realty Co. Hempstead, realty, construction, brokerage, $100,000; E. Adams, Kalman J. Kortvellyessy, W. Robertson, 42 Broadway, Manhattan.

Herbert Roystone, Inc., perfumes, toilet articles, viscous compounds, patent articles, $150,000; G. B. Cannon, Jr., M. B. Roystone, W. H. Roystone, 106 East Nineteenth St.

Schoonmaker Brothers & Brantman, cotton, silks, velvets, $25,000; J. W. Brantman, G. P. and C. D. Schoonmaker, 80 Fifth Av.

All Americas Theatrical Co., theatrical, booking agency, capital no par value, to carry on business with $12,000; A. R. Sanders, R. Chandler, C. Mason, 1,482 Broadway.

The Gloria Opera Co., theatrical, music hall, talking machines, $20,000; A. Pelterson, F. P. Pratt, C. Woess, 790 Riverside Drive.

United States Rainproof Mfg. Co., raincoats, rubber goods, $10,000; M. Weshoff, J. Singer, B. Katz, 27 East Tenth St.

Interborough Engineering Co., Brooklyn, plumbing, electric lighting, heating, $10,000, J. and J. Frankfort, Jr., H. R. Singer, 1,352 38th St., Brooklyn.

Sagrad Construction Co., Bronx, realty, agency, brokerage, construction, managerial, $5,000; S. Sacco, G. Graziado, A. Adamo, 1,526 71st St., Brooklyn.

Hardwick Realty Co., agency, brokerage, construction, managerial, $10,000; H. A. Sperry, L. F. Chapman, S. A. Du Crett, 160 B'way.

Merrick Auto Supply and Repair Co., Queens, motors, engines, vehicles, garages, $10,000; F. C. Simons, A. Marshall, S. S. Slater, 107 West 76th St.

Cee Bee Cee Waist and Costume Co., women's garments, $10,000; B. Kawaler, H. I. and B. Cohen, 38 East 7th St.

Popular Music Publishing Co., capital no par value; S. Kramer, K. Propper, A. R. Memhard, 49 St. Nicholas Terrace.

The Unity Picture Corpn., motion picture films, cameras, projecting devices, $10,000; W. L. Bainton, W. M. Waskom, R. C. Beadle, 1,760 46th St., Brooklyn.

Allen, Phillips and Co., importers, exporters, commission, $5,000; H. H. Waller, J. E. Allen, A. Philips, 500 Fifth Av.

Domestic and Foreign Agencies, merchandise, $5,000; E. S. Wolbarst, F. W. Anderson, F. Murray, 30 Church St.

International Electric Products Corpn., contracting, $5,000; F. B. Knowlton, W. Dubilier, M. E. McLean, 50 Church St.

Tampico Petroleum Trading Corpn., mining, searching for petroleum, by-products, machinery, capital no par value, carry on business with $3,000; H. W. Hastings, P. C. Schnitzler, V. H. Muller, Tampico, Tamps, Mexico.

The Quality Blouse Shop, misses', ladies' waists, $5,000; E. Ackerman, A. Wein, J. Friedman, 147 East 92d St.

Dickson Development Co., realty, contracting, architects, $5,000; B. C. and C. E. Chalmers, A. Dickson, 635 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Castleton and Albany Auto Bus Co., Albany, auto bus line, $5,000; B. H. and H. H. Arnink, W. G. Allen, 448 Delaware Av., Albany.

Corporate Training Service, publishing texts, lectures, books, charts, tables, $5,000; E. Ellis, M. Radley, C. Combes, 20 Elmhurst Av., Elmhurst.

Unity Button Works, buttons, $6,000; L. Lipskin, J. Glickman, N. Rosenthal, 468 Saratoga Av., Brooklyn.

F. & L. Belt Co., elastic belts, $5,000; N. Leibovitz, A. Albert, S. Foosaner, 720 Boulevard, Bayonne, N. J.

Capital increases: George Hall Coal Co., Ogdensburg, $475,000 to $650,000; Rome Wire Co., Rome, $600,000 to $1,500,000; Poughkeepsie and Highland Ferry Co., Poughkeepsie, $25,000 to $100,000; Ivan Film Productions, New York, $1,000 to $60,000; Columbia Pictures Corporation, New York, $50,000 to $100,000; Ehrenberg Brass Manufacturing Co., New York, $5,000 to $16,000.

Voluntary dissolutions: Hercules Yeast Co., Manhattan; Zimet-Wolf Co., Manhattan; Young & Wagner, Manhattan; Ferris Ink Co., New York; Leeds Textile Co., Manhattan; Larch's Home-Made Bread Co., Manhattan; Imperial Ribbon Co., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Nov. 11.—Charters filed here: Hudson Metal Products Company, New York, to manufacture metal castings, metal forgings, shafts, and in general to carry on a machinery business in all its branches, $1,000,000; Arthur N. Seaman, Daniel M. Clark, both of New York; Harry Davis, Wilmington, Del.

American Actose Company, New York, to manufacture, sell, and deal in and with actose, and to carry on the business of chemists, &c.; $75,000; Oscar R. Houston, Great Neck Station, N. Y.; Frank J. McConnell, New York; Harry W. Davis, Wilmington, Del.

Alliance Products Company, New York, (business and incorporators same as above,) $50,000.

Columbia Company, New York, to generally deal in real estate and investments, $100,000; Joseph F. Curtin, Samuel B. Howard, S. A. Anderson, all of New York.

Radium, Uranium and Vanadium Refining Company, to deal in and with ores, metals of all kinds, especially carnotite ores and concentrates thereof, $100,000; W. M. Pyle, George G. Steigler, M. E. Grubb, Wilmington, Del.

READERS IN MINING CAMPS.

Far away from New York, where it is difficult to obtain all the books that many a miner would welcome, a copy of The New York Times Book Review will be received as a boon. For $1 it will be sent to any address in the United States for one year. Subscribe for your friend. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyer's Wants

60 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

CAN USE CHEVIOT like American Styles No. 533, in green, brown, and navy; also Julliards No. 6,717, in green, brown, and navy. Telephone Farragut 9850.

WANTED.—JOBS IN CORDUROY DRESSES. COLORS NAVY, BROWN AND WINE. STANDARD MAIL ORDER CO., 423 WEST 55TH ST., MR. L. RUBEN.

WANTED—Jobs in well-made ladies', misses' and children's dresses, coats, and suits. Phone 6548 Orchard.

WE ARE OPEN for quantity of fancy cotton goods at a cheap price. Halper & Friedman, 119 Wooster St.

WANTED—Jobs of ladies' coats and suits; better kind only. 168 Madison Av., 7th floor.

NARROW CORDUROY wanted for cash, all shades; write for appointment. L 15 Times.

THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
NO. 1 MAIN ST.,
BROOKLYN,

Will look at women's suits and coats for Spring catalog immediately.

Make appointment by telephone, Main 7303, Store 9, or bring samples to the eleventh floor.

THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
NO. 1 MAIN ST.,
BROOKLYN,

Will look at waists and dresses for Spring catalog immediately.

Make appointment by telephone, Main 7303, Store 9, or bring samples to the eleventh floor.

OUR MR. L. RUBEN WILL SEE YOUR SPRING LINE OF SILK AND COTTON DRESSES (FROM ABOUT $2.00 TO $15.00 EACH) ANY MORNING FROM 8:15 TO 10:30 A. M., AND 3:30 TO 5:30 P. M. STANDARD MAIL ORDER CO., 423 WEST 55TH ST.

LOOKING at Spring samples, silk and cotton dresses; also contractors, snappy styles; will place orders on good numbers. Vogue Waist Co., 131-133 West 28th.

OPEN FOR JOBS of all kinds of material suitable for skirt, any quantity. Spot cash. United Skirt Co., 12 West 21st.

LOOKING AT DRESSES.—Jobber will see serge dresses, mornings this week; cash basis; 4th floor. 14 West 27th St.

OPEN TO BUY JOBS of cheap suits for basement. Younker Brothers, 303 5th Av.

CONTRACTORS wanted on middy blouses call at once with samples. B. Salomon, 141 West 36th St., New York.

100 SUITS TO CLOSE OUT. — Broadcloth, gabardine, and poplin; fur-trimmed, tailor-made. 6 West 18th St., 8th floor.

PLAIN AND MIXTURE COATS to close out. Gleichenhaus Bros., 133 West 21st St.

1,000 COATS and suits to close out. Cohen Bros., 127 West 17th St.

FUR TRIMMED COATS in velours, corduroys, mixtures, tebble cheviots, white and plaid chinchillas for immediate delivery. Kaplan Bros., 150 West 22d St. Chel. 2198 and 8618.

KNITTED ANGORA Brushed Scarfs and Caps to match; Ladies' Scarfs, $9; Misses' Scarfs, $7.50. Sets—Ladies', $15; Misses', $12. Patchogue Knitting Mills, Patchogue, N. Y.

NICE LOT of plush coats, corduroys, and mixtures, at reasonable prices, immediate delivery. I. Novick, 40 West 28th St.

READY TO PLACE ORDERS on skirts and dresses for Spring in serges, taffetas, and poplins. J. & S. Post, 148-150 Greene St.

PLUSH—PLUSH—PLUSH.—Coats, made of Salts sealette, for immediate delivery. P. Hutner & Co., 60 East 11th St.

BOTNEY'S and FORSTMANN, Hoffman broadcloths; also chiffon velvets, for sale. Madison Square 257.

500 FUR SETS TO SELL CHEAP; CALL AFTER 4 P. M. J. H. SHEER, 425 WEST 55TH ST.

FOR SALE, Amoskeag serge, 6301 gray, 7122 wine, brown. W. Solomon, 136 Spring St. Telephone 3083 Spring.

FOR SALE, 27-inch velveteen, green, brown, and navy. Greenwald, Friedman & Co., 65 Bleecker St.

DRESS FASTENERS, Revol & Sonamor; immediate delivery. A. Abramson, 138 West 22d St. Chelsea 3975.

COATS, FUR TRIMMED. Have immediate delivery; $3.75 to $12.50. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th St.

FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY, Plush Corduroy and Zibeline Coats; also Velvet Suits. M. & H. Gordon, 22 West 26th St.

DRESSES AND METALAMB COATS on hand for immediate delivery. A. Selwitz & Co., Inc., 16 West 19th St.

ASSORTMENT Cotton Piece Goods, Prints, and Fancies; also Remnants. 134 Spring St., J. Rosenberg & Co.

JOBS OF PLUSH and cloth coats at cheap prices. Joe Korostoff, 36 West 20th St.

WE ARE showing the latest novelties in Skating Coats. M. & H. Gordon, 22 W. 26th.

JOBS desired for cash in highest-grade Ladies' and Children's Dresses and Suits, Plush and Winter Coats, Skirts, Waists, Petticoats, Furs, Sweaters. Sumner, 8 Lispenard St. Franklin 4343.

DESIRE at once jobs ladies' suits, dresses, skirts and waists; will pay cash. Eastern Merchandise Co., 450 Broadway. Spring 358.

CASH PAID for job lots of women's apparel. Frank Jacobovitz, 10 Lispenard St. Fkn 2950.

FOR SALE, cheap, office partition and fixtures; great bargain. Levine, 25 W. 27th.

Help and Situations Wanted.

SALESMEN to carry a first-class, well-known, advertised, popular-priced fitted top petticoat for the following territory: New York State, New England, Middle West, and South. Exceptional opportunity for right party. Strictly confidential. Commission or salary. L 9 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (28,) desires to represent established house in Philadelphia; experienced upholstery and dry goods; 10 years with Philadelphia house; excellent references. B 316 Times Downtown.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..2¾@3¼ per cent. for the best names
Wed'day..2¾@3¼ " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

⁂

What Wheat Ships Are Exempt.

The British Government Board of Trade has amended, according to information from the American Consulate General at London, its recent statement regarding the freedom from requisition of vessels carrying wheat. The exemption applies now only to such vessels as had been contracted for or chartered previous to noon on Nov. 5.

⁂

Serges Stronger in Dress Goods.

Serges are coming back strong in the dress goods line, and the improvement has been especially marked during the last two weeks. One of the prominent factors in the market reports that serges are selling much better than poplins and gabardines, despite the fact that exceptionally good values are offered in the latter. Poplins and gabardines are by no means inactive, and the development of the last-named fabric has been particularly strong recently. The prominence into which serges have leaped, therefore, is the more noticeable.

⁂

Goods on Dutch Embargo List.

According to a cablegram received by the Department of Commerce from the American Consul General at Rotterdam, Holland, these products have been added to the list of prohibited shipments by the Dutch Government: Tinplate waste; vegetables, both dried and preserved; iron and steel rods; tool steel; cottonseed, cocoanut, seasame, soya, and peanut oils; cocoa butter and all edible fats, except margarine for use as a butter substitute; coins of nickel and copper; beehives; flax; egg albumen and yolks, liquid or powdered, and products thereof; beechnuts, and linseed oil.

⁂

Large Orders for the Future.

While the general tendency in the woolen market is to put off taking orders for next Fall until a more definite idea is gained of what prices should be, the leading factor in the trade is understood to have taken a large amount of this business. In fact, the orders booked are understood to be well up to the $3,000,000 mark. Prices asked are said to represent fair value on the basis of the present cost of raw materials and manufacturing. Colors are guaranteed for the next season. Whether the heavyweight business has been taken in order to make a good showing for the year, or because an abundance of supplies makes pricing no difficulty, is not stated.

⁂

Imports Cannot Be as Large.

The selling agent for a firm of well-known English woolen goods manufacturers was relating how 12,000 pieces of tweeds were brought into this country immediately after the new tariff was established. This amount, he said, completely overshadowed any business which the firm had done here previously on this fabric. Formerly the amount of sales on this cloth in this country was less than a thousand pieces. In sharp contrast stand out the present conditions in the English market. The wage increases demanded by labor have offset to a marked degree the advantages which the English manufacturers might have enjoyed in certain lines before the war.

⁂

New Attachment for Barrels.

A novel corrugated steel cleat for use on kegs and barrels has just been put on the market. It is made of light-gauge sheet steel, and has a deep corrugation or rib extending its entire length. This gives it a strength almost equal to that of a solid bar of the same diameter as the rib. The ends of the cleat are curved, and are of such length and shape that they fit over and down the side of the hoop, while the ribbed part lies flat and tight against the head of the barrel. It is claimed that the device can be attached twice as fast as wood cleats, that only about half as many nails are necessary, that it will reduce shippers' claims to a minimum for consignments arriving in bad condition, and that it is a guaranteed protection against loss of contents through loosened heads. It is made in sizes to suit all standard kegs and barrels for all classes of goods.

⁂

Japanese Silks Still Advancing.

The Yokohama raw silk market scored another advance during the early part of the week, prices moving up $15 per picul. This is equal to 8 or 9 per cent., according to the grade of silk affected. The market is quieter now, with prices firm and buyers watching developments closely. Sales for the week amounted to 5,800 bales. Canton continues to advance under the influence of good buying, and prices have touched record levels during the week. Some grades are at the highest point since the banner year of 1907. There have also been advances on the leading silks in the Shanghai market, ranging from 6 to 10 per cent. Cables received by H. L. Gwalter & Co. of this city say that the Milan market is very firm, with business hampered by the depleted stocks. Locally the demand has been very good, and prices have moved upward sharply in sympathy with conditions at primary points.

⁂

See Better Things Ahead.

Reports that have come from leading foreign fashion centres of late have spoken encouragingly of laces and embroideries, and as a result a more optimistic tone prevails in the local market for these goods. In the lace end of the trade a steady improvement in the position of Spanish lustre laces is told of, while the call for metal effects has shown little, if any, diminution. Radium laces are also well spoken of, the bulk of these goods being made in this country at the present time. As the time for stocking up for early Spring "white sales" approaches, an improved business on embroideries from the retailers is reported. Sheer goods are in favor from all accounts, the fight for leadership being waged by voiles and organdies. Wide flouncings are favored, and reports of a vogue for flounced dresses for Spring are expected to stimulate the demand for these goods greatly in the near future.

⁂

Gray Goods Were Fairly Active.

The feature of the local gray goods market yesterday was the reported sale of fully a million yards of 5.50 sheetings to a leading factor in the bag trade. While the price was not given out, the market for average lots of these goods was 4⅛ cents, and it is possible that this figure was shaded in the business referred to. Wednesday's inquiries concerning other sheetings for the same class of buyers evidently did not bear a great deal of fruit. Sheetings for the converting trade are being sold on the basis of 5⅝ to 5¾ cents for 4-yard, 56-60s. Prices on spot printcloths are weaker, at least so far as certain constructions are concerned. There were reports yesterday of first-hand sales of 39-inch 68-72s for prompt delivery at 4 15-16 cents, with second-hand goods let out at a sixteenth less. Spot first-hand business on 38½-inch 64-60s was told of at 4¼ cents. It is now comparatively easy to get goods for delivery up to April 1 at figures that were recently asked for spot or near-by shipment. Prices follow:

39-inch, 80-80s	6c	38½-inch, 64-56s	4⅛c
39-inch, 72-76s	*5⅝c	38½-inch, 60-52s	4⅛c
39-inch, 68-72s	4⅞c	38½-inch, 60-48s	*4c
39-inch, 56-44s	*3⅞c	27-inch, 64-60s	3⅛c
38½-inch, 64-60s	4¼c	27-inch, 56-52s	2⅞c

*Asked.

RAISING VALUES ON FURS.

Methods of Some Importers Made the Subject of Criticism.

Judge McClelland, sitting as a reappraisement official, yesterday severely arraigned the methods of some importers of furs in their attempt to defraud the Government out of its lawful duties. The case before the General Appraiser concerned an importation of dressed beaver skins from A. Hurtig, Winnipeg, entered at the Custom House here on Sept. 29.

"There is absolutely no question," said Judge McClelland in his decision, "but that there was deliberate undervaluation in this case." The invoice, it appeared, stated the price to be $5.25 per skin. After filing this invoice, the importer here presented to the authorities another invoice bearing the same date as the first, and receipted in full for $7.62½ per skin. Somewhat later, this second invoice was presented to the examiner at the Appraiser's Stores.

The examiner, however, raised the values on the skins above the seizure point, which under the law is 75 per cent. An appeal then followed to the board. Judge McClelland advanced the skins to $9 each, or 58 per cent. above the prices stated on the first invoice. In doing so the General Appraiser said:

"Some time after the entry this second invoice was presented to the examiner, but I am satisfied that its production was not for the purpose of advising the Government of the actual price paid for the goods, but with a view of having them appraised at a valuation that would possibly avoid seizure. A preponderence of the testimony satisfies me that the price stated in the second bill is too low. I have fixed the value at $9, and in so doing I have given the importer the benefit of every reasonable doubt."

Plucked beaver and so-called "nat muskrat" skins, from Donald Caskie & Co., Winnipeg, also came in for advances over invoiced or entered values, the higher prices put on the skins ranging from 2 to 15 cents per pound.

Foreign Fish Scarce and Dear.

German Government buying of Scandinavian and Dutch fish products, taken in connection with the obstacles in way of operating the foreign fisheries on anything like a normal basis, continues to hamper American jobbers in these lines. Such goods as are being received by local importers are procured at almost prohibitive prices, and now bring in this market the highest prices in the history of the trade. Jobbers here who relied on a large catch of Holland herrings had their hopes dispelled yesterday when cables announced that, owing to the planting of mines in the waters adjacent to Holland, fishing had become so dangerous that the industry was practically at a standstill. Small lots of new Autumn Norway mackerel are coming in, but at prices calculated to curtail sales. Prices for other Norwegian canned goods like kippered and tomato herrings, fish balls, etc., also show enormous advances. Owing to the extraordinary prices being paid by Germany for these products, foreign firms doing business with New York jobbers are showing more or less indifference toward the American market.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Deciding the Duties on a Number of Imported Articles.

Morimura Brothers went before the Board of General Appraisers with the claim that the Collectors at Seattle and San Francisco assessed duty on an amount which it was alleged by the protestants was in excess of the amount paid for packing certain merchandise. It was shown to the satisfaction of the board that the actual cost of the packing was 14 sen. The customs officials were reversed in taking duty on a higher basis.

It was decided that seamless flax fire hose used for the conveyance of water under pressure is hydraulic hose within the tariff and common understanding of the term, and accordingly dutiable at the rate of 7 cents per pound under the present law covering such goods. The hose, which was imported by Charles Neidner's Sons & Co., at St. Albans, Vt., was taxed by the Collector at the rate of 35 per cent. ad valorem under the provision for "manufactures of flax." No witnesses appeared for the Government, but merchants in the trade testifying for the protestants said the hose was generally known among buyers as hydraulic hose. The Collector was reversed.

Langfeld Brothers & Co., Philadelphia, imported pin cases, lip sticks, bottles, pin tubes, pencils, and other similar articles valued at more than 20 cents per dozen pieces, and intended for use in fitting leather bags and party cases. The goods were taxed 60 per cent. ad valorem as fittings, whereas the importers claimed a duty at either 50 or 20 per cent. as plated or plain manufactures of metal. It was shown at the trial that the articles were used by women, and invariably are in containers. The board affirmed the assessment, holding that the articles were properly provided for under the classification returned by the Collector.

Marshall Field & Co. were party sustained in protests on importations of ornaments and trimmings in chief value of beads returned for duty at the rate of 50 per cent. and trimmings returned at 60 per cent. as in chief value of beads sewed on cotton net. The board decided that such of the merchandise as was assessed at 60 per cent. should have been returned at 50 per cent. as claimed. The contention that the goods returned at 50 per cent. should have been taxed only 30 per cent. as manufactures of paste chief value was overruled.

George Borgfeldt & Co. were sustained in the claim that alabaster globes and standards constituted entireties properly dutiable under the tariff at the rate of 15 per cent. ad valorem under the provision for "sculptures." The Collector was reversed in taking duty at 45 per cent. as manufactures of alabaster.

Sundour rugs imported by Witcombe, McGeachin & Co. were held properly dutiable at 20 per cent. ad valorem as "cotton rugs." The Collector was reversed in his return at 25 per cent. as "bath mats."

Wool in Brisk Demand.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—About 7,000 bales were offered at the wool auction sales today. The good assortment met with a brisk demand from American, home, and Russian buyers. Prices were in sellers' favor. America bought greasy merinos and sliped scoured crossbreds.

A SHORTAGE IN FLOUR.

Due to Railway Congestion, and Not Likely to Last Long.

Delay in harvesting the wheat crop of the country was said yesterday by Produce Exchange factors to be responsible for a serious flour shortage in this city. While mills are running night and day and railroads are overburdened, the scarcity of flour here is the most acute in the memory of the oldest traders. According to one merchant "New York today is literally living from hand to mouth" so far as supplies of flour are concerned.

Strangely enough, there has been no sensational advance in the prices of flour, which it was declared yesterday was cheaper than it was a year ago and not much above the low point of the crop. Such flour as is arriving was purchased many weeks ago, and the situation seems to be a question of the flouring mills catching up with the orders that are coming in from all sections of the United States. It is believed by traders that if nothing happens to interfere with the railroad and shipping facilities generally the present shortage here will be overcome within a reasonable time, although any upset in transportation would undoubtedly bring an immediate famine in flour in New York City.

Railroad officials said their lines were heavily congested with flour shipments, while another factor in the situation is the abnormal demand for the transportation of wheat to the seaboard for Italian and other foreign consumption. Some of the largest bakers, not to mention the hundreds of smaller ones, were said yesterday to be having a hard time to find enough flour for immediate use.

A representative of George A. Zabriskie & Co., flour handlers, said yesterday that the shortage was due in large measure to the congestion on the railroads as the result of the enormous exportation of war munitions and supplies for the European nations.

"Early in the season," said he, "when bakers and users of flour saw the enormous crop of wheat which this country had produced, and with flour generally on the $5 per barrel basis this year, compared with $7 a year ago, they were naturally inclined to hold off for lower prices. The present railroad congestion has caused many of the bakers and users of flour to repudiate contracts when they were delivered later than specified, it frequently happening that instead of regular delivery three or four cars would arrive simultaneously. These stocks were thus thrown on to the dealers."

H. W. Gladwin, of Holt & Co., said he though the situation was over-estimated. He said that while the railroads generally appeared to be giving the preference to export shipments, there was enough flour in sight within a few hundred miles of New York City to make a serious flour famine impossible. Mr Gladwin held that as soon as the present congestion is over on the transportation lines there will be a chance to accumulate stocks here.

Bakers said yesterday that they hoped the situation would right itself soon, as the shortage and the uncertainties of the situation were causing considerable anxiety. At the same time it is not believed that the shortage will reach a point where the average housewife will experience difficulty in getting flour for her necessities. This might happen, it was added, should a blizzard or something on that order strike the railroads during the next thirty days.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

In Town.

M. H. PULASKI COMPANY, importers of embroideries, 140 Fifth Avenue, has assigned to Martin Paskus. The company was sued ten days ago in the Supreme Court by a Swiss bank for $33,000 as indorser on notes. Most of the company's purchases were made at St. Gall, Switzerland, and it is said its trade has been hampered by the war.

REXLITE COMPANY, skylights, 15 East Fortieth Street, has assigned to Robert H. Gay. J. Layng Mills is President.

ROYAL MARBLE WORKS, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Royal Marble Works, Inc., 610 East Sixteenth Street, by G. P. Sherwood Company, $939; Alex Thomas, $235, and Tompkins-Kiel Marble Company, $150.

JOSEPH GROSS—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Joseph Gross, clothing, 133 Stanton Street, by J. Brookheim, $40; Erwin Joseph, $187, and James M. Wares, $280. Liabilities are $3,000 and assets, $1,000.

ALBERT S. MOCRE, auditor, 801 West 177th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $5,568, and assets, $1,830, mostly in worthless claims.

MILLER & RAINES, painters, 1,563 Hoe Avenue, have filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $4,261, and assets, $4,591, in accounts.

JOHN T. WATTS.—Judge Hough has dismissed the petition filed by John T. Watts, chauffeur, 300 West 48th St., on consent of creditors.

POPULAR ECONOMICAL LADIES' HAT WORKS. — Stanley W. Dexter, referee in bankruptcy, has recommended that the petition filed on Oct. 21 against the Popular Economical Ladies' Hat Works, Incorporated, be dismissed.

SHULSKY BROTHERS.—Judge Hough has confirmed a composition of Shulsky Brothers, trading as the Congress Waist and Dress Company at 245 Seventh Avenue, with creditors at 30 per cent.

LATHAM OPERATING COMPANY.—Schedules of the Latham Operating Company, which carried on the Hotel Latham, at 4 East Twenty-eighth Street, show liabilities $25,530 and assets $41,583.

ABRAHAM BERSE. — Schedules of Abraham Berse, as the Berse Hat Company, 106 West Thirty-second Street, show liabilities $16,172 and assets $8,448.

JOSEPH SCHUSS & CO.—Schedules of Joseph Schuss & Co., skirt manufacturers, 15 East Sixteenth Street, show liabilities $10,932 and assets $4,140.

HENRY F. C. PLOEGER.—Schedules of Henry F. C. Ploeger, bakery, 391 Second Avenue, show liabilities $4,547 and nominal assets $1,500.

MAX WALDMAN. — Schedules of Max Waldman, fur manufacturer, 36 East Ninth Street, show liabilities $6,041 and assets $400 in stock.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Nov. 11.—Marcelin Thuot, photographer, has been petitioned into bankruptcy. Liabilities, $2,522; assets, $300.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Nov. 11.—A creditors' petition against Joseph D. Dudley, clothier, 145 North Street, has been filed in the United States District Court in Boston. Liabilities are in excess of $70,000. The largest local creditor, the Pittsfield National Bank, is secured.

UTICA, N. Y., Nov. 11.—Saratoga Wood Craftsmen, Inc., manufacturers of furniture, Saratoga Springs, filed an involuntary petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $62,000.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 11.—Harry Slom, merchant, of Hornell, voluntary petition. Liabilities, $24,182.55. Assets, $14,024.50.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Asch, Beni—S. Fleck....$100.65
A. R. Gross Co., Inc.—J. J. Lindau....423.92
Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers of America, Jacob Barnard as President, and William Herman as President—M. Solomon....105.47
Ball, Lizzie L.—J. J. Mandeville....4,444.02
Bornstein, Morris—D. Wolff....103.73
Brownson, Wm. A.—Cudahy Packing Co....365.65
Berndt, Joseph—Manhattan Savings Institution....6,124.77
Campbell, Catherine J.—Hopf & Dixon, Inc....280.43
Cohen, Isaac—Bronx Taxi Cab Co....299.97
Clinton-Hedden Co., Inc.—Burns Bros....185.96
Daly, Michael J.—Nassau Electric R. R. Co....111.90
Daniels, Frank—H. Fried, costs....125.77
Dornes, George and Maria—C. Schaefer, Sr., et al....705.53
Diamond, Jacob L.—R. Cohen....157.89
De George, Charles and Frank—J. A. Kirsch....247.66
Dorfman, Louis, and Joe Rock—M. Brown....271.90
Estate Holding Corp.—C. Wooge....200.00
Ferdico, Salvatore—N. Sharshof....197.65
Fisher, Samuel—L. Seligman....127.41
Goldstein, Isadore C.—William J. Fee Co....244.58
Goldstein, Lewis S., or Louis S. and Ray—S. Tuckman et al....2,445.65
Goldberg, Otto—L. Greenberg....210.42
Goldfinger, Ben—Gotham Harago Corp....154.92
Gottlieb, Julius—L. L. Kohn et al....182.88
Gefaell, John F.—Ray Auto Renting Co., Inc....304.41
Hamblen, William F.—Magazine Section Co....520.21
Hall, Mary—H. A. Haubald....143.36
Harrison, Meyer, J.—State Mercantile Co....155.61
Hahn, Joseph, Henry Doscher, J. H. Hildreth, and Herman Reiss, ex'rs—M. S. Wiel....969.88
Hoffman, Samuel—N. Friedman et al....273.42
Harrison, Meyer—State Mercantile Co....155.61
Hammerstein, Oscar—American Hardware Corp. of N. Y....910.11
Harsell, Blaize L.—R. H. Swartwout et al....46,105.81
Haas, Richard R.—E. T. Allen....2,628.68
Imperial Electron Chemical Works, Inc. —William S. Gray & Co....128.90
J. N. Prudovsky, Inc., and Theodore Dickes—R. Saperstein....104.48
Joseph, Louis—S. H. Martin....903.21
Kovacs Construction Co.—Murray & Hill Co....216.67
Kovacs Construction Co. and Julian Kovacs—Same....628.72
Kramer, Frank—F. Gulick....199.17
Kemp, William, and Sidney H. Brodie—Appelbaum Cloak House....118.41
Krafft, Emil—Met. Life Ins. Co....1,661.04
Knabenschuk, Henry S.—H. C. Fortmyer....824.51
Kurzveil, Emil—S. Gutner et al....358.95
Loeb, William S.—S. Mossbacher....550.41
Lortz, Philip—H. M. Roenbeck....131.75
Leifer, Meyer—O. Potcker....266.10
Lewellyn, William D.—S. I. Warren et al....119.67
Maupin, J. Gibson—M. T. Best....136.57
Morton, Eliza A.—Kalle & Co....113.58
Miller, Benry—M. Gerstein....296.15
Miller, Benny—M. Gerstein....370.14
Newman, Isidore—Same....363.32
Ned Wayburn's Productions, Inc., Ned Wayburn and Carl Reed—Field & Potter Co....1,034.24
Progress Cone Co.—Wood & Selick....137.30
Perrotty, Frank A.—M. Cornelius....500.00
Reichert, Albert B.—H. R. Benedict et al....240.29
Robinson, Samuel D.—F. Hopper....113.56
Ross, Francis H., Jr.—J. W. Clark....117.51
Rosenstein, Abraham—B. Cransman et al....1,089.02
Ramos, Jose A.—Bueff Brothers....4,382.42
Racka, John, Jr., and John Warren—J. A. Keating....148.06
Smith, Proctor—V. Redfield....129.71
S. P. Vaporizer Co., Inc.—Pyle MacLaren Printing Co....179.07
Smithson, Elizabeth—J. T. Butler et al....927.05
Studwell, George S.—H. A. Interman....494.00
Serino, Joseph—Frank Brewery....1,697.31
Shannon, Albert J.—Beacon Falls Shoe Co....101.93
Traub, Louis—I. Markowitz....367.72
Wood, Alexander M.—Nassau Finance Co....877.21
White, Mary M.—City of N. Y. costs....130.67
Eiener, Frances—Zadek Brothers....124.41
Wolff, Henry M. and Amelia M.—A. Abrams, costs....313.11
Yohn, Oliver S.—Marbrick Realty Corp....483.26
Zemsky, Israel—B. Wolff....187.21

In Bronx County.

B. Schacht Iron Works, Inc.—American 3-Way Prism Co....$124.77
Billings, Andrew C. — Adams-Flanagan Co....95.58
Crausman, Bernard—George G. Graham Construction Co....1,192.50
Di Domenico, Jackino—M. Ginzburg....46.72
Fuchs, Julius and Mary—C. Munch....2,434.73
Glauberman, John—H. Aaranow....29.41
Green, Samuel—M. E. Finkelstein....29.72
Same—Same....12.72
Henderson, William; Alice Henderson and Mary J. Price—Northern Bank of New York....15,088.05
Haas, Theodore—E. Berman....29.65
Jacobson, Israel—Excelsior Savings Bank of the City of New York....5,133.34
Kapit, Nathan; William Abel and Morris Abel—B. Greenberg....323.42
Kelly, John J.—H. G. Schaefer et al....97.89
Leibovitz, Clara—H. Charaus....31.89
Leichtag, Isaac M.—K. Greenberg....475.20
Lewis, Helen D.—E. La Montagne's Sons....2,108.93
Mackay, David—P. Saloway....86.47
Oetjen, John H.—Austin, Nichols & Co....401.58
Oppenheim, William—I. Rosenblatt....113.91
Phelan, William L.—Holzman, Cohen & Co., Inc....1,791.18
Robles, Emanuel, and Rosie Rosengarten—A. Weilerstein....83.31
Riccardi, Louis—National Cash Register Co....122.91
Shogan, Isaac—M. Nechamkus et al....179.29
Sunshine Tea Stores Co., Inc., and Peter A. Pekich—P. Saloway....51.72
Traub, Louis—I. Markowitz....367.72
Trabulsky, Joseph, and Ethel N. Kalli—G. K. Phillips....1,130.00

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Miller, Harris, and Meyer Cohen—S. Reiter; July 3, 1915, (vacated)....$348.91
Moskowitz, Morris, and Southwestern Surety Ins. Co.—People, &c.; Sept. 9, 1915, (vacated)....1,000.00
Cuyler, William—City of N. Y.; May 4, 1911, (canceled)....493.68
Same—Same; April 21, 1909, (canceled)....366.14
Same—Same; Dec. 9, 1908, (canceled)....379.20
Ayer, Frederick F., and Jacob Rogers, trustees—Warm & Haviland; Nov. 9, 1914....944.30
Croxson, Mary S.—Flynn Plumbing & Heating Co.; July 23, 1912....124.78
Same—Same; Nov. 8, 1915....121.90
Shedd Electric Co., Inc.—L. D. Bailey; Oct. 14, 1915....114.38
Pease, Frank C.—Interborough Rapid Transit Co.; Nov. 3, 1915, (vacated)....107.88
Pease, Mabelle F. A.—Interborough Rapid Transit Co.; Nov. 3, 1915, (vacated)....107.88
Harrison, Florence—I. Weis; Sept. 25, 1915....1,100.13
Same—H. Baum; Sept. 25, 1915....331.13
Juniper Park Corp.—N. Y. Caledonian Club; Dec. 30, 1914....410.92
Moore, Harrison B., Jr.—R. E. Brown; Mar. 31, 1911....443.19
Same—Gotham Building & Construction Co.; June 28, 1909....1,262.42
Robert McCartney Construction Co.—Henry H. Meise & Son, Inc.; Oct. 21, 1915....117.08
Spitzer, Adolph—S. J. Loeb; Dec. 9, 1913....189.22
Gumpel, Morris—S. Koffler; Oct. 6, 1915, (canceled)....396.22

In Bronx County.

Di Domenico, Jackino—M. Ginzburg; Nov. 11, 1915....$46.72
Lasher, Samuel H.—C. H. Vernilyea; Dec. 3, 1914....[illegible]

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ALBANY—S. L. Munson Co.; H. D. Hager, piece goods, trimmings; 225 5th Av.
ALBANY—Albany Model; B. W. Finkelstein, cloaks, suits, waists, dresses; 15 E. 26th; Wallicks.
BALTIMORE—A. Eisenberg; G. C. Tonola, housefurn. goods; Strand.
BALTIMORE—I X L Mfg. Co.; T. Silberman, underwear; Aberdeen.
BALTIMORE—L. Kahn & Son.; A. B. Spandaner, cloaks; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—Addison & Dunn; J. F. Dunn, housefurn. goods; Herald Square.
BALTIMORE—Blumenthal & Rich; L. J. Rich, women's, misses' ready-to-wear; Imperial.
BENNINGTON—N. Noveck; millinery; St. Denis.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—A. R. Swartz & Co.; A. R. Swartz, ready-to-wear; 1,261 B'way.
BOSTON—L. Miller Co.; M. Miller, clothing; Broadway Central.
BOSTON—Contocock Mills Co.; J. B. Smith, hosiery, underwear; Union Square.
BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Miss D. W. Killeen, dresses; 15 E. 26th.
BOSTON—J. Falkson, clothing; Longacre.
BOSTON—Shepard-Norwell Co.; J. T. Duff, carpets; 220 5th Av.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; A. H. Shannon, silks, dress goods; 470 4th Av.
BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; J. W. Kelley, worsteds, art embroidery; Miss C. Sweeney, misses' suits, dresses; 31 Union Square.
BUFFALO—H. A. Meldrum & Co.; F. E. Hochreiter, clothing; 116 W. 32d.
BUFFALO—William Hengerer Co.; Mrs. E. Snell, misses' wear; 18 W. 35th.
BUFFALO—H. A. Meldrum Co.; E. Shanks, notions, leather goods, jewelry; 116 W. 32d.
BUFFALO—William Hengerer Co.; L. Stegmaier, notions, leather goods; 18 West 35th.
CHATTANOOGA — Schwartz Bros.; S. Schwartz, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; R. C. Gibson, toys; 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; C. F. Weigel, hdkfs.; 72 Leonard.
CHICAGO—The Fair; G. W. Montgomery, general merchandise; 225 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Siegel & Bros.; J. P. Hovland, Spring coats, suits; 7 W. 22d.
CINCINNATI—Wyler, Ackerland & Co.; A. L. Wyler, woolens; 79 5th Av.
CLEVELAND—Halle Bros. Co.; Miss J. Baer, ladies' wear; Mrs. S. Kronthal, ladies' neckwear; 220 5th Av.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; C. Mashek, Miss K. Ford, millinery; 71 W. 23d.
CLEVELAND—Reed Bros. & Co.; R. E. Beggs, millinery; 621 B'way.
CLEVELAND—May Co.; J. A. Swanson, ready-to-wear; 37 W. 26th.
CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; Miss Lee, jewelry; C. J. Staerker, dry goods; 18 West 35th.
COLUMBUS—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; Miss A. K. Smith, ladies' cloaks, suits, dresses, waists; 220 5th Av.
COLUMBIA, Tenn.—Maury D. G. Co.; J. T. Wooten, general mdse.; Imperial.
EL PASO—Popular D. G. Co.; J. Weiss, notions, ladies' garments; 353 4th Av.
GRAND RAPIDS—Goodspeed Bros.; T. H. Goodspeed, shoes; Algonquin.
GREENSBORO, N. C.—Brown-Belk Co.; T. B. Brown, notions, clothing, women's ready-to-wear; Aberdeen.
HARRISBURG—Witmer, Bair & Witmer; C. E. Schilling, waists; 1,133 Broadway.
HAVANA, Cuba—Garcia & Co.; J. Garcia, ladies', children's wearing apparel; 877 Broadway.
HERKIMER—M. Krauss, misses', women's, children's ready-to-wear, millinery, furnishing goods; Wallicks.
INDIANAPOLIS—W. H. Block Co.; M. S. Block, cloaks, suits, waists; 1,261 B'way.
LANCASTER—Buchanan & Young; J. Buchanan, cloaks, suits, millinery; 212 5th Av.
LANCASTER—Bair & Witmer; Miss M. E. Grube, waists; 1,133 Broadway.
MARION, Ind.—Queen City Store; J. Zimmerman, waists; 114 5th Av.
MILTON, Penn.—Seidel-Spangler Store Co.; F. A. Seidel and D. Fitzgerald, notions, millinery; Marlborough.
MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; T. S. Mayer, ready-to-wear, furs; 1,170 Broadway.
MOBILE—J. Pollock & Co.; L. J. Pollock, dry goods; 75 Leonard; Imperial.
NASHVILLE—L. Jonas & Co.; L. Stein, millinery; 621 B'way; Cumberland.
NEW BEDFORD—New Bedford D. G. Co.; Miss L. Sylvia, ladies', infants' wear; 75 Spring.
NEW HAVEN—Shartenberg & Robinson; T. H. Galligan, laces; 75 Spring.
OMAHA—A. & S. Herzberg; A. Herzberg, Jr., ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.
ONEONTA—Oneonta Dept. Store; F. H. Breese, general mdse.; Albert.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; B. F. Montague, gloves; E. Bohn, leather goods; B'way and 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—P. Horn & Co.; P. Horn, waists, dresses; Albert.
PHILADELPHIA—L. Levy, carpets; Grand.
PHILADELPHIA — M. Bernstein Co.; M. Bernstein, mfrs. waists, dresses; Wellington.
PHILADELPHIA—Strawbridge & Clothier; F. Walsh, house furn. goods, china; Grand.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; G. C. Levy, coats, suits; 95 Madison Av.
PROVIDENCE — Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co.; W. H. Hatch, ready-to-wear; 230 5th Av.; Netherland.
RICHMOND—Cohen Co.; Miss H. Engleberg, ladies' cloaks, suits, waists; 148 W. 23d.
ROCHESTER—Oaks & Calhoun; A. C. Calhoun, dry goods, notions, millinery, &c.; Park Av.
ROCHESTER—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; S. P. Caldwell, cloaks; 432 4th Av.
SALT LAKE CITY—Golden Rule Syndicate; G. G. Hoag, general mdse.; 354 4th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—Emporium; Mr. Cronin, dress goods, linens; 470 4th Av.
SCRANTON — Lackawanna Wholesale Hat and Cap House; A. Schig, hats, caps; St. Denis.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; Miss P. Brinton, cloaks, suits; 470 4th Av.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Vega Co.; A. L. Vega, furnishing goods; Imperial.
TERRE HAUTE—A. Herz; E. Bauer, coats, suits; 116 West 32d.
TROY—The Up-to-Date Store; I. L. Kaufman, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.
WASHINGTON—S. Kann Sons & Co.; S. L. Nye, books, stationery; 215 4th Av.
WILKES-BARRE—Duncan & Homer Co.; J. R. Homer, linens, cloaks, suits, waists; 212 5th Av.
WILMINGTON, Del.—Belk Bros.; J. C. Williams, general mdse.; Aberdeen.
WINSTED, Conn.—F. J. Lyman; carpets; Flanders.

Placing Their Orders Early.

Clothing manufacturers are very optimistic over the results so far attained for the Spring season and, while they are making preparations for an exceptionally prosperous period, believe that the retailers must place their orders early in order to be safeguarded against running short of merchandise. The order books of some of the houses show that, to a large extent, the retailers themselves realize the seriousness of the situation. In many cases the initial business placed has run double that of last year and the demand has proved good in all sections of the country. The concerns catering to the Southern trade have no complaint to make over conditions in that territory, and they look for a better business than has been done in several seasons.

TO MANUFACTURERS
OUR SERVICE IS A BOON

Many business men need this service. Many others use it for its convenience. We advance cash on ANY PART of your outstanding accounts ANY TIME you wish, if you will send us duplicate bills and shipping receipts for the various amounts.

We do NOT notify your customers. YOU collect and we charge but 6% interest and a reasonable banker's commission.

Our representative awaits your call.

LICHTENHEIN & STERN,
New York, 26 Exchange Pl.
Philadelphia, 422 Drexel Bldg.

Broadway Lofts
For light manufacturing
491 Broadway
Hosiery, shirts, ladies' underwear, etc. 4,000 sq. ft.
Light three sides; entrances Broadway and Broome St.
100% Sprinkler System
Rent reasonable
Full Commission to Brokers
E. S. Willard & Co
Phone 5989 Hanover 52 William St

Burroughs Adding Machine
$150. COST $350. PRIVATE SALE.
John E. Ranson, Auc'r, 187 Greenwich St., cor. Dey

REJECTED LIFE INSURANCE RISKS SOLICITED; PRINCIPALS ONLY; POLICIES SECURED. ADDRESS FOR INFORMATION S 94 TIMES.

AUCTION SALES.

MERCHANDISE.

The entire stock of
FURS
of a prominent manufacturer of this city, consisting of
Scarfs, Muffs Sets & Coats
all of this season's models; also a
stock of SKINS
D. Hartmann, Auct.,
Sells Today, Friday, Nov. 12th, 1915, commencing at 10:30 A. M., at salesroom, 15-17 Mercer St., near Canal St., N. Y. C.
This stock consists of genuine Fisher, Blue, Silver, Cross, Red, Jap, Black Sitka, Taupe, Fox, Hudson Seal, Mole, Caracul, Persian Lamb, Mink, Skunk, Natural Lynx, and various other Skins, Sets, Scarfs, Muffs and Coats running up to $500 each. This stock is one of the most staple stocks sold for a long time, and will be sold strictly without reserve. For further information telephone 4299 Spring.

Wholesale Cloak Manufacturer's
ENTIRE STOCK OF
TRIMMINGS
GREENWALD & CO., Auctioneers, Will Sell On Tuesday, Nov. 16th, 1915, at 10:30 A.M., at 23-25 Lispenard St., New York City, $25,000.00 of Trimmings, Laces and Braids, consisting of Macrame, Oriental, Batiste, Black Silk Laces and Medallions, Cluny, Irish, Val Laces and Insertions, also Allovers, Fancy Embroidered Nets, Ornaments and Medallions. Black Silk Braids, Black Binding and Black Fancy Woven Braids, White and Colored Braids, Plain and Fancy, Gold and Silver Braids, Edgings and Soutaches, Swiss Embroideries. Bonnaz Fancy and Persian Embroideries in Fancy, Black and Gold for Vestings. Guimpes, Ribbon Trimming and Passementerie, Fancy Ornaments, Woven Bands and Edgings, in All Silk Velvet Ribbons and Fancy Leather Belts. Inspection Saturday, Nov. 13th, and Monday, Nov. 15th, 1915.

PEREMPTORY AUCTION SALE
Entire Stock of a Prominent Fifth Avenue Importer, Retiring from Business.
JACOB WEISZ, Auctioneer, Will Sell,
Today, Friday, Nov. 12, 1915, at 10:30 A.M.,
At Salesrooms, 7 Lispenard Street, N.Y.C.,
A LARGE, HIGH-GRADE STOCK OF
GENUINE IVORY AND PEARL
BUTTONS
In black and two-tone effects, white and black pearl, black, gray and fancy colored ivory, novelties, stone and glass, oval and round buttons. Stock is put up in large lines and in sets, and will be sold strictly without reserve. For further information telephone 2847 Franklin.

FURNITURE—RUGS—ART.

PEREMPTORY AUCTION SALE
for Account of
Marine Underwriters, or Concern
Ex-S. S. "Samland"
Fine Oriental Rugs and Carpets
Invoice value.
$125,000.00
Comprising All Classes of
PERSIAN RUGS and CARPETS
small, medium, large and extra large sizes; also Hall strips.
All will be sold without allowance and WITHOUT RESERVE
Friday, Nov. 12th, at 10 o'clock.
BURLING & DOLE, Auctioneers,
7-11 Greene St., & 337-341 Canal St., N. Y.

The Old Galleries, 48 LIBERTY STREET.
THIS DAY AT 2 P. M.
Antique and Modern
FURNITURE,
Oil Paintings, Oriental Rugs, Art Objects, Silverware, Etc.
Mr. C. Beauclerc Clarke, Auct.

DAVID W BIOW CO
Auctioneer to the Trade.
Merchandise guaranteed as represented or returnable within ten days.
Regular Weekly Sales Days
Every Tuesday and Friday
General Merchandise,
Wearing Apparel for
Ladies, Misses & Children,
Fur Coats & Sets.
Every Wednesday
Clothing for
Men, Youths & Children.
Office and Salesroom
520-2 BROADWAY

TRADE-MARK MERCHANDISE

ARTICLE	TRADE MARK.	SOLD BY
A Wide Variety of Fabrics for Manufacturers and Jobbers.	Hydegrade WEAVES	A. G. Hyde & Son NEW YORK & CHICAGO
	To open bag release handle and press back jack. AUTOMATIC LOCKING BAG	ELKUS & OLIAN Inc., 640 Broadway, Brooklyn. Williamsburgh 4679

Special Prices for January Sales
MIDDY WHITE AND SILKENFIEL SERGE
Z. & S. Middy & Waist Co., Showroom, 1270 Broadway. Factory, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Made IN U.S.A. Manufacturers' Offerings Made IN U.S.A.

150 new FALL MODELS ready for your inspection. PHIL GILL DRESS VALUE CREATOR 39 W 32d St. In the Heart of the Trade

Ipp & Kwint 118 West 22d St. From $2.25 DRESSES to $3.75 MESSALINES—POPLINS—SILKS TAFFETAS—CREPE DE CHINES Ipp & Kwint 118 West 22d St.

We cannot make all the dresses therefore we make the daintiest. Rose Dress Co. 25-29 West 31st

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The vigorous low which has caused high winds and gales in the Middle West and the upper Lake region in the last day or so has passed northeastward toward Hudson Bay, and the storm winds have subsided, although scattered thunderstorms occurred Thursday in the Mississippi valley.

Temperatures continue exceptionally high in the Ohio Valley and Tennessee, although a sharp change to colder has taken pace in the Mississippi Valley and the Southwest.

Scattered showers are probable Friday in the Lake region and the upper Ohio Valley. Elsewhere fair weather is indicated.

It will be colder Friday in the lake region, the Ohio Valley, and Tennessee, and colder Saturday in the Middle and South Atlantic States.

Winds for Friday and Saturday along the North Atlantic Coast will be fresh southwest; Middle Atlantic Coast, fresh west to southwest; South Atlantic Coast, light southeast to south.

FORECASTS—TODAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy and warmer Friday; Saturday, showers and colder.

Southern New England—Fair, warmer Friday; Saturday showers.

Western New York—Showers, colder Friday; Saturday partly cloudy.

Northern New England—Cloudy and warmer Friday, probably showers in afternoon; Saturday fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1914.	1915.		1914.	1915.
3 A. M.	41	41	4 P. M.	56	55
6 A. M.	41	42	6 P. M.	59	51
9 A. M.	40	46	9 P. M.	46	51
12 M.	48	52	11 P. M.	44	52

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 49; for th corresponding date last year it was 48; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 46.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 43; at 8 P. M. it was 52. Maximum temperature, 57 degrees at 2 P. M.; minimum, 41 degrees at 4 A. M. Humidity, 48 per cent. at 8 A. M., 66 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.34 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.25 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
12:15—1,275 B'way; Gimbel Bros.	None
2:10—965 Amsterdam Av.; Goldman Bros.	Slight
2:40—1,268 Amsterdam Av.; M. Stewart	Slight
4:15—59 Chrystie St.; Miles Brewing Co.	$2,000
10:10—220 W. 149 St.; Stephen Hackett.	Slight
10:20—102 Allen St.; Martin Engel.	Slight
P. M.	
12:35—186 Ludlow St.; Lillian Jinannell	Slight
12:55—341 E. 47 St.; Clauson-Flanagan Brewing Co.	None
2:15—170 W. 22 St.; Mrs. Govatz	None
2:20—80 Water St.; C. H. Carson & Co.	Slight
2:30—Harlem River & 186 St.;	Not given
2:55—Manida St. & E. R., (auto,) William A. Krams	$500
3:00—464 Brook Av.; L. Antionowitz	$50
3:45—53 W. 135 St.; Jacob Manheimer.	Slight
4:00—372 E. 143 St.; Thomas Brady.	Slight
5:30—Sedgwick Av. north of Kingsbridge Rd.; Claflin estate	$5
11:15—114 W. 63 St.; Charles Baker	Slight

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The following have been certified for appointment:

Department of Parks, Queens, promotion to clerk, third grade, at $1,260: J. J. Kennedy, 86.35; M. J. A. Henchy, 82.12.

Department of Health, three nurses in the Bureau of Child Hygiene at $900: Blanch M. Alexander, 85.80; Jeannette McClellan, 80.80; Grace A. Meeker, 79.60; Bertha Landsman, 79.40; Jane Farrell, 79.40.

United States.

The commission announces for Dec. 6 at the New York Custom House an examination for lay Inspector, Grade 1, for men only, to fill vacancies as they may occur at $840 per annum, in the Bureau of Animal Industry, Department of Agriculture. The duties are to assist both veterinary Inspectors and lay Inspectors, Grade 2, at slaughterhouses and packing establishments in connection with their duties as Inspectors of meat and meat-food products. Appointments in Grade 2 positions, (formerly Meat Inspector,) will be made by promotion from Grade 1. Competitors will be examined in spelling, arithmetic, letter writing, penmanship, copying from plain copy, practical questions.

At least three years' experience in handling live meat-producing animals is a prerequisite. Applicants must have reached their twentieth but not their thirty-fifth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

EDUCATION NOTES.

There is room for ten new students in the class of commercial drawing as applied to advertising in the New Lots Evening High School, Vermont Street and Sutter Avenue, Brooklyn, Robert J. Frost, Principal. Young men and women who have had some art training and desire to apply their drawing in a practical remunerative way may take this free course. The Board of Education recently licensed Frank R. Southard of 1,388 Dean Street, Brooklyn, to take charge. Those students desiring to enter this class may apply next Monday evening, or any of the following three nights, between 7:30 and 8 P. M., at the school.

A civil service class has been organized at Evening School 34, Amethyst and Victor Streets, near Morris Park Avenue, Van Nest, the Bronx. Any person who desires to prepare for the following examinations, postal clerk, railway mail clerk, factory inspector, fireman, patrolman, should register at once.

Twenty-five teachers during October were granted maternity leave of absence for two years. The total number of teachers now out of school under such leave of absence is seventy-eight. City Superintendent Maxwell reported the marriage of fifty-six teachers in addition to the 217 who were married during the Summer. Two of the twenty-five teachers were in Brooklyn schools, nine in Manhattan, five in Queens, and one in the Bronx.

A letter has been received from Louis Stern, President of the Board of Trustees of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, thanking the Board of Education for giving the name of their late Vice President, Henry Rice, to P. S. 192, Manhattan.

Contracts for $5,690 have been awarded for prevocational shop equipments in P. S. 28, 42, 44, and 50, the Bronx.

The resignation of Frederick A. Richardson, Assistant Supervisor of Lectures, has been accepted.

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COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Clowry Chapman of New York City was admitted to practice.

80—Union Naval Stores Co. v. U. S.—Submitted.

70—R. Moody & Son v. Century Savings Bank.—Argument continued.

71—New Orleans-Belize Royal Mail and Central American Steamship Co., Ltd., v. U. S.—Argued.

72—The Provo Bench Canal and Irrigation Co. v. C. Tanner.—Argued.

74—A. T. & Santa Fe Ry v. C. Swearingen.—Argued.

79—E. C. MacKenzie v. J. P. Hare.—Argument commenced.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Nov. 12: Nos. 79, 78, 77, 81, 50, (and 51,) 82, 83, (and 84,) 85, 86, and 87, (and 88 and 89.)

Southern District.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Second Circuit—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Rogers, JJ.—Court opens at 10:30 A. M. in Room 433, P. O. Bldg.

Cent Vermont Ry<Cauble.
Watts<Unione Austriaca.
Luckenbach<Pierson.
El Dia Sus Co<Sinclair
Aronin<Sec Bk.
N Y Assets Real Co<McKinnon.
Waller<Texas & P Ry.
Chamberlain<same.
Mitchell<US.
Am Sea Green Slate Co<O'Halloran.
US<Bliss.
Kaplan<US.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Courtroom 1, Woolworth Bldg., 12th floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar. Titus<U S Smelting, &c, Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—Courtroom 3, Woolworth Bldg., 12th Floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty case on: Reid Donald SS Co<Kroesshell Bros. No day calendar.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—Room 235, 2d floor, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Motion calendar.

Di Felin<Kerbaugh.
Cerottino<same.
Roulac<Korn.
Marconi<Simon.
Enfineer Co<Blaisdell. &c, Co.
Clau<Bank Line.
Re Gulf Ref Co.
Dutrieu<Jeffery.
Rodgers<Benedict.
Keystone<Goldstein.
Merritt & Chapman<Scow No 48.
Van Amringe<Cunard SS Co.
Worumbo<Arbus.
Li Kum Hong.
Greater N Y Film R Co<Gen Film Co.
US<Lam Long.
McMasher<Corbin.
Bakker<Holland-Am Line.
Kischler<Strimbor.
T G & T Co<Anderson.
Re Geo I Jenkinson.
Vulcan<Simmons.
Simmons<Vulcan.
Barber<Harley-Davidson.
Printing Mach Co<Wesel.
Re Katz.
Bush & Lane<Becker.
Gordon<Terro-Hawah.
Metal Arts, &c, Co<Hudson.
US<Tug C M Kingsland.
Re J W Cooney Co.
Central Trust Co<Wabash RR.
Sanitary<Studebaker.
Antopiano<Claviola.
Re Mistarka.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Room 823, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty calendar.

O'Brien<Str Somerset.
Barnes<Tug Edward G Murray.
Crane<Boat Charm.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—Equity calendar at 10:30 A. M., Room 312, P. O. Bldg. Outlook Envelope Co et al<General Paper G Co.

At 4 P. M.
Schmidtman<Atl Phosphate & Oil Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—Criminal calendar at 10:30 A. M., Room 312, P. O. Bldg.—US<Kelly.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 2 P. M., in Room 312, P. O. Bldg.—Bankruptcy calendar.

Discharges:
Harry H Waterbury,
Joseph C Smith,
Jacob Seidman,
John A Ellard.
Motion compositions:
J & B Locker,
Manchester Rubber.
Motions:
Louis V Schenone et al.
George L Tarshis,
A D Matthews Sons, Inc, (2,)
Jacob W Goldberg,
Antonio Pellicano,
Williams Cloak & Suit Co.
B F Conklin & Sons,
Bernhard Schlegel,
Abraham L Kass (2,)
Charles Bloch,
Max Kobre,
Addie T B Walker,
George T Walker,
Samuel Boshnack.

STATE.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Ingraham, McLaughlin, Laughlin, Clarke, Dowling, JJ.—Enumerated motions at 2 P. M.

Coleman<St. Nicholas Prot Epis Church.
Adams<Steward.
Wilcox<Home Life F Ins Co.
Warnock Uniform Co<Garifolas.
Gilpin<Ruppert.
Carpenter<NY TrustCo
Solomon<Man & Q Traction Co.
Sabatino<same.
Meyer<Naughton Mulqueen Motor Co.
Lesser<NY Title Ins.
Ruocco<J Gallick Con
Leerburger<Polstein.
Beckett<Blum.
Matthews Sales Co<Hutchinson.
Moore & Monger Co<Motor Tr Pub Co.
Prince<B R T.
Woollcott<Shubert.
Along the Hudson Co<Ayers.
Oceanic Inv Co<28th St & 7th Av Rty Co.
Alney Mfg Co<Int Brew Co.
Buchholtz<Bradley Con Co.
McLaughlin<Sire.
Tannenbaum, Strauss Co<Wilson.
People<De Villers.

APPELLATE TERM—First Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Geo Ringler & Co<Dietsch.
Re Met Rlty Co. (William St.)
Myer<Myer.
Von Kummer<Terpezone Co.
Wilcox<Ould.
Hastorf<Maud Brevoort Rty Co.
Yergason<Oriental Silk Print Co.
Gitman<Nassau Elec RR, (2.)
Altobello<Nas El RR.
Passaic Feed & Truck Co<Schultz.
McVicker<Realty Realization Co.
Hale<Hale.
Robertson<Robertson.
Re Louis Bauer Co.
Re Title Guar & S Co.
Goldfarb<Hudson Rst.
Meyer<Morrison.
Johnson<Johnson.
Young<Und Typew Co
Daenzer<Horowitz.
Lent<Duffy.
Re Palmer, Jr.
Rossario<KnickMarble
Re Rosenstrauch.
Re Wilgus Rty Co.
Re Kessler.
Taddei<Little F Fibre.
Tomaselli<No 68 William St.
Wiener<Wiener.
Re Marcuson.
Union Exch Natl Bk<Levey.
Re Natl Lithograph Co
Kerrigan<Thornton.
Re Korn, (Weisel.)
Szakvary<Haddorf Piano Co.
Martin<Mutual Rty Co
Seagrist<Reid, (6.)
Berger<Ferman.
Luria<Luria.
Astor Trust Co<McKinstry.
Garcone<A G Pierce & Co.
MacManus<Coler.
Hopkins<Genl Eng & Cont Co.
Moller<McMahon.
Re 333 Park Av.
CNY<Weber.
Re Hartmann.
Re Gold.
Kaplan<Powell.
Seagrist<Reid.
Salkin<CNY.
Seagrist<Reid, (2.)
Union Nov Brand Wks<Grabelsky.
Weatherley<Stoneham, (2.)
Re Home Bureau Medical House<Assn.
Northern Veneer Co<Adler Veneer S Co.
Re Boerger.
E Mock Co<SecurityBk
Seagrist<Reid.
Barber<Barber.
McKnight<McKnight.
Berry<Fulton Tr Co.
Marx<Hazel R E Co.
Re Wiener.
McNeal<Martin.
Prochaska<Prochaska.
Horowitz<Miller.
Delaney<Delaney.
Wm L Crow Con Co<Auerbach.
NY Wet Wash Laundry Co<Unger.
Re Tucker, (People<Adams.)
Davis<Eastman.
Seagrist<Reid.
Dougherty<Loew's Theat Enterp, &c.
Markel<Markel.
Suerken<Morris.
Adams<Adams.
Moffat<Lawder.
Grifenhagen<Ordway.
Unger<Nicholson.
Weintraub Brass Mfg Co<Emerson Phonograph Co, (2.)
Heller<Heller.
Pines<Townshend, (2.)
Furst<Stevenson.
Kouwenhoven Estates<Herz.
Shenk<Oliva.
Reed<Eddy & Peruvian Co.
Rappaport<White.
Gilbert<Lipman.
People<Hasbrouck.
Segro<Durham.
McNamee<Golomb.
Lowenthal<Feldman.
Armstrong<Ainsworth.
Moore<A De Pinna Co
Seagrist<Reid.
United R E Owners' Assn<Travis.
Levinson<Crawford Tr
Barnes<Taylor.
Oppenheimer<Seligman.
Re Brush.
Roosevelt<Roosevelt.
Heerman<Jeffe.
Re Fid & Deposit Co.
Mann<Blosben Corp.
Varnum<same.
Re Mullen.
Lynch<O'Reilly.
Haley<Haley.
Reiter<Garside.
Re Bacon<Stiner.
Re Werblin, (Weisslitz & Scharf.)
Cunningham<Provident Loan Socy.
Moncrieff<Moncrieff.

PART II.—Philbin, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Motions:
Kennard<Brandreth.
Edmund<Horwitz.
Grabanar<Grabanar.
Crevellier<Crevellier.
Franklin Sav Bank<Wits.
Maier<Maier, (2.)
Carvalho<Sudderly
McGovern<McGovern.
Preferred cause:
Pelsky,
Undefended divorces:
Beslky,
Rolf,
Large,
Battaglia,
Gagnier,
Timpson,
Jacobowitz,
Currier,
Thorne,
Chiniens.
General calendar:
Kambourakis<Goussios
Taylor Const Co<Phillips-Weeks Estate.
Thompson<Thompson.
Prem<Shay.
Nuzman<Rothschild.
Yennie<Sterns.
Secur Bk<Geoghegan.
Riley<Oliver & Burr.
Am Wet Wash Laundry Co<Dube.
Same<Lautt.
Lugar<Turney.
Costea<Unique Societatilor Romaine, &c.
Mautner<Weiser.
Friedel<Great Eastern Casualty Co.
Welsh<Welsh.
McCreery<Associated Merchants' Co.
Saalman<Lecuyer.
Ames<Frisbee.
Plotka<Plotka.
Whaley<McCready.
Burwell<Levy.
Meyer-Sniffen Co<Hosford.
Webb<Byrd.
Title Guar & T Co<Bankers Tr Co.
Halsey<Halsey.
Swirka<Swirka.
Int Corp of Modern Improvements<Gallagher.
Triplett<Triplett.
Herbert<World Film Co.
O'Connor<O'Connor.
Accident Creditors' Fund<Met St Ry.
Clear.

PART IV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—Davis, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

PART VI.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Norwood Park Co<Purdy. Case on.

PART VII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART VIII.—Blanchard, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.

TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Guy, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Inq.—Kass<Gens.
Weinberg<Baum.
Singer<Isaacs.
Gabler<Bijur Bros.
Banks<Banks.
Acme Gas, &c, Co<Perterkin.
Abend<Spiegel.
Klein<Silberfeld.
Kurtz<Lazarovitz.
Max Stiner & Co<Lexander.
Sherman<Afrecan.
Schwosrer & Son<Concord Const Co.
Lodge<R Carvel Co.
Granville<Robson.
Thompson<Ill Surety Co.
Travelers' Ins Co<A L Guidone & Son.
Case on.

PART III.—Page, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Proctor<Mason Seamon Transf.
Smith<Cunard SS Co.
Oothout<Uniplate Co.
Tumminelli<Tuckman.
Matten<Windsor Const Co.
Lund<C RR of N J.
D'Lugin<Krakowski (2.)
De Maria<Linch.
Sedina<Linch.
Salkin<Geo Colan &Co
Clear.

PART IV.—Dugro, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Wehrlen<Kny Scheerer Co.
Cohen<Engel.
Eichel<Jefferson Leas.
Lantz<Sharpe
Davis<Linden
Thurston<Pitts C Co.
Case on.

PART V.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Gabriel<Graham.
Gurland<C W L Rty.
Cassel<CNY.
Van der Ham<Bernheimer Co
Galinger<Camner.
O'Neill<Whalen.
Klubnik<Cutting.
Cohen<Horwitz
Hoffman<Marcus
Case on.

PART VI.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—No day calendar.

PART VII.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Baraud<Duer.
Cohen<Lurie.
Caradonna<White
Const.
Case on.

PART VIII.—Shearn, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Inq't Cummins<N Y Part, &c, Co.
Kapances<Ocean SS of Sav.
Andrews<Gardner.
Mermelstein<Kuttner.
Sanders<Amer Sugar Ref Co.
Mancini<Claremont Iron Wks.
Fedden<Rosenheimer.
McCabe<same.
Zalka<Kessler
Case on.

PART IX.—Adjourned until Monday, Nov. 15.

PART X.—Adjourned until Monday, Nov. 15.

PART XI.—Ford, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

White<Old Dom SS.
Triangle Waist Co<Esskay Waist Co.
P. Liantonia<Porter.
L Liantoni<same.
Hahn<CNY.
Clear.

PART XII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART XIII.—Delehanty, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Johnson<Hay Fdry, &c, Works.
Langney<O'Rourke Eng, &c, Co.
Rigotti<Huylers.
Quagliotti<Standard Arch Co.
Webber<Miller.
Slaviz<Postal Tr Serv.
Freedman<Hammer.
Yules<NY Con RR.
Hendler<Henig.
Hoffer<Dulberg.
Williams<Collet.
Case on.

PART XIV.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Lenkowsky<Altman.
Marks<Caudin.
Parsons<Blatch.
Same<same.
Farley<Schaefer.
Oppenheimer<Seligman.
Case on.

PART XV.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

F B Stearns<Hart.
Archer<Amsdell.
Hedges<Quigley.
Feder<Weiss.
Eisenberg<Swartz (2).
Ryan<Bailey.
Chard<Ryan-Parker Const Co.
Mullen<Cohen.
Jarmulowsky<Balk.
Beatty<Quadruplex Safety P Mach Co.
Sherman Nat'l Bk<Kerby.
Ronan<Wagner.
Marcus Cont Co<Weinbros R E Co.
Case on.

PART XVI.—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Case on—Rivera Rty Co<Ill Surety Co.
No day calendar.

PART XVII.—Weeks, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Noulty<Gorham Co.
Whitcomb<Burr.
Solar Light Co<Steel Prod Enameling Co.
Blumberg<Levy.
CNY<B'klyn Alcatraz Asphalt Co.
Miller<Man Swiss Emb Co.
Witteman Co<Weinder
Case on.

PART XVIII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Ebinger Baking Co<Coates & Co.
Clear.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Motion calendar.

David Weill,
A. W. Van Winkle,
Hattie Schiff,
F. M. Boylan,
M. Stewart, &c.,
Eliza T. Morton,
Calogero Agro,
Martin Murray,
Sadie Dooley, inf.,
S. Silverman,
Mary M. Holmes,
Clara Parrisette,
Isaac Lipschitz,
Antonio Seekamp,
D. Giardino,
W. Allison, inf.,
Jacob H. Levine,
A. D. W. Chauncey,
Frances Levy,
John B. Eisler,
Harry Stein,
Ellen Brennen,
Fred. Flukiger,
Kate Hayes,
Annie Hamburg,
J. F. Friedlander,
Isidor Slonov,
Hyman Goldfarb,
B. Guggenheim,
Harry Batterman,
Diedrich Eggers,
James H. Wood, Jr.,
Elizabeth S. Morris,
John C. Orr,
A. McCarthy,
Sarah W. Kathan,
Elizabeth O'Connell,
Fannie M. Lothrop,
A. G. F. Stuckardt,
George W. Crossman,
Justina Lenz,
A. Frankenstein,
Livia Rolle, &c.,
Abraham Solomon,
B. Nussbaum,
Louis E. Power,
Josephine Weiss.
Ellen H. Barrett,
Samuel W. Morris,
Margaret O'Neil,
Christine Gramlich,
Daniel F. Connor,
Mary D. Sanford,
Julius Hannoch,
Joseph Blumberg,
B. Nussbaum,
Marrus Knecht,
Anna Resta,
Hyman Kaufman,
Leon King, &c.,
Milton P. Day,
Meyer Jonason,
Sabery D. Nugent,
Mary Esther, Countess von Waldersee,
Margaret S. Murphy,
John A. West,
J. Stolzenberg,
Mary Quenver,
Sarah J. Waters,
Everard G. Toel,
Mary Dwyer,
Alice M. Goodrich,
Eugenia Loutrel,
Elizabeth Diehl,
Estates of:
Anna Goodman, (issue of fact,)
Louisa Rosenheimer, (same,)
D. O. Mills.
Wills for probate:
R. Vanden Henden,
Susan H. Husson,
Jacob Koppel,
Charlotte M. Howard,
Agatha Kahn,
Solomon Bicks,
Joseph Danzig,
Amelia G. Cutter,
S. J. Rosenzweig,
Henry Dernen,
Emily P. Requa.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Contested wills: Case on—Mary Sweeney. No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.

Godhelp<Eagle Waist Co.
Brown<Sinclair.
Apeda Studio<Feldman.
Wiener<Lipton.
Ingraham<Cook.
Dutton & Co<Cushman.
State Bank<Fieldsteel.
Yeager<Raphael.
Helms<Burnham.
Zurofsky<Goldstein & Cooper.
Greene<Futterman.
Landeen<Root Co.
Gavigan<Moore.
Chimbaluk<Garcia.
Klein<Barnett.
Minster<Wahrman.
Schloss<Sachs.
229 West 78th St Co<Eustanoby.
Moseson<Krugman.
Finlay<Karp.
Nassoit<Scriver.
Newman<Silberstein.
Ropino<Seldis.
Packard M C Co<Blair.
Sproul<Sorg.
Gulick<Muestors Est Corp.
Pictorial Review Co<L. Oronsky & Sons.
Garrett<Locke Reg Co
Trommino<Burns.
Levey<Henderson.
Superior Finance, &c, Co<Nenner.
G I Roberts & Bros<Hibson Co.
Dornstreich<Cohen.
Doughty<Weston.
Rankin<Breiner.
Bernstein<Villaneuve-Pohl Corp.
Field & Potter Co<Ned Wayburn's Productions.
Mulinos<Walkof, (2.)
Turkel<Int R T Co.
Stoddard<Durgan.

PART II.—Schmuck, J.—Ex parte business.—At 10 A. M.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Ransom, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Michaels<Kaltzer
Cohen<N Y Rys
Cohen<Jerome
Malera<N Y Rys
Coakley<Gillespie Co.
Groshut<Kinetophote Film Co.
Donato<Adams Land, &c, Co.
Ganosowski<Waldorf-Astoria Hotel Co.
Taylor<Weiner.
Lehrman<Wagner.
Bruno<Bova.
Penn RR<Deutsch.
McArnilla<Central Vermont RR.
Hoffman<Weiss.
Lehman<Coreo-Martnies Co.
George<Murray.
Green<Du Brul
Gartner<N Y Rys
Goodman<Rosenfeld
Hill Steamboat Line<N Y C & H RR.
Roseman<N Y Rys.
Seller<Mid-Crosstown Ry.
Cohen<Frankel
O'Donnell<Thompson Starrett Co.

The following cases will be called, but will be passed for the day, as of course, if counsel on either side so requests. Applications for adjournment for more than one day should be made by affidavit in strict compliance with the rules of the court:

Rosenblum<Tilone
Katz<Katzenberg
Luckman<Hill
White<Allen
Iselin<Hyde
Winton M. C. Co.<McNeece
Goldenberg<Nat Winter Garden Co.
Zabalinsky<Hellman
Kirschner<Brand
Damm<Kohn
Gordon<N Y Rys.
Fagin<MacKeown
Levy<Imp. Auto Renting Co.
Bellock<Landi, (2.)
Metzger<Sindelevich
Morgan<Int R T Co.
Volz<Dempsey
Gilbride<N Y Rys.
Rafelowitz<Standard Dairy Co.
Schneider<same

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

Barclay Rty Co<Sachs.
Hough<Hurwitz
Keuffel & Esser Co.<Peck & Mack Co.
Case on.

PART II.—Zeller, J.—Case on.

PART III.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Rosner<Auerbach.
Hillsman Tobacco Co.<Baum
Salyer M R Mach Co.<B. A. B. Model, &c, Co.
Krout<Goldberg
Dixie Dress, &c, Co.<Wolfert
Kahn<Lowenstein
Story<Bicardi
Echelman<McElrairy
Shorwitz<Weiland
Case on.

PART IV.—Lynch, J.—Clear.

PART V.—Finelite, J.—Case on.

PART VI.—O'Dwyer, J.—Case on.

PART VII.—Allen, J.—Case on.

PART VIII.—Smith, J.—Case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Newburger, J.—Hall<Beity—Abraham Stern.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Young<Lessem—Middleton. S. Borand Excelsior Sav Bk<Stein—Percival H. Gregory.

SUPREME COURT—Philbin, J.—Clarkson<Butler—Theophilus Parsons. Singer<Chambers—Winston H. Hagen.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Philbin, J.—Sophie Newhouse<Magdalena Zurich—Tessie Minsie.

Bowery Sav Bk<James Winterbottom—Daniel W. Morgan.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

CHAMBERS—Brady, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Brady, J.—Motion calendar.

Hollander<Lamberti.
Neave<Bliss.
McLean<same.
Epstein<Epstein.
Tree<Doran.
Shain<Shain.
Kramer<Stone.
Simberg<Simberg.
Currier<Deutsch.
Davidson<Davidson.
Weistberg<J Dull & Son, Inc.
Dietsch<Connellon.
People<Marcks.
Re Mulligan.
Koenig<Donges.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Part I.—Brady, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Brady, J.

Lippe<New Bd Fire Underwriters.
Cahill<B, Q Co & S Ry.

Highest number reached in regular order, 366.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—Contested will. Henry Reinhardt.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.

People<Cafaro.
Cohen<Rattigan.
Nurnberg Co<Aarlon.
Gilman<Tremont Paper & Twine Co.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J.—Whiting<Plymton Const Co—Ernest Hall. City Real Estate Co<O'Neill—John V Sheridan. Smith<Gamache—Edward A Acker.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Jenks, P. J.; Thomas, Stapleton, Rich, Putnam, JJ.—Motion calendar.

Shaw<Goodwin.
Cash, as admr<Borough Bank, &c.
Rafalovitz<Risch et al
Emrty<Langevin & McGinley.
Re Hastrich, as exd.
F. Marus<C R R of N J.
Conway<Farish Stafford Co.
Empire Trust Co<Coleman, as exr, &c.
Bennett<Ireland.
Orlando<Great Eastern Casualty Co.
Baker, et al<Griffith et al.

NON-ENUMERATED DAY CALENDAR—At 10 A. M.

Ganim<Ganim.
Stokes<Carpenter.
Archer<Archer.
Heffernan<Hardley.
Pachinkakis<Uppercu
Nevins<B'klyn Citizen
Young<Sentinel Printing Co.
Silverstein<Warden, &c.
Empire Trust Co<Coleman.
Rothschild<Eickemeyer.
Re Green.
Wassermann<Market Realty Co.
McCarthy<Dickerson.

ENUMERATED DAY CALENDAR.

Goldsmith<Hagendorf.
Polhemus<same.
Smith<same.
Turnau<same.
Dewhurst<Robbins.
O'Neil<Kopke.
Dahl<Levenberg.
Griesmer<Knox Hat.
Maguire<Edison Co.(2)
Re Ferris.
Rosenberg<N Y Consol Ry.
Sullivan<B H R R.
Pellegrino<Smith Co.
Douglass<CNY.
Mikalski<Nat Sug Co.
Gill<Jamaica Bay Co.

DECISION.

Empire City Racing Association, pltf., v. National Fair and Exposition Asso. et al., defts.—Motion for reargument denied, with $10 costs, and stay vacated; motion for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals denied.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department.—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Maddox, J.—Motions.

Kress<Cuningham.
Mackintosh<Mackintosh.
Mordkoff<Israel.
Bookshin<Williams.
Badami<Graves.
Conviser<Buchs.
Neufeld<CNY.
Regan<Rhind.
Duffy<Holbrook, C & Rollins Corp.
Witteman<Cont Ins Co, (2.)
Georgi<N E R R Co.
Salva<Atl Stevedoring Co.
Weyrich<Carpenter, Boxley & Herrick, Inc.
O'Brien<Franklin Garage Co.
Werner<Werner.
Sprague<Miller.
Olson<N Y Cons R R.
Stelmokartis<same.
Grimes<N E R R Co.
Levin<same.
Morris<same.
Hanlin<B H R R Co.
Santarico<same.
Pharo<same.
Quinn<same.
O'Neill<same.
Sierra<same, (2.)
Bruggeman<same.
White<same.
Keleher<same, (2.)
Dais<Borough Bank.
Simpson<N E R R Co.
Scheib<Woods.
Moneypenney<Moneypenney.
Rochford<Jacobs.
Schempp<Thoroughfare Garage, Inc.
Cubit<Johnson.
McAvoy<Skelly.
Tunnell & Co., Inc<Lindner.
Re Norton, (Springfield, L I, Cem Society.)
Maltese<Maltese.
Crandall<Crandall.
Morris<Morris.
Gruber<Gruber.
Hock<Hock.
King<Hill.
Krulewitz<Gering.
Town of Hempstead<Board of Supervisors, Nas Co.
Donald<Harris.
Weltman<Kebock.
Leach<Leach.
Serentino<Serentino.
Brownsville House W Co<Brilliant.
Dwight<Cuneo.
Forman<Roth.
At 2 P. M
Re Schutt, (Board of Elections.)
Brinn<Rosen.
Pines, (Katz)<Hoye.
Morse<N Y Times Co.

PART II.—Benedict, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Blackmar, J.

Kroos<Bohleber.
Ostrovsky<Ostrovsky.
Feldman<Plotkin.
Foerster<Gallo.
Bavett<Bavett.
Hanlon<Swift Co.
Murray<Agnew Con Corp.
Minott<Minott.
Weber<Weber.
Nowak<Dubroff.
Ryan<Ryan.
Romandetti<Romandetti.
Hocker<Forkas.

Highest number reached on the regular call, 2618.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Aspinall, J.; Part II., Crane, J.; Part IV., Kelly, J.; Part V., Jaycox, J.; Part VI., Scudder, J.; Part VII., Manning, J.

Scarperia<Margulies.
Meyers<O'Leary.
Hiscox<Nassau RR.
Semmel<Hopkins.
Klimas<Reardon.
Hirsch<Giles.
Pigot<McAnulty.
Parshelsky Bros<Marceca et al.
Deebach<Gair Co.
Masser<Fuller Burr Co
Isakson<Ross et al.
Merlino<Nassau RR.
Van Pelt<Reardon.
Strype<B H RR.
Olsen<CNY.
Reick<same.
Johnson<Borden's Con Milk Co.
O'Brien<Franklin Garage.
Harnett<Int R T.
Overacker<Int Ice Co.

The balance of the day calendar stands over until Nov. 15.

Highest number reached on regular call 1893.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

PART IV., Dike, J.; Part V., Lewis, J.—Calendar called in Part V.

Inq—Price<Occhionero.
Grossman<Wingerath.
Batonick<Domroe.
Hariman<Gallo.
Henkin<Weinstein.
Hulstein Co<Richmond Holding Co.
Ferreri<Kraslow Con.
Turner<Mass Rty Co.
Halpern<Long.
Dunham<Fitzsimmons.
Keck<Wiener.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

PART I.—Morschauser, J.—At 9:45 A. M. Case on—Canfolone<Arbutine<Pitts Con Co. Ullman.

PART II.—Keogh, J.—At 9:45 A. M.—Naturalization.

PART III.—Tompkins, J. At 9:45 A. M. Case on—Weingraf<Bayden.

Remainder of calendar goes over until Monday.

Surrogate's Court.

Sawyer, S.—At White Plains.

Wills for probate:
Charles Fox Webber,
John D McGahey,
Robert Boyd Ward.
Order:
Joseph McKean.
Trustee's account'g:
Oliver Harriman.
To submit memo:
Louise Schilling.
Administrator's acct:
William Hull.
Re estate:
Edward L Guard.
Discovery proceed:
Alfred J Tharp.

County Court.

Platt, C. J.

People<Broderick.
Same<Ficco.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Garretson, J.; Part II., Van Siclen, J.—Calendar called in Part I. at 10 A. M.

Wolfe<McWhirter
Thiel<Br'klyn Heights RR Co.
Ryan, as admr.<same.
Brossman<Bates
Cullen, as admr.<General Vehicle Co.
Dick, as admr.<Morsch
Johnston<L I RR Co.
Mihlheiser<Meyerwits
Brescela<Blair et al.
Elliot<N Y & Queens Railway Co. et al.
Ortlieb, an infant<same.
Corsell, an infant<Br'klyn H'ts RR Co.
Wolff<CNY

Remainder of calendar passed to Monday, Nov. 15.

Highest number reached on the general calendar is 528.

RICHMOND COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Clark, J.

Ramsey<S I R T Ry.
Grant<same.

Maxwell Wins Auto Suit.

William H. Maxwell, City Superintendent of Schools, won an action brought against him in the Second Municipal Court of Queens by Edward A. Burling of 444 Amity Street, Flushing, L. I. The suit was brought to recover $58, which it was alleged represented damage done to Mr. Burling's automobile through the negligence of Superintendant Maxwell's chauffeur in a collision on Main Street, Flushing, on Jan. 2. Dr. Maxwell was on his way to the office of the Board of Education when his car skidded and struck the automobile driven by Mr. Burling. Judge John Cragan ruled that the driver had exercised reasonable care and dismissed the action.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises.6:43|Sun sets.4:46|Moon sets.10:14

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	11:37	12:00	5:23	6:15
Governors Island	12:04	12:00	5:59	6:52
Hell Gate	1:54	1:50	7:39	8:32

Arrived—Thursday, Nov. 11.

SS St. Louis, Liverpool, Nov. 3.
SS Calabria, Gibraltar, Oct. 27.
SS Eastern Prince, Rio Janeiro, Oct. 16.
SS Colon, Colon, Nov. 4.
SS Harbury, Genoa, Oct. 12.
SS New York, Rotterdam, Oct. 28.
SS Camaguez, Cienfuegos, Nov. 4.
SS A. A. Raven, St. Lucia, Nov. 1.
SS Indu Maru, Philadelphia, Nov. 9.
SS Andreas Genkes, Marseilles, Oct. 19.
SS Portuguese Prince, Brest, Oct. 20.
SS J. B. Augkessler, Marseilles, Oct. 23.
SS Milford Hall, Boston, Nov. 9.
SS Missouri, London, Oct. 30.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville, Nov. 9.
SS Zent, Santa Marta, Nov. 5.
SS Philadelphia, San Juan, Nov. 6.
SS Trinidadean, Tampico, Oct. 20.
SS Carrillo, Jamaica, Nov. 6.
SS Stephano, St. John's, Nov. 6.
SS Fram, Shields, Oct. 20.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
Patria	Palermo	Oct. 28
Montserrat	Corunna	Oct. 21
Ardgair	Havre	Oct. 20
Polarstjernen	Lisbon	Oct. 25
Sibiria	Naples	Oct. 26
Rappahannock	London	Oct. 28
Exeter City	Swansea	Oct. 27
Lord Sefton	Liverpool	Oct. 29
Matura	Grenada	Nov. 5
Baban	Cristobal	Nov. 4
El Cid	Galveston	Nov. 6
Concho	Galveston	Nov. 6
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Nov. 9
DUE TOMORROW.		
Noordam	Rotterdam	Oct. 30
Jelling	Shields	Oct. 29
Chepstow Castle	Swansea	Oct. 30
Mohawk	Jacksonville	Nov. 10
DUE SUNDAY.		
Venezia	St. Nazaire	Oct. 30
Brinkburn	London	Oct. 30
Clearpool	Gibraltar	Oct. 31
Platuria	Aarhuus	Oct. 26
Stanton	Cardiff	Oct. 30
Tokar Maru	Limerick	Oct. 30
Kiev	Hull	Oct. 27
City of Columbus	Savannah	Nov. 11
Boniface	Port Talbot	Oct. 30
DUE MONDAY.		
Duca Degli Abruzzi	Naples	Nov. 3
Esperanza	Vera Cruz	Nov. 2
Camoens	Victoria	Aug. 27
Espagne	Bordeaux	Nov. 7
Maasdyk	Rotterdam	Oct. 28
Bayamon	Mayaguez	Nov. 10
Brazos	San Juan	Nov. 10
Antilles	New Orleans	Nov. 10
Polyktor	Genoa	Oct. 25
Targal	Hull	Oct. 31
Tenadores	Colon	Nov. 8
Yuguez	San Juan	Nov. 8

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
Montoso, Havana	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Denis, Barbados	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Cymric, Liverpool	——	12:00 M.
Matanzas, Santiago	——	12:00 M.
Apache, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
St. Louis, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Lafayette, Bordeaux	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Taormina, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Coamo, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Yaque, Santo Domingo	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Calamares, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bowden, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Ferrona, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Vauban, Argentina	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Iroquois, Turks Island	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Manhattan, London	——	12:00 M.
Marengo, Hull	——	12:00 M.
Nueces, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Alamo, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Creole, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
El Norte, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
El Occidente, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
SAIL SUNDAY.		
Czaritza, Archangel	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
Orestes, Liverpool	——	12:00 M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP, N. Y., NOV. 11.

SS Brilliant, New Orleans to New York, was 108 miles N. W. of Tortugas at noon.

SS Radiant, Port Arthur to New York, was 177 miles N. W. of Tortugas at noon.

SS Sabine, Mobile to New York, was 40 miles N. W. of Tampa Bar at noon.

SS City of Montgomery, Savannah to New York, was 177 miles S. at noon.

SS El Cid, Galveston to New York, was 222 miles S. at noon.

SS El Rio, Galveston to New York, was 118 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.

SS Brazos, San Juan to New York, was 212 miles N. of San Juan at noon.

SS Florence Luckenbach, Cristobal to New York, was 635 miles from Ambrose Lightship at noon.

SS Medina, Galveston to New York, was 400 miles E. of Galveston Bar at 7 P. M.

SS Concho, Galveston to New York, was 225 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Platuria, Denmark to New York, passed Nantucket at 5:15 P. M.

SS Camino, Colon to New York, was 140 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS Antilles, New Orleans to New York, was 150 miles N. W. of Tortugas at noon.

SS Zulia, La Guayra to New York, was 50 miles N. of Curacao at 8 P. M.

SS Esperanza, Vera Cruz to New York, was 550 miles S. at noon.

SS Mohawk, Jacksonville to New York, was 491 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS El Dia, bound for New York, crossed Galveston Bar at 5:30 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Bergensfjord, at Lerwick, Nov. 5.
SS Wico, at Kirkwall, Nov. 7.
SS Strathdem, at Havre, Nov. 8.
SS Andreas, at Rotterdam, Nov. 9.
SS Annapolis, at Cardiff, Nov. 9.
SS Orduna, at Liverpool, Nov. 11.
SS Riouw, at Cape Town, Nov. 11.
SS Modij, at Archangel, Nov. 1.
SS F. J. Lisman, at Barbados, Nov. 10.
SS Ariosto, at Plymouth, Nov. 11.

Sailed.

SS Helig Olav, from Copenhagen, Nov. 4.
SS Livingston Court, from Havre, Nov. 6.
SS Strathord, from Havre, Nov. 8.
SS Tilemaches, from Algiers, Nov. 6.
SS Chimu, from Coronel, Nov. 9.
SS California, from Rio Janeiro, Nov. 10.
SS La Flandre, from Rotterdam, Nov. 8.

Passed.

SS Napoli, New York for Naples, passed Gibraltar.
SS Chincha, New York for Naples, passed Gibraltar.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7:30 A. M. Nov. 13, SS St. Louis.
France—Close at 11 A. M. Nov. 13, SS Lafayette.
Belgium—Service suspended.
Gibraltar—Close at 6 P. M. Nov. 16, SS Canopic.
Greece—Close at 12 M. Nov. 25, SS Themistocles.
Liberia—No sailing at present.
Germany, Austria, and Hungary—No sailing at present.
Norway, Sweden, and Denmark—Close at 9 A. M. Nov. 18, SS United States.
Italy—Close at 7:30 A. M. Nov. 13, SS Taormina.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Wilhelmina ....Nov. 12
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Shinyo Maru....Nov. 15
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Manoa..Nov. 18

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Manila, Oct. 9; Hongkong, Oct. 12; Shanghai, Oct. 15; Yokohama, Oct. 23, and Honolulu, Nov. 2—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Shinyo Maru, were dispatched east on Nov. 9, and are due in New York on the morning of Saturday, Nov. 13.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Wellington, Oct. 17; Auckland, Oct. 18; Melbourne, Oct. 22, and Sydney, Oct. 23—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Sonoma, were dispatched east on Nov. 10, and are due in New York on the morning of Sunday, Nov. 14.

New York-Albany-Troy

Capital City Line. One way, $1; round trip, $1.50. Leave Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., daily, 6:30 P. M.; W. 132d St., 6 P. M.

Night Express Line. One way, $1.50; round trip, $2.50. Leave Pier 32, N. R., daily, 7 P. M.; W. 132d St., 7:30 P. M.

Tel. Spring 9400.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.

MANHATTAN LINE
$1.00 To Albany $1.00
ROUND TRIP, $1.50, GOOD 10 DAYS.
Thru Tick'ts & Bagg' Checked to All Pts. Strs. lve. daily, Pier 39, N. R., W. Houston St., 6:30 P. M.; W. 131st St., 7 P. M. Tel. 9328 Spring.

THE SAFE WAY to go TO EUROPE
via the Spanish Line
(NEUTRAL FLAG)
Next sailing
S. S. "MONTSERRAT"
Saturday, November 20
DIRECT TO
BARCELONA (Spain)
For further particulars apply to
J. ZARAGOZA, Agent,
PIER 8, EAST RIVER, N. Y.
'Phone, Broad 2453-4.

WARD LINE
New York to HAVANA AND POINTS IN CUBA
Sailings Thursdays and Saturdays.
NASSAU
Weekly service; and direct connections with Havana.
MEXICO
Sailings Each Thursday
Booklets, rates and schedules will be promptly supplied on application.
NEW YORK & CUBA MAIL S. S. CO.
General Offices: Pier 14, E. R., N. Y.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
POSTAL SERVICE
Sailings for BORDEAUX
LAFAYETTE ....Nov. 13, 3 P. M.
ESPAGNE ....Nov. 20, 3 P. M.
LA TOURAINE ....Nov. 27, 3 P. M.
ROCHAMBEAU ....Dec. 4, 3 P. M.
THE NEW QUADRUPLE SCREW
S. S. LAFAYETTE
Maiden Trip from N. Y. Nov. 13
FOR INFORMATION APPLY COMPANY'S OFFICE 19 State St. N. Y. Phone Broad 4900

American Line
AMERICAN STEAMERS
Under the American Flag
N. Y.—Liverpool, Pier 62, N.R., Noon
St. Louis....Nov. 13 | St. Paul....Nov. 27
Philadelphia..Nov. 20 | *Finland....Nov. 30
*10 A. M. For Falmouth and London.

White Star Line
N. Y.—Liverpool, Pier 60, N. R., Noon
Baltic........Dec. 1 | Adriatic......Dec. 8
Azores—Gibraltar—Naples—Genoa
Canopic..Nov. 16, 10 A. M. | Cretic..Dec. 21
Office, 9 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 9000 Rector.

For An Ideal Vacation—
Go To BERMUDA
Charming Two-Day Ocean Voyage via Magnificent Ocean Steamer. Unlimited Attractions for Vacationists.
Twin Screw "Bermudian"
Safety—Speed—Comfort
Sails Alternate Weds. & Sats.
Quebec S. S. Co., 32 Broadway, N. Y.; Thos. Cook & Son, 245 & 2061 B'way, 264 & 561 5th Av.; Raymond & Whitcomb, 225 5th Av.; G. E. Marsters, 1,246 B'way; Frank Tourist Co., 396 B'way; McCann's Tours, 1,328 B'way; Gillespie, Kinports & Beard, 300-11 5th Ave.

CUNARD
Established 1840
EUROPE via LIVERPOOL
*Tuscania, Friday, Nov. 26, 4 P. M.
*CAMERONIA....FRI., DEC. 10, 4 P. M.
SAXONIA....SAT., DEC. 25, 10 A. M.
*TUSCANIA....FRI., DEC. 31, 4 P. M.
*En Route to Glasgow.
ROUND THE WORLD TOURS.
Through bookings to all principal Ports of the World
COMPANY'S OFFICE, 21-24 State St., N. Y.

SOUTH AMERICA
BARBADOS, BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO SANTOS MONTEVIDEO & BUENOS AYRES
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
S. S. Vauban, Nov. 13, 2 P. M.
S. S. Vasari, Nov. 27, 12 M.
BUSK & DANIELS, Gen. Agents
301 Produce Exchange, New York.

ANCHOR LINE
Royal Mail Twin-Screw Steamships
NEW YORK to GLASGOW
(Calling at Liverpool.)
TUSCANIA, Friday, Nov. 26, 4 P. M.
CAMERONIA, Fri., Dec. 10, 4 P. M.
COMPANY'S OFFICE, 21-24 State St., N. Y.

FABRE LINES to Azores & Spain Naples, Italy
S. S. Roma, Dec. 7, to Horta, Angra, Ponta Delgada, Madeira, Lisbon, Gibraltar & Barcelona.
S. S. Patria (L'w), Nov. 16, to Naples, Italy.
Jas. W. Elwell & Co., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

CALIFORNIA TICKETS AND TOURS 1476 Broadway, at 42d St. EXPOSITION TOUR CO.

California Last Weeks of Low Rates to the Fairs McCann's Tours, 1328 Bway, N.Y.

Tickets EVERYWHERE by rail or boat. Best service and lowest prevailing rates. Marsters, 1246 Broadway, N.Y. City.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS to any port. Official Agent All Lines. Raymond & Whitcomb Co., 225 5th Av., N. Y.

TO SAVANNAH, ROUND TRIP $35.00. Low fares to all other Southern Points. OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO., 501 5th Av., N. Y.

THE PUBLIC WILL BE PLEASED.
BOSTON $2.65
Via Boat and Rail. ROUND TRIP $5.10.
PROVIDENCE Direct $1.60
ROUND TRIP $3.00
COLONIAL LINE
First-class service, catering to the best people. Week days and Sundays at 5 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St. All Outside Rooms, $1.00 to $3.00. Wireless equipment. Uptown Office, Broadway and 23d St. Phone Spring 9491.

BAY STATE LINE
$2.55 BOSTON $2.25
Worcester, $2.60; Providence direct, $1.50.
OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.00.
Daily, Including Sunday, 5:00 P. M.
From Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman
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FALL RIVER LINE
TO BOSTON $3.00
Lv. PIER 14, N. R., ft Fulton St. Daily at 5:00 P. M. Music.
New London (Norwich) Line. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 5:30 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., 5 P. M.

SS Direct Between NEW YORK & PORTLAND
MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE
Reduced Fares All Points. Phone 8300 Cort.
EASTERN STEAMSHIP LINES.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

BANKRUPTCY SALE.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, DIStrict of New Jersey.—In the matter of W. L. STEVENS & CO., Bankrupts.

By order of George R. Beach, Referee in Bankruptcy, the undersigned trustee of W. L. Stevens & Co. will offer for sale at public auction on Tuesday, November 16th, 1915, at 10 o'clock A. M., at his office, No. 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, New Jersey, the following assets of said bankrupts:

100,000 shares of capital stock of the Goldmont Mining & Milling Co., 300 shares of capital stock of the Fifty Gold Mines Corporation, 1,000 shares of capital stock of Llano Gold Co., 500 shares of capital stock of Montana & New York Copper Mining Co., 100 shares of capital stock of the French American Mining Co., 500 shares of capital stock of Calaveras Copper Co., share of assets of North Star Railway Company represented by temporary bond scrip No. 0081 for $750, and by temporary stock receipt No. 0081 for ten shares of the capital stock of said Company, a judgment for $20,550.29 against J. Bullard Blair, a judgment for $14,034.26 against Joseph H. Blair, a judgment for $2,376.67 against Thos. Crockett, a judgment for $1,801.72 against H. Fuller Rathbun, a note of W. L. Wemple for $1,000, the following open accounts against W. L. Stow $448.97, T. H. Watkins $12,997.20, A. H. Humphrey $151.33, Estate of W. B. Oliver $1,995.12, H. P. Mills $8,122.85, S. Ellis $106.30, Mrs. M. B. Oliver $256.46, P. Topping $39.19, Frederic Thompson $701.45, estate of E. La Montague, Jr., $28.93; Coolidge & Co. $20,265.50, W. Savin & Co. $400, W. E. Lauer & Co. $109.37, Mrs. M. B. Oliver $6,989.89, Mrs. J. J. Woddrop $37.09, J. A. Brown $2,989.40, W. L. Stow $18,880.33, T. H. Watkins $3,678.51, S. J. Crowley $54.27, F. S. Tainter $4,353.17, Henry Coolidge $7,294.73, Mrs. Tragassar $45.54, and a claim against Edward E. Hatch, Jr., for $250.

Ten per cent. of the purchase price must be paid on the day of the sale and the balance on confirmation of the sale.

Further particulars and conditions will be made known by the trustee at the time and place of the sale.

JOHN W. QUEEN, Trustee,
15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE FULLER BURR CO., Alleged Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Friday, Nov. 12, 1915, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 318 E. 32d St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a large plant used in the manufacture of paper boxes, comprising all kinds of paper box machinery, motors, cardboard, papers, office furniture, fixtures, etc. WM. D. LEONARD, Receiver.

ROSENBERG, LEVIS & BALL, Attorneys for Receiver, 74 Broadway, New York.

ABOVE SALE ADJOURNED UNTIL NOV. 17TH, AT SAME TIME AND PLACE.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of A. LAITIN, INC., Alleged Bankrupt.—CHARLES SHONGOOD, United States Auctioneer, will sell at the alleged bankrupt's place of business, No. 681 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 19th day of November, 1915, at 2 P. M., personal property of the alleged bankrupt, consisting of a stock of wines, liquors, cigars, &c., and the usual fixtures of a cafe.

Inspection can be had on the 17th and 18th days of November, 1915, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Dated New York, November 12th, 1915.

CLIFFORD G. LUDVIGH, Receiver.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of F. A. MILLS, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Nov. 12th, 1915, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of pianos, piano stools, desks, chairs, filing cabinets, typewriters, Underwood duplicator, safes, addressing machines, card cabinets, fixtures, &c.

MARK E. GOLDBERG, Trustee.
PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy, 68 William St., N. Y.
BERNARD S. DEUTSCH, Attorney for Trustee, 261 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNIted States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH NEWMAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, Nov. 26th, 1915, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of balance remaining in the Carnegie Trust Company to the credit of the estate of William Henkel, Jr., Trustee in bankruptcy of Joseph Newman, bankrupt, amouting to the sum of $1,316.14.

WILLIAM HENKEL, Jr., Trustee,
64 William St., N. Y. C.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy,
Woolworth Bldg., N. Y. C.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNIted States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES STEGER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, Nov. 18th, 1915, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 60 W. 33rd St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dresses, suits, piece goods, cotton goods, silks, satins, trimmings, safe, machinery, fixtures etc.

MARCUS HELFAND, Receiver.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

To recover costs of storage, Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, will sell this day, Friday, November 12, at 10.30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Manhattan, a very large quantity of ACCOUNT BOOKS and PAPERS of various bankrupt estates.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—ROTH & MARBE, INC., Bankrupt.

Roth & Marbe, Inc., bankrupt, by its Treasurer, Gus Marbe, has filed its petition, verified October 21st, 1915, praying for a confirmation of composition in bankruptcy. Creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, November 22d, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon. MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Nov. 11, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SO. District N. Y.—No. 22,090.—In Bankruptcy.—ISRAEL BERDICHAWSKY and PHILIP BERDICHAWSKY, individually and as copartners, trading as BERDICHAWSKY BROS., Bankrupts.

Creditors of said Israel Berdichawsky and Philip Berdichawsky, individually and as copartners, trading as Berdichawsky Bros., are hereby given notice that on October 9th, 1915, they were duly adjudicated bankrupts. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, November 23d, 1915, at 2:30 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—HYMAN GARFINKEL, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Hyman Garfinkel, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated November 10th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, December 13th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, November 11th, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. DIST. N. Y.—No. 22,311.—In Bankruptcy.—JOSEF KLEIN, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Josef Klein are hereby given notice that on October 28th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, November 24th, 1915, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. District N. Y.—No. 22,194.—In Bankruptcy.—BENARD DORF, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Benard Dorf are hereby given notice that on November 1st, 1915, he was dudy adjudicated bangrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, November 23d, 1915, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT. So. District N. Y.—No. 22,080.—In Bankruptcy.—BARNET PUSRIN, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Barnet Pusrin are hereby given notice that on August 13th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, November 24th, 1915, at twelve o'clock noon. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SO. District N. Y.—No. 22,386.—In Bankruptcy.—AARON PACK, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Aaron Pack are hereby given notice that on October 30th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, November 23d, 1915, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—DAVID ROSENTHAL and SAMUEL ROSENTHAL, individually and as co-partners, doing business as DAVID & SAMUEL ROSENTHAL, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that David Rosenthal and Samuel Rosenthal, individually and as co-partners, doing business as David & Samuel Rosenthal, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated September 29th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, December 13th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, November 11th, 1915.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—BENJAMIN SHAPIRO, ELIAS SILVERMAN, and ISRAEL WEZEKEVITCH, individually and as co-partners trading as SHAPIRO, SILVERMAN CLOAK CO., Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed bankrupts have filed their petition, dated August 16th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, December 13th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, November 11th, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 22,156.—In the matter of BARTHOLOMEW J. GALLIGAN, doing business as B. J. GALLIGAN & CO., Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Bartholomew J. Galligan, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated November 10, 1915, praying for the confirmation of a composition, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, November 22nd, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City.

Dated New York, November 11th, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of CHARLES S. BOUGHER, Bankrupt.—No. 21,511.

Notice is hereby given that Charles S. Bougher, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated September 30th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, December 13th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated November 10th, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. District N. Y.—No. 22,380.—In Bankruptcy.—HARRY D. BURGESS, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Harry D. Burgess are hereby given notice that on October 28th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, November 23rd, 1915, at 12:30 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. District N. Y.—No. 22,287.—In Bankruptcy.—ABRAHAM H. KOMINERS, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Abraham H. Kominers are hereby given notice that on October 22nd, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, November 24th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, So. District N. Y.—No. 22,127.—In Bankruptcy.—ATLAS ENGRAVING COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Atlas Engraving Company are hereby given notice that on September 15th, 1915, it was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, November 24th, 1915, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 22410.—In Bankruptcy.—HENRY W. JANSEN, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Henry W. Jansen are hereby given notice that on November 4th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, New York City, November 24th, 1915, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. District, N. Y.—No. 22,148.—In Bankruptcy.—HARRY ROTHLEDER, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Harry Rothleder are hereby given notice that on September 21st, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, November 24th, 1915, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. District N. Y.—No. 22,408.—In Bankruptcy.—ISAAC TILBOR, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Isaac Tilbor are hereby given notice that on November 4th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, November 23d, 1915, at 2:30 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 22,197.—In Bankruptcy.—MORRIS GLICK, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said MORRIS GLICK are hereby given notice that on September 22, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, New York City, November 24, 1915, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE.
IN CHANCERY OF NEW JERSEY.

To the Holders of Stocks and Bonds of The American Dock and Improvement Company, a Corporation of New Jersey, or, to Whom It May Concern:

Take notice, that application will be made by the undersigned Company to the Honorable Edwin Robert Walker, Chancellor of the State of New Jersey, at the Chancery Chambers, in the State House, in the City of Trenton, New Jersey, on Tuesday, the twenty-third day of November, A. D. nineteen hundred and fifteen, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the appointment of Trustees or a Trustee, under a certain mortgage dated July 1st, 1881, given to secure certain bonds issued thereunder, aggregating five millions of dollars, made by The American Dock and Improvement Company to George F. Baker, John S. Kennedy and Henry S. Little, trustees for such bondholders, as the successors or successor of said John S. Kennedy and Henry S. Little, both of whom are deceased, pursuant to the provisions of said mortgage and the power residing in the said Court of Chancery of New Jersey in such case made and provided, at which time and place, parties interested may appear and be heard.

Dated, November 1, 1915.

THE AMERICAN DOCK AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY,
By G. O. WATERMAN, Secretary.

RE PAUL CROMPTON, DECEASED.

Pursuant to the Law of Property Amendment Act 1859 (22 & 23 Vict. Cap. 35.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having any claims or demands against the Estate of Paul Crompton, late of 29 Gliston Road, Kensington, in the County of London, formerly of St. Martins Lane, Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, United States of America, merchant, deceased, (who died on the 7th day of May, 1915, and of whose Estate Letters of Administration were granted by the Principal Probate Registry of His Majesty's High Court of Justice in England on the 4th day of September, 1915, to Wynn Harold Tregoning,) are hereby required to send the particulars in writing of their claims or demands to us, the undersigned, the solicitors for the said Administrator, on or before the 31st day of December, 1915, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice, and he will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased, or any part thereof, so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he shall not then have had notice.

Dated the 11th day of November, 1915.

BROAD & CO.,
1 Great Winchester Street, London, E. C., England,
Solicitor for the said Administrator.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Retired: 12 P. M., Nov. 11: Sergt. G. T. Ferguson, 69, (on his own application,) at $875 a year. Appointed Jan. 16, 1889.

Transfers and assignments: Patrol., 4 P. M., Nov. 12: J. F. O'Connor, 3 I. D. to 21. 4 P. M., Nov. 10: To 4 I. D. from precincts indicated: J. M. P. Heney, 28; J. F. O'Malley, 149; F. R. Browne, 32; mutual—4 P. M., Nov. 12: Patrol. J. O'Leary, 1 to 276, bicycle duty. C. E. Pechin, 276 to 1, to motor-cycle duty discontinued. F. A. Smith, 276, bicycle to motor-cycle duty.

Temporary assignments: Patrol. L. P. Marschall, 2, to 2 I. D., 10 days, 4 P. M., Nov. 11; O. Nikly, 4, to D. B., 5 days, 8 A. M., Nov. 10; J. Horn, 7, and J. H. Hellriegel, 154, to B. B. H. Squad, duty in Special Squad 1, 15 days, 8 A. M., Nov. 13; W. Kelly, 22, to C. O., as chauffeur, 10 days, noon, Nov. 11; G. Pelleman and G. Meisiin, 28, to duty in plain clothes, 30 days, 4 P. M., Nov. 13; H. L. Hoffman, 26, to D. B., 5 days, 9 A. M., Nov. 11; F. Nau, 26, and C. Mulcahy, 149, to 4 I. D., 10 days, 4 P. M., Nov. 12; J. F. McDonald, 29, to 4 I. D., 10 days, 4 P. M., Nov. 13; P. Hoerter, 35, to 16 I. D., 30 days, 4 P. M., Nov. 12; C. W. Rohrlack, 154, to C. O., duty in office of Chief Inspector, 5 days, 8 A. M., Nov. 12. To Board of Elections from precincts indicated, 10 days, 8 A. M., Nov. 11: J. J. Allen, 16; R. G. Dunham, 276; F. Drum, 61; C. M. Murphy, 278. To 3 I. D. from precincts indicated, duty in raided premises, 15 days, 4 P. M., Nov. 10: J. J. Dowd, 35; J. P. Peclet, Jr., 144; J. R. Kelly, 172; C. Traenkle, 283; M. T. Finch, 165; J. O'Connor, 167; G. Zeiss, 172; W. Carey, 283.

Leaves of absence without pay: Patrol. E. D. Kane, 5, 4 P. M., Nov. 27; A. A. Cummings, 6, 1 day, 4 P. M., Nov. 14; W. J. Wolff, 32, 2 days, 4 P. M., Nov. 12; F. N. Neuberth, 36, 1 day, noon, Nov. 12; H. Masterson, 36, 2 days, 12:01 A. M., Nov. 25; L. Rafsky, 36, 1 day, 4 P. M., Nov. 14; C. Beatty, 36, 5 days, 4 P. M., Nov. 10; J. J. McGurn, 39, 1 day, 12:01 A. M., Nov. 14; H. O. Krombholtz, 148, 1 day, 12:01 A. M., Nov. 9; H. O'Connell, 151, 1 day, 12:01 P. M., Nov. 10; E. Winter, 172, 1 day, 12:01 A. M., Nov. 15; T. J. Deneen, 278, 1 day, 8 A. M., Nov. 10; G. F. Mahoney, 278, 1 day, 12:01 A. M., Nov. 13; J. J. Haverlin, Traffic Div., Subdiv. B, 15 days, 8 A. M., Nov. 12.

Fines imposed: Patrol. H. J. Schmidt, 2, (struck unknown boy,) 3 days; J. T. O'Shea, 2, (failed to promptly report in court in response to subpoena,) 2 days; F. L. Siems, 38, (absent from flashlight post, coming from liquor saloon, arrested woman without cause and made false charge against her, pointed revolver at woman and threatened to shoot her, 20 days; B. Rogers, 39, (failed to take police action when premises were being burglarized,) 2 days; B. Maguire, 156, (absent from post, in rear room of liquor saloon with two citizens, drinks on table;) 5 days.

Reprimanded: Patrol. J. F. Smith, 171, (improper patrol;) W. G. Stretton, 283, (removed department bicycle from booth assigned to another patrolman.)

Charges dismissed: Patrol. M. J. O'Connor, 18, (failed to report disorderly house;) W. F. Brennan, 18, (same;) T. Lamb, 39, (absent from post;) E. Heidenreich, 61, (absent from post, standing in wholesale liquor store;) C. Winter, 39, (absent from post;) G. J. Beissel, 156, (improper patrol;) F. E. Furey, 169, (failed to report disorderly house.)

Dismissed, 12:10 P. M., Nov. 10: Patrol. J. P. Conlan, 15, (under the influence of some intoxicating agent or agents.)

Resignation: Patrol. L. Juna, 62, noon, Nov. 10.

Fire Department.

Further applications for examination for promotion to the rank of Captain will be forwarded tomorrow. All Lieutenants who will have served for a period of six months or more in the grade, at 8 A. M., Dec. 15, 1915, will be eligible for this examination. The Municipal Civil Service Commission has set the following dates for the above examination:

Medical examination, Nov. 18, 19, 20, and 22, 1915.

Mental examination, Dec. 15 and 16, 1915.

The following, having filed applications for examination for promotion to the position of Engineer of Steamer, will report to Chief of Batt. J. J. Henry, Supervising Engineer, at the foot of Grand St., East River, on date and time specified, for practical test in operating steam fire engines:

Nov. 13, at 9 A. M.: J. A. Mason, Eng. 33; W. J. Purcell, Eng. 38; F. W. Fitting, Eng. 77; C. P. Ackerman, Eng. 159; E. H. Albrecht, Eng. 287, (2d Sec.) At 10 A. M.: F. M. McNally, Eng. 50; J. W. Powers, Eng. 68; A. J. Loosen, Eng. 255; G. W. Wurth, Eng. 283; M. J. Culkin, Eng. 293.

Transfers, 8 A. M., Nov. 12: Eng. of Stmr. J. J. Healy, Eng. 214, to Eng. 248; Eng. of Stmr. G. E. Read, Eng. 248, to Eng. 214.

Special Leaves (without pay): Fire. 2d gr. W. J. Dougherty, Eng. 155, 96 hours, 8 A. M., Nov. 17; Eng. of Stmr. W. Bauer, Eng. 87, 12 hours, 8 P. M., Nov. 18; Fire. 1st gr. C. A. Wilson, H. & L. 147, 12 hours, 8 A. M., Nov. 13.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Orders of Oct. 26 relating to Capt. C. R. Alley, C. A. C., revoked. He is assigned to 80th Co.

Capt. R. Furnival, C. A. C., is relieved from assignment to 86th Co.

Orders of Oct. 21 directing 1st Lt. F. E. Williford, C. A. C., to report to the Board at Fort Monroe, Va., Jan. 15, amended to direct him to report about Dec. 15.

Col. C. M. Truitt, 22d Inf., to Letterman Hospital, S. F., sick.

1st Lt. W. H. Rucker, F. A., is assigned to 6th, ef. Dec. 6, which he will join on arrival in U. S. and after any leave granted.

Capt. N. B. Rehkopf, 1st F. A., is assigned to 5th F. A., ef. Feb. 1, which he will join upon arrival in U. S. and after any leave.

Capt. H. L. Evans, Signal Corps, from duty at Port of Embarkation, Galveston, Tex., to Fort Wood, N. Y., for duty.

Capt. W. H. Allen, Med. Corps, from Philippine Dept., March 4, to U. S. for orders.

Capt. L. C. Mudd, Med. Corps, from Hawaiian Dept., March 22, to U. S., for orders.

Leaves: Maj. C. E. Koerper, Med. Corps, 18 days; Capt. H. W. Miller, 28th Inf., 5 days' extension; 2d Lt. S. H. Wheeler, 25th Inf., 10 days, and 2d Lt. C. Spatze, 25th Inf., 10 days.

Navy.

Lt. Comdr. E. T. Constien, Narragansett Bay Sta., Dec. 15, to connection fitting out the Oklahoma and on board when commissioned.

Lts. C. A. Jones, the North Dakota to the Tennessee; R. V. Lowe, the Birmingham to the Maine; S. A. Taffinder, the Texas to the Birmingham; A. S. Kibbee, from command of the Beale to command the Jarvis; W. H. Vernou, to command the Beale; and S. G. Bowen, Tennessee, to Fleet Engineer and Aid on Staff, Commander-in-Chief, Pacific Reserve Fleet.

Junior Grade Lts. B. R. Ware, the Maine to the Texas; and R. S. Parr, the Glacier to the St. Louis.

Ensigns A. D. Struble, the St. Louis to the Glacier; S. S. Thurston, the San Diego to the Glacier; and C. E. Hoard, the Glacier to the San Diego.

Surgeon F. A. Asserson, to Newport Naval Hospital, R. I.

P. A. Surg. R. A. Warner, Newport Hosp. to the New York.

A. Chap. G. B. Kranz to Atlantic Reserve Fleet.

Chief Gunners B. P. Middleton, Newport Training Sta. to the Kansas; J. Charrette, Recvg. Ship at Boston to Boston Yard; and I. Roll, the Kansas to Newport Training Sta.

Gunner A. D. Freshman, Boston Yard, to connection fitting out the Arizona and on board when commissioned.

Chief Machst. J. P. Richter, the Maine to Norfolk Yard.

Machst. R. B. Sanford, Norfolk Yard to connection fitting out the Pennsylvania and on board when commissioned.

Chf. Pay. Clerk E. A. Poor, to the Ohio at Mare Island Yard.

Pay Clerk F. G. Lackland, Mare Island Yard to the Glacier.

Marine Corps.

Capt. C. P. Meyer, commissioned.

1st Lts.: R. H. Tebbs, Jr., commissioned; E. A. Perkins, Guam Barracks to the U. S., and R. S. Keyser, Winthrop, Md., rifle range, to 2d Co., Phila. Barracks.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Annapolis at Topolobampo, Chauncey at Olongapo, Hector at Port au Prince; Hopkins, Hull, Lawrence, and Truxton at San Diego; Louisiana and Minnesota at Hampton Roads, Neptune at Lambert Point, New York at Southern Drill Grounds, Nicholson at Boston, Prometheus at Mare Island, and the Saturn at Guaymas.

Sailed—Celtic, Guantanamo for Vera Cruz; Chester, Monrovia for Sinoe; Cleveland, Manzanillo for Acapulco; Paul Jones, Stewart, and Whipple, San Pedro for San Diego; Prairie, Port au Prince for Guantanamo; Raleigh and Yorktown, Salina Cruz for Acapulco; Rhode Island, Newport for Tompkinsville, and the Wadsworth, Newport for Bath.

The Dubuque, now at Newport, will proceed to Portsmouth (N.H.) Yard about Dec. 1 for repairs to be completed by Jan. 6.

The Tonopah has been assigned to duty as station ship at the sumbarine station at New London, Conn.

After arrival at Philadelphia the Uncas will proceed to the Charleston Yard for temp. duty at that station.

The Dolphin, now at Savannah, has been ordered to the Washington Yard.

ASSIGNEE NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, BRONX COUNTY.—IN the matter of the General Assignment for the benefit of creditors of ROSIE STENGEL, Assignor, to Henry Hemmerdinger, Assignee.

Notice is hereby given that I will sell at public auction, through J. H. Mayers, Auctioneer, the remaining assets of the above-named Assignor, consisting of ten bales of cotton felt and all outstanding accounts on the 23d day of November, 1915, at 2 P. M., at the Mott Haven Storage Warehouse Company, at 140th Street and 3rd Avenue, Borough of the Bronx, City of New York.

HENRY HEMMERDINGER, Assignee.

SAUL LEVINE, Attorney for Assignee, 261 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

Burling Slip Block Front, Assessed at $213,000, Sold for Big Improvement—Sale in Old Wholesale Centre—125th Street Investment—Seminary Sells Twenty-third Street Loft.

A deal of considerable magnitude in the old downtown business section near the East River, and which will lead to an important improvement, formed the interesting feature of the realty market yesterday. The property sold comprised the old two to four story buildings on the south side of Burling Slip, between Water and Pearl Streets, being, respectively, 2 to 10 Burling Slip, 174 to 180 Water Street, and 232 and 234 Pearl Street. The frontage is 174 feet on Burling Slip, 97 on Water Street, and 40 on Pearl Street.

The sale was made through the Cruikshank Company for Joseph F. Cullman, individually and as executor. The name of the buyer was not given, but a report that it was the New York Steam Company was denied last night by the Cruikshank Company. It is the intention of the new owner to erect a large building, probably in the nature of a power plant, which will be a valuable addition to the neighborhood. The seller, Mr. Cullman, has occupied for many years the building at 174 Water Street for his wholesale tobacco business, but he purchased this week at auction, through the Charles F. Noyes Company, for his new quarters the plot on the northeast corner of Front and Fletcher Streets, less than two blocks from his old site, and will erect a new building there.

The Pearl Street property, on the corner of Burling Slip, was for many years the home of the New York Metal Exchange, a two-story brownstone building. It was used by the Exchange from 1883 until about five years ago, when it was sold, and the Exchange moved to 111 Broadway. The assessed value of the property for 1915 was $213,000.

Deal in Old Wholesale Centre.

In the old wholesale dry goods district the two connecting six-story commercial buildings at 24 and 26 White Street and 25 Walker Street have been sold by the Agra Holding Company, I. H. Kramer President, through the L. A. Kerngood Company. The frontage is 37.7 feet on White Street, 24.9 on Walker Street by 206.10 deep, between Church Street and West Broadway.

The property was acquired less than four months ago by the seller through the same brokers. It is well leased, and negotiations are under way for a resale.

West 125th Street Sale.

The four-story tenement at 551 West 125th Street, adjoining the northeast corner of Broadway, on a plot 25 by 98.11, has been sold by Paul A. McGolrick to Emma A. Mayhew for investment. It was an all-cash transaction.

Columbia Leasehold Sale.

Frank B. Taylor has sold for Henry L. Thorne and others the four-story dwelling at 34 West Fifty-first Street, on plot 21 by 100.5, Columbia College leasehold.

Gutta Percha Co. Buys in East 23d St.

The six-story loft structure at 403 to 407 East Twenty-third Street, adjoining the northeast corner of First Avenue, on plot 75 by 98.9, has been purchased by the Bishop Gutta Percha Company from the General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church. The latter took over the property in foreclosure proceedings a year ago. The buying company recently built an addition on Twenty-fourth Street to its main plant in Twenty-fifth Street. Title to the Twenty-third Street plot passed yesterday, subject to a mortgage of $40,000.

Recent Buyers.

George Lommel is the purchaser of the property at 494 and 496 Hudson Street and 107 to 117 Bedford Street.

The Reliant Leasing Company is the buyer of the five-story flat at 612 and 614 West 182d Street, sold recently by the Newton Holding Company.

The New York Cold Storage Company is the purchaser of the flat at 543 East 150th Street, sold recently by George Start. The storage company's plant abuts on Westchester Avenue.

Bronx Sales.

Kurz & Uren have sold for the Benenson Realty Company a vacant plot on the southeast corner of Kelly Street and 167th Street, having a frontage of 83.92 feet on Kelly Street, 19.37 on East 167th Street, by 46.48 on the southerly line, by irregular, to a builder.

Samuel Cowen has sold the three-story two-family brick dwelling, on lot 25 by 100, known as 745 Kelly Street, for A. Doll.

Joseph A. Blackner, with Frank Brewnig, has sold for Otto Mesloh the brick dwelling at 3,104 Park Avenue, on plot 65 by 104 and irregular; also for the same owner the house at 302 Mamaroneck Avenue, on plot 50 by 100.

Klei & Roth have sold the two northerly houses of a group of five recently completed at the northeast corner of Monroe Avenue and 176th Street. The houses disposed of are five stories, each occupying a plot 57 by 100 on the avenue, beginning 57 feet north of 176th Street. The new owner gave in part payment 413 to 423 East 160th Street, running through to 161st Street, with street frontages of 100 feet and 150 feet, respectively, and a depth of 162.9 feet, improved with a number of frame dwellings.

The Cedar Construction Company has sold to an investor the newly completed five-story apartment house on the west side of 172d Street, 100 feet south of Boston Road.

A. Blumenthal has sold for the Nelson estate to the Martha Building Company, Samuel Lippman President, the southwest corner of Honeywell Avenue and 180th Street, a vacant plot, 65 by 118. The site will be immediately improved with a five-story apartment house.

Brooklyn.

Howard C. Pyle & Co. have sold the Alexander E. Orr dwelling at 102 to 104 Remsen Street, to a client for occupancy. Included is the large stable in the rear on the southeast corner of Henry Street and Hunts Alley. The residence plot is 50 by 132 and the stable 50 by 50. The dwelling is a four-story brownstone house, 50 by 65 feet.

The Samuel Galitzka Company has sold for John H. Behrentburg and Henry L. Bauer to Simon Abels the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Eighty-first a plot 100 by 100. Mr. Abels will improve with five three-story buildings.

Scarsdale Club to Buy Property.

It was announced yesterday that the members of the Scarsdale Golf and Country Club, at Hartsdale, N. Y., are planning to purchase the golf course before the coming year. The club has an option on the property, which consists of 100 acres, for $250,000.

The club has an investment in the property now of about $50,000, including the clubhouse, water system, the greens and other improvements. For the purchase it is planned to ask subscription from the members, for which stock will be given.

Long Island.

John N. Booth has sold to the New York Municipal Railway Corporation the southeast corner of Fulton and Puntine Streets, Jamaica. The plot has a frontage on Fulton Street of 67 feet and on Puntine Street of 100 feet.

Isaac L. Mathews has sold to Charles L. Kray, the plot 100 by 200 on the northeast corner of First Street and Edgewater View, Bayside, and Sehna Burman has purchased from the Park Terrace Company two plots at Kissena Park, Flushing.

The T. B. Ackerson Company has sold lots at Pineaire, to Julia Shankland, Joseph M. Butler, Lillie Fredericks, G. W. Wood, F. W. Gregory and John C. Orgill.

New Jersey.

Robert B. Stoutenburgh of Newark sold for the Diehl Manufacturing Company of Elizabeth six acres running from Newark Avenue, which is a continuation of Frelinghuysen Avenue, to the Pennsylvania Railroad. The consideration was $42,000, cash transaction. The purchaser was the American Gas Accumulation Company of Philadelphia, which will erect several large buildings on the tract.

Staten Island.

Moffatt & Schwab have sold for Judge George W. Stake of Stapleton a plot of land on St. Paul's Avenue, running through to Van Duzer Street, to Ernest W. Zentgraf of St. Paul's Avenue.

This firm has also sold in connection with Horatio J. Sharrett to John H. Lingo, two lots of land on Pelton Avenue, West New Brighton, formerly a part of the Faber estate.

Commercial Leases.

The Cross & Brown Company has leased the building at 639-644 West Fifty-first Street to Gaston, Williams & Wigmore for the Knox Motor Association, also the building at 233 West Twenty-fifth Street to the Packers' Box Company for the Chelsea Realty.

Henry Brady has rented for the Clausen Flanagan Brewery for the term of ten years the building and yard 317-319 East Forty-seventh Street to A. F. Furlo as a wagon factory.

McDowell & McMahon have leased to the Cushman's Sons, Inc., for a term of years the store known as 602 West 181st Street, for G. L. Lawrence.

The Guaranty Trust Company, for many years at 140 Broadway, has taken a lease of the space formerly occupied by the Chase National Bank in the New York Clearing House Building at 83 Cedar Street. The space leased comprises about 10,000 square feet on the first two floors. The lease is for a term of ten years.

William A. White & Sons have leased for Hugh P. Skelly, President of the Kips Bay Brewing Company, the building at 48-50 Jay Street, for twenty years to Mr. Roebuck, President of the Jay Street Cold Storage Company. After extensive alterations the building will be used for a modern refrigerating plant. William A. White & Sons have also sold to a produce merchant the building 318 Greenwich Street, just south of Duane Street.

Leases Park Avenue Residence.

The large residence at 22 Park Avenue, northwest corner of Thirty-fifth Street, has been leased by the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company in conjunction with Douglas S. Elliman & Co., for the estate of Cornelius Stewart Butler to Moses Taylor.

Realty Notes.

Julius Scott negotiated the sale of the Eva C. Reeber property, sold Wednesday.

The Brooklyn Board of Real Estate Brokers will hold its annual meeting at the Clarendon Hotel next Tuesday.

The Barnel Realty Corporation, represented by Barnet Levy, is the lessee of the plot in 115th and 116th Streets for a market and community building. Max Kotzen is not connected with the company, as reported.

Plans have been prepared for a twelve-story apartment house to be erected by the 630 Park Avenue Company on the southwest corner of Park Avenue and Sixty-sixth Street from plans by J. E. R. Carpenter.

At the annual meeting of the United Real Estate Owners Association, the following officers were elected: Stewart Brown, President; Charles W. Eidt, First Vice President; Henry F. A. Wolf, Second Vice President; Walter J. Salomon, Third Vice President; John Becker, Treasurer; J. J. Eichner, Secretary.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Henry Brady.

83d St, 10 East, s s, 150 ft e of 5th Av, 25x89.9, twelve-story loft building; Madeline D. Barrett against Alice M. Moynan; Warren C. French, attorney; Wilbur Larremore, referee; due on judgment, $56,896.28; taxes, &c., $3,029.40; subject to mortgage of $160,000. Sold to the plaintiff for $176,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

73d St., 48 East, s s, 184 ft e of Madison Av, 20x102.2, 4-story dwelling. Adjourned to Nov 23.

8th Av, 614, e s, 67.5 ft n of Bleecker St, 30x43.8x25.6x17x39.6, three-story tenement; Margaret E. Phillips et al. against Anna McCarthy et al.; Robert A. B. Dayton, attorney; Abr. Stern, referee, partition; to Clement S. Parsons, a party in interest, for $5,000.

Laight St, 52, n s, 125 ft w of Hudson St, 25x70.9x irregular, two-story tenement; M. H. Hurlbut et al. vs. L. K. Steele et al.; Bunnell & B., attorneys; L. B. Hasbrouck, referee; partition; to Ellie J. Donnellan for $7,100.

By Samuel Marx.

Rivington St, 156, n s, 104 ft e of Suffolk St, 25x100, four-story tenement and stores, five-story rear tenement; Esther Koppelman vs. Yuda L. Muhlstein et al.; Harold L. Kunster, attorney; John H. Rogan, referee; due on judgment, $4,600.25; taxes, &c.; subject to a mortgage of $19,000; to Eugene Lamb Richards, trustee for Adolph Mandel, bankrupt, for $24,527.

By Daniel Greenwald.

Park Row, 122, n s, 197.3 ft e of Duane St, 24x107.6, four-story tenement and store, one-story extension; also Park Row, 124 and 126, n s, 222.3 ft e of Duane St, 25x108.7, three-story tenement and store, one-story extension; also William St, 257 and 259, n s, 76.3 ft e of New Chambers St, 35x64.6x irregular, seven-story building; also Eighth St, 54, s s, 53 ft w of Mercer St, 24x56, six-story loft and store building. Adjourned to Nov. 18.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Henry Brady.

Courtlandt Av, 843, s w corner of 160th St, 23.6x97.9, three-story dwelling; Broadway Savings Institution of City of New York vs. Constantine Pampos et al.; Richard Kelly, attorney; Max Bendit, referee; due on judgment, $9,282.71; taxes, &c., $354.83; to the plaintiff, for $8,000.

Beaumont Av, 2,332, e s, 429.8 ft n of 183d St, 29.5x100x30.3x104, two-story dwelling; Broadway Savings Institution of City of New York vs. Louise A. Kaufhold et al.; Richard Kelly, attorney; John B. Harrison, referee; due on judgment, $5,511.93; taxes, &c., $88.02; to Mary Gore for $6,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

Elsmere Place, 772, s s, 95 ft e of Prospect Av, 42.4x48.10, two-story dwelling; Nathan Himowich vs. Cleophas V. Moore et al.; Murray M. Himowich, attorney; Warren Leslie, referee; due on judgment, $1,800.57; taxes, &c., $300; to Catharine A. Hurst for $2,250.

TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

168th St, 514 West, s s, 145 ft e of Audubon Av, 25x95, five-story tenement; Lawrence C. Lommel against Richard Hermann et al.; Sutton & Kilsheimer, attorney; Denis O'L. Cohalan, referee; due, $6,250.09; taxes, &c., $424.30; subject to mtg of $15,000.

113th St, 41 West, n s, 458.4 ft e of Lenox Av, 18.10x100.11, three-story dwelling; Germania Life Insurance Co. against Henry Bennett et al.; Dulon & Roe, attorneys; Powell Crichton, referee; due, $11,264.31; taxes, &c., $241.40.

112th St, 154 East, s s, 78 ft e of Lexington Av, 27x100.11, five-story tenement; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against Agnes M. Brooker et al.; R. & E. J. O'Gorman, attorney; Henry W. Unger, referee; due, $16,355.88; taxes, &c., $723.

By M. Morgenthau, Jr., Co.

179th St, 620 West, s s, 183 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 17x100, three-story dwelling; George M. Brooks et al. against Nellie V. Gross et al.; Henry M. Bellinger, Jr., attorney; Bernard Naumburg, referee; due, $10,738.87; taxes, &c., $234.40.

By Jacob H. Mayers.

120th St, 339 East, n s, 25 ft w of 1st Av, 16.8x100.10, three-story dwelling; Free Home for Young Girls against Louis Lese et al.; Olney & Comstock, attorneys; Harry A. Goldel, referee; due, $5,022.97; taxes, &c., $300.23.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Henry Brady.

Anthony Av, 1,952, n e corner of 178th St, 21.2x90, three-story tenement; Julius Heiderman against William Schmitz et al.; Julius Heiderman, attorney; Oliver E. Davis, referee; due, $1,214.44; taxes, &c., $457.55; subject to mortgage of $9,500.

182d St, 714 East, s s, 53.5 ft e of Crotona Av, 25x70, two-story dwelling; Theo. von Gerichten against William Schmitz et al.; Julius Heiderman, attorney; Oliver E. Davis, referee; due, $6,566.32; taxes, &c., $396.72.

By Charles A. Berrian.

143d St, 356 East, s s, 231.6 ft e of Alexander Av, 25x100; three-story tenement and three-story frame rear dwelling; Louis Tenore against Teresa Tenore et al.; Charles D. Ridgway, attorney; Lewis E. Sisson, referee; partition.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

159th St, n s, 267 ft e of Courtlandt Av, for a five-story brick tenement, 50x88; J. T. Construction Co., Joseph Theiss, 584 East 169th St, owner; Edward J. Byrnes, 509 Willis Av, architect; cost, $35,000.

Grand Av, s e corner of 180th St, for a five-story brick tenement, 70x81; M. M. S. Building Co., Inc., Milton M. Silverman, 507 5th Av, President, owner; Neville & Bagge, 105 West 40th St, architect; cost, $35,000.

Kappock St, w s, 300 ft s of Palisade Av, for a one-story frame chicken house, 60x16; estate of I. G. Johnson, E. M. Johnson, Spuyten Duyvil, President, owners; Ahneman & Younkheere, 3,820 Bailey Av, architect; cost, $800.

Prospect Av, e s, 95 ft n of Tremont Av, for three one-story brick stores and dwellings, 25x55; Clarence H. Smith, 460 Tremont Av, owner; William H. Meyer, 1,861 Carter Av, architect; cost, $10,000.

Prospect Av, e s, 95 ft n of Tremont Av, for a one-story brick factory, 75x32; Clarence H. Smith, 460 Tremont Av, owner; William H. Meyer, 1,861 Carter Av, architect; cost, $5,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Lorillard Place, n e corner of 189th St, to a four-story brick extension, 78x89.8¼, to four-story brick school, 166.66x127.33; City of New York, owners; C. B. J. Snyder, 500 Park Av, architect; cost, $140,000.

84th St, 208 to 212, to a four-story dwelling; Hartford Realty Co., 47 Cedar St, owner; E. Hughes, 404 West 34th St, architect; cost, $7,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, NOV. 11.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

ALLEN ST, 169, w s, 100 ft s of Stanton St, 25x87.6; Bertha Greenberg to Isidore Greenberg, 1,721 Fulton Av, Bronx, all liens, Nov. 8....$100

BROADWAY, e s, 42 ft s of 21st St, x18x56.1x17.3x61.3; F. Livingston Pell and others to Charles H. L. Phelps, 370 Madison Av, Nov. 9; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

BROOME ST, 209, s e corner of Norfolk St, 25x51.7; Beni Asch to Herman Tolk, 367 Grand St, (mtg $33,850;) address, 334 Grand St....$1

LEONARD ST, n s, 188.10 ft e of Hudson St, 25x74.6x25x74.3, with all title to land in rear, —x—; Robert L. Shepard to William D. Kilpatrick, 71 East 95th St, (mtg $8,000,) all liens, Nov. 10; attorneys, Bowers & S., 46 Cedar St....$1

PEARL ST, 16, s s, 114.8 ft w of Whitehall St, 31.8x108.8; Nicholas W. Day and another, executors, &c., of Joseph Naylor, to Redmer Realty Corp., 111 Broadway, Nov. 9; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$40,000

WHITE ST, 24-26, n s, 75 ft w of Church St, 37.6x100; Walker St, 25, s s, 25x100; Agra Holding Co., Inc., to Jacob Kaufmann, 141 West 116th St, all liens, Nov. 11; attorney, Edgar M. Souza, 111 Broadway....$1

15TH ST, 175 East, s s, 235 ft w of 1st Av, 21x103.3; Howard C. Houghton, San Francisco, Cal., to Archibald H. Bull, Elizabeth, N. J., a. t., Aug. 31; attorneys, MacFarland, T. and C., 63 Wall St....$1

20TH ST, 418 East, s s, 239.6 ft e of 1st Av, 20x92; William E. Kennedy and another to William Grieshammer, 59 Avenue C, (mtg $5,000,) Nov. 10; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

21ST ST, 510 West, s s, 150 ft w of 10th Av, 25x92; John Cone et al and M. M. Hart, Inc., to Frieda Hart, 59 West 119th St, c. a. g., Oct. 22; attorney, M. M. Hart, 280 Broadway....$1

Same property; Jeannette C. Jeffe to same, quitclaim and confirmation deed, Nov. 5; attorney, same....$1

21ST ST, 133 to 141 West, n s, 337 ft e of 7th Av, 100.6x98.9; David Zipkin et al. to 133 West 21st St Realty Corporation, 180 Broadway, (mtg $330,000,) all liens, Sept. 30; attorneys, Arnstein & Levy, 128 Broadway....$100

23D ST, 403 to 407 East, n s, 81.6 ft e of 1st Av, 75x98.9; General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States to the Bishop Gutta Percha Co., 420 East 25th St, (mtg $40,000,) all liens, Nov. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

25TH ST, n s, 600 ft e of 6th Av, 25x98.9; 11 West 25th Street Co., 68 William St, to Georgia Snelling, 600 King St, Portchester, N. Y., (mtg $150,000,) all liens....$100

28TH ST, 230 West, s s, 345.7 ft w of 7th Av, 24.10x98.9x irregular; John E. Kaughran et al to Frank P. Briody, 714 41st St, Brooklyn, (mtg $11,000,) May 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$19,500

Same property; Frank P. Briody to the Oestreicher Realty Co., 449 6th Av, c. a. g., (mtg $11,000,) b & s, May 10; attorney, same....$1

57TH ST, n s, 205 ft e of 7th Av, 19.6x100.5; Rosa Rich, Milwaukee, Wis., to Fifty-seventh Street Realty Corporation, 505 5th Av, quit claim, Nov. 8; attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, 52 William St....$1

57TH ST, n s, 182 ft e of 7th Av, 23x100.5; Richard Sidenburg, Greenwich, Conn., to same, all liens, Nov. 8; attorneys, same.$100

57TH ST, n s, 205 ft e of 7th Av, 19.6x100.5; Richard Sidenberg, Greenwich, Conn., to Fifty-seventh Street Realty Corporation, 505 5th Av, quit claim, Nov. 6; attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, 52 William St....$1

57TH ST., n s, 205 ft e of 7th Av., 19.6x100.5; Henry Sidenberg et al., executors, &c., Gustavus Sidenberg, to 57th St. Realty Corporation, 505 5th Av, one-sixth part of all title, all liens, Nov. 8; attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, 52 William St....$1,000

SAME PROPERTY; Henry Sidenberg and another, executors Henrietta Sidenburg, to same, all of Nov. 8; attorneys, same..$60,000

SAME PROPERTY; Sarah Strauss, New Rochelle, N. Y., to same, quitclaim, Nov. 4; attorneys, same....$1

91ST ST, 122 West, 275 ft w of Columbus Av, 33.4x100.8; Avonel Co. to Jacob H. Haffner and another, 645 West End Av, (mtg $32,000,) Oct. 28....$100

97TH ST, 227 East, n s, 200 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.11, (foreclosure, Nov. 9;) John H. Rogan, referee, to Frank G. Wild, 291 Clinton Av, Brooklyn, and Caroline S. Coutts, 144 Joralemon St, Brooklyn, trustees under the will of George H. Coutts, Nov. 10; attorney, F. G. Wild, 277 Broadway....$11,000

108TH ST, 63 West, n s, 200 ft e of Columbus Av, 25x100.11; Sol. Dannenberg to Matilda Merklen, 321 Hancock St, Brooklyn, B. and S., Nov. 11; attorney, Aaron H. Schwarz, 130 Fulton St....$1

108TH ST, 63 West, n s, 200 ft e of Columbus Av, 25x100.11, (foreclosure Nov. 9;) Abram Ellenbogen, referee, to Sol. Dannenberg, 407 East 50th St, (mtg $18,000,) Nov. 11; attorney, Aaron H. Schwarz, 130 Fulton St....$1,000 over mtg

111TH ST, 136 and 138 West, s s, 287.6 ft e of 7th Av, 37.6x100.11, (foreclosure, Oct. 27;) Charles O'Sullivan, referee, to Mary J. Kingsland, 1,026 5th Av, (re-recorded from Oct. 29 to correct line of beginning,) Oct. 29; attorneys, C. P. & Wm. W. Buckley, 141 Broadway....$20,000

115TH ST, 215 West, n s, 265 ft w of 7th Av, 20x100.11; Bessie Wechsler to Abr. Kulik, 630 De Kalb Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $16,200,) all liens, Sept. 29; attorney, M. S. Trop, 1,815 7th Av....$100

Same property; Abr. Kulik to Morris S. Trop, 1,850 7th Av, b & s, (mtg $16,200,) Nov. 9....$1

118TH ST, 322 East, s s, 300 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.11; Giuseppina La Valle to Maria Lorenzo, 322 East 118th St, Oct. 9, all liens, Nov. 8 ——

123D ST, 214 West, n s, 175 ft w of 7th Av, 16.8x100.11; Walter T. Stern to Minzesheimer Realty Co., 60 Wall St, Nov. 8; attorneys, Stern & G., 60 Wall St....$100

130TH ST, 504 West, s s, 125 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x74.11, (foreclosure, Nov. 4;) Irving Washburn, referee, to Charles P. Buckley, at Tenafly, N. J., and Nathaniel Niles, Madison, N. J., executors of Samuel I. Hunt, Nov. 11; attorneys, C. P. & Wm. W. Buckley, 141 Broadway....$10,000

131ST ST, n s, 168 ft w of Lenox Av, 17x99.11; Ellen S. Decker to Harry L. Decker, Stroudsburg, Penn., quitclaim and c. a. g., Oct. 9....$1

154TH ST, 432 West, s s, 333.10 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 18x99.11; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to Jane M. Smith, 216 West 131st St, (mtg $9,000,) Nov. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

163D ST, 438 West, s s, 250 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 25x112.6; Reuben E. Fichthorn to Kermit Realty Co., 1,033 Southern Boulevard, (mtg $18,000,) Nov. 8; attorneys, Lurie & Hoffmann, 35 Nassau St....$1

182D ST, 612 and 614 West, s s, 100 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 50x70; Newton Holding Co. to Reliant Leasing Co., 132 Nassau St, (mtg $33,000,) Nov. 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

Bronx.

BROOK AV, w s, 127.3 ft s of 163d St, 27.2x64.4; Henry G. Strauss to Marion Strauss, 917 Brook Av, (mtg $10,000,) Nov. 4; attorney, C. A. Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St....$1

CAMBRELING AV, 2,301, w s, 25x100; Emily M. Keating to Dominick Gallo, 1,663 3d Av, Nov. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$4,000

GRAND AV, n w corner of 192d St, 50x106; Wm. Peters to Mary J. Ryan, 2,593 Grand Av, (mtg $10,000,) Nov. 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 B'way...$100

HONEYWELL AV, s e corner of 182d St, 17.6 ft to old w s of 1st St x 106.7x20.3x109.6; Anna Jourdan to Jennie E. Brolles, 911 Avenue St. John, (mtg $18,500,) Jan. 9, 1914; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Jennie E. Brolles to Minnie Zumbuehl, 811 East 162d St, (mtg $16,500,) Oct. 15; same attorney....$100

LOT 733, map Elizabeth R. B. King, City Island Homes, Inc., to Frank J. Muhlfeld, 805 Crotona Park North, Nov. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$750

NELSON AV, w s, 275.9 ft s of 167th St, 25x107.10; Herman Joseph, referee, to Harriet Adams, 813 Gherardi Av, Woodhaven, L. I., Nov. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$2,800

SAME PROPERTY; Maria J. Ventimiglia to same, Oct. 29; same attorney....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Anna M. Dammore to same, Oct. 29, (mtg $6,000;) same attorney....$1

PARK AV, s s, 56.6 ft e of 159th St, 56.6x126.6; Otto Mesloh to Hargton Building Co., Inc., 1,478 Vyse Av, (mtg $6,000,) Nov. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

POWELL AV, s s, 50 ft w of dividing line of Lots 248 and 250, map Unionport, 150x103.1; John Vossbrinck to Frederick W. Klages et al., 2,038 Powell Av, (mtg $3,500,) Oct. 29; attorneys, A. & C. E. Hally, 2,089 Westchester Av....$100

ST. ANNS AV, 225, w s, 25x102; Louis Schlaefer to Louis Schlaefer, Jr., 601 East 135th St, (mtg $19,000,) Nov. 10; attorney, A. Mantinband, 486 East 141st St....$100

VALENTINE AV, e s, 226.4 ft n of 184th St, 49.11x115; Hargton Bldg. Co., Inc., to Otto Mesloh, 317 East 86th St, (mtg $40,000,) Nov. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

150TH ST, 543 East, n s, 25x100; George Stark to Greater New York Cold Storage Co., Inc., 520 Westchester Av, (mtg $12,000,) Nov. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

156TH ST, s s, 25 ft e of Union Av, 50x91; Minnie Zumbuehl, individually and executrix, to Jennie E. Brolles, 2,146 Honeywell Av, (mtg $42,500,) Oct. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$100

157TH ST, 311 East, n s, 25x101.6; Chas. Schmitt, 522 East 84th St, et al., executors, to Alex. Kriegel, 288 East 155th St, (mtg $8,200;) Nov. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$14,000

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

ALLEN ST, s e corner of Hester St, 40x50; Morris Silberman and another, executors, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, 1 year, Nov. 11; attorney, E. J. McGuire, 51 Chambers St....$25,000

AVENUE C, e s, 96 ft n of 4th St, 24x83; Esther, wife, and Jonas Klein to B. Berkowitz of Exeter, Penn., Oct. 25, 6 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Crane, W. S. & F., 2 Rector St....$3,200

BARROW ST, s s, 207 ft w of Bleecker St, 20.4x40; John Wattenberg to Katharina Rainsford, Rye, N. Y., Nov. 1, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$3,500

CLINTON ST, 89, w s, 125 ft s of Rivington St, 25x100; Charles Greines and another to Rose E. Rosenberg, 10 Sherman St, Brooklyn, 4 years, 6 p. c., Nov. 11; attorney, William C. Orr, 51 Chambers St....$8,000

HOUSTON ST, s e corner of Chrystie St, 27x74.3; 74th St, s s, 133.4 ft w of 2d Av, 33.4x102.2; 2d Av, w s, 52 ft n of 188th St, 34.8x98; 136th St, n s, 602 ft w of Lenox Av, 27x99.11; 119th St, n s, 510 ft w of 5th Av, 16.8x100.11; Avenue B, e s, 117.6 ft s of 9th St, 23.6x93; 73d St, n s, 369 ft w of 3d Av, 51x102.2; Frieda Hart and Casualty Co. of America, 68 William St, Nov. 10, 6 months, 6 p. c.; attorney, C. E. Bates, 68 William St....$35,000

PEARL ST, 16, s s, 114.8 ft w of Whitehall St, 31.8x108.8; Redmer Realty Corp. to Nicholas W. Day and another, executors of Joseph Naylor, at East Orange, N. J., Nov. 9, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$25,000

20TH ST, 418 East, s s, 239.6 ft e of 1st Av, 20x92; William Grieshammer to Michael and Levi Lobenthal, 501 Cathedral Parkway, Nov. 6, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$5,000

SAME PROPERTY, prior mtg $5,000; same to William E. Kennedy, 418 East 20th St, Nov. 10, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, same....$500

23D ST, n s, 81.6 ft e of 7th Av, 75x98.9; Bishop Gutta Percha Co. to General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church in United States, 175 9th Av, Nov. 11; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway, 5 years, 4½ p. c....$40,000

47TH ST, 62 West, s s, 177 ft e of 6th Av, 20x100.5, prior mtg $45,000; Charles E. Delage to Lillian B. Wechsler, 575 West End Av, Nov. 10, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$3,500

108TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of Columbus Av, 25x100.11; Solomon Dannenberg to August F. Schaefer, New Rochelle, N. Y., prior mtg $18,000, 3 years, 6 p. c., Nov. 11; attorney, A. W. Schwarz, 130 Fulton St....$4,000

123D ST, s s, 175 ft w of 7th Av, 16.8x100.11; Minzesheimer Realty Co. to Walter T. Stern, 875 Park Av, Nov. 8; attorney, Stern & G., 60 Wall St, 3 years....$5,000

154TH ST, 432 West, s s, 333.10 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 18x99.11; Jane M. Smith to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, Nov. 10, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$9,000

Bronx.

ARTHUR AV, e s, 134.2 ft s of 177th St, 65.11x139x100x75.2x19.6x9.11x15.3x62.2; University Building Co., Inc., to City Real Estate Co., 176 Broadway, Nov. 11, 1 year, 6 p. c., (Building Loan;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 B'way..$175,000

BRYANT AV, n w corner of Home St, 25.2x94.7; Kiesler Realty Co. to Lewis E. Hollander, 161 West 86th St, et al., trustees, Nov. 9, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$10,000

CAMBRELING AV, 2,301, w s, 25x100; Dominick Gallo to Emily M. Keating, Manchester, Mass., Nov. 10, 5 years; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$2,000

CLAY AV, e s, 1,088.6 ft n of 169th St, 41x98; Sikora Realty Corp. to Charles R. Motak, 314 East 69th St, prior mtg $26,500, Nov. 10, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$5,000

MORRIS AV, e s, 85 ft s of 169th St, 39.7x100; Alotto Realties, Inc., to New York Protestant Episcopal Public School, 63 Wall St, Nov. 3, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$21,500

NELSON AV, 1,127, w s, 25.1x107.10; Harriet Adams to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Nov. 10, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$3,250

SUMMIT AV, e s, 50 ft n of 164th St, two lots, each 47.6x100; two mtgs, each $33,000; John Boyland Co. to City Real Estate Co., 176 Broadway, Nov. 11, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$66,000

10TH AV, s s, 72.6 ft w of 5th St, 32x114, (Wakefield;) John A. Smedes to Clara S. Dean, 84 Saratoga Av, Yonkers, N. Y., Nov. 10, installs, 6 p. c.; attorney, C. F. Halsted, 44 Pine St....$425

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

BROAD ST, 40, space on ground floor; Ernest Ubertino and another to Geo. Spyropoulos and another, on premises, 1 year from Dec. 1, 1915; attorney, S. E. Ryan, 27 William St....$600

NORTHERN AV, 50, n w cor 179th St, all; Chas. Kimmelman to Barrit Schmukler, 1492 Amsterdam Av, 4 11-12 years from June 1, 1915; attorney, M. D. Reiss, 309 Broadway....$15,200

PARK AV, 186, all; John J. Holfelder to Joseph Mayer, 1866 Park Av, 7 years from Dec. 1, 1915; attorney, Thomas A. McGrath, 233 Broadway....$1,500

WILLIAM ST, 214-18, and Rose St, 18-20, 1st, 4th, 12th, 13th and 14th floors; Metropolitan Realty Co. to M. Rusling Wood, on premises, 5 years from May 1, 1916..$21,000.

9TH AV, 467, store and basement; William Sommer to Jno. F. Reilly, 467 9th Av, 3 years from May 1, 1916; attorneys, Fitch, M. & G., 32 Nassau St....$1,800

2D ST, 262 East, Apartment 4 on 1st floor; Sol Tenenbaum to Isaac W. Miller, 262 East 2d St, 5 years from May, 1, 1916....$420

21ST ST, 325-7 East, all; Isaac A. Benequit to Jos. Goldman, 311 East 27th St, 3 years from April 1, 1915....$6,700 and $6,600

52D ST, 157 East, e store and basement; Jno. H. Block to J. H. Block Co., on premises, 5 years from Nov. 1, 1915....$420

179TH ST, 836 West, all; Barrit Schmukler to Morris Katz, 1487 Amsterdam Av, 4 5-12 years from Nov. 1, 1915; attorney, Morris D. Reiss, 309 Broadway....$5,606

Bronx.

PROSPECT AV, 574, store, &c; Utility Realty Co. to Abraham Samuels, 536 Fox St, 7 years and 3 months from March 1, 1915; attorney, A. Samuels, 183d St and Park Av....from $1,020 to $1,500

174TH ST, 511 East, all; Lena Callahan to Abraham M. Casson, 1,659 Washington Av, 3 years from Oct. 1, 1914; attorney, A. M. Casson, 511 East 174th St....$1,350

MECHANICS LIENS.

Manhattan.

WATER ST, 383; East Side Lumber Co. against Domenico Benedetto, owner; Barckmann & Lustig, contractors....$180

LEXINGTON AV, w s, whole front between 45th and 46th Sts; James McCullagh, Inc., against N. Y. C. & Hudson River R. R. Co., owner; John Pierce Co., contractor....$4,257

2D AV, 698; Arthur J. Panoff against Hyman Schwartz, owner; Louis Wallin, contractor....$169

BROADWAY, 1,562; Paramount Contracting Co., Inc., against George B. Burnett, owner; F. H. M. Co., Inc., contractor....$25,500

Bronx.

FRANKLIN AV, 1,331; Arthur H. Oesterheld against H. Shereshevsky, owner; Samuel Citron, contractor....$91

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

MADISON AV, 713; C. T. Willard Co., Inc., against Julia A. Chase et al, Oct. 19, 1915....$33

WEST END AV, s e corner of 78th St; American Hardware Corp. against 78th St. & West End Av. Co., Inc., et al, May 17, 1915, (by bond)....$1,727.42

7TH AV, s w corner of 59th St; Hydraulic Press Brick Co. against Sol. Bloom et al, Jan. 6, 1915, (canceled)....$2,086.05

114TH ST, 417 West; Isidor Brodskin against Chas. H. Parmly et al, Oct. 23, 1915....$155

SAME PROPERTY; Gustav Neubeck against same, Nov. 8, 1915....$75.45

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,985 to 1,993; Emily F. Singer against Samuel J. Singer, Sr., et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Davis & Davis.

BOWERY, 266; New York Investors' Corp. against Josephine D. McLaughlin et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.

DUANE ST, 42; Union Trust Co. of New York against Madison Avenue Real Estate Co. et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Miller, King, Lane & Trafford.

GREENWICH ST, 398; Samuel Plotnick against Bernard Karp et al, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorneys, Goldfein & Weltfisch.

3D AV, w s, 76.8 ft s of 79th St, 25.6x100; Emma J. Cook against Matthew A. Kane et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. S. Cook.

8TH AV, n e corner of 36th St, 25x100; Edw. E. Eriksen against James R. Howlett et al, (partition;) attorney, W. A. Moore.

11TH AV., 672; Julia Bachrach et al against Samuel Freedman et al, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. J. Liebeskind.

30TH ST, 263 West; Tenement House Department against Daniel J. Faour et al, (violation of Tenement House Laws;) attorney, L. Hardy.

35TH ST, s s, 62 ft w of 8th Av, 38x74.1; Westchester Trust Co. et al against Valencia Realty Co. et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Remsen & Parsons.

39TH ST, 31 West; Tenement House Department against Daniel Levy et al, (violation of Tenement House Laws;) attorney, L. Hardy.

74TH ST, 10 West; National Savings Bank of the City of Albany against Mimie S. Banner et al, (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorney, C. I. Oliver.

120TH ST, 239 East; House of Mercy, New York, against Nicola Capozzolo et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Alexander & Green.

Bronx.

BRYANT AV, w s, 475 ft n of Seneca Av, 25x100; Martha C. Tiemann against John R. Cantlin et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Seibert, Paddock & Cochran.

ONEIDA AV, n e corner of 236th St, 125x200; John A. Bruckner et al. against Anthony Reale et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, O. E. Davis.

WEIHER COURT, 8; Lillie B. Lilienthal against Henry A. Stahl et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. Wechsler.

WEIHER COURT, 9; Lillie B. Lilienthal against Henry A. Stahl et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. Wechsler.

WEIHER COURT, 16; Lillie B. Lilienthal against Henry A. Stahl et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. Wechsler.

WEIHER COURT, 17; Beatrice S. B. Ziegel against Henry A. Stahl et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. Wechsler.

WEIHER COURT, 18; Beatrice S. B. Ziegel against Henry A. Stahl et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. Wechsler.

WEIHER COURT, 19; Beatrice S. B. Ziegel against Henry A. Stahl et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. Wechsler.

179TH ST, s s, 99.6 ft e of Webster Av, 18.5x100; Joaquin M. Aguero against Benjamin Gordon et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, King & Booth.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

WE HAVE FOR SALE

A Lovely Home

One-family brick house of 7 rooms, parquet floors, steam heat, tile bath, electric light, sewers, asphalted streets, shade trees, large veranda and back yard; 30 minutes from City Hall, New York, 5-cent fare, Brooklyn; price $5,750, on small payments running 20 years' time; must sell it; it is a bargain.
Alco Building Co., 60A Liberty St., N. Y., Room 65. Phone Cortlandt 7440.

$300—Old English—Down

Tapestry brick dwellings; all improvements; beautiful street; 2 minutes from Kings Highway sta. new Sea Beach Sub.; $5,000; rent-like terms; decorate to suit; special inducement to close out few remaining houses. Booklet upon request. OTTO SINGER, 248 Kings Highway.

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$17 MONTHLY

and small amount down buys my pretty 7-room cottage with modern improvements and nice garden plot; good neighborhood; 30 minutes out. Mrs. B. Paton, 5 Hanson Place, Brooklyn.

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SCARSDALE AND VICINITY
Residence Properties—Sale or Rent
Joseph Elsener, Scarsdale, New York

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Homes With Water Front.

We offer the best water front realty on the market, and at prices and terms which will enable you to own your home or invest in a home site. Don't confuse our development with fishing huts on meadow flats. Our property is highly improved with Boulevards, Streets and Avenues, sidewalks, curbed gutters, gas, electricity and water supply. Good train service; also trolley. A personal investigation will convince you; further particulars from BALDWIN HARBOR REALTY COMPANY, 243 West 34th St., N. Y. Telephone Greeley 1760.

UP-TO-DATE

Cozy 5-room bungalow with modern improvements, one block from water; private bathing beach; 40 minutes from Penna. Station; price $2,900; terms $250 down, balance $25 monthly; title guaranteed. Bungalow, Box 137 Times Downtown.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FACTORY FOR SALE
IN JERSEY CITY, N. J.

Located on desirable plot, containing about 1¾ acres, fronting on two streets and the Morris Canal.

Buildings are one, two, three and four story brick, iron and concrete, containing about 20,000 square feet of floor space; also frame office, stables, and wagon sheds, covering half of the land area, leaving more than half an acre for future development.

Full particulars, maps, diagrams, and photos furnished on request.
HUDSON REAL ESTATE CO.,
168 Ocean Av., Jersey City, N. J.

STOCK FARM OPPORTUNITY
75 Minutes New York.

136 acres of wonderously enriched land, watered by large stream; pretty lake. This farm is 100 per cent. in everything. Best fenced farm in State; posts set in concrete; $25,000 worth buildings, just like new. Beautiful residence 75 feet long. Thirteen large rooms, 2 extravagantly fine bathrooms, steam, light. Stock barns that will make your mouth water. Everything money could buy in equipment. All included, and also 30 head high-grade stock. Price $27,000. Worth double.
ALLABOUGH & SON 150 NASSAU ST., New York.

ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS
Ocean View plots at attractive prices. Fully restricted. Building Loans arranged.
NAVESINK PARK CO.,
280 Broadway, New York.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Light Offices at fair rents with good service included, $500 to $3000.

New Fireproof Twenty-Story Building facing Madison Square Park.

15-19 EAST 26TH STREET

LOFTS
247-253 W. 19TH St.
7,500 SQUARE FEET TO FLOOR.
NEW SUBWAY STATION, 18th St. & 7th Av.
Exceptionally fine light; well kept building; nice class of tenants; few lofts with all modern improvements; 100 per cent. sprinkler system; suitable any business.
Lease, Rent Reasonable.
Apply superintendent, on premises.
REVEL REALTY & SECURITIES CO., OWNER.
51 Chambers St., Phone 732—Worth.
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

STORES
TO LET
34TH ST.
COR. MADISON AVE.
ELEGANT LOCATION FOR
LADIES' LINES

CORNER STORE
With large light basement, suitable for Dressmaker, Milliner, Interior Decorator or Drug Store.
S. E. Cor. Madison Ave. and 53d St.
Apply Land Brokerage Co., 1 Madison Avenue, New York.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

The Sevillia
Apartment Hotel, 117 W. 58th St.
Furnished apartment of 2 rooms and bath; also one 3 rooms and bath.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

NON-HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS.
SPENCER ARMS
S. E. Cor. Broadway & 69th St.
2, 3 & 4 ROOMS
or larger combinations — maid service included, and meals served in apartments.
Every room with permanent outside light and large closet space.
Most convenient location in city.
☞ RENTAL, $70 to $125.
Chas. F. de Casanova, Agt., on premises, or your own broker.
Tel. Columbus 3996.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

Two New Buildings

Ready for Occupancy

"575 West End Avenue"
Southwest Corner 88th Street
7 Rooms, 3 Bath Rooms,
Doctor's Apartment

9 Rooms—Ground Floor Corner

"500 West End Avenue"
Corner 84th Street
Two Six-Room Apartments, 3 Bath Rooms

We have only one price for the apartments we manage.

MARK RAFALSKY & COMPANY
56 West 45th Street
Telephone Bryant 7848
Representatives on Premises

Unusual Opportunity
To Rent at an attractive price
These few remaining vacancies
5 Large Outside Rooms—
Very attractive
Rent $75 up.
Very attractive floor plan, all rooms facing outside; every possible convenience.
Modern High-Class Fireproof Building.
Prince Humbert
214-220 Cathedral Parkway,
(110th St.), near Broadway.
APPLY RESIDENT MANAGER.

THE ANICO,
1690-1696 B'way (cor. 53d)
Two, three, five rooms, extra large; high-class elevator building; parquet floors throughout; baths; $50, $70.

141 WEST 127TH ST.
Eight large, light Rooms, Bath; Elevator Service; all Modern Improvements; $55; Concessions.
Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street.
Telephone 1300 Riverside.

Netherland Apartments
340 West 86th St.
On a beautiful, wide, tree-lined street; convenient to Elevated and Subway.
High-Class Apartment House.
7-8 Rooms and 3 Baths
Rents Very Moderate.
Apply Superintendent on Premises.

THE ADRIAN,
58 West 72d.
Eight large, light rooms, bath; parquet floors, electric light; elevator service day and night; convenient subway, elevated, and surface lines. $1,100-$1,300. Inquire Superintendent.

THE AYLSMERE,
60 West 76th St.
Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath; 2 elevators; night and day passenger service; steam dryer; convenient all traction lines; $1,200-$1,500. Supt. on premises.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—Notice.—On October 28, 1915, a libel of information was filed in the above-named Court on behalf of the United States against thirty-four bags of chestnuts, upon a seizure thereof, setting forth the said seizure and praying the condemnation and forfeiture of the property seized to the use of the United States for violation of Food & Drugs Act, June 30, 1906, of the United States. Pursuant to the monition of said Court therein, I hereby notify all persons claiming said goods, wares and merchandise, or interested therein, to appear before said Court in the General Post Office Building, on November 15, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise the next day of jurisdiction thereafter,) at which time and place the process will be returnable, and the trial had, and to interpose their clams and allegations, or they will be defaulted and said property condemned.

October 28, 1915.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—Notice.—On October 28, 1915, a libel of information was filed in the above-named Court on behalf of the United States against sixteen bags of chestnuts, upon a seizure thereof, setting forth the said seizure and praying the condemnation and forfeiture of the property seized to the use of the United State for violation of Food & Drugs Act, June 30, 1906, of the United States. Pursuant to the monition of said Court therein, I hereby notify all persons claiming said goods, wares and merchandise, or interested therein, to appear before said Court in the General Post Office Building, on November 15, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise the next day of jurisdiction thereafter,) at which time and place the process will be returnable, and the trial had, and to interpose their claims and allegations, or they will be defaulted and said property condemned.

October 28, 1915.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—Notice.—On October 29, 1915, a libel of information was filed in the above-named Court on behalf of the United States against two hundred cases of tomato puree, upon a seizure thereof, setting forth the said seizure and praying the condemnation and forfeiture of the property seized to the use of the United States for violation of Food & Drugs Act, June 30, 1906, of the United States. Pursuant to the monition of said Court therein, I hereby notify all persons claiming said goods, wares and merchandise, or interested therein, to appear before said Court in the General Post Office Building, on November 15, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise the next day of jurisdiction thereafter,) at which time and place the process will be returnable, and the trial had, and to interpose their claims and allegations, or they will be defaulted and said property condemned.

October 29, 1915.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Notice.—I have arrested the following vessels and property upon libels filed in the actions named below, process returnable and causes to be heard in said court at 10:30 A. M. on the below named days in the United States Court and Post Office Building, New York City, and all persons interested must then present their claims or be defaulted and said vessels and property will be condemned and ordered sold:

Process returnable Monday, November 22, 1915, James Carruthers & Company, Ltd., vs. Bowring & Company and Steamship "Athanasios," her engines, &c., in a cause civil and maritime on contract, $75,000.
TRAVERS & SPENCE, Proctors for Libellant.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, S. D., N. Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

2 ROOMS, BATH, STEAM.
7 West 24th St. at Madison Square Park. Kitchenette arrangement. Service if desired. $40. Ring Enright's Bell.
GOODALE, PERRY & DWIGHT, Inc.,
Farr. 9494. 1133 B'way, at 26th.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

The ROCKFALL
Broadway at 111th St.
One Apartment,
7 Rooms and 2 Baths.
One Apartment,
8 Rooms and 3 Baths.
NEWLY DECORATED AND READY FOR IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY.
CHAS. E. HAMES, Resident Manager.

Princes Court
3920 Broadway
(164th St.)
Highest Point on Broadway.
Very handsome, sunny apartment. Inquire on premises, or
J. Romaine Brown Co.

New Buildings
533-9 West 150th St.
NEAR BROADWAY
4-5 ROOMS
RESTRICTED PRIVATE HOUSE BLOCK.
Moderate Rentals.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

New Buildings.
993 PARK AVE.
Cor. 84th St.
10 Rooms, 3 Baths..$2,800-$4,300

1,155 PARK AVE.
Cor. 92d St.
10 Rooms, 3 Baths..$2,700-$3,000
12 Rooms, 4 Baths..$3,000-$3,900
Larger or smaller suites can be arranged.
Apply on Premises or at the Office of
BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.
Tel., 6410—Bryant.

109-111 EAST 56TH ST.
Elevator Building.
135 EAST 56TH ST.
Large, light studio apartments of two rooms and bath. Rent, including room service, $540 to $720.
Apply to E. C. POILLON,
103 Park Av. Tel. 1850 Murray Hill.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—Notice.—On October 25, 1915, a libel of information was filed in the above-named Court on behalf of the United States against twenty-three bags of chestnuts, upon a seizure thereof, setting forth the said seizure and praying the condemnation and forfeiture of the property seized to the use of the United States for violation of Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906, of the United States. Pursuant to the monition of said Court therein, I hereby notify all persons claiming said goods, wares and merchandise, or interested therein, to appear before said Court in the General Post Office Building on November 15, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise the next day of jurisdiction thereafter,) at which time and place the process will be returnable, and the trial had, and to interpose their claims and allegations, or they will be defaulted and said property condemned.

October 25, 1915.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.
NOTICE.

On November 4, 1915, a libel of information was filed in the above named Court on behalf of the United States against five barrels of oysters upon a seizure thereof, setting forth the said seizure and praying the condemnation and forfeiture of the property seized to the use of the United States for violation of Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906, of the United States.

Pursuant to the monition of said Court therein, I hereby notify all persons claiming said goods, wares and merchandise or interested therein, to appear before said Court in the General Post Office Building, on November 22, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise the next day of jurisdiction thereafter), at which time and place the process will be returnable, and the trial had, and to interpose their claims and allegations, or they will be defaulted and said property condemned.

November 4, 1915.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.
NOTICE.

On November 4, 1915, a libel of information was filed in the above named Court on behalf of the United States against fifteen barrels of tomato catsup upon a seizure thereof, setting forth the said seizure and praying the condemnation and forfeiture of the property seized to the use of the United States for violation of Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906, of the United States.

Pursuant to the monition of said Court therein, I hereby notify all persons claiming said goods, wares and merchandise or interested therein, to appear before said Court in the General Post Office Building, on November 22, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise the next day of jurisdiction thereafter), at which time and place the process will be returnable, and the trial had, and to interpose their claims and allegations, or they will be defaulted and said property condemned.

November 4, 1915.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—Notice.—On October 28, 1915, a libel of information was filed in the above-named Court on behalf of the United States against four bags, each containing about 100 pounds of chestnuts, upon a seizure thereof, setting forth the said seizure and praying the condemnation and forfeiture of the property seized to the use of the United States for violation of Food & Drugs Act, June 30, 1906, of the United States. Pursuant to the monition of said Court therein, I hereby notify all persons claiming said goods, wares, and merchandise, or interested therein, to appear before said Court in the General Post Office Building on November 15, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise the next day of jurisdiction thereafter,) at which time and place the process will be returnable, and the trial had, and to interpose their claims and allegations, or they will be defaulted and said property condemned.

October 28, 1915.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

Mortgage Loans

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Want loan of $1,000 from private party on second mortgage for one year on house situated in Hackensack. Will pay 10 per cent bonus and 6 per cent interest. Address Loan, 605 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn.

Want $1,000 for six months. Will pay 10 per cent bonus and 6 per cent interest; also good or Brooklyn house as security. Address C. D., 605 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn.

$100,000 AT 4½ PER CENT. TO LOAN on well located properties.
JOHN FINCK, 198 BROADWAY.

Will buy 3d and 2d mortgages; money advanced on rents. De Leeuw, 15 Broad.

ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, 14 WALL ST.
MORTGAGE LOANS.

City Property

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Real Estate.

Clifford B. Harmon & Co., Real Estate, Vanderbilt Avenue Bldg., opposite Grand Central.

J. CLARENCE DAVIES,
Real Estate. 149th St. and 3d Ave.

JERE JOHNSON, JR., CO., AUCTIONEERS, 187 B'way, N. Y., 193 Montague St., B'klyn.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE.
Bargain, Washington Heights, private house, brick, 3-story and basement, 10 rooms, 1 bath; price $6,500. Kahn & Son, 54 John St.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Craftsman Homes in the heart of Flatbush; only $4,250; send for booklet. Otto Singer, on premises, East 18th St. and Av. K., Brooklyn. Avenue J station, Brighton Beach "L."

BROOKLYN—2,151 East 18th St.; brick house, rent $25; price $4,000, $250 down; 6 rooms; 5c. fare.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

WONDERFUL AT $3,000.
Detached; 6 rooms, bath; steam; $200 cash. Hepriee, 361 Fulton St., Jamaica.

City Houses to Let—Furnished.

House, 169 East 93d St., near Lexington Av.; 10 rooms, bath; hot and cold water on every floor; newly decorated; $55.

To Let For Business

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

WM. H. WHITING & CO., 41 PARK ROW. Business Property—Sale, Rental, Management.

FIFTH AVENUE Showroom, sublease. Ewing Bacon and Henry, 101 Park Av.

To sublet, third loft, 136 5th Av., including partitions.

Property Out of the City

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Want good farm; not rocks; have good income property and mortgages to exchange. Piquet, 354 Fulton St., Jamaica.

Real Estate Wanted.

MEDIUM sized house, Montclair or vicinity; suitable for four adults; within easy distance of depots and in good order. Advertiser offers in exchange a fine 25-foot, 4-story house near Central Park West. C. S., Room 1108, 156 5th Av., Manhattan.

To Let—Furnished.

For one year, completely furnished house, seven rooms, bath; all conveniences; near station; reasonable rent. Emerson, 52 Slocum Crescent, Forest Hills Gardens, L. I.

Wanted.

Suburban house, seven rooms with garage preferred; must be good condition and location; give full particulars. S 132 Times.

FORECLOSURE SALES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—THE GERMANIA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, plaintiff, against HENRY BENNETT and others, defendants.

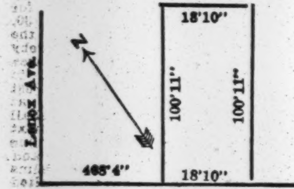
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 21st day of October, 1915, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 12th day of November, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the building thereon, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of One Hundred and Thirteenth Street, distant easterly four hundred and sixty-eight feet and four inches from the northeasterly corner of One Hundred and Thirteenth Street and Lenox (formerly Sixth Avenue; running thence northerly, parallel with Lenox Avenue, part of the way through a party wall, one hundred feet and eleven inches; thence easterly, parallel with One Hundred and Thirteenth Street, eighteen feet and ten inches; thence southerly, again parallel with Lenox Avenue, part of the way through another party wall, one hundred feet and eleven inches to the northerly side of One Hundred and Thirteenth Street, and thence westerly along the northerly side of One Hundred and Thirteenth Street, eighteen feet and ten inches to the point or place of beginning; said land lying in Section 6, Block 1597, on the Land Map of the City of New York.

Dated New York, October 21st, 1915.
POWELL CRICHTON, Referee.

DULON & ROE, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 41 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 41 West 113th Street.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $10,929.49, with interest thereon from the 20th day of October, 1915, together with costs and allowance amounting to $334.82, with interest from October 21st, 1915, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $241.40 and interest.

Dated New York, October 21st, 1915.
POWELL CRICHTON, Referee.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF New York.—ARTHUR H. LAMSON, Plaintiff, against AMELIA N. DUNLAP, individually and as executrix of the Last Will and Testament of Robert Dunlap, deceased; MINNIE DUNLAP BAKER, WILLIAM ALLEN DUNLAP, DAISY DUNLAP BRADSHAW, now known as DAISY DUNLAP THOMPSON; FANNIE LAWSON JOHNSTON, ROBERT DUNLAP LAMSON, MARION BAKER, now known as MARION BAKER DELAMETER; GEORGE CARLYLE BAKER, GORDON ABBOTT BAKER, JOHN ROBERT LAWSON JOHNSTON; ARTHUR H. LAMSON, individually and as sole executor and trustee under the will of Grace Dunlap Lamson, deceased, and LAVENDER AMELIA DUNLAP, Defendants.—Trial desired in New York County.

To the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the Plaintiff's Attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated the 18th day of June, 1915.
R. FLOYD CLARKE,
Plaintiff's Attorney, No. 37 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York.

To the defendants: William Allen Dunlap, Lavender Amelia Dunlap, Fannie Lawson Johnston, and John Robert Lawson Johnston:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Hon. MITCHELL L. ERLANGER, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 21st day of October, 1915, filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York.

Dated New York, October 21st, 1915.
R. FLOYD CLARKE,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office Address, 37 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

PRYER, CATHARINE JANE.—In pursuance of an order of Honorable Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Catharine Jane Pryer, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber at his place of transacting business, No. 113 Fulton Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the twenty-eighth day of February, 1916.

Dated, New York, the 19th day of August, 1915. CHARLES STEWART PHILLIPS, Executor.

Property Out of the City

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Chatsworth Heights, Larchmont Manor. 30 E. 42d St. Phone 7327 Murray Hill.

Hudson River.
KENNETH IVES & CO., Westchester, 7 E. 42.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

For Rent.—At New Hyde Park, L. I., 7-room house, electric lights, plumbing, screened porch, and sleeping porch; 34 minutes from New York; $20 per month; also other houses for rent at Mineola at reasonable prices. Mineola Homes Co., Inc., 358 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y.

If you are looking for a little house and large plot of ground, near station and trolley, churches, and stores, $675 for all, $50 down, $7 monthly, answer at once. B., Store, 5 Hanson Place, Brooklyn, opp. Flatbush Av., L. I. R. R. Depot. Open Sunday.

At Laurelton—30 minutes by frequent electric trains to Manhattan or Brooklyn; artistic homes for sale or to rent; reasonable prices. Purdy, 405 Lexington Av., Tel. 6307 Murray Hill.

ARCHITECT, Country Houses Exclusively. Rousseau Company 2 E. 23d St., N. Y. City.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

THE BANKING DEPARTMENT, STATE OF NEW YORK, offers to builders and prospective homeseekers a large number of vacant lots at Grantwood, Morsemere, Leonia, Ridgefield, and Teaneck, New Jersey, at prices which are less than one-half of former owners' prices; these properties must be sold quickly to close the business of two corporations; special inducements to contractors and builders who will purchase a large number of lots; for further particulars address Benj. D. Haight, Special Deputy Supt. of Banks, care Banking Dept., 61 Broadway, New York City.

RIVER EDGE—8-room house, 2 acres; Winter, $20; Summer, $25; convenient; improvements. HASBROUCK HEIGHTS, 46 Terrace Av., $10 five rooms, $5 three rooms. BROOKLYN, 2,151 East 18th St., brick house, rent $25; price $4,000, $250 down; 6 rooms; 5c. fare. Mortgage money, $2,000. Offices, $5. Ackerman, 187 Greenwich St.

Do you want a sure profit? Will sell you a finely located building lot, five minutes' walk from railroad station, at beautiful Fanwood, N. J., for $250. Easy terms if desired. Write or call for particulars. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, N. Y.

Builder forced to take eight-room house, all improvements, hot water heat, best section, will sell $4,250; value $5,500. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

FARMS, acre upward, hour out, for poultry, fruit, vegetables; $10 monthly. Write for pictures. Room 1701, 141 B'way.

We specialize in Bergen County real estate. Write for Booklet A. N. J. Title Ins. Co., Hackensack, N. J.

Bargain.—$8,500; easy terms; 10 rooms, 2 baths; 50 minutes to city. Box M 355 Times Downtown.

Woodcliff-on-Hudson.—Homes, modern improvements; little cash. Thomson, 330 33d St.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Property My Specialty. Harvey R. Linbarger, 197 North Av.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

East 53d.—Beautifully, completely furnished apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths; immediate possession; $350 month. Phone Murray Hill 8422.

Bachelor apartment or studio to sublet, gorgeously furnished; full hotel service; bargain. 35 East 27th.

Beautifully furnished 8-room apartment; East 65th St.; 4 months, longer, $250; immediate possession. Phone Murray Hill 5393.

West Side

We offer hotel conveniences at apartment house rates. You are invited to inspect our specially attractive apartments.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments,
$30, $40, $50, $60 UP MONTHLY.
Completely furnished, including dishes, silver, cooking utensils. Maid service optional. Every apartment has private bath and kitchenette. Concessions on lease and unfurnished. Near subway and "L." Must be seen to be appreciated. Phone Riverside 3970. 5th Av. bus line stops at our door.

98th St., 305-307 West.—Schuyler Arms Hotel, between Riverside and Broadway; strictly high-class house; beautifully furnished apartments; shower baths; 2, 3, 4, 5, and 8 rooms, with or without kitchen; all night elevator; telephone; bellboy; rents $15, $25, and $40 weekly, or $60, $75, and $175 monthly; immediate possession; restaurant in building. Phone 3964 River.

With 95 per cent. of all West Side furnished and unfurnished apartments to sublet in my files, five to nine rooms, $100 to $350 upward, many in new buildings, I can save you most of the unrewarded labor of Winter home-hunting. Phone, call, or write Wickliffe Gray, Specialist, 269 West 73d; Columbus 3974 and 2790.

70th, (near Broadway.)—Five bright, sunny rooms; a real home to sublet at sacrifice, $125. Frederick L. Hurt, 30 East 42d St. Murray Hill 5726.

85TH, 170 WEST.
7-room apartment, completely furnished; 2 rooms rented; electricity. Gedney. Schuyler 6821.

High class, furnished apartments, some in new houses, for the Winter season or longer; call for particulars, &c.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 W. 72d St.

Attractively furnished, sunny, seven rooms; elevator; piano. Apartment 6B, 243 West 98th.

GRANT COURT.
118th, 610 West, near Riverside Drive.—4, 5, 6 rooms; high-class apartment. Fisher.

Completely furnished 7-room apartment, near 96th subway; $120 month. Murray Hill 5392.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
4520 Murray Hill. 507 Fifth Av., (42d.)

Beautifully furnished apartment, 9 rooms, 3 baths; all outside; 9th floor; new building; near 96th. Murray Hill 8422.

High class; elevator; attractively furnished; seven rooms; reasonable. 305 West 97th. Kinnear.

Elegantly furnished 6 rooms, 2 baths; also 4 rooms. 225 West 80th.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
FREDERICK L. HURT, 30 East 42d, N. Y.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

Sublet high-class elevator, eight-room apartment, very light, at a substantial concession; located at 601 West 160th St. Inquire Clark. Phone Audubon 8148.

81st, 157 East, near Lexington.—Modern steam-heated apartment, 6 rooms, bath, $40.

FOR HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS,
A. L. Mordecai & Son, 30 East 42d St.

West Side.

827 CENTRAL PARK WEST, COR. 93D ST., ONE APARTMENT, CONSISTING OF 8 LARGE ROOMS; ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES; RENT, $1,200. SHARP & CO., BROADWAY AND 99TH ST.

Studios 2 West 16th St.
Rents, $22-$30.
See Resident Housekeeper or
Goodale, Perry & Dwight, Inc.,
Farr. 9494. 1,133 B'way, at 26th.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION.
21 West 8th St.
Three and four rooms, with bath, $35-$50 a month. Janitor, on premises.

Choice apartments, 4 rooms, modern improvements, refined neighborhood, two blocks west of Broadwey. Address 68 Seaman Ave., near 207th.

St. Nicholas Av., 430, (facing St. Nicholas Park.)—Seven large, light rooms; steam heat, modern plumbing; location first class; $30. Janitor.

Sublet, 6-room apartment; greatly reduced rent; must leave city. See Superintendent, 110 Morningside Drive, northwest corner 121st.

A very attractive 10-room modern apartment, at 128 West 59th, facing Central Park. Apply to janitor, on premises.

Grand Concourse Apartments.—See H. A. Douglas Co., 187th St. and Grand Concourse.

Apartments consisting of 2-10 rooms; best sections of city. Kempe, 87th, Broadway.

For apartments of from 5 to 10 rooms consult Paterno Bros., 601 West 115th St.

Carolyn Court, 414 West 121st St.; choice 3-4-5 rooms and bath; $480-$720.

56TH, 68 WEST.—2-3 rooms, bath; electricity; steam heat.

156th, 601 West.—Elevator apartments, 4, 6, 7, 8 rooms; $38 to $100.

Glen Cairn, 99th St., corner Riverside Drive, 8-9 rooms, 3 baths.

Brooklyn.

MOST EXCLUSIVE AND QUIET
APARTMENTS IN BROOKLYN,
UNFURNISHED.
2 Rooms and Kitchenette, $35.00
2 Rooms and Bath, 40.00
3 Rooms and Bath, 50.00
Steam and Hot Water all the time.
Electricity, Gas, and Service
included in rent.
Resident Manager on Premises.
POUCH MANSION,
345 Clinton Av.

Apartments Wanted

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Three or four rooms, all improvements, below 110th St., west side, or Columbia Heights, for three adults; not over $50; must be good location. S 112 Times.

Wanted—5, 6, or 7 room apartment, completely furnished, to June 1; prefer new building. Send full particulars to Box S 52 Times.

Fully furnished apartment, 6 rooms, 2 baths, for season; elevator and all improvements; first-class neighborhood. S 135 Times.

Wanted.—Bedroom, parlor, bath, furnished, between 8th and 72d, near 5th Av.; full particulars. Bachelor, 50 Times.

Unfurnished.

Two bachelors want two or three rooms and bath, maid service; location 70th to 96th, near Broadway; state price, particulars. Ahrens, 65 East 9th.

Four-room apartment, front; improvements; Harlem preferred. S 115 Times.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

5TH AV., 47.—Unusual location; double, single rooms; steam heat; private baths.

17TH, 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; excellent table. Stuyvesant 4275.

34TH, 117-119 EAST, (Near Park Av.)—Large and single rooms, with board.

45TH ST., 8 EAST.
Table board; rooms; references.

53D, 37 EAST.—Two rooms, private bath; also large room; references; table board.

63D, 30 EAST.—Single, double rooms; excellent table; parlor dining.

MADISON AV., 213.—Rooms, newly furnished; excellent table; references.

West Side

7TH AV., 2,053.—Attractive rooms; continuous hot water; steam; phone; home cooking.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms, well heated; unexcelled board; telephone.

43 WEST 47TH ST.
Attractively furnished rooms; first-class service; table unexcelled; every convenience; table guests.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—First-class rooms; private baths, electric light; references.

56TH, 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms in first-class boarding house; references.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private baths; excellent cooking and service; table guests.

58TH ST., 46 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; excellent table; parlor dining room; reference.

64TH, 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; running water; suitable one, two; moderate.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms, private baths; Southerners accommodated reasonable.

71ST, 120 WEST.—Single, double rooms, newly furnished; private baths; Hebrew social surroundings.

72D, 52 WEST.—Superior location and appointments; refined family desiring Winter home.

72D, 52 WEST. — Superior location and appointments; refined family desiring Winter home.

72D, 120 WEST.—Offers large rooms; private bath. M. Luez.

72D, 248 WEST, (The Greystone;) 'phone 1894 Columbus.—Furnished rooms; excellent table.

72D, 261 WEST.—Few rooms in refined home, with, without bath; excellent cuisine.

73D, 112 WEST.—Attractive, comfortable basement room, with board; reasonable; references.

73, 256 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large room; delicious home cooking; table guests.

76TH, 108 WEST.—Opportunity secure medium room; steam; first-class board; references.

76TH, 57 WEST.—Attractive rooms, adjoining bath; table guests. Tel. 9725 Schuyler.

77TH, 301 WEST, (Pension Luquelle.)—Superior accommodations, suite, south front room, bath; single; running water; unsurpassed table; electricity.

78TH, 121 WEST. — Elegant large, small rooms; electric light, baths; gentleman; private family.

78TH, 164 WEST.—Nicely furnished large room; excellent board; table board.

79TH, 114 and 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pensions," with large parlors, tea room, and lounge; steam heat; private telephones; booklet on request.

79TH, 128 WEST.—NEW ANNEX
to Norece Hall and Graycourt; references.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; electricity; good table; parlor dining.

82D, 19 WEST, (Kenilworth.)—Cozy rooms, refined home, parlor dining; table guests.

82D, 54 WEST.—Newly decorated room; excellent table; parlor dining room; references.

82D, 124 West, (Graycourt.)—New and attractively decorated; modern; table guests; booklet.

82D, 55 WEST.—Desirable, warm, medium-sized room; bath adjoining; suitable couple; reasonable.

82D ST., 68 WEST.—Double front room; also single sunny room, for man.

84TH, 47 WEST.—Handsomely furnished second-story room; private bath; excellent board.

85TH ST., 252 WEST.—Room with breakfast in luxurious apartment for gentleman; references required. Apt. 8C.

92D, 7 WEST.—Comfortable room; private family; breakfast, dinner, $10; gentlemen; references.

94th, 142 West.—Desirable rooms, double and single; excellent meals; table guests.

97TH, 230 WEST.—Handsome front room, superior table, refined house; couple, single. Chaurant.

102D, 253 WEST.—Two connecting rooms; private bath; handsomely furnished; Jewish house. Aarons.

102D, 216 WEST.—Light room, high-class apartment, private family. Apartment 7.

105TH, 76 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; mighty good "eats" at our house; right prices for the right people; references.

107TH, 322 WEST.—Unusual opportunity for bachelor or family to live in luxurious economy; three large rooms and bath; also single room; between Riverside and Broadway.

136TH, 607 WEST.—Nicely furnished room with board; Southern family; home comforts; reasonable; private; subway; references. Apply Leonard.

149TH, 544 WEST, (near Broadway subway.)—Nicest, healthiest section; the Audubon; bright, comfortable rooms; good meals and services; social surroundings; $8 up one, $15 up two. Tel. 2757 Audubon.

156TH, 553 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent table; steam heat.

ARE YOU LOOKING for a conveniently located, well furnished room in quiet street? Running water, steam heat, telephone; excellent table; music; reasonable. 544 West 113th.

COUPLE having beautiful home and automobile will take congenial couple to board; $25 per week; no other boarders; letters only. S 141 Times.

THE SECOR.
74th, 102 West.—Exceptional rooms; fine cuisine; moderate; table boarders.

WEST END AV., 279, (cor. 78d.)—Handsome private home; large room, second floor; also single room.

Board Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

WANTED—Nice room, with board, near downtown offices; state terms. S 137 Times.

Young woman wishes room and board; $12-$15 week. S 128 Times.

Country Board

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Winter engagements low; unexcelled home cooking; large porches; well-heated house; river view. W. E. Robinson. Phone 2161 Yonkers.

"Colonial," 7 N. Broadway, White Plains, N. Y.—All-year home; beautiful surroundings; select. Phone 687.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
45 North Arlington Av.,
East Orange, N. J.

"30 Minutes from Broadway."

Compare this with what you are paying and what you are getting for it—A parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with delicious meals, for $25 per week for two persons; exclusive and homelike; social conditions very pleasant. Take Lackawanna at Hoboken, hotel one block from East Orange station. Write for booklet. W. T. Reade, Prop.

Country Board Wanted

Thirty cents an agate line.

Board, (year round,) wanted with some extra attention by elderly gentleman; farm or country place on high ground desired; not too far from N. Y. City; must be moderate monthly rate; write fully. D., 1,047 Clay Ave., New York City.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

11TH, 10 EAST, (Near 5th Av.)—Pleasant large and small steam-heated rooms.

17TH, 130 EAST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms on bathroom floor; moderate.

23D, 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.)—Suite, two rooms and bath.

34TH ST., 46 EAST.—Elegant room; large closet, bath, electricity, telephone; $6.50.

51ST, (586 Lexington Av.)—Elegant, sunny rooms, private house; absolute cleanliness; all conveniences; breakfast; telephone; references.

85TH, 38 EAST, (Madison Av.)—Large, sunny corner front room; conveniences. Donough.

IRVING PLACE, 14. — Front rooms, box spring beds; tiled bathroom; absolute cleanliness.

MADISON AV., 220.—Furnished and unfurnished rooms; musical studios subrented by hour.

MADISON AV., 529.—Beautifully furnished rooms, with or without private bath; phone; electricity.

West Side

23D, 258 WEST.—Large room, private bath, $7; single, $3; steam heat; gentlemen. Cavanagh's.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Cmfortable, large, small rooms; running water, bath; $4.50-$7.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Floor 2 rooms, bath, single, en suite; exclusive; electricity; references; bachelors.

50TH, 212 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, with private bath; hot water, steam heat; 10 yards from subway; $3 and $6 up.

55TH, 341 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms with running water, home conveniences, telephone; references.

58TH, 23 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; electricity, telephone; excellent location; $10.

68TH, 71 WEST.—Charming, sunny, large room (or floor;) perfectly kept house; owner.

118 WEST 69TH STREET.
WEST HALL.
Large, sunny room, with private bath, suitable for two; also smaller room.

70TH, (2,030 Broadway.)—Beautiful room with lavatory, suitable for business gentlemen; Christian family; fifth floor east. 6314 Columbus.

70TH, 309 WEST.—Beautiful, large, sunny rooms, bath, telephone; private home; references.

70TH, 309 WEST.—First floor to rent; fine neighborhood; suitable doctor or dentist; close Subway, L; telephone. 8032 Columbus.

70TH, 137 WEST.—Large room, private bath; also small room; running water; phone.

71ST, 147 WEST.—CHEERFUL ROOM; LARGE CLOSETS; BREAKFAST.

71ST, 163 WEST.—Clean, attractive back and front parlor; suitable for professional.

71ST, 241 WEST.—Large, front room; near bath; private residence; electricity; subway; references.

73D, 118 WEST.—Large room; private bath; running water; exceptionally furnished; single room.

73D, 269 WEST.—Second floor; spacious, sunny, single, en suite, medium room, next bath.

73D, 242 WEST.—Large, second-floor room; in entirely new house; references.

73D, 175 WEST.—Large, light, cheerful room; also one small. Telephone Columbus 6986.

74TH, 8 WEST.—Beautifully furnished house for high-class gentlemen; improvements; board optional.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Homelike rooms; continuous hot water, with, without; private bath.

74TH, 254 WEST.—Well-furnished room; private house; references required.

75TH ST., 159 WEST.—Handsomely furnished single, en suite; electric lights; parquet floors; references.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Large room; private bath; southern exposure; other rooms; telephone; references.

76TH, 119 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room, adjoining bath; suitable two; telephone; references.

76TH, 158 WEST.—Attractive small and large rooms; private baths; electricity; private residence.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Sunny front rooms in exclusive neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone.

77TH, 158 WEST.—Attractive room, private bath, all conveniences; private house; references.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Attractive, pleasant rooms; all conveniences; references.

79TH, 204 WEST.—Front back parlor; gentleman or business couple. Robertson. Schuyler 3184.

79TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive small room, adjoining bath; near subway, "L."

79TH, 211 WEST.—Large, attractive room, bath; also small room for gentleman.

80TH, 104 WEST.—Large, attractive front room, private bath, steam, electricity, telephone; reference.

80TH ST., 136 WEST.—Back parlor, well furnished; other rooms; breakfast optional; references.

80TH ST., 114 WEST.—Large front parlor bedroom, studio or private use; telephone; references.

81ST, 265 WEST, (B'way.)—Sunny suite, running water; attractive, warm; new apartment. Pearson.

81ST ST., 8 WEST.—Double rooms, adjoining bath; electricity; steam; home comforts.

82D, 33 WEST. — Rent, beautifully large, small front room; newly furnished; references.

82D ST., 146 WEST.—THE BARRETT.
Rooms, furnished, unfurnished; elevator; table optional.

83D, 4 WEST.—Beautiful sunny room, bath connecting; electricity, telephone; private house.

83D, 22 WEST.—Large hallroom, bath same floor; gentleman.

85TH, 207 WEST.—Large room; immaculate bath; elevator; breakfast optional; $6. Sharples.

87TH, 158 WEST.—Two rooms; bath; private residence; all conveniences; gentlemen; references.

88TH, 335 WEST, (Droccam Hall.)—Exclusive bachelor dwellings; rooms, $5 to $12; Subway.

88TH, 173 WEST.—Exclusive house; medium rooms; running water; electricity; meals optional.

91ST, 21 WEST.—Clean, comfortable large room; also medium; private house; gentlemen; references.

91ST, 38 WEST.—Newly furnished house, sunny rooms, with baths; electricity; $10-$12.

91ST, 66 WEST.—Large alcove room, with dressing room; nicely furnished; reasonable.

94TH, 178 WEST.—Large front living room, bedroom adjoining; piano; electricity; bath; maid service; transits; one, two gentlemen. Garrett.

94TH, 55 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms; new furniture; twin beds; modern conveniences; private house.

94TH ST., 17 WEST.—Comfortable room in private home of owner; bath convenient.

94TH, 20 WEST.—Newly renovated, attractive rooms; conveniences; references.

95TH, 330 WEST.—Subway convenient; attractive, homelike; single, suites; elevator apartment; reasonable. Smith.

95TH, 316 WEST.—Private family; single room, bath adjoining; elevator. Apt. 41.

96TH, 231 WEST.—Bright, attractive, well-furnished room, facing Broadway; suitable one or two; at subway express; convenient theatre, restaurants; genteel surroundings. Apartment 3D.

97TH, 316 WEST, (Next Drive.)—Cozy, choice surroundings; subway; electricity; references; Apt. 1B.

97TH, 150 WEST.—Large and medium, sunny rooms; bath adjoining; telephone; owner.

97TH, 229 WEST.—Elegant large room; near subway express; all conveniences. Apt. 4D.

101ST, 16 WEST.—Attractive rooms; modern apartments; telephone; electricity; housekeeping; $2.50-$4. McNamara.

102D, 302 WEST.—Private house; Riverside Drive; nicely furnished room for gentlemen; telephone.

102D, 302 WEST.—Private house, Riverside Drive; nicely furnished room, bath; phone.

104TH 135 WEST. — Attractive southern rooms; electricity; board optional. Riverside 2935. Morse.

104TH, 240, (corner Broadway.)—Comfortably furnished, large, sunny, steam heated room, lavatory, bath; facing Broadway; suitable refined bachelor. Apply elevator boy.

105TH, 248 WEST, (Broadway.)—Pleasant room; running water; elevator apartment; private family. Phillips.

111TH, 605 WEST.—Beautiful parlor bedroom, river view; elevator apartment. Brunswick.

111TH, 521 WEST, (Apt. 2.)—Attractive room adjoining bath; private family; reasonable.

113TH, 541 WEST.—In beautiful apartment, large, light, single room; bath adjoining; every convenience; atmosphere of home life. Apt. 11.

114TH ST., 417 WEST.—Fifth-floor rooms, single, en suite; business woman; terms moderate.

118TH, 401 WEST, (corner Morningside Heights, near Columbia.) — South rooms, with lavatory; magnificent view; all transits; $6.

122D ST., (130 Claremont Av.)—Suite; overlooking Hudson and Park. Apt. 62.

123D, 27 WEST.—Three rooms and bath; steam, electricity, piano, phone; accommodate five. MacKenzie.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

TRUCKS TRUCKS
Can start you on profitable contract with 1, 3, or 5 ton truck. Contract provides for payment of truck on easy terms; only small cash investment required. See me at once.
E. F. TWYMAN,
427 West 42d Street,
'Phone Bryant 8530.

TRUCKS To be a bargain a truck,
TRUCKS though second hand, must
TRUCKS be serviceable and reliable
TRUCKS AND THE PRICE AT-
TRUCKS TRACTIVE. We sell no
TRUCKS other kind—all capacities
TRUCKS —easy terms.
A. C. WHITEFIELD—Used Car Dept.
Bryant 8530. 427 W. 42d St.

TRUCKS TRUCKS TRUCKS
Wanted—Contracts by day, week, month, or year. Will supply truck equipped with suitable body. Get our rates.
R. J. WILLOUGHBY,
183 West 87th Street.
Schuyler 5637.

LOCOMOBILES
1912—5 passenger, shaft drive—also 1910—4 passenger, chain drive. Both cars are in perfect condition.
Bishop, McCormick & Bishop, Inc.,
18 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dodge Brothers' Touring Car, perfect condition, driven less than 4,000 miles.
Bishop, McCormick & Bishop,
Distributors of Cole & Dodge Bros. Motor Cars.
18 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

TIMES SQUARE AUTO COMPANY.
World's largest dealers in autos and accessories. Write for our money-saving "Price Wrecker." Southwest corner 56th St. and Broadway, New York.

CADILLAC 1913.
Seven passenger touring; electric lighting and starting; fine condition throughout; must sell at once; make offer. Tel. 1015 Worth. Address S 138 Times.

Landaulette, Stearns Silent Knight; electric generator, Brewster green body, slip covers; ideal town car for shopping or physician. Dr. Lunenfeld, 904 Albemarle Road, Brooklyn.

Hupmobile, 1915, five-passenger touring, newly painted, seat covers, &c., same as new, sacrifice price. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,690 Broadway.

Stearns Knight two-passenger roadster; overhauled, and carries new car guarantee by F. B. Stearns Co., 417 West 55th St., phone 7600 Columbus.

PIERCE-ARROW (1914) TOURING, 48 H.P. FIAT (1915) LIMOUSINE TOWN CAR, 30. Turner, St. James Hotel. Phone 8247 Bryant.

Hupmobile, 1914, touring, electrical equipment, perfect condition, bargain. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,696 Broadway.

Elegant limousine Pierce-Arrow cars for sale or rent. Fentie, 127 E. 83d St. Phone 6078 Lenox.

Automobiles for Rent.

FOR HIRE.
Packard 6-cylinder, seven-passenger landaulet; also Pierce-Arrow, seven-passenger limousine; highest class service by day, week, or month; must be seen to be appreciated; reasonable rates. Hess Bros., 212 West 43d St. Tel. 3650 Bryant.

Automobiles to rent, five and seven passenger, touring or closed, $3 per hour; football game, flat rate, $27.50. Thoroughfare, Room 1,201, 220 West 42d St. Phone Bryant 963.

Renault landaulet, excellent condition; very reasonable. Plaza 3694, or Bernard, 118 East 66th St.

ELEGANT Packard limousine, landaulet, for hire; day, week, monthly. Christy, 1160 Schuyler.

Packard limousine cars for theatres and operas; rates very reasonable. O'Conner, Phone Circle 2177, 235 West 50th.

Packard, 7-passenger; $2.50 per hour, with chauffeur. 15 E. 30th. Tel. 886 Madison.

Beautiful Packard landaulet; hour, month; reasonable. Duane, 12 E. 85th. Lenox 8176.

Automobile Supplies.

Electric Starting—Lighting Systems. Installed. Repaired. Delco Specialists. Jesco Company, 245 W. 55th St. Circle 1558.

Automobile Instruction.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St. Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes.

Write about special course for owners; book free. Bedford Branch Y. M. C. A. Auto School, 1,121 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

West Side

124TH, 510 WEST.—Front room; elevator, electricity, shower; housekeeping. Weber.

130TH ST., 248 WEST.—Warm, comfortable rooms; gentlemen; $2.50, $4, $5; house attractive every way; refined family.

144TH, 600 WEST.—Medium; Hudson view; convenient location; elevator; also evenings. 4-B.

ALLERTON HOUSE for Bachelors, 302 West 22d St.—The comfort of home, the genial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new fireproof bldg.; roof garden; private showers, billiard room, library and lounge; no tipping; running water every room; single, $4 to $6 weekly; rooms for two, $3 to $3.50 weekly each.

BEAUTIFUL room, $5; also small one, $2.50. 128 West 103d.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, (66th St.)—Couple having charming apartment rent delightful outside room; private lavatory; excellent transportation. 7915 Columbus.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 106.—Delightful outside front rooms, overlooking Hudson; Park. Apt. 21.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 668, (144th.)—Attractive, comfortable outside room; eastern exposure. Apartment 35.

SOUTHEAST CORNER 118TH ST. AND ST. NICHOLAS AV. — Handsomely furnished rooms, with or without bath, from $6 to $10 per week; full hotel and elevator service; restaurant; very moderate priced.

SUNNY ROOM; private family; Central Park; opportunity learn English. Phone 4164 Riverside, Apartment 64.

WEST END AV., 844, (Near 76th.)—Pension Luquelle; superior accommodations; suites, baths; double, single rooms; electricity; board optional.

611 WEST END AV.
Rooms, single, en suite; private bath; electricity.

WEST END AV., 936.—Desirable room; modern, elevator; every convenience; reasonable. McNamee.

Unfurnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

40TH ST., 66 WEST.—Floor, 2 rooms, bath; single, en suite; exclusive; electricity; references; bachelors.

83D, 4 WEST.—3 beautiful rooms; connecting or single; all conveniences; private house; suitable for bachelors.

72d, 22 West.—Beautiful large, sunny room, extension bath, electricity, inlaid floor.

Rooms Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

INFIRM JEWISH lady wants room and board with family in elevator apartment above West Eightieth St. B 364 Times Downtown.

GENTLEMAN desires comfortable room and bath, or use of bath; give location and full particulars. S 130 Times.

WEST SIDE.—By young man, room with modern conveniences; references. B 361 Times Downtown.

GENTLEMAN would like comfortable furnished room facing Washington Square. S 131 Times.

Situations Wanted, Female

Fifteen cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER and typist; 5 years' double entry; quick at figures; neat, able, confident; $14; no agency. B 352 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, stenographer; excellent references; good penman; start at $7. S. W., 115 East Houston St. Tel. 8277 Orchard.

BOOKKEEPER.—Practical accountant; ten years' experience manufacturing corporation; modern methods. S 101 Times.

COOK, laundress; private family; steady; long references. Telephone Schuyler 7154. Wilson, 128 West 84th.

GOVERNESS or companion requires afternoon engagement. S 125 Times.

Situations Wanted, Female

Fifteen cents an agate line.

GOVERNESS.—Young woman, (22,) who has lived in Berlin 11 years; capable of teaching German, French, and music; speaks English. (S) F. E. B., 60 West 39th St. Tel. Greeley 5495.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Capable and refined young woman wishes position; highest reference. W., 941 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

LADY who has traveled extensively desires position administer to comfort of invalid; read, attend to correspondence, supervise household. Refinement. N 171 Times.

MAID to business lady; can sew and do plain cooking. S 127 Times.

NURSE, English graduate, wants position; best reference. Call or write Madame Louise, 533 Amsterdam Av.

NURSE to invalid or elderly lady; best references. Phone Riverside 3300, Apt. 6F, 9 to 12.

STENOGRAPHER.—TAKE AND TRANSCRIBE RAPID DICTATION NEATLY AND ACCURATELY; HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE; $8. MARGARET McINALL, STENOTYPE COMPANY, 220 WEST 42D ST. BRYANT 1318.

STENOGRAPHER. — Graduate of stenographic department and model office of Eastman School; one trial will demonstrate my ability and willingness to work; good references; will start at $7. Miss D., 36 West 123d St. Phone 518 Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, not afraid of hard work; transcribes accurately; willing; four years' experience; moderate salary. Ambitious, B 363 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—A No. 1; five years' experience; 25 years old; excellent business training; refined, Christian; $15. B 354 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; experienced, rapid, accurate, high school graduate; $10. Stenographer, 36 West 123d, Harlem 518.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner; business school graduate will work hard for advancement. Dorothy Wohlberg, 37 East 58th St. Phone 2994 Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years with one firm; "A" references; $15. B 360 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, typewriter; neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 311 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience, accurate, high school education; moderate salary. B 341 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and Assistant Bookkeeper.—Experienced, neat; good references; $9. B 313 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—(20;) 3 years' experience; reliable, willing; $10. B 362 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; 2 years' experience; $8. Alice, 129 Edgecombe Av.

VISITING GOVERNESS, French, Paris diploma, English, German, music, desires engagement; references. Mademoiselle, M 130 Times.

VISITING GOVERNESS, French, knowledge English, German; free afternoons; references. Efficient, 199 Times.

WAITRESS wants position, city, country; willing, obliging; reference. Engelbrecht, 25 Manhattan St.

WASHING.—Laundress wants family hamper washing at home; open-air drying; private house; references. Mrs. Reed, 862 E. 224th St.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

BERTHA CARLSON'S AGENCY, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th St., first-class servants. 9463 Riverside.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month, 107 West 133d. 6916 Morningside.

Help Wanted, Female

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

MAID, general housework. 805 St. Nicholas Av., Apartment 34.

STENOGRAPHER. — A young lady familiar with bookkeeping; must have had previous experience; $10 a week. Apply to Howard Rush, 150 Bleecker St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced in advertising or publishing work; give full qualifications; position offers real opportunity for advancement to right person. S 124 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; must be good speller, typist, punctuator; age 20-25; position permanent; $15 weekly. L 1 Times.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

TYPISTS, no stenographers, several good positions; must be rapid and accurate copyists; $8 to $12. Spanish and English stenographer for importing house, $75 to $100 monthly. Call between 9 and 1, National Employment Exchange, 30 Church St.

STENOGRAPHER, brokerage experience, exceptional opportunity; $15 to $18; call immediately. Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, $15; stenographer, $10; office assistants. Owens Agency, 108 Fulton St.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL,
542 Fifth Ave., (at 45th St.) The originators of secretarial training in America, college professors, assisted by practical business men. Approved by universities, &c. Private tuition. Positions for efficients. Prof. Meagher, M. A., (Lond.,) Headmaster.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR
TRAINING SECRETARIES AT
a reliable school. Registered and
inspected by the Regents of the State
of New York. Individual instruction.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Known
throughout the country for thorough work.

A.—A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course of individual instruction; students on probation; graduates registered. Aeolian Hall, 35 West 42d St.
V. M. WHEAT, Director.

Situations Wanted, Male

Fifteen cents an agate line.

ASSISTANT, (24,) refined, college education, experienced office details, bookkeeping, seeks opportunity proving ability to reliable concern. S 121 Times.

ASSISTANT, 23; experienced in secretarial duties, accounting, &c.; would travel. N 123 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.
American, 31, broad experience in manufacturing and wholesale lines, competent to assume full charge, understands controlling accounts, financial statements, trial balances, payrolls, credits, collections and correspondence, modern methods, highest credentials from certified public accountants, desires permanent situation; salary $22 to $25; bond. Address "Reliable," 77 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, (23;) thoroughly experienced bookkeeper, correspondent; knowledge of cost accounting, advertising, illustrating, confidential duties, &c.; unquestionable references. E. H. W., 460 46th St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, (20,) experienced, wants clerical position with advancement; knows typewriting; can operate switchboard; excellent references; moderate salary. B 335 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 25; double-entry, controlling accounts; 8 years' experience in large concern; full charge; best references. B 357 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Office Manager, Correspondent, Stenographer.—(23;) experienced, versatile; unquestionable references. B 351 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER of the highest grade, able office man and correspondent; also stenographer; salary $25; Efficient, Z 306 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, typewriter, beginner; high school education; salary $6. Bookkeeper, 311 East B'way.

BUTLER.—Englishman wishes position as butler, valet, or visiting valet; 6 years' reference. H. R., care Steele, 302 West 54th.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, married, desires position, city or country; honest, sober, reliable; willing assist around house; best references. T. H., 684 Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic, age 26, white; shop experience; own repairs; expert driver; best references; employer laying up car; wishes position city or country. Decle, 353 West 121st. Phone Morningside 6195.

CHAUFFEUR-MACHINIST wants employment; Y. M. C. A. diploma. Address W. H. Blum, 198 Teaneck Road, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; English; wishes position with private family; any car; 12 years' experience; age 28; references. Niven, 2,684 Broadway.

CHAUFFEUR, single, long experienced, Japanese, seeks permanent position; absolutely sober, reliable; best references. Kame, 205 East 60th St.

CHAUFFEUR, 32, expert driver, mechanic, 10 years' experience; best references; high-class cars only. Rossit, 448 West 163d St.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position with private family; references. E. Winkler, Springfield Gardens, L. I.

CORRESPONDENT.—Age 27; college training; has conducted correspondence seven years one concern; seeks position of importance. S 109 Times.

COST MAN, EFFICIENT EXECUTIVE AND SYSTEMATIZER; THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; SALARY REASONABLE. N 174 TIMES.

ESTIMATOR, &c. — Young man, ten years' practical experience building construction, desires position with contractor as estimator or Superintendent. N 169 Times.

HORSEMEN, ATTENTION!—Young man, experienced in caring, driving, and riding horses, wishes position, city or country; best references. Box 19, 324 Rockaway Av., Bklyn.

Situations Wanted, Male

Fifteen cents an agate line.

LAWYER.—Young American college graduate seeks connection; experience; references; moderate. B 356 Times Downtown.

MARRIED MAN, formerly in silk business, seeks position any line. B 358 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER for position in industrial plant, assistant superintendent or otherwise; 8 years' shop experience, 4 of which special on efficiency work. Z 325 Times Annex.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young man, (25 years,) experienced as general office assistant and cashier, able to furnish bond, seeks position with future; salary secondary importance. N 119 Times.

SALES MANAGER.—Salesman open for proposition, salary and commission, with manufacturer or distributer; automobile specialties preferred; a producer for a big job. N 158 Times.

SALESMAN.—Clean, aggressive man, 23 years old; six years' selling and clerical experience; furnish best of references. S 122 Times.

SECRETARY, &c.—Young man, 29, first-class character and appearance, speaks English and German, extensive traveling experience, wants position as private secretary or traveling companion. C. Schulte, 280 19th, Milwaukee, Wis.

SECRETARY.
Alert, discreet, dependable; valuable assistant to executive; American; 28; highest references; $1,500. H. M. Schoonmaker, 194 Maple St., Brooklyn.

SECRETARY. — Married man, (27,) competent, ten years' experience; references; bookkeeping. B 332 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, 24; thoroughly experienced; excellent knowledge of accounting; highest credentials. N 122 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—TAKE RAPID DICTATION; NEAT, ACCURATE TYPIST; EXPERIENCED, GOOD WORKER; $10. HARRY LARSON, STENOTYPE COMPANY, 220 WEST 42D ST. BRYANT 1319.

SUPERINTENDENT for apartment; gentlemanly, practical; take full charge of help, repairs, renting, &c.; references; moderate salary. S 140 Times.

TYPIST.—Experienced typist desires work; accurate in copying from rough draft; able to revise manuscripts; moderate salary. S 142 Times.

VALET would care for elderly gentleman; can give massage and shave. Address Valet, 151 East 41st.

VALET and companion for bachelor or lone man; best references; temperate, reliable, confidential, genial. Z 324 Times Annex.

WASHER, experienced man, in private garage. Smith, 227 East 83d.

YOUNG MAN, (28,) desires to represent established house in Philadelphia; experienced upholstery and dry goods; 10 years with Philadelphia house; excellent references. B 316 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (24,) executive business ability, experience; salesman, stock, shipping, anything. David H. Rose, 443 East 78th.

YOUNG INTERPRETER of continental languages wishes to travel with respectible people. A. Deutsch, 145 East 56th St.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

ADVERTISING copy writer in agency; familiar with retail store ads. Apply Room 1445, 33 West 42d, 11 A. M.

ASSISTANT wanted to sales manager of an electrical line, capable of answering correspondence and handling house customers; in answering, state experience and salary desired. B 353 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, competent to take entire charge of books of large institution; salary $15 up; state age, experience, references, religion. L 16 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; expert accountant, with commission house experience; state experience, references, and salary expected. S 129 Times.

BOY wanted in office of dry goods commission house; only those living with parents, and wishing to learn the business need apply; salary, to start, $4. answer, in own handwriting. L 12 Times.

BOY wanted for office work; must be high school graduate; knowledge of shorthand desirable. Address, giving details of previous experience, if any, and references. Address P. O. Box 1,266.

BOY of 16 on daily trade newspaper; opportunity. Write R. Orr, P. O. Box 30, Station D.

CHEMIST AND INK MAKER for printing and lithographic; must be reliable and competent to take charge of factory. Rodgers, 206 East 19th St.

DRAUGHTSMAN, experienced on tool and jig fixtures. Apply to Mergenthaler Linotype Co., 24 Ryerson St., Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMEN.—A FEW DESIGNERS AND DETAILERS FOR SWITCHBOARD DRAFTING. BOX Z 319 TIMES ANNEX.

FRUIT SALESMAN for large retail store serving high-class trade; only thoroughly experienced man, with A1 references, will be considered; salary. S 133 Times.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF
A YOUNG MAN FOR THEIR
JEWELRY REPAIR DEPARTMENT.
MUST BE ABLE TO UNDERSTAND
THE ESTIMATING OF JEWELRY
AND WATCH REPAIRS.
Apply at Employment Office, 5th Floor,
32d St. Side.

GUARDS
WANTED; EX-SOLDIERS AND MARINES FOR GUARD DUTY; NO STRIKE; ONLY THOSE WITH EXCELLENT DISCHARGE APPLY. S 136 TIMES.

JUNIOR CLERK; experienced stenographer and bookkeeper; $8 to start. Apply Duplex, 245 West 55th, Thursday morning.

LABORATORY work; two men, 20 to 30 years of age, to work in technical laboratory in city; experience unnecesary; common school education desirable; $9 per week to start, non-union men only; not satisfactory position for college man; state age, nationality, education, and previous experience. L 2 Times.

MANAGER.—First-class experienced clothing salesman to manage branch clothing store in Pennsylvania. Apply at once to William G. Kelly, 147 Fourth Avenue, (Room 219.)

MESSENGER.—For office and messenger work, a bright young man wanted, 17 or 18 years of age; good opportunity. D 226 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.—Must be neat and respectful; state age, race, schooling, and salary expected. D 227 Times Downtown.

OIL SALESMAN. — Bronx motor truck trade; permanent; commission; opportunity for right man. Call A. M., Room 516, 136 Liberty.

PRIVATE SECRETARY for American commercial Attache in Petrograd, Russia; no applicant considered unless American citizen possessing thorough knowledge of the Russian language, stenography, and typewriting; best of references required. State education and knowledge of foreign languages; salary $1,500 per annum and traveling expenses; appointment subject to examination. Address Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Washington, D. C.

REAL ESTATE SALESMEN
to sell and organize a force of salesmen to market the best real estate investment on Long Island; commission; great opportunity for right man who can qualify in all respects. Address Salesman, 189 Times.

SALESMAN.—A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY IS OFFERED A GENTLEMAN OF SOCIAL STANDING TO REPRESENT IMPORTED CIGAR HOUSE AMONG HIGH CLASS SMOKERS AND CLUBS; FUTURE GUARANTEED TO RIGHT MAN; SALARY. L 11 TIMES.

SALESMEN.—Energetic young men of neat appearance to sell an advertised line of inks and adhesives to offices in the city; must not object to traveling; permanent connection to men of ability; write stating experienee, age, whether married or single; salary and commission. D 228 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced, to sell high-grade novelty to advertisers, gift shops and novelty stores. Those not familiar with this class of trade need not apply; state experience; reference required; liberal commission and territory to right man. S 134 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced stationery salesman wanted to solicit in Buffalo and surrounding towns; salary and commission. Address Opportunity, Z 309 Times Annex.

SALESMAN wanted by domestic lace and embroidery concern; must be well acquainted among manufacturers and jobbers; salary and commission. S 123 Times.

SALESMAN to carry as a side line on a commission basis 20 numbers of a well-known brand of children's tailored dresses. L 8 Times.

SALESMAN.—Out-of-town resident salesman on commossion on children's ready-to-wear hats for boys and girls. Fishbein & Kaplan, 66 East 8th St.

SOLICITORS.—Young men to solicit subscriptions for a financial publication in New York City on a liberal commission basis. Z 315 Times Annex.

TYPIST.—Experienced in advertising work; state full qualifications; position offers advancement to capable person. S 139 Times.

Lost and Found

Forty-five cents an agate line.
Count six words to a line.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LOST—Wednesday, Nov. 3, between 2 East 56th St. and Morris Plains, on the D., L. & W. Railroad, a platinum and diamond bracelet watch; liberal reward; no questions asked. Return to E. M. Gattle & Co., 630 5th Av.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, platinum setting, Wednesday, going from Hotel Belmont to Bonwit Teller's, Franklin Simon's, B. Altman's to Eltinge Theatre; $50 reward. Cashier, Hotel Belmont, 42d and Park Av.

LOST—On Long Island Railroad, between Flatbush Av. and Roslyn, silver cigarette box, trophy from Whitemarsh Hunt. Reward if returned. A. L. Kramer, 37 Wall St.

LOST—Three-stone ring, two diamonds and sapphire, in fancy carved setting. Liberal reward if returned to A. L. Biedler, 97 Cedar St. Telephone Rector 2706.

LOST.—Persian lamb pillow muff, between Washington and Park Place and Flatbush and Pacific; reward. 409 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

LOST.—Between Yonkers and Tarrytown, sabel boa, Wednesday afternoon, between 3 and 4 o'clock; reward given. 24 Riverside Drive.

LOST—One barpin of eleven pearls. Return to George Ogle, Prince George Hotel, receive very liberal reward.

LOST—Moleskin muff, en route White Plains to New York; reward. Communicate Miss Calkin, 31 Green Ridge Av., White Plains.

LOST—JEWEL FRATERNITY PIN, LETTERS "S. A. E." L 7 TIMES.

LOST.—A diamond horseshoe pin; liberal reward, no questions asked. 69 East 55th St.

LOST—Certificate of Naturalization 399,849. Adolf Frey, 28 Lewis St.

LOST — Platinum and diamond bowknot brooch, Nov. 10; reward. 36 West 75th St.

LOST.—Chicago, M. & St. P. R. R. cv. 4½ bond, M33121. Eisele & King, Newark, N. J.

LIBERAL REWARD.—Lost, Oct. 31, diamond horseshoe pin, between 73 Hamilton Terrace and 141st St. Return 73 Hamilton Terrace, Apartment 42.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Av. A and 24th St., where owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons desiring to secure pets should also apply. The Society conducts a free hospital for animals at the same address.

Public Notices

Forty-five cents an agate line.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PERSONS concerned that the undersigned will not be responsible for any debts contracted in his name by his wife, or any one else, unless upon written and signed order.
ROBERT T. WHITE.
616 Broadway and Crestwood, N. Y.

C. H. W.—Respect decision, only give whereabouts. Everything unalterable. P. B., S 148 Times.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR debts or promises made by persons other than myself. JOSEPH F. DESMOND.

Business Opportunities

Forty-five cents an agate line.

First-class house, just arrived from Paris, obliged to return very soon, offers to sell models of afternoon and evening dresses to firm handling work rooms, where orders could be executed by herself during a few days. She would consider any propositions from high-class business. Apply immediate. "Suzanne," Brevoort Hotel, Fifth Avenue.

Partner in high-class suburban development; selling value exceeds million dollars; large profits; man or woman who can invest $5,000 to $10,000 can be strongly secured against loss and can be guaranteed return of money in two years; principals only.
A 12 Times Annex.

WILL BUY
FOR SPOT CASH
manufacturer's surplus stocks, odd lots, or discontinued lines; no junk; no brokers; thoroughly responsible private individual; all business strictly confidential. Give all details in first letter. A 349 Times Downtown.

Wanted—A partner for a good live store down South carrying full line of general merchandise. Will require an investment of $5,000 to $10,000. A hustler could clear from $15,000 to $20,000 a year in the store. Address A. Wolff, 84 5th Av., New York.

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BILLING MACHINES
AT LOW PRICES.

Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, have a number of Elliott-Fisher Billing Machines, with platens, all in good condition, recently rebuilt, which they will sell at a very low price.

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SUITS, OVERCOATS, &c., $12.
$1 DOWN, $1 WEEKLY.
MEN'S CLOTHES ON CREDIT.
READY MADE—MADE TO ORDER.
Special—Full Dress Suits—Weekly Payments.
HAMILTON-MARTIN & CO., Tailors.
171 Broadway. Enter 5 Cortlandt St.

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Baby grand mahogany piano in good condition; reasonable. S 117 Times.

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Twenty-five cents an agate line.

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THE RIGHT MAN
FOR THE RIGHT PLACE
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ETHEL BARRYMORE in the New Comedy, OUR MRS. McCHESNEY.

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Matinees Tomorrow and Wednesday 2:15.
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SEATS SELLING 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

After the Play Visit Danse de Follies.
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Atop New Amsterdam Theatre.

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HARRIS West 42d St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Tom'w. & Wed. at 2:15.
ROLLING STONES

FULTON West 46th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20 Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:20.
ARNOLD DALY in "THE ANGEL IN THE HOUSE"

ELTINGE West 42d St. Eves. at 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:15.
"FAIR AND WARMER"
A Farce for Laugh-Lovers by Avery Hopwood.

THE BIRTH OF A NATION
LIBERTY WEST 42D ST. At 2:15 & 8:15.
TWICE DAILY, INCL. SUNS.
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Ev. & Sat. Mat. 25-50-75-$1-$2 Other Mats. 25c, 50c & $1.00

LONGACRE THEATRE, W. 48th St. Phone 23 Bryant.
FIRST MATINEE TOMORROW
SOLD OUT
LAST NIGHT
LEO
Ditrichstein
in the Romantic Comedy,
"The Great Lover"
Has scored the Greatest Hit of His Artistic Career

CANDLER West 42d St. BRYANT 6344. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:15.
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Orch., $2, $1.50. 500 Seats 1st Balc., 50c, 75c, $1.

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Preliminary Fall Series
5 Sun. Evs. 8:30. 5 Mon. Mats. at 8.
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COURSE SALE $2.50, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00 NOW

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Tea 4 to 6, Wed. and Sat. World Champion Ice Skaters Adm. free to table d'hote dinner, $1.50, and à la carte, 6 to 9. Skating at Tea, Dinner and Supper.
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Special Literary Matinee Friday | "MADEMOISELLE DE LA SEIGLIERE."

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"A Janitor's Wife's Temptation," Willard Mack in "Alaho Oe," Raymond Hitchcock in "The Village Scandal," and Lillian Gish in "The Lily and the Rose." Mats. at 2. Eves. at 8. Prices: Daily Mats., 25c and 50c. Evenings, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1, and $2.
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GARDEN THEATRE, 27th St. and Madison Av. 'Phone 906 Greeley.
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Hotels, Restaurants, and Dancing Advertisements, Page 12.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Opening Night, Mon., Nov. 15, at 8. Samson et Dalila, Matzenauer; Caruso, Amato, Rothier. Cond., Polacco.
Wed. at 8, Boris Godunow. Ober, Delaunois; Didur, Althouse, Rothier, Segurola. Cond., Polacco.
Thurs. at 7:45. Goetterdaemmerung. Kurt, Matzenauer, Heinrich (debut); Urlus, Braun, Weil. Cond., Bodanzky (debut).
Fri. at 8:15, Boheme. Alda, Cajatti (debut); Caruso, Scotti. Cond., Bavagnoli (debut).
Sat. Mat. at 2, Rosenkavalier. Ober, Hempel, Mason (debut); Goritz, Weil, Althouse, Reiss. Cond., Bodanzky.
Sat. at 8 (75c to $3), Aida. Rappold, Matzenauer; Martinelli, Amato, Scott. Cond., Bavagnoli.
Thanksgiving Day, Nov. 25, **PARSIFAL** Special Mat. at 1.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Tues. Evg., Nov. 16, at 8, Il Trovatore. Rappold, Ober; Martinelli, Amato, Rothier. Cond., Polacco. Seats Now On Sale.
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Colored Views and Motion Pictures by Mr. Elmendorf.
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SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.
JOSEF STRANSKY, CONDUCTOR.
This Afternoon at 2:30, CARNEGIE HALL
To-night at 8:15, & To-morrow (Fri.) Aft. at 2:30.
PABLO **CASALS** 'Cellist.
MOZART, Symphony in G minor; HAYDN, Concerto in D major for violoncello and Orchestra; BEETHOVEN, Symphony No. 3, "Eroica."
Supplementary Subscription Sale for All Series.
FIRST SUNDAY AFT. CONCERT Nov. 14. Programme devoted entirely to ORCHESTRAL MUSIC, including DVORAK, 4th Symphony; WAGNER, "Siegfried Idyll"; LISZT, "Tasso," etc.
Box Office, Carnegie Hall, open daily, 9 to 5.

AEOLIAN HALL, TONIGHT at 8:15.
Piano Recital **WILLIAM ENDERLIN**

AEOLIAN HALL, TOMORROW NIGHT at 8:15.
Piano Recital **HUNTER WELSH**

AEOLIAN HALL, SUN. AFT., NOV. 14, at 3.
ONLY SONG RECITAL THIS SEASON
EVAN WILLIAMS

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CARNEGIE HALL, TUES. AFT., NOV. 16, at 3.
Only Piano Recital This Season—FANNIE
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STEINWAY PIANO USED.

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Mat. Sat., 25 & 50c. "A Pair of Sixes"
Next Week—Mme. Petrova in "The Revolt."

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Next Week..........."DAMAGED GOODS"

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RECITAL
TODAY
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12
3 P.M.
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10 Musical Comedies in One—1000 People
SOUSA and His BAND
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ALL NOVELTY PROGRAM, "HIP" STARS and Features. Entire Ensemble of 300.

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MAD. SQ. GARDEN NOV. 15th-20th
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PRINCESS 39th St., E. of Broadway. Continuous noon to 11 P. M.
BEGINNING TO-MORROW AT NOON,
GERALDINE FARRAR
in the Photoplay of
"CARMEN"
PRICES 25c & 50c.

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Carnegie Hall, Wed., Nov. 17, at 3.
Piano Recital. Seats now 50c to $2.
Mgt. Max Elser, Jr. Steinway Piano.

GODOWSKY
Carnegie Hall, To-morrow (Sat.) Aft. at 3.
ALL CHOPIN PROGRAM
Popular Prices, 50 cts. to $1.50., on sale at Box Office. Management R. E. Johnston. Knabe Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL, Friday Evg., Nov. 19, at 8:15. | VIOLIN RECITAL.
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AEOLIAN HALL, Sat. Aft., Nov. 13, at 3.
Beethoven RECITAL by OSSIP **Gabrilowitsch**
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano

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CARNEGIE HALL, Sun. Aft., Nov. 21, at 3.
SECOND CONCERT **JOHN McCormack**
TICKETS NOW AT BOX OFFICE.

OPERA TICKETS PHONE 4188 Greeley
Subscriptions bought, sold and exchanged. Jacobs' Theatre Ticket Office, Normandie Hotel, Broadway & 38th St.
Yale vs. Princeton Football Tickets.

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Evg., Nov. 16, at 8:15.
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Aeolian Hall, Mon. Aft., Nov. 15, at 3.
SONG RECITAL by CAROLINE **HUDSON-ALEXANDER**
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Steinway Piano.

FOR SALE.—Metropolitan Opera, Thursdays, two excellent aisle seats for season. Apply Supt., 500 Madison Ave.

PATERSON UNMOVED BY FREE-TALK FIGHT

Prominent New York Women Fail to Attend Meeting of Protest on Behalf of Miss Flynn.

SHE IS BARRED FROM HALL

Detective Catches Woman Agitator Changing Her Hat and Gives Warning.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 11.—The little band of men and women agitators and disciples of free speech who came here tonight from New York to prove to the officials of Paterson that they didn't have the power to prevent Elizabeth Gurley Flynn from making an address to the "working classes" met with another disappointment and went away, after two hours of excitement without having accomplished their purpose. To begin with, Miss Flynn didn't deliver her address—twenty-five patrolmen and detectives saw to that—and while she succeeded in creating some excitement outside of the Auditorium in Ellison Street Patersonites didn't go wild over her appearance. She was forced to stay on the sidewalk in front of the building, flanked on every side by men whom her supporters referred to bitingly as "bulls."

For a meeting which, it had been predicted, would end in a riot if Miss Flynn was not allowed to enter the hall, the affair passed over very quietly. Probably not more than 2,000 persons in Paterson showed any interest in it at all. Of that number, 1,200 crowded into the hall to hear other speakers who were allowed to talk to their hearts' content. The others hung about in front of the building, but none of them offered to jeer the police with any great enthusiasm.

Altogether it was somewhat disappointing to those who had expected a great hubbub, although there was a good deal of comedy interjected into the affair. Another disappointing feature to the followers of Miss Flynn was the fact that at least three-fourths of the number of prominent men and women who, it was said, had promised to attend were conspicuous by their absence.

The ones who did make the trip to back up Miss Flynn in her demand for free speech were, in the main, the men and women, such as Leonard Abbott, Carlo Tresca, Henrietta Rodman, Mrs. Robert Bruere, Mrs. Marion Cothren, and a dozen others who have been heard from before as agitators. Various excuses were made for the non-appearance of scores of others whose names had been given out in advance notices of the meeting. Some were sick, some had other engagements. At any rate, they didn't show up in Paterson. Among the absentees was Mrs. J. Sergeant Cram, whose intention to attend the meeting had been heralded widely.

By 8 o'clock, when the meeting was scheduled to begin, there were 500 men and women in the hall, and perhaps fifty outside the building. It seemed as if there were as many detectives as spectators in the street, and the Paterson officials evidently took the affair more seriously than most of the residents, for they had detectives watching all the trains and trolley lines as well.

When the 8:08 o'clock train on the Erie pulled into the station, Tresca, Abbott, and half a dozen others got off, and it was explained that the others had missed the train and would be along later. With Tresca and Abbott was Dr. Marie D. Equi of Portland, Ore., who has been in jail there twice, she explained, for her activities, and came here to see that justice was done in New Jersey.

Tresca was barred from the hall by the detectives, and Abbott, perhaps out of good fellowship, walked the streets with him instead of going in to take part in the proceedings. At that time it looked very gloomy for any serious trouble, and Tresca and Abbott were obviously disappointed. But they explained that Elizabeth—meaning Miss Flynn—who had been in Washington, D. C., pleading for the life of Joe Hillstrom, would surely get there and try to speak.

And, sure enough, she did just as everybody was beginning to get discouraged and even the detectives headed by Captain Tracy, who was in charge because Chief Bimson, Miss Flynn's very bitterest enemy, had a sore toe, were looking a bit hopeful. The little band wound its way up the street from the railroad station followed by a hundred curious persons.

The real clash came then, and that was when what some referred to as the comedy was introduced. The marchers headed straight for the door of the auditorium and Captain Tracy did his duty.

"Miss Flynn," he said, stretching forth his arm, "you can't go in. Everybody can go in except Miss Flynn, Tresca, Joe Etter, and Giovinitti. They made enough trouble for us two years ago and we know them. Now that's all. I've had my orders from the Mayor and the Chief of Police and they go."

But it wasn't all. There were cries for Miss Carpenter. Others shouted "Mrs. Cothren, Mrs. Cothren."

A detective saw that Miss Flynn was changing her hat with another woman, and, some said, trying to slip into another coat.

"Hey, that don't go!" he said. "We know you. Oh, I say, Cap, she's changed her hat. Did you get that?"

By this time Mrs. Cothren, who had entered the hall, came bouncing out again and demanded information.

"So you're preventing her from coming in without a warrant, are you?" she hissed at Captain Tracy.

Mrs. Cothren is a very pretty woman, and Captain Tracy, looking at her, hesitated in his reply.

"Yes, ma'am," he replied rather meekly. "I have my orders, and they go."

The Captain was very good-natured about it, even accepting a copy of the "Only Opinion in the Courts of New Jersey" when it was flashed at him by Miss Viva Flaherty, Executive Secretary of the Church of the Messiah, who said she was a law student. In fact, it was the Captain's good humor that saved the day. It was rather difficult for Miss Flynn even to submit to arrest under such kindly treatment.

"What shall I do?" she said. "Shall I try to get in and be arrested! Shall I do that?"

She turned appealingly to Mrs. Cothren, but the Captain answered.

"I don't know, Miss Flynn," said he. "Just suit yourself. Orders is orders with me."

"Well, she can try to go in and be arrested," broke in Mrs. Robert Bruere, but the threat seemed a bit weak. Then Mrs. Bruere made an address to the Captain, but it did not make much impression on him, even when some one explained to him that she was a sister-in-law of City Chamberlain Bruere of New York.

"The people of Paterson don't want to hear Miss Flynn speak," he replied mildly. "They just don't want to hear her, and they are not going to, either. And please don't try to start anything here on the street, for it would be mighty unpleasant."

"But I guess I'll try to get in now," asserted Miss Flynn.

"Oh, what's the use of trying to do it, lady?" replied the Captain. And so it was decided to let Miss Flynn remain there while the meeting proceeded and tell the police Captain what she thought of the way the law was enforced in New Jersey.

At this juncture Colonel Robert Mitchel, who owns the hall, added to the excitement by rushing out and ordering every one off the steps. He got very excited.

"Hey, you New York people can't come over here and tell us what to do!" he shouted amid jeers. "You can run little old New York, but you can't run Paterson. You're trying to double-cross me. I was born in Buffalo, but I've lived in Paterson most of my life, and I know how things should be run."

He finished up by charging that he had not been paid for the use of the hall, but Miss Viva Flaherty produced the receipt for a registered letter showing that she had sent the money, and the Colonel disappeared. Inside the hall there was a good deal of cheering as speeches were made by Miss Rodman, Miss Flaherty, Mrs. Cothren, Miss Eva Ward, and others. There were shouts of approval when Mrs. Cothren shouted: "Your cowardly police will not arrest her!"

There were more shouts when she called on the working people to unite. Most of the speeches were along the same line. Then a telegram was prepared to be sent to President Wilson. It was to the effect that the women and men present wanted to protest against the action of the police in preventing Miss Flynn from speaking without warrant or due process of law. It will be sent tomorrow after the signatures of many of those who didn't show up tonight are obtained.

A speech prepared by Miss Flynn was read, and it seemed that there was nothing in it to which the police could object. She believed, so the speech said, that she had a message to deliver, and she urged the working men and women to join in ending oppression. And that was about all there was to the meeting, except thousands of words of talk. Captain Tracy was voted the hero of the day by his companions, for he staved off trouble and sent away a much disappointed band of agitators.

OPERA TICKETS Phone 8890-8891 Bryant.
CHOICE SEATS FOR **CARUSO** in "SAMSON" & "LA BOHEME"
Kaiserhof Opera Ticket Office, 133 W. 40th St., 1 Door E. of B'way.

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Next Monday, 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.
AT HOTEL MARIE ANTOINETTE,
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TO RENT.—Grand Tier Box, Metropolitan Opera House, best location, left horseshoe, for Monday evenings. Aply to C. E. PINE, 88 East 23d Street, N. Y.

BRYAN REPUDIATES NAVY LEAGUE ATTACK

Denies Charging That It Is Subsidized by Munitions Makers —Says He Was Misquoted.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The Navy League of the United States announced tonight that William J. Bryan in a letter to Colonel Robert M. Thompson, President of the league, had repudiated statements credited to him in a speech in Philadelphia on Nov. 3 to the effect that the league was subsidized by muinitions-making and shipbuilding concerns. Colonel Thompson yesterday served notice on Mr. Bryan that unless he retracted or denied this statement the league would take the matter into the courts. Today Colonel Thompson recived the following letter from Mr. Bryan:

Colonel Robert M. Thompson,
President Navy League, Washington.

My Dear Sir: I was absent when your telegram arrived, and it has just been brought to my attention. I am not responsible for the newspaper report to which you refer. The speech which I delivered at Philadelphia is the speech which I have been delivering over the country, and I inclose a copy with the passage marked which refers to the Navy League. I took the statement of your position from a speech of yours which I read in the Hearst papers. It was made at the time you were elected President. If I misquoted you I shall be very glad to be corrected.

I have been in politics a good many years and I have never knowingly misstated the position of an opponent. I would like to know at once if the statement which I took from your reported speech is correct, as I am expecting to reproduce this speech in my own paper, which goes to press the first of next week. I would like to have an immediate answer, so that I can telegraph the change, if the change needs to be made. Very truly yours, W. J. BRYAN.

P. S.—I would also like to have a list of the names of those who contributed at your New York banquet last June, together with the amounts contributed.

After this letter and an accompanying statement from the Navy League had been made public Mr. Bryan was asked over the telephone if his letter contained a specific denial of the statement attributed to him in the newspaper reports of his speech.

"Well, I do deny unequivocally the statement attributed to me that the National Security League and the Navy League are paid agents of the shipbuilders and munitions makers," he answered. "I never said that, no matter what newspaper in Philadelphia quotes me."

The passage in Mr. Bryan's speech to which he refers in his letter to Colonel Thompson follows:

"The Navy League * * * insists that we ought to appropriate five hundred millions for the Navy and have an Army of a million men. Its program could not be carried out for seven hundred and fifty millions a year, three time the present appropriation, or an increase of five hundred millions a year."

Concerning this, Colonel Thompson said tonight:

"As regards the statements marked with pencil regarding the league in Mr. Bryan's printed speech, which Mr. Bryan says he did say, in these there are a few mistakes. It is true that the Navy League did by a resolution of its Executive Committee urge that the nation should spend $500,000,000 on the improvement of its battle fleet, but it did not urge that this expenditure be made within a year, as Mr. Bryan's speech states. On the contrary, the Navy League knows better than any one else that it would be impossible to spend $500,000,000 on ships wisely and economically within a year. What the Navy League did recommend was a budget calling for the expenditure of $500,000,000 spread over several years.

"The Navy League has never advocated the creation of an army of 1,000,000 men. The assertion to this effect in Mr. Bryan's speech is entirely wrong." Included among the members of the league, Colonel Thompson said, were Cardinal Gibbons, Bishop Rhinelander, and Colonel Roosevelt. "Contributions from wealthy sympathizers," he continued, "have never equaled its regular income from its thousands of regular annual and subscribing members."

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WILL DELAY MONARCHY.

China Notifies Powers Enthronement Must Be Arranged For.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PEKING, Nov. 11.—The Minister of Foreign Affairs today visited the Ministers of Great Britain, France, Russia, and Japan and informed them that it never was the intention of the Government to change the form of government hastily. He pointed out that the majority of the provinces had voted in favor of the change and that consequently the question already had been decided by the people.

After consultation, he said, the Government had found that the steps necessary prior to the grand ceremony were many and varied, and full preparation had to be made and a suitable time selected before the consummation of the movement. Therefore, some delay possibly would be necessary, although distasteful to the people. The Government was able to quell any unexpected disturbance.

The assassination of Admiral Tsing was a matter of private revenge, and had no political significance. The assassins were relatives of a rebel who was executed by order of the Admiral, who expected that sooner or later he would be killed in retaliation.

KILLED IN OVERTURNED AUTO

Man Lies Dead Near Home While Wife Searches All Night.

SEA CLIFF, L. I., Nov. 11.—Joseph W. Miller, a New York salesman, who also ran a taxi service here, was killed last night on the Hicksville and Jericho Road, almost in front of the home of Judge Joseph Steinert. He telephoned his wife early in the evening that he would be home not later than 8 o'clock, but it was about 9 when Judge Steinert and his son, sitting in their home, heard a shout and a crash. They ran out, and a short distance down the road found an overturned automobile. Under it was a man, who, when the car was lifted, was found to be dead.

Judge Steinert, acting as Coroner, took charge of the body, but, although there were cards and papers in the pockets, it was not until this morning, when an automobile identification card was found, that the identity of the man was disclosed. Meanwhile his wife here had been searching for her husband. Mr. Miller was born at Rochester and was 52 years old. It is thought he may have been stricken with apoplexy while driving his auto.

Girls in Panic in Factory Fire.

Two hundred and fifty girls employed by C. H. Parsons, manufacturer of bags at 80 Water Street, were thrown into a panic yesterday afternoon when fire was discovered in the rear of the second story, and a cry of "Fire!" rang through the building. Fifty of the girls managed to reach the fire escapes at the first floor level, but were unable to lower the drop ladder to the street. Firemen from Truck 15 across the street helped them to lower the drop ladder. The blaze was soon extinguished and the girls returned to work.

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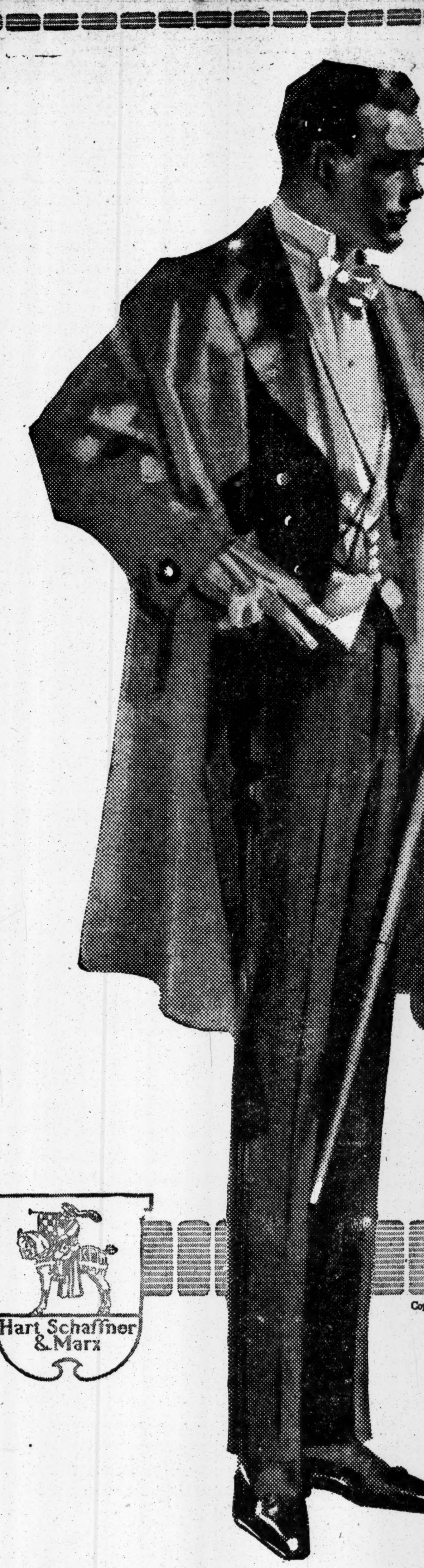

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